

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

☒ ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023

or

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File No. 1-7259



SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Texas
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)
P.O. Box 36611
Dallas, Texas
(Address of principal executive offices)

74-1563240
(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

75235-1611
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(214) 792-4000**

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock (\$1.00 par value)	LUV	New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	☒	Accelerated filer	☐
Non-accelerated filer	☐	Smaller reporting company	☐
		Emerging growth company	☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report. ☒

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements. Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b). Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

The aggregate market value of the common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant was approximately \$21,499,447,826 computed by reference to the closing sale price of the common stock on the New York Stock Exchange on June 30, 2023, the last trading day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter.

Number of shares of common stock outstanding as of the close of business on February 2, 2024: 596,664,523 shares

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the Definitive Proxy Statement for the Company's Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held May 15, 2024, are incorporated into Part III of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

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-PART I-

Item 1. Business

Company Overview

Southwest Airlines Co. (the “Company” or “Southwest”) operates Southwest Airlines, a major passenger airline that provides scheduled air transportation in the United States and near-international markets. Southwest commenced service on June 18, 1971, with three Boeing 737 aircraft serving three Texas cities: Dallas, Houston, and San Antonio. Southwest’s unique route network, low fares, and famous Hospitality continue to make the Company an attractive choice for Customers in cities across the United States and near-international destinations. As of December 31, 2023, Southwest had a total of 817 Boeing 737 aircraft in its fleet and served 121 destinations in 42 states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and ten near-international countries: Mexico, Jamaica, The Bahamas, Aruba, Dominican Republic, Costa Rica, Belize, Cuba, the Cayman Islands, and Turks and Caicos.

Industry

The airline industry has historically been an extremely volatile industry. Among other things, it has been cyclical, energy intensive, labor intensive, capital intensive, technology intensive, highly regulated, heavily taxed, and extremely competitive. The airline industry has also been particularly susceptible to detrimental events such as economic recessions, jet fuel price volatility, unscheduled maintenance disruptions, outbreaks of disease and/or pandemics, supply chain challenges, U.S. government shutdowns, acts of terrorism or war, geopolitical unrest, severe weather, and natural disasters.

In 2023, the U.S. airline industry continued to recover from the COVID-19 pandemic while facing challenges such as volatile fuel prices, inflationary cost pressures (particularly labor costs), delayed aircraft deliveries, labor availability (namely pilot availability), supply chain challenges, shifting travel demand patterns, economic uncertainty, disruptive weather events, and natural disasters such as the wildfires in Maui. Overall, the U.S. airline industry has experienced a strong recovery of domestic leisure travel demand since mid-2022, as reported COVID-19 cases declined throughout the United States and travel restrictions eased. International travel demand largely recovered to pre-pandemic levels in summer 2023. Business travel, while showing modest improvements over several years, remained at reduced levels throughout 2022 and 2023 compared with pre-pandemic levels, as corporate travel patterns continued to lag and evolve post-pandemic. In response to ever-evolving travel patterns, the Company and several other U.S. airlines have announced route network changes and slower capacity growth for early 2024, as compared with 2023 and/or previously announced plans.

Historically, airline industry results have been particularly susceptible to fuel price volatility. Although jet fuel prices were slightly lower in 2023 as compared with 2022, they remain at high levels and continue to be subject to extreme volatility based on a variety of factors.

Company Operations

Route Structure

Southwest has historically principally provided “point-to-point” service, rather than the “hub-and-spoke” service provided by most major U.S. airlines. A point-to-point system enables airlines to connect directly to destinations without providing a connecting service. By contrast, the hub-and-spoke system concentrates most of an airline’s operations at a limited number of central hub cities and serves most other destinations in the system by providing one-stop or connecting service through a hub. By not concentrating operations exclusively through one or more central transfer points, Southwest’s route structure has allowed for more direct nonstop routing than a traditional hub-and-spoke service. While the Company does not operate a traditional hub-and-spoke model, in recent years the Company has increasingly focused on designing its network around core stations in an effort to provide greater connectivity, and support operational reliability and recoverability. Southwest’s network blends intentional

connectivity offered by hub-and-spoke models and point-to-point nonstops, allowing the Company to capture nonstop demand and provide reliable one-stop itinerary options. Approximately 73 percent of the Company's Customers flew nonstop during 2023, compared with 74 percent during 2022 and 73 percent during 2021. As of December 31, 2023, Southwest served 805 nonstop city pairs, compared with 825 as of December 31, 2022, and 788 as of December 31, 2021. For 2023, the Company's average aircraft trip stage length was 730 miles, with an average duration of approximately 2.0 hours, as compared with an average aircraft trip stage length of 728 miles and an average duration of approximately 2.0 hours in 2022, and an average aircraft trip stage length of 790 miles and an average duration of approximately 2.1 hours in 2021.

Southwest's unique route network has also enabled it to provide its markets with frequent, conveniently timed flights and low fares. For example, Southwest currently offers 12 weekday roundtrips between Dallas Love Field and Houston Hobby (and an additional 3 to Houston Bush), 5 weekday roundtrips between Denver and Chicago Midway (and an additional 4 to Chicago O'Hare), 7 weekday roundtrips between Los Angeles International and Las Vegas, 8 weekday round trips between Burbank and Oakland, and 13 weekday roundtrips between Phoenix and Denver. Southwest complements its high-frequency short-haul routes with mid-range and long-haul nonstop service, including flights between Hawaii and California, Las Vegas, and Phoenix, and between markets such as Los Angeles and Nashville, New York LaGuardia and Houston, Los Angeles and Baltimore, Oakland and Houston, and San Diego and Baltimore.

The Company continually works to optimize its route network and schedule through the adjustment of flights in its existing markets and the addition of new markets and itineraries, while also pruning less profitable flights from its schedule. In 2023, the Company focused its efforts towards restoring the depth and breadth of its pre-pandemic network by adding back frequency in existing markets and reconnecting markets that have historically served as points of strength for the network. While the Company's network and aircraft utilization were restored to pre-pandemic levels in late 2023, the network was not fully optimized for post-pandemic travel patterns. The Company's near-term optimization efforts focus on evaluating its short-haul routes as business travel continues to lag pre-pandemic levels, offering the right number of flights at the right times of day, and reducing certain weekday flights to better match capacity to demand. The Company's unique route network allows for these adjustments without structurally disrupting its airports in core markets and other large cities. The Company also remains focused on maturing newer markets introduced during the pandemic. The Company entered 18 new destinations during 2020 and 2021, expanding its network to new Customer bases, leisure destinations, and geographic regions. These services have created additional regional and international connectivity structured to grow the Company's presence in strategic markets that serve as cornerstones for its network and provide additional options for Customers to reach their final destinations. To further improve international connectivity with its domestic network, the Company has announced its plans to shift the bulk of its international service in Fort Lauderdale to Orlando. Further, in October 2023, the Company announced its plans to moderate capacity growth in 2024 to better match demand and Customer travel patterns, as well as to absorb its capacity growth from 2023.

Cost Structure

A key component of the Company's business strategy is its focus on cost discipline and charging competitively low fares. The Company's low-cost strategy includes, among other elements, (i) the use of a single aircraft type, the Boeing 737 and (ii) the Company's route structure. Southwest's use of a single aircraft type has historically allowed for simplified scheduling, maintenance, flight operations, safety management, and training activities. Southwest's route structure includes service to and from many secondary or downtown airports such as Dallas Love Field, Houston Hobby, Chicago Midway, Baltimore-Washington International, Burbank, Manchester, Oakland, San Jose, Providence, and Ft. Lauderdale-Hollywood. These conveniently located airports are typically less congested than other airlines' hub airports, which has contributed to Southwest's ability to achieve high asset utilization because aircraft can be scheduled to minimize the amount of time they are on the ground. This, in turn, has reduced the number of aircraft and gate facilities that would otherwise be required and is designed to allow for higher Employee productivity over a long period of time. Given ever-evolving travel patterns and labor market challenges, the Company continues to focus on better optimizing its route network to support orderly, measured, and consistent growth, reducing inefficiencies, and improving Employee productivity and operational resilience.

The Company's focus on controlling costs also includes a continued commitment to pursuing, implementing, and enhancing initiatives to reduce fuel consumption and improve fuel efficiency (available seat miles per fuel gallon consumed). The Company focuses on minimizing fuel consumption and improving fuel efficiency through fleet modernization and other fuel initiatives. For example, in 2023, the Company added 86 Boeing 737 MAX 8 ("-8") aircraft to its fleet, with the goal of lowering operating costs, improving potential growth opportunities, restoring the Company's network to pre-pandemic levels, reducing carbon emissions per available seat mile, and further modernizing the Company's fleet with more fuel-efficient aircraft.

Fuel and oil expense can be extremely volatile and unpredictable, and even a small change in market fuel prices can significantly affect profitability. Although the Company's jet fuel prices per gallon were slightly lower in 2023, as compared with 2022, they remain at high historical levels. The Company's Fuel and oil expense for 2023 increased compared with 2022, primarily due to increased gallons of fuel consumed, largely from increased trips. Fuel and oil expense remained the Company's second largest operating cost category for 2023. As evidenced by the table below, energy prices can fluctuate significantly in a relatively short amount of time. The table below shows the Company's average cost of jet fuel inclusive of fuel taxes and fuel hedging impacts, for each year beginning in 2011 and during each quarter of 2023.

Year	Cost (Millions)	Average Cost Per Gallon	Percentage of Operating Expenses
2011	\$ 5,751	\$ 3.25	38.2 %
2012	\$ 6,156	\$ 3.32	37.3 %
2013	\$ 5,823	\$ 3.19	35.3 %
2014	\$ 5,355	\$ 2.97	32.6 %
2015	\$ 3,740	\$ 1.96	23.6 %
2016	\$ 3,801	\$ 1.90	22.7 %
2017	\$ 4,076	\$ 1.99	23.0 %
2018	\$ 4,616	\$ 2.20	24.6 %
2019	\$ 4,347	\$ 2.09	22.3 %
2020	\$ 1,849	\$ 1.45	14.4 %
2021	\$ 3,310	\$ 1.98	23.5 %
2022	\$ 5,975	\$ 3.10	26.2 %
2023	\$ 6,217	\$ 2.89	24.0 %
First Quarter 2023	\$ 1,547	\$ 3.19	25.8 %
Second Quarter 2023	\$ 1,403	\$ 2.60	22.5 %
Third Quarter 2023	\$ 1,564	\$ 2.80	24.4 %
Fourth Quarter 2023	\$ 1,703	\$ 3.01	23.6 %

The Company's fuel efficiency was aided in 2023, as compared with 2022, through the addition of 86 -8 aircraft to its fleet and by the retirement of 39 of its oldest, least fuel-efficient Boeing 737-700 ("-700") aircraft. As of December 31, 2023, the Company had 223 -8 aircraft in its fleet. The Company is also scheduled to begin receiving the Boeing 737 MAX -7 ("-7") in 2024. In fourth quarter 2023, the Company entered into supplemental agreements (the "Supplements") to its purchase agreement with The Boeing Company ("Boeing") relating to the Company's purchase of -8 and -7 aircraft (collectively, "MAX aircraft"). Pursuant to the Supplements, the Company amended its order book delivery schedule to better allocate aircraft deliveries for orderly and measured growth, to extend its firm orders through 2031, and to add 108 firm orders and 108 MAX aircraft options. The Company retired 39 Boeing -700 aircraft in 2023 and currently plans for 49 aircraft retirements in 2024. The Company held 199 remaining MAX options as of December 31, 2023, in addition to 495 firm orders of MAX aircraft to be delivered through 2031. The Company retains significant flexibility to manage its fleet size, including opportunities to accelerate fleet modernization efforts (e.g., through accelerated retirements of the Company's -700 aircraft) if growth opportunities do not materialize. For further information regarding the Company's aircraft contractual order

book see “Properties” and “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.” The delivery schedule for the -7 is dependent on the Federal Aviation Administration (“FAA”) issuing required certifications and approvals to Boeing and the Company. The FAA will ultimately determine the timing of the -7 certification and entry into service, and the Company therefore offers no assurances that current estimations and timelines are correct.

The Company continues to undertake a number of other fuel conservation initiatives, which are discussed in detail under “Environmental Sustainability.”

The table below sets forth the Company's available seat miles produced per fuel gallon consumed (fuel-efficiency) over the last five years:

	Year ended December 31,				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Available seat miles per fuel gallon consumed	79.5	77.3	79.2	81.3	75.7

The Company also enters into fuel derivative contracts to manage its risk associated with significant increases in fuel prices. The Company's fuel hedging activities, as well as the risks associated with high and/or volatile fuel prices, are discussed in more detail below under “Risk Factors,” “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations,” and Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Salaries, wages, and benefits expense constituted approximately 43 percent of the Company's operating expenses in 2023 and was the Company's largest operating cost category. The Company's ability to control labor costs is largely limited by the terms of its collective-bargaining agreements, and increased labor costs from recently ratified contracts and rate inflation have negatively impacted both the Company's low-cost structure and the overall airline industry’s costs. The Company's labor costs, and risks associated therewith, are discussed in more detail below under “Business—Employees,” “Risk Factors,” and “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.”

Operational Disruption Action Plan

In late December 2022, the Company experienced a wide-scale operational disruption as historically extreme winter weather spread across a significant portion of the United States, impacting the Company’s operational plan and flight schedules. After Winter Storm Elliott, the Company was challenged to realign flight crews, flight schedules, and aircraft for a period of several days during this peak demand travel period. This disruption and subsequent recovery efforts resulted in the cancellation of more than 16,700 flights during the period from December 21 through December 31, 2022. As discussed below under “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations,” the December 2022 operational disruption had a significant negative impact on the Company’s results of operations in fourth quarter 2022 and first quarter 2023. For first quarter 2023, these events created a deceleration in bookings, primarily isolated to January and February 2023, as well as increased expenses, primarily in the form of reimbursing Customers for costs incurred as a result of the flight cancellations.

Following these events, the Company conducted a thorough internal review, working with the Company's Board of Directors (the “Board”), and engaged respected aviation consulting firm Oliver Wyman for a third-party assessment. To boost operational resiliency in key areas across the Company and to mitigate the risk of recurrence, the Company developed a three-part tactical action plan focused on improving winter operations, accelerating operational-related investments, and enhancing cross-team collaboration. The Company’s action plan was released in March 2023 and key winter operations steps were completed as of October 2023.

Improve Winter Operations

During 2023, the Company reinforced its airport infrastructure, increased available equipment, and bolstered overall winter preparedness at key airports with the potential for severe winter weather. The major initiatives included

increasing available equipment to manage the effects of winter weather, such as deicing trucks, deicing pads, and ground equipment; storage capacity of deicing fluid at key airports; and engine covers and heaters to protect aircraft and ground equipment in very low temperatures. Additionally, the Company increased staffing across the network to support busy travel periods and to assist at airports where extreme cold requires rotating Employees working outside more frequently. The Company also enhanced its winter operations training. Further, the Company invested in tools and processes to support critical decision making during the winter season, such as improving its holdover capabilities (including introduction of a liquid water equivalent system to better gauge dynamic local weather conditions and provide more precise information for Pilots and Dispatchers) and refining ramp-cleaning procedures to better keep surfaces free of frozen precipitation.

Accelerate Operational Investments

Following the December 2022 operational disruption, the Company reprioritized its timeline for upgrading tools and technology expected to help recover operations faster during irregular operations. During 2023, the Company completed multiple Crew technology enhancements, including upgrades to the software that reassigns Crews during disruptions and bolstered phone system call capacity to better handle large call volumes from both Flight Crews and Customers. The Company is also improving the tool responsible for electronically notifying Flight Crews of their new flight assignments and allowing them to electronically acknowledge changes in their work plan. Additionally, the Company is continuing to enhance the ways Customers stay informed about the location and status of their bags.

Enhance Cross-Team Collaboration

The Company has enhanced collaboration across its Teams and improved the tools and procedures to streamline communication and decision-making. For instance, during 2023 the Company combined the Team who designs its flight schedule with the Team overseeing the network operations control in order to closely align network design and execution. Further, the Company implemented enhanced real-time dashboards for increased visibility to better monitor the health of the network. The Company also enhanced capabilities to alert, define, and escalate awareness of potential issues and established clearer lines of communication among the groups operating the airline. Finally, the Company invested in new cross-collaboration processes and optimization tools focused on decision making associated with irregular operations adjustments.

While the Company completed the key items in its action plan, no assurance can be given that these efforts to boost operational resiliency in key areas across the Company will be successful in eliminating the risk of recurrence. The Company continues to monitor and improve its operations, but it cannot ensure that the changes the Company has made, given the complexity of the airline network, would prevent significant operational disruptions in the future or allow the Company to perform as well as or better than its competitors. See “Risk Factors—Operational Risks” for additional information.

Fare Structure

General

Southwest offers a relatively simple fare structure that features competitive fares and product benefits, including unrestricted fares, as well as lower fares available on a restricted basis.

Southwest fare products include four major categories: “Wanna Get Away®,” “Wanna Get Away Plus®,” “Anytime,” and “Business Select®,” to provide Customers options when choosing a fare. All fare products include the privilege of two free checked bags (weight and size limits apply). Southwest does not charge fees for cancellations or changes to flight reservations, although fare differences may apply.

- “Wanna Get Away” fares are generally the lowest fares and are often subject to advance purchase requirements. They are non-refundable, but, subject to Southwest’s No-Show Policy, flight credit for the fare paid for unused travel by the Customer (“flight credit”) may be applied towards future travel on

Southwest. Subject to Southwest's No-Show Policy, Wanna Get Away fares also enable a same-day standby listing, free of airline charges, if there is another flight that departs on the same day as the original flight and is between the same origin and destination airports, but the Customer is required to pay any additional government taxes and fees associated with voluntary changes in their itinerary. Under Southwest's Rapid Rewards® loyalty program, Wanna Get Away fares earn six Rapid Rewards points for each dollar spent on the base fare. The Company's loyalty program is discussed below under "Rapid Rewards Loyalty Program."

- "Wanna Get Away Plus" fares are often subject to advance purchase requirements. They are non-refundable, but, subject to Southwest's No-Show Policy, flight credit may be applied towards future travel on Southwest. Wanna Get Away Plus fares earn eight Rapid Rewards points for each dollar spent on the base fare. Wanna Get Away Plus fares offer Transferable Flight Credit™ that enables Customers to transfer an eligible unused flight credit to another traveler for future use. Both travelers must be Rapid Rewards members and only one transfer is permitted. For bookings through a Southwest Business (corporate travel) channel, a transfer may only be made to an employee of the same organization. Subject to Southwest's No-Show Policy, Wanna Get Away Plus fares also enable a same-day confirmed change, free of airline charges, if there is an open seat on another flight that departs on the same day as the original flight and is between the same origin and destination airports, but the Customer is required to pay any additional government taxes and fees associated with voluntary changes in their itinerary. If there is no open seat on this different flight, a traveler may request to be added to the standby list for that flight.
- "Anytime" fares may be subject to advance purchase requirements. They are refundable if canceled, subject to Southwest's No-Show Policy, or flight credit may be applied towards future travel on Southwest. If this fare is purchased with non-refundable flight credit, then the resulting flight credit will be non-refundable if travel is canceled. Anytime fares earn 10 Rapid Rewards points for each dollar spent on the base fare. Anytime fares also receive EarlyBird Check-In®. See "Ancillary Services" below for further information about EarlyBird Check-In. Additionally, Anytime fares receive Priority Lane and Express Lane access through check-in and security lines where available. Further, Anytime fares receive all of the benefits of Wanna Get Away Plus fares, including Transferable Flight Credit and same-day confirmed changes and standby.
- "Business Select" fares may be subject to advance purchase requirements. They are refundable if canceled, subject to Southwest's No-Show Policy, or flight credit may be applied towards future travel on Southwest. If this fare is purchased with non-refundable flight credit, then the resulting flight credit will be non-refundable if travel is canceled. Business Select fares also include additional perks such as priority boarding with a boarding position in the first 15 boarding positions within boarding group "A," 12 Rapid Rewards points per dollar spent on the base fare—the highest loyalty point multiplier of all Southwest fare products, one complimentary premium beverage coupon for the day of travel (Customers must be of legal drinking age to drink alcoholic beverages), and free Inflight Internet service on Wi-Fi enabled aircraft, where available. Business Select fares also receive all of the benefits of Anytime fares, including Priority Lane and Express Lane access through check-in and security lines where available, Transferable Flight Credit, and same-day confirmed changes and standby.

Southwest's No-Show Policy applies if a Customer does not change or cancel a flight segment at least ten minutes prior to scheduled departure and the Customer does not travel on the scheduled flight. In such event, subject to certain exceptions, all unflown segments associated with the reservation will be canceled, and (i) with respect to a Wanna Get Away and Wanna Get Away Plus fares, the fare paid for unused travel will be forfeited; and (ii) with respect to Anytime and Business Select fares, the fare paid for unused travel will be held as a flight credit for future travel on Southwest.

In order to enhance and expand upon its already generous and flexible ticketing policies, the Company announced in July 2022 that flight credits will no longer expire. The Company continues to expect that this policy change, combined with its other attractive brand attributes, will contribute to an increase in Customer loyalty. Flight credits for non-refundable fares are issued as long as the reservation is cancelled more than ten minutes prior to the scheduled departure. Flight credits or refunds for refundable fares are issued regardless of cancellation time.

Ancillary Services

The Company offers ancillary services such as Southwest's EarlyBird Check-In®, Upgraded Boarding, and transportation of pets and unaccompanied minors, in accordance with Southwest's respective policies.

EarlyBird Check-In provides Customers with automatic check-in and an assigned boarding position before general boarding positions become available, thereby improving Customers' seat selection options (priority boarding privileges are already a benefit of being an "A-List" or "A-List Preferred" tier member under the Company's Rapid Rewards loyalty program). EarlyBird Check-In pricing is based on multiple factors, including the length of the flight and the historical popularity of EarlyBird Check-In on the route.

When available, Southwest sells Upgraded Boarding at the airport or on Customer mobile devices, which allows a Customer to pay for an open priority boarding position in the first 15 positions in its "A" boarding group.

Southwest's Pet Policy provides Customers an opportunity to travel with a small cat or dog in the aircraft cabin on domestic flights. Southwest also has an unaccompanied minor travel policy, with pricing to address the administrative costs and the extra care necessary to safely transport these Customers.

Rapid Rewards Loyalty Program

Southwest's Rapid Rewards loyalty program enables program members ("Members") to earn points for every dollar spent on Southwest base fares, also including purchases paid with LUV Vouchers, gift cards, or flight credit, with no portion of the purchase price paid with Rapid Rewards points. The amount of points earned under the program is based on the base fare and fare class purchased, with higher fare products (e.g., Business Select) earning more points than lower fare products (e.g., Wanna Get Away). As discussed above under "Fare Structure – General," each fare class is associated with a points earning multiplier, and points for flights are calculated by multiplying the base fare for the flight by the fare class multiplier. The amount of points required to be redeemed for a flight is based on the base fare and a multiplier. Under the program, (i) Members are able to redeem their points for every available seat, every day, on every flight, with no blackout dates; and (ii) points do not expire.

Under the program, Members continue to accumulate points until the time they decide to redeem them. As a result, the program provides Members significant flexibility and options for earning and redeeming rewards. For example, Members can earn more points (and achieve tier status such as A-List, A-List Preferred, or a Companion Pass® faster) by purchasing higher fare tickets. Members also have significant flexibility in redeeming points, such as the opportunity to book in advance to take advantage of a lower fare ticket (including many fare sales) requiring fewer points, or by being able to redeem at the last minute, if seats are still available for sale. Members can also earn points through qualifying purchases with Rapid Rewards Partners (which include, for example, car rental agencies, hotels, and restaurants), as well as by using Southwest's co-branded Chase® Visa credit cards. In addition to earning points for revenue flights and qualifying purchases with Rapid Rewards Partners, Members also have the ability to purchase, gift, and transfer points, as well as the ability to donate points to selected charities.

Southwest's Rapid Rewards loyalty program features tier status and Companion Pass programs for the most active Members, including "A-List" and "A-List Preferred" status. A Member who flies 20 qualifying one-way flight segments booked through Southwest or earns 35,000 tier qualifying points per calendar year will qualify for A-List status. A Member who flies 40 qualifying one-way flights booked through Southwest or earns 70,000 tier qualifying points per calendar year will qualify for A-List Preferred status. The Member will maintain A-List or A-List Preferred status for the remainder of the calendar year in which the status is earned and for the entire calendar year immediately following. Both A-List and A-List Preferred Members enjoy benefits such as priority check-in and security lane access, where available, as well as dedicated phone lines, standby priority, and an earnings bonus on eligible revenue flights (25 percent for A-List and 100 percent for A-List Preferred). In addition, A-List Preferred Members enjoy free inflight satellite internet service on WiFi-enabled aircraft, where available, and up to two complimentary premium drinks per flight on flights traveling 176 miles or more, added directly to their mobile boarding passes. Members who attain A-List or A-List Preferred status receive priority boarding privileges. When

these Customers purchase travel at least 36 hours prior to flight time, they receive the best boarding position available (generally, an “A” boarding pass). If an A-List or A-List Preferred Member’s plans change, subject to Southwest’s No Show Policy, they are entitled to same-day confirmed change, free of airline charges, if there is an open seat on another flight that departs on the same day as the original flight and is between the same origin and destination airports, but the Customer is required to pay any additional government taxes and fees associated with changes in their itinerary. If there is no open seat on this different flight, a traveler may request to be added to the standby list for that flight. Another feature of the Rapid Rewards loyalty program is the Companion Pass. Members who fly 100 qualifying one-way flights or earn 135,000 qualifying points in a calendar year automatically receive a Companion Pass, which provides for unlimited travel for the designated Companion free of charges (other than taxes and fees). The Companion Pass is valid for the remainder of the calendar year in which status is earned and for the following full calendar year to any destination available on Southwest for a designated Companion of the qualifying Member. The Member and designated Companion must travel together on the same flight.

In addition, the Company has announced that, beginning in early 2024, Members will be able to pay for their flights with a combination of cash and Rapid Rewards points—starting with as few as 1,000 points. At launch, bookings paid for with a combination of points plus other forms of eligible payment will not earn Rapid Rewards points, tier qualifying points for A-List or A-List Preferred status, or Companion Pass qualifying points, but will earn tier qualifying segment credits.

During 2021, the Company added Rapid Rewards Business, giving businesses the ability to earn Rapid Rewards points. By joining Rapid Rewards Business, companies earn Rapid Rewards points that can be applied toward travel on the company’s behalf, while travelers who are Rapid Rewards Members also earn Rapid Rewards points in their personal accounts. Rapid Rewards business accounts generally have the same opportunities and benefits to earn and redeem points as individual Member accounts.

Southwest’s Rapid Rewards loyalty program has been designed to drive more revenue by (i) bringing in new Customers, including new Members, as well as new holders of Southwest’s co-branded Chase Visa credit cards; (ii) increasing business from existing Customers; and (iii) strengthening the Company’s Rapid Rewards hotel, rental car, credit card, and other partnerships.

	Year ended December 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
Flight awards redeemed (millions)	10.9	9.2	8.1

For 2023, 2022, and 2021, Customer redemption of flight awards accounted for approximately 16.3 percent, 15.0 percent, and 17.3 percent of revenue passenger miles flown, respectively. The Company’s accounting policies with respect to its loyalty programs are discussed in more detail in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Investments in Customer Experience

In 2022, the Company announced its multi-year plan to modernize and transform the Customer Experience. These enhancements, expected to cost over \$2 billion over a five-year period, include the Company’s plans to:

- bring enhanced WiFi connectivity onboard aircraft;
- install latest-technology onboard power ports on MAX aircraft to charge personal devices at every seat;
- offer larger overhead bins on new aircraft deliveries with more space and easier access to carryon items;
- introduce more entertainment options and a wider variety of refreshments in the cabin; and
- enable new self-service capabilities to bring elevated ease in doing business with the Company, benefiting Employees and Customers.

During 2023, the Company completed the enhanced WiFi connectivity onboard its aircraft in order to improve WiFi speed, reliability, and bandwidth. Its new -8 aircraft deliveries are equipped with latest-generation, upgraded WiFi hardware, and the Company completed its upgrade of the WiFi hardware on its existing fleet. In late 2023, the

Company also began taking delivery of MAX aircraft with the latest-generation of onboard USB-A and USB-C power ports on every seat, with a space-saving system that maintains legroom. The Company is also installing the in-seat power ports onboard its existing MAX fleet. Retrofits for in-seat power have begun and are occurring at a pace of approximately five aircraft per month with a goal of ramping up the pace in 2024, barring any additional supply chain issues. As of December 31, 2023, the Company had 17 aircraft with in-seat power. Further, the Company's new -8 aircraft will come equipped with larger overhead bin space, which is expected to result in faster boarding, fewer gate checked bags, and a better Customer experience. As of December 31, 2023, the Company had approximately 69 aircraft with larger overhead bins. Southwest has also invested in modernizing its airport spaces by installing new lobby signage, which is expected to facilitate self-service, enhance the overall visual appeal of the lobbies, and make Customers' travel journey easier.

Southwest offers inflight entertainment and connectivity service on WiFi-enabled aircraft. Southwest's suite of complimentary offerings onboard WiFi-enabled aircraft includes movies-on-demand, messaging, music, live and on-demand television, a flight tracker, and more. These enhanced free inflight entertainment offerings include over 125 free movies-on-demand each month and free app messaging via iMessage or WhatsApp. The television product consists of at least 13 live channels and approximately 70 on-demand recorded episodes from popular television series. The inflight entertainment service allows Customers to enjoy gate-to-gate entertainment directly on their personal wireless devices. While on WiFi-enabled aircraft, Customers can also purchase satellite internet service while A-List Preferred Members and Business Select Customers receive complimentary internet access. Activating internet service gives Customers the ability to stream videos, complete work tasks, and browse social media.

Digital Hospitality, Southwest.com, and Direct to Customer Distribution Approach

The Company primarily offers its fare products directly to Customers through its Internet website, Southwest.com, and the Southwest App. For the years ended December 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022, approximately 82 percent and 83 percent, respectively, of the Company's Passenger revenues originated from Southwest.com or the Southwest App (including revenues from SWABIZ®, the Company's online booking tool designed for business Customers who prefer a self-service and low-cost solution for booking their air travel on Southwest). This "direct to Customer" distribution approach has historically provided a cost advantage for the Company because it eliminates fees associated with the use of third-party distribution channels such as third-party online travel platforms. The Company augments its direct to Customer distribution approach by offering a broad suite of digital platforms to support Customers' travel needs, including full featured websites and apps. These digital platforms help Customers book and manage their Southwest air travel and facilitate the purchase of the Company's ancillary products, including Fare Upgrades, EarlyBird Check-In, Upgraded Boarding, vacation packages, rental car reservations, hotel reservations, and travel activities. In addition, the digital platforms provide self-service tools for trip management and Customer support.

The Company is committed to its goal of widening its Customer Service advantage by enhancing digital Hospitality. The Company is amid a multi-year digital service modernization program designed to, among other things, provide better Customer Service at a lower cost. Key focus areas of the digital service modernization program include contact center service modernization, airport service modernization, and disruptions management. In 2023, the Company activated multiple digital service improvements including, among others, digital standard bag check-in, digital bag tracking, digital baggage claims, same-day self-service flight changes with support for free changes for premium fares and tier members on eligible trips, split booking capability, improved self-service rebooking options, improvements to the flight cancellation experience, improved flight status messaging, digital refund capabilities for cancellations, and return trip e-mail reminders. The Company's digital Help Center, Travel Advisory Center, and trip communications capabilities also underwent optimization to better prepare Customers for using the Company's products and services. The Company made improvements to trip messaging channels and activated a robust in-app messaging strategy, all of which now leverage more personalized data for increasing relevant trip communications to better provide airport and Customer specific trip information. The Company also continues to explore and pursue generative artificial intelligence ("AI") capabilities with a goal to improve Customer service and to drive lower cost while exceeding Customers' Hospitality expectations.

In 2023, the Company experienced significantly fewer (i) contact center calls per flight and (ii) airport lobby transactions, each as compared with 2019, as well as strong app utilization on the day of travel. These improvements helped reduce contact per trip in 2023 versus 2019. Lobby autonomy, a measure of self-service efficiency at the airport, increased in 2023 versus 2019. The Company's digital service modernization program is expected to continue to deliver additional enhancements and efficiencies in 2024.

The Company also continues to improve digital revenue generating capabilities. The Company activated a robust suite of optimizations designed to improve product performance for air sales, Upgraded Boarding, EarlyBird Check-In, and other ancillary products such as Cars, Hotels, and Vacations. In 2023, the Company added, among other things, free Inflight Internet benefits for Business Select fares, up to two free drinks for A-List Preferred Customers with digital drink coupons on flights of 176 miles or more, free same-day standby travel for Wanna Get Away fares subject to conditions, nearby airport digital shopping capabilities, an improved digital route map with price points, overnight connection flight options, improved low fare promotion capabilities in the app, improved awareness of Buy Now Pay Later capabilities, a redesigned and improved Special Offers section, an enhanced push messaging marketing strategy, automated Rapid Rewards monthly statements, improved Rapid Rewards marketing content, improvements to account management, and more prominent Southwest Business brand awareness. The Company also invested in new technology to support AI-based marketing efforts and more personalized marketing capabilities.

Southwest Business® Initiatives

In addition to improvements in the Company's consumer-direct Southwest.com channel of distribution, in recent years the Company has taken significant action, including investments in Employees, processes, and technology, in order to grow its corporate travel business with the goal of making it easier for corporate travel Customers and travel management companies to do business with Southwest. The Company employs a multi-channel distribution strategy for its corporate business travel, offering the ability for business travelers and travel decision makers to book Southwest fares within all major Global Distribution System platforms via Amadeus, Travelport, and Sabre channels, through third-party partners directly connected to the Company's host reservation system, or through the Company's free corporate online booking tool, SWABIZ®.

The Company utilizes Airlines Reporting Corporation to implement industry standard processes to handle the settlement of tickets booked through Travelport, Amadeus, and Sabre channels. The Company also utilizes ATPCO Routehappy to provide detailed product information that supports robust shopping and selling processes in third-party booking channels.

In 2023, the Company launched Southwest Business Meetings, a new product for its corporate Customers that is designed to make it easier for meeting planners to manage travel on Southwest by streamlining the process to book group travel for meetings and conventions. In 2022, the Company launched its new travel portal, Southwest Business Assist™. The self-service tool enables corporate travel buyers, travel decision makers, and travel management companies to better manage their business travel on Southwest using dashboards, reports, automated processing of travel benefits, and Customer Service. The on-demand self-service tool provides access to real-time information and reporting. Southwest Business has also continued to invest in and enhance SWABIZ with mobile capabilities. SWABIZ is designed for business Customers who prefer a self-service and low-cost solution for booking their air travel on Southwest. The site also facilitates car and hotel bookings.

Technology Initiatives

The Company is focused on the prioritization and execution of its technology investments through an evolving multi-year plan, with the goal of developing stronger, more adaptable, more efficient, and more reliable technology systems to support the Company's strategic priorities. The Company has committed, and plans to continue to commit, significant resources to technology improvements in support of its ongoing operations and initiatives. During 2023, among other things, the Company invested in technology and tools that are expected to enhance resiliency and improve its recovery during irregular operations, implemented a new revenue management system,

introduced Customer bag tracking, enhanced Customer digital self-service capabilities, and launched Southwest Business Meetings. During 2022, among other things, the Company added technology for (i) a new fare product launch; (ii) a new human resources and payroll system; (iii) a new business travel management system; and (iv) enhanced cyber controls and monitoring. During 2021, the Company achieved the significant milestone of getting all its aircraft into a single system for aircraft maintenance and record-keeping.

The Company continues to invest significantly in technology resources including, among others, the Company's systems related to (i) flight planning and scheduling designed to improve operating efficiency; (ii) daily flight schedule management designed to improve fleet utilization at lower incremental costs; (iii) aircraft turn capabilities designed to improve operating efficiency; (iv) crew mobility and scheduling designed to improve operating quality and resiliency; (v) foundational operating systems; (vi) ancillary products, including vacation packages; (vii) financial planning; (viii) Customer Service Agent mobility; (ix) technology infrastructure and cybersecurity; (x) digital Customer Service modernization; and (xi) and Customer bookings using a combination of cash and Rapid Rewards points.

Environmental Sustainability

The Company remains steadfast in its desire to pursue, implement, and enhance initiatives to address the Company's impact on the environment. Over the years, the Company has undertaken a number of initiatives that have a direct impact on its fuel conservation and emissions-related reduction efforts, such as the following:

- introduction of the MAX aircraft into the Company's fleet, which is more fuel-efficient and releases fewer CO₂ emissions per available seat mile than the Company's previous generation of 737 aircraft;
- installation of winglets, which reduce drag and increase fuel efficiency, on all aircraft in the Company's fleet;
- application of periodic engine washes, which helps improve fuel efficiency;
- implementation of procedures for the use of electric ground power and pre-conditioned air for aircraft at the gate, when available;
- replacement of eligible internal combustion ground support equipment with electric equipment at select locations;
- deployment of auto-throttle and vertical navigation to maintain optimum cruising speeds;
- implementation of engine start procedures to support the Company's single engine taxi procedures;
- implementation of procedures on the timing of auxiliary power unit starts on originating flights to reduce auxiliary power unit usage;
- implementation of fuel planning initiatives to safely reduce loading of excess fuel;
- retrofitting of aircraft cabin interiors to reduce weight;
- implementation of procedures to reduce aircraft engine idle speed while on the ground, which also increases engine life;
- utilization of Company-optimized routes (including flying the best wind routes to take advantage of tailwinds or to minimize headwinds);
- improvements in flight planning algorithms to better match the Company's aircraft flight management system and thereby enabling the Company to fly at the most efficient altitudes;
- substitution of Pilot and Flight Attendant flight bags and paper manuals with lighter Electronic Flight Bag tablets; and
- implementation of Real Time Descent Winds (automatic uplinking of up-to-date wind data to the aircraft, allowing crews to time the descent to minimize thrust inputs and, as a result, improve fuel efficiency per flight).

The Company participates in Required Navigation Performance ("RNP") operations as part of the FAA's Performance Based Navigation program, a key component of the Next Generation Transportation System ("NextGen"), which is intended to modernize the U.S. air traffic system by addressing limitations on air

transportation capacity and making more efficient use of airspace. RNP combines the capabilities of advanced aircraft avionics, satellite navigation (instead of less precise ground-based navigation), and new flight procedures to enhance navigational and operational capabilities, improve fuel efficiency, and minimize greenhouse gas emissions. RNP approaches, which are published by the FAA, are currently available at 66 of the airports Southwest serves. The Company's use of RNP approaches is currently limited, and it continues to work with the FAA to develop and seek more use of RNP approaches and to evolve air traffic control rules to support greater utilization of RNP.

In 2021, the Company announced near- and long-term environmental sustainability goals, in addition to a series of actions and initiatives designed to assist the Company in achieving these goals. The Company refreshed its environmental sustainability plan in early 2023 and continually monitors developments related to climate change and evaluates its goals and progress against these developments. The Company expects its path toward achievement of these goals will depend on, among other things, (i) increased use of sustainable aviation fuel ("SAF"), which is not presently available at scale or at prices competitive to jet fuel; (ii) improved fuel efficiency from fleet renewal or planned fuel efficiency initiatives; (iii) operational initiatives; and (iv) technological innovation.

During 2022, the Company invested in SAFFiRE Renewables, LLC ("SAFFiRE"), a company formed by D3MAX, LLC, as part of a Department of Energy ("DOE")-backed project to develop and produce scalable SAF. Funded with a DOE grant matched by the Company's investment, SAFFiRE intends to utilize technology developed by the DOE's National Renewable Energy Laboratory to convert corn stover, a widely available waste feedstock in the United States, into renewable ethanol that then would be upgraded into SAF. During 2023, the Company formed Southwest Airlines Renewable Ventures LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, to manage its investment in SAFFiRE and engage in other similar activities in support of the Company's SAF goals, initiatives, and strategies.

As part of its commitment to corporate sustainability, the Company has published the Southwest One Report describing the Company's environmental sustainability goals, actions, initiatives, and strategies, which include the foregoing and other efforts to address greenhouse gas emissions and other environmental matters such as energy and water conservation, waste minimization, and recycling. Information contained in the Southwest One Report is not incorporated by reference into, and does not constitute a part of, this Form 10-K. While the Company believes that the disclosures contained in the Southwest One Report and other voluntary disclosures regarding environmental, social, and governance ("ESG") matters are responsive to various areas of investor interest, the Company believes that certain of these disclosures do not currently address matters that are material to the Company's operations, strategy, financial condition, or financial results, although this view may change in the future based on new information that could materially alter the estimates, assumptions, or timelines used to create these disclosures. Given the estimates, assumptions and timelines used to create the Southwest One Report and other voluntary disclosures, the materiality of these disclosures is inherently difficult to assess in advance.

Regulation

The airline industry is heavily regulated, especially by the federal government, and there are a significant number of governmental agencies and legislative bodies that have the ability to directly or indirectly affect the Company and/or the airline industry financially and/or operationally. Regulations affecting the Company and/or the airline industry that have been or may be imposed by several of these governmental agencies and legislative bodies include, but are not limited to, those discussed below.

In 2024, Congress is expected to enact an FAA Reauthorization bill. This major piece of legislation could result in new regulatory mandates and/or tax increases imposed on airlines. This bill is also likely to be a vehicle for Congress to address issues related to the operations and modernization of the air traffic control system; the federal government's regulatory oversight of airlines, airline manufacturers, and other aviation stakeholders (including directing one or more federal agencies to promulgate new rulemakings); and long-term work force issues affecting pilots, aviation mechanics, and air traffic controllers.

Economic and Consumer Protection Regulation

Regulation by the U.S. Department of Transportation

The U.S. Department of Transportation (“DOT”) regulates economic operating authority for air carriers and consumer protection for airline passengers. The DOT may take legal enforcement action against air carriers for violating their statutes or regulations by imposing civil penalties up to \$40,272 per occurrence.

To provide passenger transportation in the United States, a domestic airline is required to hold a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity from the DOT. A Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity is unlimited in duration, and the Company’s certificate generally permits it to operate among any points within the United States and its territories and possessions. Additional DOT authority, in the form of a certificate or exemption from certificate requirements, is required for a U.S. airline to serve foreign destinations either with its own aircraft or via code-sharing with another airline. Exemptions granted by the DOT to serve international markets are generally limited in duration and are subject to periodic renewal requirements. The DOT may revoke a certificate or exemption, in whole or in part, for failure to comply with federal aviation statutes, regulations, orders, or the terms of the certificate or exemption itself.

The DOT’s consumer protection and enforcement authority is derived primarily from a federal statutory prohibition on “unfair or deceptive practices or unfair methods of competition” by air carriers. A new DOT rule took effect in January 2021, codifying the definitions for the terms “unfair” and “deceptive” in the DOT’s regulations by adopting the definitions used by the Federal Trade Commission, and amending and clarifying the procedures the DOT will follow when engaging in aviation consumer protection rulemaking and enforcement. The purpose of this new rule is to help establish clear and consistent criteria for unfair or deceptive practices while aligning DOT’s oversight of aviation entities with other government agencies’ oversight of other sectors of the economy regarding unfair or deceptive practices.

Under the above-described authority, the DOT has adopted so-called “Passenger Protection Rules,” which address a wide variety of matters, including flight delays on the tarmac, chronically delayed flights, denied boarding compensation, baggage liability requirements, ticket refunds, and advertising of airfares, among others. For example, under the DOT’s tarmac delay rule and subject to limited exceptions, air carriers must not allow an aircraft to remain on the tarmac for more than 3 hours (for domestic delays) or more than 4 hours (for international delays), without allowing passengers to deplane.

In addition, the Passenger Protection Rules require airlines to (i) display ontime performance on their websites; (ii) adopt customer service plans, publish those plans on their website, and audit their own compliance with their plans; (iii) designate an employee to monitor the performance of airlines’ flights; (iv) provide information to passengers on how to file complaints; (v) respond in a timely and substantive fashion to consumer complaints; (vi) pay compensation to each passenger denied boarding involuntarily from an oversold flight; (vii) refund any checked bag fee for permanently lost luggage; (viii) prominently disclose all potential fees for optional ancillary services on their websites; and (ix) refund passenger fees paid for ancillary services if a flight cancels or oversells and a passenger is unable to take advantage of such services.

The Passenger Protection Rules also require that (i) advertised fares include all government-mandated taxes and fees; (ii) passengers be allowed to either hold a reservation for up to 24 hours without making a payment or cancel a paid reservation without penalty for 24 hours after the reservation is made, as long as the reservation is made at least seven days in advance of travel; (iii) fares may not increase after purchase; (iv) baggage fees must be disclosed to the passenger at the time of booking; (v) the same baggage allowances and fees must apply throughout a passenger’s trip; (vi) baggage fees must be disclosed on e-ticket confirmations; and (vii) passengers must be promptly notified in the event of delays of more than 30 minutes or if there is a cancellation or diversion of their flight.

As discussed below, in 2024, the DOT may finalize two new passenger protection rules for which the DOT initiated rulemakings in 2022. The Company does not expect either proposed rule, if finalized, to have a significant impact on the Company given its existing policies and practices with respect to refunds, travel credits, and critical ancillary services.

First, the DOT may finalize its proposed rule on refunds of airline tickets and unused ancillary fees. The anticipated final rule would codify existing guidance that requires air carriers and ticket agents to provide requested refunds to passengers when a carrier cancels or significantly changes a flight to, from, or within the United States. According to the DOT, this rulemaking would also (a) clarify that the refunds must be prompt; (b) provide definitions of “cancellation” and “significant change;” (c) address protections for consumers who are unable to travel due to government restrictions; (d) require airlines to refund checked baggage fees when the airline fails to deliver the bags in a timely manner; and (e) require airlines to promptly provide a refund to a passenger of any ancillary fees paid for services that the passenger did not receive.

Second, the DOT may finalize its proposed rule on enhancing the transparency of airline ancillary fees. The DOT may issue a final rule to amend its aviation consumer protection regulations to require that consumers have ancillary fee information, including baggage fees, change fees, cancellation fees, and seat fees that impact families traveling with children at the time of ticket purchase. The final rule may require fees for certain ancillary services to be disclosed at the first point in a search process where a fare is listed, rather than on the purchase page.

The DOT may also initiate two new rulemakings on topics related to passenger protections in 2024. First, the DOT has announced that it plans to initiate rulemaking on family seating in air transportation. The potential rule would require airlines to seat children aged 13 and under adjacent to an accompanying adult at no additional cost, subject to limited conditions.

Second, the DOT may initiate new rulemaking to codify the amenities that airlines must provide when there is a cancellation or significant delay that is caused by factors “within the airline’s control.” The proposed rule may require U.S. and foreign air carriers to adopt and adhere to customer service plans identifying essential services (e.g., meals, rebooking, hotel, and transportation to or from hotel). In addition, the proposed rule may also require air carriers to provide cash compensation to mitigate passenger inconveniences when the cause of a cancellation or delay for flights to, within, and from the United States, was due to circumstances within the airline’s control.

The DOT also has statutory authority to prohibit discrimination by airlines against consumers on the basis of (i) disability; and (ii) race, religion, national origin, sex, or ancestry.

On August 1, 2023, the DOT finalized its rule on accessible lavatories. The rule requires airlines to have one accessible (larger) lavatory on new narrow-body aircraft in the future. Air carriers must comply with these measures with respect to new aircraft that the air carrier operates that were (i) originally ordered after October 3, 2033, (ii) delivered after October 2, 2035, or (iii) are part of a new type-certificated design filed with the FAA or a foreign carrier’s safety authority after October 2, 2024. The new rule does not require a retrofit of existing aircraft. The Company anticipates that this rule could impose substantial costs on the Company and have a material effect on the Company’s capital expenditures, earnings, and competitive position.

Aviation Taxes and Fees

The statutory authority for the federal government to collect most types of aviation taxes, which are used, in part, to finance programs administered by the FAA, must be periodically reauthorized by the U.S. Congress. The FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018 (the “2018 Reauthorization Act”) extended most commercial aviation taxes through September 30, 2023. As of January 2024, Congress has passed a series of short-term extensions of these taxes as it works to enact a multi-year FAA Reauthorization bill. The two principal FAA-related taxes that need to be reauthorized periodically are the 7.5% excise tax (applied to the base fare of an airline ticket as well as any mandatory passenger fees charged by the airline) and the domestic segment tax (\$4.80 per passenger segment). The domestic segment tax, as well as the international arrival/departure tax, are annually adjusted for inflation by the Internal Revenue Service.

In addition to FAA-related taxes, there are additional federal taxes related to the U.S. Department of Homeland Security. These taxes do not need to be reauthorized periodically. Congress has set the Transportation Security Fee paid by passengers at \$5.60 per one-way passenger trip originating in the United States. In addition, international

passengers arriving in the United States are subject to U.S. immigration and customs fees that are indexed to inflation. These fees are used to support the operations of U.S. Customs and Border Protection (“CBP”). Finally, the U.S. Department of Agriculture’s Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service imposes an agriculture inspection fee on international passengers arriving in the United States.

Airline passengers are also required to pay a Passenger Facility Charge (“PFC”), a user fee that is authorized via federal statute but assessed by each airport. The maximum PFC is \$4.50 per passenger enplanement. New or higher aviation taxes or user fees (including but not limited to the PFC), as well as new legislative mandates, may be imposed by Congress. One major piece of legislation that Congress is expected to address in 2024 is FAA reauthorization. Congress is expected to pass an FAA reauthorization bill in 2024. This legislation could be the vehicle for increases in one or more of the taxes and fees discussed above, as well as new mandates on the DOT, FAA, and/or the Transportation Security Administration (the “TSA”) to begin or complete rulemakings that could impact airline operations and/or finances.

Operational and Safety Regulation

The FAA, an agency within the DOT, has the authority to regulate safety aspects of civil aviation operations. Specifically, the Company and certain of its third-party service providers are subject to the jurisdiction of the FAA with respect to aircraft maintenance and operations, including equipment, ground facilities, dispatch, communications, training, and other matters affecting air safety. The FAA, from time to time, issues orders or directives relating to the maintenance and operation of aircraft that require significant expenditures or operational restrictions. The FAA, acting through its own powers or through the appropriate U.S. Attorney, has the power to bring proceedings for the imposition and collection of civil penalties for violation of the FAA’s regulations.

The FAA requires airlines to obtain and maintain an Air Carrier Operating Certificate, as well as other certificates, approvals, and authorities. These certificates, approvals, and authorities are subject to amendment, suspension, or revocation for cause.

As the airlines’ safety regulator, the FAA uses tools, such as temporary flight restrictions, to control aircraft operations within designated areas. The FAA may also issue advisory circulars to provide guidance for compliance with aircraft and pilot certification standards, operational standards, training standards, and other FAA rules. These regulatory tools may create additional costs and/or operational restrictions for the Company. For example, the FAA has expressed concern about the deployment of certain wireless telecommunications systems that may cause interference with certain aircraft avionics, such as radio altimeters. In response, the FAA could impose temporary flight restrictions until the agency believes any safety concerns are resolved. The FAA could also require mitigations from aircraft operators (e.g., aircraft retrofits) as a means to avoid any potential interference.

With respect to airline operations, the FAA has rules in effect with respect to crew flight, duty, and rest times. Among other things, the rules (i) require a ten hour minimum rest period prior to a pilot’s flight duty period; (ii) mandate that a pilot must have an opportunity for eight hours of uninterrupted sleep within the rest period; and (iii) impose pilot “flight time” and “duty time” limitations based upon report times, the number of scheduled flight segments, and other operational factors. The FAA has established flight attendant duty period limitations and rest requirements based on the length of a flight attendant’s scheduled duty period, number of flight attendants assigned to a flight, and other operational factors.

On October 12, 2022, the FAA finalized new rules requiring that flight attendants scheduled to a duty period of 14 hours or less be given a scheduled rest period of at least 10 consecutive hours and that the rest period is not reduced under any circumstances. Previous rules required a scheduled rest period of at least nine consecutive hours, and allowed for a reduction to eight consecutive hours under certain circumstances. In anticipation of the final rules, the Company voluntarily implemented the new minimum rest requirements on July 1, 2022.

On June 14, 2023, the FAA finalized a new rule requiring that airlines have an installed physical secondary barrier to provide additional protection against unauthorized access to an aircraft’s flight deck. The FAA’s final rule provides a two-year compliance period from the effective date after which any transport category airplane

manufactured and used in regularly scheduled passenger-carrying operations would be required to have installed physical secondary barrier meeting the requirements of the rule. Compliance with the rule could impose substantial costs on the Company.

The 2018 Reauthorization Act contains provisions directing the FAA to examine whether to issue new regulations establishing minimum dimensions for seat size based on safety considerations. In August 2022, the FAA began soliciting stakeholder comments on the topic. If the FAA issues a rule with minimum dimensions that exceed the Company's current seat dimensions, the Company could incur substantial compliance costs.

Further, the 2018 Reauthorization Act expanded human trafficking training requirements beyond flight attendants to include several public-facing Employee work groups, as well as requires air carriers to implement a plan and develop training with protocols for preventing and responding to verbal or physical assault committed against customer service agents. Human trafficking training is required for the Company's frontline Employees and recommended as voluntary curriculum for other Employees. The Company has also implemented an Employee Assault Prevention and Response Plan that includes training to de-escalate hostile situations, written protocols for dealing with hostile situations, and reporting of relevant incidents to appropriate authorities. During 2023, the Company implemented the Southwest Airlines Combating Trafficking in Persons Compliance Plan reflecting the Company's strong commitment to anti-human trafficking priorities.

In addition to its role as safety regulator, the FAA operates the nation's air traffic control system and has continued its lengthy and ongoing effort to implement a multi-faceted, airspace modernization program, NextGen. According to the U.S. government, NextGen will help contribute to a safer, more efficient, and more predictable system, which may potentially contribute to reduced fuel burn, emissions, and noise. As part of the NextGen initiative, in 2010 the FAA published rules requiring most commercial aircraft operating in the national airspace system to be equipped with Automatic Dependent Surveillance - Broadcast ("ADS-B") technology by January 1, 2020. ADS-B technology is intended to enhance safety and efficiency by moving from ground-based radar and navigational aids to precise tracking using satellite signals. In addition to environmental and efficiency benefits, ADS-B technology gives pilots and air traffic controllers new tools to reduce the risk of runway incursions and aircraft collisions. The Company has implemented technology and programs intended to comply with all applicable ADS-B requirements. On November 9, 2021, the U.S. government announced an Aviation Climate Action Plan to reduce emissions by, among other initiatives and efforts, operationalizing NextGen to realize the full potential of modernized infrastructure and systems, and enhancing data quality and information distribution to enable operators to fly more fuel-efficient trajectories.

The Air Traffic Organization ("ATO") is the operational arm of the FAA. The ATO is responsible for providing safe and efficient air navigation services to all of the United States and large portions of the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans and the Gulf of Mexico. The Company is subject to any operational changes imposed by the FAA/ATO as they relate to the NextGen program, as well as the day-to-day management of the air traffic control system.

Passenger and Occupational Health Regulation

The Company is subject to various other federal, state, and local laws and regulations relating to health and occupational safety, including Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention ("CDC"), Occupational Safety and Health Administration, and Food and Drug Administration regulations. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, federal, state, and local government authorities implemented directives, orders, and regulations intended to mitigate the spread of the virus, and in response, the Company modified its practices, policies, and procedures, as appropriate. New health requirements or standards, whether mandated by government agencies or voluntarily adopted by the Company, related to the COVID-19 pandemic or otherwise intended to mitigate the spread of communicable diseases could affect the Company's costs and performance.

Security Regulation

Pursuant to the Aviation and Transportation Security Act (“ATSA”), the TSA, a federal agency of the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, is responsible for certain civil aviation security matters. ATSA and subsequent TSA regulations and procedures implementing ATSA and related statutes address, among other things, (i) flight deck security; (ii) the use of federal air marshals onboard flights; (iii) airport and aircraft access security; (iv) airline crew security training; (v) security screening of passengers, baggage, cargo, mail, employees, and vendors; (vi) training and qualifications of security screening personnel; (vii) provision of passenger data to CBP; and (viii) background checks.

Under ATSA, substantially all security officers at airports are federal employees, and significant other elements of airline and airport security are overseen and performed by federal employees, including federal security managers, federal law enforcement officers, and federal air marshals. TSA personnel and TSA-mandated security procedures can affect the Company's operations, costs, and Customer experience. For example, as part of its security measures, the TSA regulates the types of liquid items that can be carried onboard aircraft. In addition, as part of its Secure Flight program, the TSA requires airlines to collect a passenger's full name (as it appears on a government-issued ID), date of birth, gender, and Redress Number (if applicable). Airlines must transmit this information to Secure Flight, which uses the information to perform matching against terrorist watch lists. After matching passenger information against the watch lists, Secure Flight transmits the matching results back to airlines. This serves to identify individuals for more extensive security screening and to prevent individuals on watch lists from boarding an aircraft. It also helps prevent the misidentification of passengers who have names similar to individuals on watch lists. The TSA's multi-layered, risk-based approach to airport security also includes physical pat down procedures at security checkpoints. These procedures have raised privacy concerns by some air travelers, and have caused delays at screening checkpoints.

The Company, in conjunction with the TSA, participates in TSA PreCheck™, a pre-screening initiative that allows passengers deemed low risk by the TSA to move through security checkpoints with greater efficiency and ease when traveling. Eligible passengers may use dedicated screening lanes at certain airports the Company serves for screening benefits, which include leaving on shoes, light outerwear, and belts, as well as leaving laptops and permitted liquids in carryon bags. A similar CBP-administered program, Global Entry®, allows expedited clearance for pre-approved, low-risk international travelers upon arrival in the United States. The TSA has expressed its plans to leverage advanced transportation security screening technologies, including biometric solutions, to improve security effectiveness and operational efficiency, while also enhancing the passenger experience. The advanced technologies have prompted privacy, cost, and legal concerns from air carriers, travelers, and advocacy groups, which could affect the timing and viability of the TSA's plans.

The Company also participates in the TSA Known Crewmember® program, which is a risk-based screening system that enables TSA security officers to positively verify the identity and employment status of flight-crew members. The program expedites flight crew member access to sterile areas of airports.

The Company works collaboratively with TSA, foreign national governments, and airports to provide risk-based security measures at international locations served by the Company.

The Company has made significant investments in facilities, equipment, and technology to process Customers, checked baggage, and cargo efficiently in compliance with applicable security regulations; however, the Company is not able to predict the impact, if any, that various security measures or TSA resource limitations at certain airports will have on Passenger revenues and the Company's costs, either in the short-term or the long-term.

Environmental Regulation

The Company is subject to various federal laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment, including the Clean Air Act, the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, the Clean Water Act, the Safe Drinking Water Act, and the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (“CERCLA”), as well as state and local laws and regulations. These laws and regulations govern aircraft drinking water, emissions,

storm water discharges from operations, and the disposal of materials such as jet fuel, chemicals, hazardous waste, and aircraft deicing fluid.

Additionally, in conjunction with airport authorities, other airlines, and state and local environmental regulatory agencies, the Company, as a normal course of business, undertakes voluntary investigation or remediation of soil or groundwater contamination at various airport sites. The Company has not historically experienced any airport site environmental liability that has had a material adverse effect on its capital expenditures, earnings, or competitive position. However, many airports, as well as federal, state, and local governmental authorities, are increasingly focused on groundwater contamination caused by what are sometimes referred to as “forever chemicals,” most notably per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (“PFAS”). PFAS have been used in many manufacturing and industrial applications over many decades and can be found in numerous products, including building materials and household products. Most notably for aviation, PFAS are a key component in aqueous film-forming foam (“AFFF”), which are commonly available for use to fight petroleum-based fires at both commercial and military aviation facilities. The FAA and the U.S. Department of Defense have strict performance specifications for fire suppression systems, which has contributed to the use of AFFF/PFAS over the decades. PFAS is now the focus of regulatory oversight at airports, as well as the source of litigation by airports against AFFF manufacturers. Moreover, regulatory authorities at the federal, state, and local levels are moving forward with prohibitions on the manufacturing, use, or sale of PFAS-based AFFF, as well as costly remediation efforts at airports to address groundwater contamination. In addition, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (the “EPA”) is expected to finalize a rule listing two specific types of PFAS, perfluorooctanoic acid and perfluorooctanesulfonic acid, which may be found in AFFF, as hazardous substances under CERCLA and has separately issued an advanced notice of proposed rulemaking seeking comments on other types of PFAS that should be listed as hazardous substances under CERCLA. The evolving legal and regulatory activity surrounding PFAS could lead to an inadequate supply of FAA-certified AFFF throughout the aviation system and/or increased operating costs at certain airports. Moreover, listing PFAS compounds under CERCLA may give rise to strict, joint and several liability for removal, remedial, response, and other costs, the costs of which could be material.

The federal government and the United Nations’ International Civil Aviation Organization (“ICAO”) have implemented legislative and regulatory proposals and introduced voluntary measures to address climate change by reducing greenhouse gas emissions. At the federal level, in July 2016, the EPA issued a final endangerment finding for greenhouse gas emissions from certain types of aircraft engines, which the agency determined contribute to pollution that causes climate change and endangers public health and the environment. Following this endangerment finding, per the federal Clean Air Act, the EPA adopted aircraft greenhouse gas emissions standards in December 2020. These standards apply to airframe and aircraft engine manufacturers and align with the standards previously adopted by ICAO. On November 15, 2021, the EPA affirmed the agency will not reconsider the rule adopting the standards. Several states and non-government organizations subsequently filed legal petitions challenging the EPA’s adoption of the rule; however, in June 2023, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit upheld the EPA’s rules. The Company does not expect to incur any material costs related to the EPA’s GHG aircraft rules at this time, and the rules are not expected to adversely impact the Company’s current aircraft fleet; however, the Company cannot guarantee that more stringent standards will not be adopted by the EPA in the future that could require material capital expenditures to modernize or replace its aircraft fleet or incur other costs related to GHG emissions from its aircraft.

In addition to aircraft emissions standards, ICAO implemented a “global market-based measure” framework in an effort to control carbon dioxide emissions from international aviation. The focal point of this framework is a carbon offsetting system applicable to aircraft operators designed to cap the growth of emissions related to international aviation. ICAO’s Carbon Offsetting and Reduction Scheme for International Aviation (“CORSIA”) program is a global market-based measure intended to cap carbon emissions from international civil aviation at their 2019 levels from 2021 to 2023 and 85 percent of their 2019 levels from 2024 to 2035, addressing carbon emissions from the growth of international air traffic by requiring that international aviation emissions above these levels be offset or reduced through the use of CORSIA Eligible Fuel, such as a CORSIA sustainable aviation fuel, or CORSIA Eligible Emissions Units. The U.S. federal government has opted to participate in the voluntary phases of the CORSIA program from 2021-2026 (additional phases extend through 2035). As part of the CORSIA program, the

Company is currently monitoring its international emissions for reporting purposes. Data collected from applicable international flight activity in 2019 forms the baseline and is used in the calculations to determine subsequent carbon offsetting requirements under the CORSIA program. To the extent CORSIA revises any of its emission accounting methodologies or options for meeting emission reduction levels, the Company could face increased costs to purchase additional volumes of SAF, carbon offsets, or take other measures to comply with the CORSIA program. To date, the Company has not incurred any material costs related to its compliance with CORSIA; however, the Company could experience material costs as a result of any future expansion of its international operations, which would increase its compliance obligations under CORSIA, the need to purchase additional carbon offsets or volumes of SAF than what the Company has currently projected based on any changes to the CORSIA program, or other unforeseeable reasons given the evolving nature of climate-change-related laws, regulations, and programs. Regardless of the method of regulation or application of CORSIA, further policy changes with regard to climate change are possible, which could significantly increase operating costs in the airline industry and, as a result, adversely affect operations. Until the timing, scope, and extent of such future developments become known, the Company cannot predict their effect on the Company's cost structure or its operating results.

There are additional areas of rulemaking occurring at the state and federal levels with respect to climate-change-related matters that could also increase the Company's compliance obligations and costs and expenditures related to the same. In addition, to the extent these rules mandate that the Company make additional disclosure on matters related to climate change, it is possible that such disclosures may result in reputational harm or impact lending or investment decisions of third parties, and consequently the Company could face greater restrictions on or increased costs of access to capital if the Company is not perceived as meeting any climate change-related standards established by such third parties. For example, on March 21, 2022, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") proposed The Enhancement and Standardization of Climate-Related Disclosures for Investors. The proposed rule amendments would require a domestic or foreign registrant to include certain climate-related information in its registration statements and periodic reports, such as on Form 10-K, including: climate-related risks and their actual or likely material impacts on the registrant's business, strategy, and outlook; the registrant's governance of climate-related risks and relevant risk management processes; the registrant's greenhouse gas emissions, which for accelerated and large accelerated filers and with respect to certain emissions, would be subject to assurance; certain climate-related financial statement metrics and related disclosures in a note to its audited financial statements; and information about climate-related targets and goals, and transition plan, if any. A final rule is expected in 2024. Additionally, the state of California recently enacted a number of climate-disclosure related laws, including the Climate Corporate Data Accountability Act ("CCDAA") and Climate-Related Financial Risk Act ("CRFRA") in October 2023. The CCDAA requires both public and private U.S. companies that are "doing business in California" and that have a total annual revenue of \$1 billion to publicly disclose and verify, on an annual basis, Scope 1, 2 and 3 greenhouse gas emissions. The CRFRA requires the disclosure of a climate-related financial risk report (in line with the Task Force on the Climate-related Financial Disclosures recommendations or equivalent disclosure requirements under the International Sustainability Standards Board's climate-related disclosure standards) every other year for public and private companies that are "doing business in California" and have total annual revenue of \$500 million. Reporting under the CCDAA and CRFRA is scheduled to take effect beginning in 2026. The ultimate impact of these laws on the Company remains uncertain—the Governor of California has directed further consideration of the implementation deadlines for each of the laws, and the scope of both laws may be subject to legal challenges. Additionally, in October 2023, California also enacted the Voluntary Carbon Markets Disclosure Act ("VCMDA") which creates new reporting obligations related to voluntary carbon offsets. The VCMDA requires business entities that (1) market or sell voluntary carbon offsets in California, (2) purchase or use voluntary carbon offsets sold in California that make emissions-related claims, or (3) make claims that an entity or product has eliminated or made significant reductions to its carbon dioxide or GHG emissions to make certain public disclosure on the business entity's website. The reporting obligations of the CCDAA, CRFRA, VCMDA, and other state or federal laws or rules requiring the disclosure of climate-related risks may cause the Company to incur increased costs with respect to modifying existing disclosure controls, financial reporting practices, and the gathering and reporting of emissions data. In addition, failure to comply with these disclosure laws and regulations could result in the imposition of substantial fines or penalties. The Company could also face increased risks of litigation resulting from any enhanced disclosure requirements related to climate change. For

further discussion of the risks relating to these reporting obligations, see “Risk Factors—Legal, Regulatory, Compliance, and Reputational Risks.”

Separately, on November 10, 2022, the Biden-Harris Administration proposed the Federal Supplier Climate Risks and Resilience Rule, which would require major federal contractors to publicly disclose their greenhouse gas emissions and climate-related financial risks and set science-based emissions reduction targets verified by the Science-Based Target initiative and in accordance with third-party standards that preclude the use of carbon offsets to achieve emission reduction goals. The Company is currently monitoring the proposed rule; however, compliance with the rule as proposed could require the Company to incur increased costs in the form of increased reporting obligations, modify its operations to meet emission reduction targets, accelerate its fleet replacement plans, or otherwise revise or restate its existing sustainability goals.

In addition to climate change, aircraft noise continues to be an environmental focus, especially as the FAA implements new flight procedures as part of its NextGen airspace modernization program discussed above. The Airport Noise and Capacity Act of 1990 gives airport operators the right, under certain circumstances, to implement local noise abatement programs, provided they do not unreasonably interfere with interstate or foreign commerce or the national air transportation system and meet other requirements. Some airports have established airport restrictions to limit noise, including restrictions on aircraft types to be used and limits on the number of hourly or daily operations or the time of operations. These types of restrictions can cause curtailments in service or increases in operating costs and can limit the ability of air carriers to expand operations at the affected airports.

At the federal level, the FAA has committed to inform and involve the public, engage with communities, and give meaningful consideration to community concerns and views when developing new flight procedures, and there is a possibility that Congress may enact legislation in the future to address local noise concerns at one or more commercial airports in the United States. In addition, the 2018 Reauthorization Act requires the FAA to consider community noise concerns when proposing a new navigation departure procedure or amending an existing navigation procedure that would direct aircraft over noise sensitive areas. This requirement could delay or otherwise impede the implementation or use of more efficient flight paths.

In general, government efforts at the international, federal, state, or local levels to address worldwide climate change, manage greenhouse gas emissions, and reduce aircraft noise, to the extent pursued or implemented, could affect the Company, aircraft operators, original equipment manufacturers, producers and sellers of aviation fuel, and other third parties on which the Company is dependent. Additional legislative or regulatory activity in this area could require modifications to the Company’s equipment, operations, and strategy, and have a material effect on the Company’s capital expenditures, earnings, or competitive position.

Data Privacy and Cybersecurity Regulation

The Company is subject to federal, state, and foreign laws relating to the collection, processing, use, retention, protection, and transfer of personal information. The regulatory landscape has become increasingly complex with a growing patchwork of privacy and cybersecurity legal obligations that require engaging with a number of different regulators. Additionally, the interpretation and application of many data privacy and cybersecurity legal obligations is rapidly evolving. The Company continues to monitor a growing set of data privacy and cybersecurity legal requirements, including with respect to consumer and employee access and control over personal information and protection of such personal information.

The Company has experienced heightened legislative and regulatory focus on cybersecurity, both from a critical infrastructure perspective, which includes airlines and other transportation providers, and broadly applicable cybersecurity legal obligations. As a result, the Company must comply with a developing set of cybersecurity requirements, including but not limited to incident and other reporting, internal and external coordination, affirmative risk-management obligations, and technical requirements related to information technology systems and operational technology systems. For example, in December 2023, the SEC’s rules on cybersecurity risk management, strategy, governance, and incident disclosure became effective. These rules require the Company to disclose on Form 8-K any material cybersecurity incident and describe the material aspects of the incident’s nature,

scope, and timing. The Company must also disclose the material impact or reasonably likely material impact of the incident on the Company, including on its financial condition and results of operations. Further, the new SEC rules require the Company to describe, in its Annual Report on Form 10-K, its processes for assessing, identifying, and managing material risks from cybersecurity threats and whether cybersecurity risks have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company. The SEC rules also require the Company to describe the Board's oversight of cybersecurity risks and management's role and expertise in assessing and managing material cybersecurity risks. For additional information, see Item 1C – "Cybersecurity."

The Company expects federal, state, and other governments to assess and implement increasingly challenging data privacy and cybersecurity legal obligations, which could result in expanded compliance burdens, costs, and enforcement risks for the Company.

International Regulation

All international air service is subject to certain U.S. federal requirements and approvals, as well as the regulatory requirements of the appropriate authorities of the foreign countries involved. Foreign regulatory agencies located in jurisdictions served by the Company can impose requirements on various aspects of the Company's business, including safety, marketing, ticket sales, staffing, and tax.

The Company has obtained the necessary economic authority from the DOT, as well as approvals required by the FAA and applicable foreign government entities, to conduct operations, under certain circumstances, to points outside of the continental United States currently served by the Company. Certain international authorities and approvals held by the Company are subject to periodic renewal requirements. The Company requests extensions of such authorities and approvals when and as appropriate. To the extent the Company seeks to serve additional foreign destinations in the future, or to renew its authority to serve certain routes, it may be required to obtain necessary authority from the DOT and/or approvals from the FAA, as well as any applicable foreign government entity.

Certain international markets are governed by bilateral air transportation agreements between the United States and foreign countries. Changes in U.S. or foreign government aviation policies could result in the alteration or termination of such agreements, diminish the value of the Company's existing international authorities, present barriers to renewing existing or securing new authorities, or otherwise affect the Company's international operations. There are also capacity limitations at certain international airports, which could impact future service levels. In general, bilateral agreements between the United States and foreign countries the Company currently serves, or may serve in the future, may be subject to renegotiation or reinterpretation from time to time. While the U.S. government has negotiated "open skies" agreements with many countries, which allow for unrestricted access between the United States and respective foreign destinations, agreements with other countries may restrict the Company's entry into those destinations and/or its related growth opportunities.

The CBP is the federal agency of the U.S. Department of Homeland Security charged with facilitating international trade, collecting import duties, and enforcing U.S. regulations with respect to trade, customs, and immigration. To the extent the Company expands its international flight offerings, CBP and its requirements and resources will also become increasingly important considerations to the Company. For instance, with the exception of flights from a small number of foreign "preclearance" locations, arriving international flights may only land at CBP-designated airports, and CBP officers must be present and in sufficient numbers at those airports to effectively process and inspect arriving international passengers, baggage, and cargo. Thus, CBP personnel and CBP-mandated procedures can affect the Company's operations, costs, and Customer experience. The Company has made significant investments in facilities, equipment, and technologies at certain airports in order to improve the Customer experience and to assist CBP with its inspection and processing duties; however, the Company is not able to predict the impact, if any, that various CBP measures or the lack of CBP resources will have on the Company's revenues and costs, either in the short-term or the long-term.

Insurance

The Company carries insurance of types customary in the airline industry and in amounts the Company deems adequate to protect the Company and its property and to comply both with applicable regulations and certain of the Company's credit and lease agreements. The policies principally provide coverage for public and passenger liability, property damage, pollution, D&O/fiduciary, cargo and baggage liability, loss or damage to aircraft, engines, and spare parts, and workers' compensation. In addition, the Company carries a cybersecurity insurance policy with regards to data protection and business interruption associated with both security breaches from malicious parties and from certain system failures. The Company also manages insured risk through the use of reinsurance programs, pooling mechanisms, and a wholly-owned captive insurance subsidiary.

Although the Company has been able to purchase aviation, property, liability, pollution, cybersecurity, and D&O/fiduciary insurance via the commercial insurance marketplace, costs have generally increased, and it is more difficult and, in some cases not possible, to obtain insurance for certain activities and weather-related events. Available commercial insurance could be more expensive in the future and/or have material differences in coverage than insurance that has historically been provided and may not be adequate to protect the Company's risk of loss from future events, including acts of terrorism and severe weather events. With respect to any insurance claims, policy coverages and claims are subject to acceptance by the many insurers involved and may require arbitration, mediation, and/or litigation to effectively settle the claims over prolonged periods of time. In addition, an aircraft accident or other incident involving Southwest could result in substantial costs in excess of its related insurance coverage. Any aircraft accident or other incident involving Southwest, even if fully insured, could also have a material adverse effect on the public's perception of the Company, which could harm its reputation and business.

Competition

Competition within the airline industry is intense and highly unpredictable, and Southwest has historically competed with other airlines on virtually all of its scheduled routes. In recent years, the majority of domestic airline service has been provided by Southwest and the other largest major U.S. airlines, including American Airlines, Delta Air Lines, and United Airlines. The DOT defines major U.S. airlines as those airlines with annual revenues of at least \$1 billion; there are currently 14 passenger airlines offering scheduled service, including Southwest, that meet this standard.

Key competitive factors within the airline industry have historically included (i) pricing and cost structure; (ii) routes, loyalty programs, and schedules; (iii) customer service, operational reliability, product offerings, and amenities; and (iv) balance sheet health. Airlines, including Southwest, also compete for customers with alternatives to air travel, such as driving, videoconferencing, and business communication platforms. These communication alternatives have become particularly prevalent as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Pricing and Cost Structure

Pricing is a significant competitive factor in the airline industry, and the availability of fare information on the Internet allows travelers to easily compare fares and identify competitor promotions and discounts. During 2023, the Company continued to experience a highly competitive fare environment.

Pricing can be driven by a variety of factors. For example, airlines may discount fares to drive traffic in new markets, stimulate traffic in existing markets, and/or grow market share in existing markets. Some airlines have been able to offer more competitive fares through measures designed to lower operating costs. Common efforts include fleet transformation to gain fuel efficiencies, fleet simplification, and increasing the number of seats per trip through seat retrofits and the use of larger aircraft.

The Company believes its low-cost operating structure has historically provided it with an advantage over many of its airline competitors by enabling it to continue to charge competitively low fares. In addition, the Company believes its low-cost operating structure provided it with a significant financial competitive advantage relative to many of its competitors in responding to the financial impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Routes, Loyalty Programs, and Schedules

The Company also competes with other airlines based on markets served, loyalty opportunities, and flight schedules. While the Company has a robust route network in the United States, some major airlines have more extensive global route structures than Southwest, including more extensive international networks. In addition, many competitors have entered into significant commercial relationships with other airlines, such as strategic alliances, code-sharing, and capacity purchase agreements, which increase the airlines' opportunities to expand their route offerings. An alliance or code-sharing agreement enables an airline to offer flights that are operated by another airline and allows the airline's customers to book travel that includes segments on different airlines through a single reservation or ticket. As a result, depending on the nature of the specific alliance or code-sharing arrangement, a participating airline may be able to, among other things, (i) offer its customers access to more destinations than it would be able to serve on its own, (ii) gain exposure in markets it does not otherwise serve, and (iii) increase the perceived frequency of its flights on certain routes. More extensive route structures, as well as alliance and code-sharing arrangements, not only provide additional route flexibility for participating airlines, but they can also allow these airlines to offer their customers more opportunities to earn and redeem loyalty miles or points. A capacity purchase agreement enables an airline to expand its route structure by paying another airline (e.g., a regional airline with smaller aircraft) to operate flights on its behalf in markets that it does not, or cannot, serve itself. The Company opened 18 new destinations during the COVID-19 pandemic, which has significantly increased its domestic route network, and it continues to evaluate and implement initiatives to better enable itself to offer additional itineraries.

Customer Service, Operational Reliability, Product Offerings, and Amenities

Southwest also competes with other airlines with respect to customer service, operational reliability (such as ontime performance), product offerings, and passenger amenities. According to statistics published by the DOT, Southwest has historically ranked at or near the top among domestic marketing carriers in Customer Satisfaction for having the lowest customer complaint ratio. Following the December 2022 operational disruption, the Company experienced an increase in its customer complaint ratio. Southwest competes with airlines that have more seating options and associated passenger amenities, including first class, business class, and other premium seating and related amenities, which can appeal in particular to business customers. Some of the Company's competitors have added, and may continue to add, passenger amenities not offered by the Company and premium seating, including through new aircraft types and configurations. Despite these various product and amenity offerings at other airlines, the Company believes the introduction of its fares in the Global Distribution Systems provides an opportunity to increase the Company's market share of business customers. New and different types of aircraft flown by competitors could have operational attributes and passenger amenities that could be considered more attractive to certain consumers than those associated with the Company's existing fleet. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, carriers are increasingly focusing on customer-friendly policies as opportunities to win and retain customers. However, the Company believes its Customer Service and Customer-friendly policies (including those listed below) continue to positively differentiate it from many of its competitors:

- The Company offers up to two free checked bags (subject to weight and size limits) for all ticketed Customers;
- The Company offers competitively low fares and does not charge change fees (although fare differences may apply) or cancellation fees (subject to the Company's No Show policy)
- Rapid Rewards points do not expire;
- Flight credits do not expire; and
- There are no additional fees for items such as seat selection, soft drinks, and snacks where available, curbside check-in where available, and telephone reservations.

Balance Sheet Health

The Company believes it emerged from the COVID-19 pandemic with a strengthened financial position relative to its competitors in the U.S. airline industry, which has put the Company in a better position of financial health to

manage higher levels of debt and support future growth plans. Further, the Company has maintained its investment-grade rating by all three major credit agencies (Moody's, S&P Global, and Fitch), and is currently the only major U.S. passenger airline with an investment-grade rating by all three major credit agencies.

Other Forms of Competition

Technology advancements have provided alternatives to air travel, such as videoconferencing, business communication platforms, and the Internet, and these alternatives significantly increased in scope during the COVID-19 pandemic. There is risk that the significantly increased use of these alternatives could result in permanent changes to consumer behavior and thereby negatively affect demand for air travel.

The airline industry is also subject to varying degrees of competition from other forms of transportation, including surface transportation by automobiles, buses, and trains. Inconveniences and delays associated with air travel security measures can increase surface competition. In addition, surface competition can be significant during economic downturns when consumers cut back on discretionary spending and fewer choose to fly, or when gasoline prices are lower, making surface transportation a less expensive option. Because of the relatively high percentage of short-haul travel provided by Southwest, it is particularly exposed to competition from surface transportation in these instances.

Seasonality

The Company's business is ordinarily seasonal. Generally, in most markets the Company serves, demand for air travel is greater during the summer months, and, therefore, revenues in the airline industry tend to be stronger in the second (April 1 - June 30) and third (July 1 - September 30) quarters of the year than in the first (January 1 - March 31) and fourth (October 1 - December 31) quarters of the year. As a result, in many cases, the Company's results of operations reflect this seasonality. Factors that could alter this seasonality include, among others, global pandemics such as COVID-19, the price of fuel, general economic conditions, changes in consumer behavior, governmental action, extreme or severe weather and natural disasters, fears of terrorism or war, or changes in the competitive environment. Therefore, the Company's quarterly operating results are not necessarily indicative of operating results for the entire year, and historical operating results in a quarterly or annual period are not necessarily indicative of future operating results.

Human Capital Resources

Employees

As of December 31, 2023, the Company had 74,806 active full-time equivalent Employees, consisting of 31,339 air operations (including Pilots, Flight Attendants, Dispatchers, Flight Simulator Technicians, Flight Crew Training Instructors, and Meteorologists), 22,882 ground operations (including Ramp, Operations, Provisioning, and Freight Agents, and Customer Service Agents), 3,183 Customer Representatives and Source of Support Representatives, 3,736 maintenance and engineering (including Material Specialists, Mechanics, Aircraft Appearance Technicians, and Facilities Maintenance Technicians), and 13,666 additional "noncontract" Employees. The Company has consistently utilized active full-time equivalent Employees to determine various metrics that measure productivity and efficiency, so it has chosen to not include inactive Employees in the figure, which totaled an additional 3,954 Employees as of December 31, 2023. In addition, the active full-time equivalent Employees figure includes an adjustment to count all part-time Employees as a 0.5 full-time equivalent Employee. When considering total demographics of Employees, however, the Company looks at total headcount, active and inactive Employees, irrespective of part-time or full-time status.

Labor Union Activity

Approximately 83 percent of Company Employees as of December 31, 2023, were represented by labor unions. The Railway Labor Act establishes the right of airline employees to organize and bargain collectively. Under the Railway Labor Act, collective-bargaining agreements between an airline and a labor union generally do not expire,

but instead become amendable as of an agreed date. By the amendable date, if either party wishes to modify the terms of the agreement, it must notify the other party in the manner required by the Railway Labor Act and/or described in the agreement. After receipt of the notice, the parties must meet for direct negotiations. If no agreement is reached, either party may request the National Mediation Board to appoint a federal mediator. If no agreement is reached in mediation, the National Mediation Board may determine an impasse exists and offer binding arbitration to the parties. If either party rejects binding arbitration, a 30-day “cooling off” period begins. At the end of this 30-day period, the parties may engage in “self-help,” unless a Presidential Emergency Board is established to investigate and report on the dispute. The appointment of a Presidential Emergency Board maintains the “status quo” for an additional period of time. If the parties do not reach agreement during this period, the parties may then engage in “self-help.” “Self-help” includes, among other things, a strike by the union or the airline’s imposition of any or all of its proposed amendments and the hiring of new employees to replace any striking workers.

The following table sets forth the Company's Employee groups subject to collective bargaining and the status of their respective collective-bargaining agreements as of December 31, 2023:

Employee Group	Approximate Number of Full-time Equivalent Employees	Representatives	Status of Agreement
Southwest Pilots	10,746	Southwest Airlines Pilots' Association (“SWAPA”)	In negotiations at December 31, 2023. Pilots ratified a new agreement in January 2024, which is now amendable January 2029.
Southwest Flight Attendants	19,883	Transportation Workers of America, AFL-CIO, Local 556 (“TWU 556”)	In mediation/negotiations
Southwest Material Specialists (formerly known as Stock Clerks)	491	International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Local 19 (“IBT 19”)	Amendable October 2026
Southwest Ramp, Operations, Provisioning, Freight Agents	17,892	Transport Workers Union Local 555 (“TWU 555”)	In negotiations
Southwest Flight Simulator Technicians	54	International Brotherhood of Teamsters (“IBT”)	Amendable May 2024. In negotiations
Southwest Flight Crew Training Instructors	252	Transportation Workers of America, AFL-CIO, Local 557 (“TWU 557”)	Amendable January 2027
Southwest Dispatchers	496	Transportation Workers of America, AFL-CIO, Local 550 (“TWU 550”)	Amendable June 2027
Southwest Aircraft Appearance Technicians	214	AMFA	Amendable July 2027
Southwest Mechanics	2,979	Aircraft Mechanics Fraternal Association (“AMFA”)	Amendable August 2027
Southwest Facilities Maintenance Technicians	52	AMFA	Amendable November 2027
Southwest Customer Service Agents, Customer Representatives, and Source of Support Representatives	8,173	International Association of Machinists and Aerospace Workers, AFL-CIO (“IAM 142”)	Amendable December 2027
Southwest Meteorologists	15	TWU 550	Amendable May 2028

Human Capital Objectives and Programs

The Company’s hiring, development, and retention of a diverse and talented workforce is a priority that includes: (i) providing opportunities for learning, development, career growth, and movement within the Company; (ii) evaluating compensation and benefits, and rewarding performance; (iii) investing in physical, emotional, and

financial health of Employees; (iv) obtaining Employee feedback; (v) maintaining and enhancing Company culture; and (vi) communicating with the Board on a routine basis on key topics, including executive succession planning.

The Company has implemented many programs designed to achieve these priorities, including strong Employee training and benefits programs. The Company's vast Employee training and development opportunities address, among other things, leadership development; diversity, equity, and inclusion ("DEI"); and communication skills. The Company rewards Employees with competitive compensation and benefits packages, including attractive medical plans, a 401(k) plan with a dollar-for-dollar match for Employees other than Pilots (subject to vesting requirements and certain compensation limits), a 401(k) plan with a non-elective contribution for Pilots, and a profitsharing plan.

The Company encourages its People to pursue their passions by leveraging the Company's resources to achieve their career aspirations. The Company's Career Mobility Center offers Employees a place to explore internal career opportunities, discover new roles, or prepare for a promotion through services like career advising sessions, resume review, and interview preparation resources. The Company also provides numerous career growth and development resources to diversify skill sets, including in-person or virtual courses and mentorship programs.

The Company regularly conducts Employee surveys to assess job satisfaction of its Employees, and uses information from the surveys to improve the Company's ability to attract, develop, and retain talented Employees who will help advance the Company. For many years, the bonus opportunity for the Company's senior leadership group, including its executive officers, has been tied to the Company's performance relative to multiple pre-established performance metrics, which have from time to time included the Company's DEI initiatives and/or the Company's voluntary turnover rate for Employees. In addition to bonus opportunities for the Company's senior leadership group, the Company has implemented performance-based compensation programs for other non-contract Employee leaders, including managers, supervisors, team leads, and certain other Employees.

During 2023 the Company hired approximately 8,100 Employees, net of attrition. The Company's number of active full-time equivalent Employees increased by 12.2 percent, year-over-year, in 2023, to support the Company's capacity growth, primarily driven by the restoration of its route network after emerging from the pandemic. The Company has made additional investments to attract and retain talent, including raising the Company's starting hourly pay rates for certain of its workgroups, subject, in each case, to acceptance of such change by the applicable union.

Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion

DEI is an integral part of the Company's culture and processes that support recruitment, hiring, training, retention, advancement, and belonging. In an effort to advance these initiatives, the Company has established the following goals:

- Evolve hiring and development practices to support diversity goals, including posting all open Leadership positions (Supervisor to Vice President) and requiring diverse candidate slates for each role;
- Measure progress in increasing diversity in Senior Leadership (as compared to 2020);
- Double the percentage of racial diversity and increase gender diversity in the Company's Senior Management Committee by 2025 (as compared to 2020); and
- Engaging the Company's breadth of community partners to leverage relationships in sourcing diverse talent.

Additionally, the Board is seeking to increase its diverse representation by 2025 (as compared to 2020). The Company has a dedicated DEI Department that provides regular updates to the Compensation Committee of the Board. To advance the Company's goals with respect to inclusion, the DEI Department has launched a multi-year training plan to increase the cultural competency of the Company's workforce.

The DEI Department established a five-year enterprise strategic plan to continue advancing DEI efforts throughout the organization. The Company has taken tangible steps to update the required infrastructure, processes, and

practices to meet these objectives. The DEI Department formed an Executive Steering Committee to support the strategic direction of this progress. In addition, the Company evolved its talent acquisition processes by requiring diverse candidate pools for leadership positions, and deploying inclusion training for all hiring Leaders. The Company also works with community partners in support of its efforts to continue developing diverse and inclusive talent pipelines and expanding recruiting efforts. The Company also recently launched a formal Sponsorship and Mentorship Program. In addition to current initiatives, the DEI Department has established a five-year enterprise strategic plan to continue advancing DEI efforts throughout the organization. The Company's motivation is to be a healthy organization where Employees thrive, feel appreciated, valued, and have an authentic sense of belonging.

In May 2023, the Company published its DEI Report. A companion piece to the Southwest One Report, the DEI Report takes a deeper dive into the Company's DEI goals and initiatives and highlights the expected path forward. Information contained in the DEI Report is not incorporated by reference into, and does not constitute a part of, this Form 10-K. While the Company believes that the disclosures contained in the DEI Report and other voluntary disclosures regarding ESG matters are responsive to various areas of investor interest, the Company believes that certain of these disclosures do not currently address matters that are material in the near term to the Company's operations, strategy, financial condition, or financial results, although this view may change in the future based on new information that could materially alter the estimates, assumptions, or timelines used to create these disclosures. Given the estimates, assumptions, and timelines used to create the DEI Report and other voluntary disclosures, the materiality of these disclosures is inherently difficult to assess in advance.

Additional Information About the Company

The Company was incorporated in Texas in 1967. The following documents are available free of charge through the Company's website, www.southwest.com: the Company's annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, and any amendments to those reports that are filed with or furnished to the SEC pursuant to Sections 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These materials are made available through the Company's website as soon as reasonably practicable after they are electronically filed with, or furnished to, the SEC. In addition to its reports filed or furnished with the SEC, the Company publicly discloses material information from time to time in its press releases, at annual meetings of Shareholders, in publicly accessible conferences and Investor presentations, and through its website (principally in its Press Room and Investor Relations pages). References to the Company's website in this Form 10-K are provided as a convenience and do not constitute, and should not be deemed, an incorporation by reference of the information contained on, or available through, the website, and such information should not be considered part of this Form 10-K.

DISCLOSURE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This Form 10-K contains “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward-looking statements are based on, and include statements about, the Company’s estimates, expectations, beliefs, intentions, and strategies for the future, and the assumptions underlying these forward-looking statements. Specific forward-looking statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts and include, without limitation, words such as “anticipates,” “believes,” “estimates,” “expects,” “intends,” “may,” “will,” “would,” “could,” “plans,” “goal,” and similar expressions. Although management believes these forward-looking statements are reasonable as and when made, forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties that are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual results may differ materially from what is expressed in or indicated by the Company’s forward-looking statements or from historical experience or the Company’s present expectations. Known material risk factors that could cause these differences are set forth below under “Risk Factors.” Additional risks or uncertainties (i) that are not currently known to the Company, (ii) that the Company currently deems to be immaterial, or (iii) that could apply to any company, could also materially adversely affect the Company’s business, financial condition, or future results.

Caution should be taken not to place undue reliance on the Company’s forward-looking statements, which represent the Company’s views only as of the date this Form 10-K is filed. The Company undertakes no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The Company’s operations and financial results are subject to various risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to those described below. Other risks are described in “Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations,” “Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk,” and the Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes thereto. The Company’s business could also be affected by additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to the Company or that it currently deems to be immaterial. If any of these risks actually occur, it could materially harm the Company’s business, financial condition, or results of operations, or impair the Company’s ability to implement its strategic plans. In that case, the market price of the Company’s common stock could decline. The following risk factors are summarized as financial; operational; information technology; and legal, regulatory, compliance, and reputational.

Financial Risks

- The airline industry is particularly sensitive to changes in economic conditions, and continued or future unfavorable economic conditions could negatively affect the Company’s results of operations and require the Company to adjust its business strategies.
- The Company’s business can be significantly impacted by the availability of jet fuel and high and/or volatile fuel prices, and the Company’s operations are subject to disruption in the event of any delayed supply of fuel; therefore, the Company’s strategic plans and future profitability are likely to be impacted by the Company’s ability to effectively address fuel price increases and fuel price volatility and availability.
- The Company’s low-cost structure has historically been one of its primary competitive advantages, and many factors have affected and could continue to affect the Company’s ability to control its costs.
- The Company’s results of operations could be adversely impacted if it is unable to effectively execute its strategic plans.
- The airline industry is intensely competitive.

Operational Risks

- The Company is currently dependent on Boeing as the sole manufacturer of the Company’s aircraft. If the MAX aircraft were to become unavailable for the Company’s operations, or if the Company were to

experience prolonged delivery delays of MAX aircraft, the Company's business plans, strategies, and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected.

- The Company's business is labor intensive, with most Employees represented by labor unions; therefore, the Company could be materially adversely affected in the event of conflict with its Employees or its Employees' representatives or if the Company were unable to employ and retain sufficient numbers of qualified Employees to maintain its operations.
- The Company is currently dependent on a single engine supplier, as well as single suppliers of certain other aircraft parts and equipment; therefore, the Company could be materially adversely affected (i) if it were unable to obtain timely or sufficient delivery of aircraft parts or equipment from Boeing or other suppliers or adequate maintenance or other support from any of these suppliers at commercially reasonable terms, (ii) if Boeing or other suppliers were unable to achieve and/or maintain required regulatory certifications or approvals of their parts or equipment, or (iii) in the event of a mechanical or regulatory issue associated with the Company's aircraft parts or equipment.
- The airline industry has faced on-going security concerns and related cost burdens; further threatened or actual terrorist attacks, war, or other hostilities, even if not made directly on the airline industry, could significantly harm the airline industry and the Company's operations.
- Interruptions or disruptions in service at one of the Company's core stations have had, and could in the future have, a material adverse impact on its operations.
- The Company's operations have been, and in the future may again be, materially and adversely disrupted by extreme weather events. An inability to quickly and effectively restore operations following adverse weather, a localized disaster, or disturbance in a key geography has adversely and materially impacted, and in the future could again adversely and materially impact, the Company's business, results of operations, and financial condition.
- The airline industry is made up of inherently complex systems and is affected by many conditions that are beyond its control, which can impact the Company's business strategies and results of operations.

Information Technology Risks

- The Company is increasingly dependent on technology to operate its business and continues to implement substantial changes to its information systems; any failure, disruption, breach, or delay in implementation of necessary changes to the Company's information systems could materially adversely affect its operations.
- Developing and expanding data security and privacy requirements could increase the Company's operating costs, and any failure of the Company to maintain the security of certain Customer, Employee, and business-related information could result in disruption to operations and damage to the Company's reputation and could be costly to remediate.

Legal, Regulatory, Compliance, and Reputational Risks

- The Company is subject to extensive FAA regulation that may disrupt or necessitate modifications to the Company's operations, business plans, and strategies.
- Airport capacity constraints and air traffic control inefficiencies have limited and could continue to limit the Company's growth; changes in or additional governmental regulation could increase the Company's operating costs or otherwise limit the Company's ability to conduct business.
- The Company is subject to various environmental requirements and risks, including increased regulation, changing consumer preferences, physical, environmental, and climate risks, and risks associated with climate change; the cost of compliance with more stringent environmental regulations, failure to comply with environmental regulations, or failure to otherwise manage the risks of climate change effectively could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations.
- The Company is subject to risks related to its sustainability goals and disclosures, which may affect stakeholder sentiment and the Company's reputation and brand.
- The Company's future results will suffer if it is unable to effectively manage its international operations and/or Extended Operations.
- The Company is currently subject to regulatory actions and pending litigation, and if judgment, penalties, or fines were to be rendered against the Company, such judgment, penalties, or fines could adversely affect the Company's operating results.

- Conflicting federal, state, and local laws and regulations may impose additional requirements and restrictions on the Company's operations, which could increase the Company's operating costs, result in service disruptions, and increase litigation risk.
- The Company's reputation and brand could be harmed if it were to experience significant negative publicity through social media or otherwise, including with respect to the Company's voluntary ESG-related goals and disclosures.
- The Company's Bylaws designate specific courts as the exclusive forum for certain legal actions between the Company and its Shareholders, which could increase costs to bring a claim, discourage claims, or limit the ability of the Company's Shareholders to bring a claim in a judicial forum viewed by the Shareholders as more favorable for disputes with the Company or the Company's directors, officers, or other Employees.

Financial Risks

The airline industry is particularly sensitive to changes in economic conditions; in the event of continued or future unfavorable economic conditions or economic uncertainty, the Company's results of operations could be further negatively affected, which could require the Company to further adjust its business strategies.

The airline industry, which is subject to relatively high fixed costs and highly variable and unpredictable demand, is particularly sensitive to changes in economic conditions, including changes in consumer discretionary spending as a result of inflation, rising interest rates, or other factors. Historically, unfavorable U.S. economic conditions have driven changes in travel patterns and have resulted in reduced spending for both leisure and business travel. For some consumers, leisure travel is a discretionary expense, and short-haul travelers, in particular, have the option to replace air travel with surface travel.

As has become particularly evident as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, businesses and other travelers are able to forego air travel by using other communications such as videoconferencing, business communication platforms, and the Internet. Further, some businesses have continued to allow their employees to work remotely following the pandemic and/or have restricted non-essential travel for their employees, which has kept demand for business air travel below pre-pandemic levels. In addition, to the extent business travel recovers to pre-pandemic levels, businesses may require the purchase of less expensive tickets to reduce costs. This, in turn, can result in a decrease in average revenue per seat.

During unfavorable economic conditions, low fares are often used to stimulate traffic. However, offering low fares typically hampers the ability of airlines to counteract any increases in fuel, labor, and other costs. Consumer behavior related to traveling may be negatively impacted by adverse changes in the perceived or actual economic climate, including declines in income levels or disposable income, and/or loss of wealth resulting from the impact of economic conditions. Any continuing or future U.S. or global economic uncertainty could further negatively affect the Company's results of operations and could cause the Company to further adjust its business strategies. Additionally, because a significant portion of expenses to operate a flight do not vary significantly with the number of passengers carried, a relatively small change in the number of passengers can have a disproportionate effect on an airline's operating and financial results. Therefore, any general reduction in airline passenger traffic could adversely affect the Company's results of operations.

The Company's business can be significantly impacted by the availability of jet fuel and high and/or volatile fuel prices, and the Company's operations are subject to disruption in the event of any delayed supply of fuel; therefore, the Company's strategic plans and future profitability are likely to be impacted by the Company's ability to effectively address fuel price increases and fuel price volatility and availability.

Airlines are inherently dependent upon energy to operate, and jet fuel and oil represented approximately 24.0 percent of the Company's operating expenses for 2023. As discussed under "Business - Cost Structure," although market jet fuel prices remained volatile throughout the year, Fuel and oil expense for 2023 remained high, primarily due to higher capacity in response to consumer demand. Even a small change in market fuel prices can significantly affect profitability. Furthermore, the cost of fuel can be extremely volatile and unpredictable and subject to many external factors that are beyond the Company's control. For example, fuel prices can be impacted by political,

environmental (including those related to climate change), and economic factors, such as (i) dependency on foreign imports of crude oil and the potential for hostilities or other conflicts in oil producing areas; (ii) limitations and/or disruptions in domestic refining or pipeline operations or capacity due to weather, natural disasters, or other factors; (iii) worldwide demand for fuel, particularly in developing countries, which can result in inflated energy prices; (iv) changes in U.S. governmental policies on fuel production, transportation, taxes, and marketing; and (v) changes in currency exchange rates. In addition, the occurrence of extreme weather events (regardless of cause), such as flooding, acute or prolonged winter storms, tropical storms, and hurricanes, can also disrupt the jet fuel supply chain and affect fuel prices.

The Company's ability to mitigate the impact of fuel price increases could also be limited by factors such as its historical low-fare reputation, the portion of its Customer base that purchases travel for leisure purposes, the competitive nature of the airline industry generally, and the risk that higher fares will drive a decrease in demand. The Company attempts to manage its risk associated with volatile jet fuel prices by utilizing over-the-counter fuel derivative instruments to hedge a portion of its future jet fuel purchases. However, energy prices can fluctuate significantly in a relatively short amount of time. Because the Company uses a variety of different derivative instruments at different price points, the Company is subject to the risk that the fuel derivatives it uses will not provide adequate protection against significant increases in fuel prices. In some cases, these derivative instruments could result in hedging losses, which could result in the Company effectively paying higher than market prices for fuel, thus creating additional volatility in the Company's earnings.

In addition, the Company is subject to the risk that its fuel derivatives will no longer qualify for hedge accounting under applicable accounting standards, or that the derivative instruments utilized will not effectively offset changes in the price of the jet fuel consumed, which can create additional earnings volatility. Adjustments in the Company's overall fuel hedging strategy, as well as the ability of the commodities used in fuel hedging to qualify for special hedge accounting, could continue to affect the Company's results of operations. In addition, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to cost-effectively hedge against increases in fuel prices.

The Company's fuel hedging arrangements and the various potential impacts of hedge accounting on the Company's financial position, cash flows, and results of operations are discussed in more detail under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk," and in Note 1 and Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Company is also reliant upon the readily available supply and timely delivery of jet fuel to the airports that it serves. A disruption in that supply could present significant challenges to the Company's operations and could ultimately cause the cancellation of flights and/or hinder the Company's ability to provide service to a particular airport. The airline industry could face potential fuel shortages in 2024 due to pipeline capacity constraints, resulting from the shifting of jet fuel allocations during the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as a national shortage of interstate trucking capacity. The Company is working with aviation industry stakeholders to address these issues. However, unless there is additional jet fuel distribution capacity, whether by pipeline and/or by truck, there could be temporary disruptions (e.g., flight cancellations or passenger caps) at one or more of the Company's airports in 2024, especially during peak travel periods. For additional discussion of the availability of jet fuel and SAF, please see "The Company is subject to risks related to its voluntary sustainability goals and disclosures, which may affect stakeholder sentiment and the Company's reputation and brand."

The Company's low-cost structure has historically been one of its primary competitive advantages, and many factors have affected and could continue to affect the Company's ability to control its costs.

The Company's low-cost structure has been one of its primary competitive advantages, as it has generally enabled the Company to offer low fares, drive traffic volume, grow market share, and protect profits. As discussed below under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," the Company experienced significant inflationary cost pressure in 2023, particularly with respect to Salaries, wages, and benefits expense.

The Company's low-cost structure can also be negatively impacted by costs over which the Company has limited control. These include costs such as fuel, labor, airport, and regulatory compliance costs. Jet fuel and oil constituted approximately 24 percent of the Company's operating expenses during 2023, and the Company's ability to control the cost of fuel is subject to the external factors discussed in "The Company's business can be significantly impacted by the availability of jet fuel and high and/or volatile fuel prices, and the Company's operations are subject to disruption in the event of any delayed supply of fuel; therefore, the Company's strategic plans and future profitability are likely to be impacted by the Company's ability to effectively address fuel price increases and fuel price volatility and availability."

Salaries, wages, and benefits constituted approximately 43 percent of the Company's operating expenses during 2023. The Company's ability to control labor costs is limited by the terms of its collective-bargaining agreements. This limited control has negatively impacted the Company's low-cost structure and position. As discussed further under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," the Company's unionized workforce makes up approximately 83 percent of its Employees and many have had pay scale increases as a result of contractual rate increases, which has put pressure on the Company's labor costs. Additionally, as indicated under "Business - Employees," a significant number of Southwest's unionized Employees, including its Flight Attendants; Ramp, Operations, Provisioning, and Freight Agents; and Flight Simulator Technicians are in unions currently in negotiations for labor agreements, which could result in additional pressure on the Company's low-cost structure. Further, in response to staffing challenges, the Company has increased the minimum pay for certain of its workforce and provided incentive pay in certain instances.

As discussed under "Business - Regulation," the airline industry is heavily regulated, and the Company's regulatory compliance costs are subject to potentially significant increases from time to time based on actions by regulatory agencies that are out of the Company's control. Additionally, because of airport infrastructure updates and other factors, the Company has experienced increased space rental rates at various airports in its network. Further, the Company cannot control decisions by other airlines to reduce their capacity. When this occurs, as it has at times during recent years, certain fixed airport costs are allocated among a fewer number of total flights, which can result in increased landing fees and other costs for the Company.

The Company is reliant upon third-party vendors and service providers, and the Company's low-cost advantage is dependent in part on its ability to obtain and maintain commercially reasonable terms with those parties. Disruptions to capital markets, shortages of skilled personnel, supply chain disruptions, increased regulation, geopolitical developments, and/or adverse economic conditions could subject certain of the Company's third-party vendors and service providers to significant financial pressures, which could lead to delays and other performance issues, ceased operations, or even bankruptcies among these third-party vendors and service providers. If a third-party vendor or service provider is unable to fulfill its commitments to the Company, the Company may be unable to replace that third-party vendor or service provider in a short period of time, or at competitive terms, which could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations.

As discussed under "Business - Insurance," the Company carries insurance of types customary in the airline industry. Although the Company has been able to purchase aviation, property, liability, pollution, cybersecurity, and D&O/fiduciary insurance via the commercial insurance marketplace, costs have generally increased, and it is more difficult and, in some cases not possible, to obtain insurance for certain activities and weather-related events. For instance, the cost of insurance premiums related to hail and wind damage has increased for certain facilities, and certain flood insurance is no longer available. Available commercial insurance could be more expensive in the future and/or have material differences in coverage than insurance that has historically been provided and may not be adequate to protect against the Company's risk of loss from future events, including acts of terrorism and severe weather events. With respect to any insurance claims, policy coverages and claims are subject to acceptance by the many insurers involved and may require arbitration, mediation, and/or litigation to effectively settle the claims over prolonged periods of time. In addition, an aircraft accident or other incident involving Southwest could result in costs in excess of its related insurance coverage, which costs could be substantial. Any aircraft accident or other incident involving Southwest, even if fully insured, could also have a material adverse effect on the public's perception of the Company, which could harm its reputation and business.

The Company participates in fuel consortium arrangements and fuel committees at certain airports. Fuel consortiums and fuel committees have, directly or indirectly, incurred debt obligations for improvements and capital projects for fuel facilities. While each participating airline in a consortium is generally allocated a share of the consortium's costs based on usage, the inability of other participating airlines to satisfy their obligations with respect to fuel consortiums and fuel committees could adversely impact the Company's financial results.

The Company's low-cost position has also been challenged by the growth of "Ultra-Low Cost Carriers" ("ULCCs"), which in some cases have surpassed the Company's cost advantage with larger aircraft, increased seat density, and lower wages. ULCCs have further introduced "unbundled" service offerings, which appeal to price-sensitive travelers through promotion to consumers of an extremely low relative base fare for a seat, while separately charging for related services and products. In response, most major U.S. airlines now offer expanded cabin segmentation fare products, such as "basic economy" and "premium economy" products. A basic economy product provides for a lower base fare to compete with a ULCC base fare, but may include significant additional restrictions on amenities such as seat assignments (including restrictions on group and family seating), order of boarding, checked baggage and use of overhead bin space, flight changes and refunds, and eligibility for upgrades. A "premium economy" fare targets consumers willing to pay a premium for certain amenities that were previously included in the carriers' base fare (e.g., more favorable seating locations in the main cabin). In response to competitive ULCC pricing, some carriers removed fare floors for certain routes, leading to a lower fare offering across the industry.

The Company's results of operations could be adversely impacted if it is unable to effectively execute its strategic plans.

The Company is reliant on the success of its revenue strategies and other strategic plans and initiatives to grow and to help offset increasing costs. The execution of the Company's strategic plans was significantly negatively affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. Nevertheless, the Company has taken actions to add staffing and increase the starting wage rate for certain workgroups, manage its fleet and fleet order book, and better optimize its network in an effort to position itself to opportunistically recover and grow. The timely and effective execution of the Company's strategies is dependent upon, among other factors, (i) the Company's ability to balance its network schedule and capacity with the availability and location of its crew resources; (ii) the Company's ability to effectively balance its investment of incremental operating expenses and capital expenditures related to its strategies against the need to effectively control costs; (iii) the Company's ability to timely and effectively implement, transition, and maintain related information technology systems and infrastructure; (iv) as discussed below, the Company's ability to maintain satisfactory relations with its Employees or its Employees' representatives; and (v) the Company's dependence on third parties with respect to the execution of its strategic plans.

The airline industry is intensely competitive.

As discussed in more detail under "Business - Competition," the airline industry is intensely competitive. The Company's primary competitors include other major domestic airlines, as well as regional and new entrant airlines, surface transportation, and alternatives to transportation such as videoconferencing, business communication platforms, and the Internet. The Company's revenues are sensitive to the actions of other carriers with respect to pricing, routes, loyalty programs, scheduling, capacity, customer service, operational reliability, comfort and amenities, product offerings, cost structure, aircraft fleet, strategic alliances, and code-sharing and similar activities.

Operational Risks

The Company is currently dependent on Boeing as the sole manufacturer of the Company's aircraft. If the MAX aircraft were to become unavailable for the Company's operations, or if the Company were to experience prolonged delivery delays of MAX aircraft, the Company's business plans, strategies, and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected.

The Boeing MAX aircraft are crucial to the Company's ability to operate and grow its business and fleet modernization initiatives. The Company operates the -8 out of the MAX family of aircraft and is awaiting delivery of the -7 out of the MAX family of aircraft. Deliveries of MAX aircraft from Boeing to the Company are subject to Boeing's production schedules and volumes. Boeing has in the past, and may continue to, experience delays in fulfilling its commitments with regards to delivery of the -8 to the Company as a result of supply chain constraints. In January 2024, the FAA announced that it had informed Boeing that the FAA would not (i) agree to any request from Boeing for an expansion in production or (ii) approve additional production lines for the MAX aircraft until the FAA is satisfied that any applicable Boeing quality control issues are resolved. Further, the Company's contractual delivery schedule for the -7 is dependent on the FAA issuing required certifications and approvals to Boeing and the Company. In January 2024, Boeing announced plans to withdraw an exemption request with the FAA and incorporate an engineering solution as part of the -7 certification process. The FAA will ultimately determine the timing of the -7 certification and entry into service, and the Company therefore offers no assurances that current estimations and timelines are correct.

Boeing no longer manufactures versions of the 737 other than the MAX family of aircraft. If the MAX aircraft were to become unavailable for the Company's flight operations, the Company's operations would be materially adversely affected. Further, if the -7 certification is not completed in a timely manner, the Company's growth and network plans could be restricted unless and until it could procure and operate other types of aircraft from Boeing or another manufacturer, seller, or lessor. If the Company's operations or growth were to be dependent upon the introduction of a new aircraft make and model to the Company's fleet, the Company would need to, among other things, (i) develop and implement new maintenance, operating, and training programs; (ii) secure extensive regulatory approvals; and (iii) implement new technologies. The requirements associated with operating a new aircraft make and model could take an extended period of time to fulfill and would likely impose substantial costs on the Company. A shift away from a single fleet type could also add complexity to the Company's operations, present operational and compliance risks, and materially increase the Company's costs. Any of these events would have a material, adverse effect on the Company's business, operating results, and financial condition. The Company could also be materially adversely affected if the pricing or operational attributes of its aircraft were to become less competitive.

The Company's business is labor intensive, with most Employees represented by labor unions; therefore, the Company could be materially adversely affected in the event of conflict with its Employees or its Employees' representatives.

The airline business is labor intensive, and for the year ended December 31, 2023, Salaries, wages, and benefits expense represented approximately 43 percent of the Company's operating expenses. As of December 31, 2023, approximately 83 percent of the Company's Employees were represented for collective bargaining purposes by labor unions, making the Company particularly exposed in the event of labor-related job actions. Employment-related matters (some of which relate to negotiated items) that have impacted the Company's results of operations include hiring/retention rates, attendance, pay rates, outsourcing, work rules, health care costs, and retirement benefits. Additionally, three of the Company's twelve unionized Employee groups are in unions currently in negotiations for labor agreements, which could result in additional pressure on the Company's low-cost structure. The Company's results could be materially adversely affected in the event of conflicts with its Employees or its Employees' representatives.

The Company's business is labor intensive; therefore, the Company has been, and could in the future be, adversely affected if it were unable to employ and retain sufficient numbers of qualified Employees to maintain its operations.

The Company's success depends on its ability to attract and retain skilled personnel. The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic has heightened the Company's exposure to its labor risks. In connection with the drastic reduction in travel demand due to the pandemic, in 2020 the Company offered voluntary separation and extended time-off programs to Employees. This negatively impacted the Company's ability to staff appropriately when demand for leisure travel returned. At the same time, competition for skilled personnel became fierce, which led to operational challenges in the first half of 2022. In addition, the Company has been required to provide incentive pay and increase certain starting wage rates to address these challenges. Although the Company has surpassed pre-pandemic staffing levels as of December 31, 2023, staffing-related challenges could continue to occur in certain areas and

limit the Company's ability to optimally adjust capacity. The inability to recruit and retain skilled personnel or the unexpected loss of key skilled personnel could continue to adversely affect the Company's operations.

The Company is currently dependent on a single engine supplier, as well as single suppliers of certain other aircraft parts and equipment; therefore, the Company could be materially adversely affected (i) if it were unable to obtain timely or sufficient delivery of aircraft parts or equipment from Boeing or other suppliers or adequate maintenance or other support from any of these suppliers at commercially reasonable terms, (ii) if Boeing or other suppliers were unable to achieve and/or maintain required regulatory certifications or approvals of their parts or equipment, or (iii) in the event of a mechanical or regulatory issue associated with the Company's aircraft parts or equipment.

The Company is dependent on Boeing as its sole supplier for many of its aircraft parts. The Company is also dependent on sole or limited suppliers for aircraft engines and certain other aircraft parts, equipment, and services. If Boeing, or other suppliers, were unable or unwilling to timely provide adequate products or support for their products at commercially reasonable terms, were unable to achieve and/or maintain required regulatory certifications or approvals of their parts or equipment, or in the event of a mechanical or regulatory issue associated with engines or other parts or services, the Company's operations could be materially adversely affected. The Company could also be materially adversely affected if the pricing or operational attributes of its aircraft parts or equipment were to become less competitive.

The Company is also dependent on third-party vendors and service providers. The COVID-19 pandemic and current economic conditions have resulted, and could continue to result, in delays and other performance issues, ceased operations, or even bankruptcies among suppliers, third-party vendors, and service providers. Further failures of suppliers, third-party vendors, or service providers to timely provide adequate products or support for their products, or otherwise fulfill their commitments to the Company, could materially adversely affect the Company's operations.

The airline industry has faced on-going security concerns and related cost burdens; further threatened or actual terrorist attacks, war, or other hostilities, even if not made directly on the airline industry, could significantly harm the airline industry and the Company's operations.

Terrorist attacks or other crimes and hostilities, actual and threatened, have from time to time materially adversely affected the demand for air travel and have necessitated increased safety and security measures and related costs for the Company and the airline industry generally. Safety and security measures can create delays and inconveniences, which in turn can reduce the Company's competitiveness against surface transportation for short-haul routes and alternatives to transportation such as videoconferencing, business communication platforms, and the Internet. Additional terrorist attacks or other hostilities, even if not made directly on the airline industry, or the fear of such attacks or other hostilities (including elevated national threat warnings, government travel warnings to certain destinations, travel restrictions, or selective cancellation or redirection of flights due to terror threats) would likely have a further significant negative impact on the Company and the airline industry.

Interruptions or disruptions in service at one of the Company's core stations have had, and could in the future have, a material adverse impact on its operations.

In recent years, the Company has increasingly focused on designing its network around core stations in an effort to provide greater connectivity and support operational reliability and recoverability. A significant interruption or disruption in service at one of the Company's core stations (such as Denver or Chicago-Midway), resulting from air traffic control systems, weather incidents, performance by third-party service providers, interruption of the Company's technology, the availability and location of the Company's crew resources, fuel supplies, or otherwise, has resulted, and could again in the future result, in the cancellation or delay of a significant portion of the Company's flights and, as a result, has had, and could again in the future have, a severe impact on its business, results of operations and financial condition.

The Company's operations have been, and in the future may again be, materially and adversely disrupted by extreme weather events. An inability to quickly and effectively restore operations following adverse weather, a

localized disaster, or disturbance in a key geography has adversely and materially impacted, and in the future could again adversely and materially impact, the Company's business, results of operations, and financial condition.

While the Company operates across a diverse geographic footprint, its operations at times have been adversely and materially impacted by severe weather, such as Hurricanes Harvey and Irma in 2017 and Winter Storm Elliott in December 2022. Depending on location, the Company's assets and route network are or could be exposed to ongoing risks arising from a variety of adverse weather conditions or localized natural or manmade disasters such as earthquakes, volcanoes, wildfires (such as the 2023 Maui wildfires), hurricanes, tropical storms, tornadoes, floods, sea-level rise, severe winter weather, sustained or extreme cold or heat, drought, or other disturbances, actual or threatened. Extreme weather conditions, including increases in the frequency, severity, or duration of severe weather events (whether or not caused by anthropogenic climate change), can disrupt air travel from time to time, ground planes, damage equipment and increase maintenance costs, cause delays and cancellations or other network disruptions, require implementation of weight limitations due to increased temperatures, increase turbulence-related injuries, cause increases in fuel consumption to avoid such weather, disrupt the Company's supply chains (including fuel, parts, and service provider disruptions), and otherwise adversely affect the Company's assets, operations, and infrastructure. These events can decrease revenue, increase costs, and adversely impact the Company's financial condition. Prolonged interruptions or disruptions at airports can and do also adversely impact the Company's business and results of operations. The Company also may incur significant costs to reestablish or relocate affected business functions, aircraft, and Employees. Moreover, any resulting economic dislocations could adversely affect demand for the Company's services, resulting in an adverse effect on its business, results of operations, and financial condition.

The airline industry is made up of inherently complex systems and is affected by many conditions that are beyond its control, which can impact the Company's business strategies and results of operations.

In addition to the unpredictable economic conditions and fuel costs previously discussed, the Company, like the airline industry in general, is affected by conditions that are largely unforeseeable and outside of its control, including, among others:

- adverse weather and natural disasters and the associated effects on the Company's operations, which have, in certain circumstances, such as Winter Storm Elliott, impacted the Company's operational recovery to a greater degree than other airlines;
- changes in consumer preferences, perceptions, spending patterns, or demographic trends (including, for example, changes in travel patterns due to economic conditions, weather, or government restrictions, sequestration, or shutdowns);
- actual or potential disruptions in the air traffic control system (including, for example, as a result of FAA system outages or inadequate FAA staffing levels, as the United States has recently seen a shortage of air traffic controllers);
- actual or perceived delays at various airports resulting from government restrictions (including, for example, longer wait-times at TSA checkpoints due to inadequate TSA staffing levels);
- changes in the competitive environment due to industry consolidation, industry bankruptcies, and other factors;
- delays in deliveries of new aircraft (including, for example, due to delays in the manufacturing process, in FAA certification, or due to the closure of the FAA's aircraft registry during government restrictions or shutdowns);
- collective bargaining requirements and demands;
- reliance on third-party facilities, goods, and/or services essential to its operations and/or business such as airports, de-icing services, fuel supply and delivery, and weather data and other critical information;
- outbreaks of disease such as the COVID-19 pandemic; and
- actual or threatened war, terrorist attacks, government travel warnings to certain destinations, travel restrictions, and political instability.

Because airline systems are inherently and unavoidably complex, large or small events, especially when in combination, can create opportunity for a systemic incident. The potential triggers for incidents and failures change constantly because of changing technology, work organization, efforts to eradicate those potential triggers, and other factors. Events or combinations of events such as those described above have had, and could have, a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations, and financial condition.

Information Technology Risks

The Company is increasingly dependent on technology to operate its business and continues to implement substantial changes to its information systems; any failure, disruption, breach, or delay in implementation of necessary changes of the Company's information systems could materially adversely affect its operations.

The Company is increasingly dependent on the use of complex technology and systems to run its ongoing operations and support its strategic objectives. These technologies and systems include, among others, the Company's website and reservation system; flight dispatch and tracking systems; flight simulators; check-in kiosks; aircraft maintenance, planning, and record keeping systems; telecommunications systems; flight planning and scheduling systems; crew scheduling systems; human resources systems; and financial planning, management, and accounting systems. The performance, reliability, and security of the Company's technology infrastructure and supporting systems are critical to the Company's operations and initiatives.

Implementation and integration of complex systems and technology present significant challenges in terms of costs, human resources, and development of effective internal controls. Implementation and integration require a balancing between the introduction of new capabilities and the managing of existing systems, and present the risk of operational or security inadequacy or interruption, which could materially affect the Company's ability to effectively operate its business and/or could negatively impact the Company's results of operations.

The Company is also reliant upon the performance of third parties for timely and effective implementation and support of many of its technology initiatives, to provide required data and information services, and for maintaining adequate information security measures within the services and/or software they deliver, and such third parties are occasionally not timely or adequate in providing the services required by the Company. If any of the Company's significant technologies or third-party systems were to cease functioning, or if its third-party service providers or data providers were to fail to adequately and timely provide required information or reports, technical support, system maintenance, security, or software upgrades for any of the Company's existing systems, the Company could experience service interruptions, delays, and loss of critical data, which could harm its operations and result in financial losses and reputational damage.

In the ordinary course of business, the Company's systems will continue to require modification and refinements to address operational reliability, growth, and changing business requirements. In addition, the Company's systems may require modification to enable the Company to comply with changing regulatory requirements. Modifications and refinements to the Company's systems have been and are expected to continue to be expensive to implement and can divert management's attention from other matters. Changes to the Company's technology and systems could also expose the Company to intellectual property risks, such as allegations of infringement of third-party patents or copyrights. Defending against allegations could involve significant fees and resources. If the Company is found to infringe, the Company may be liable for damages. In addition, the Company's operations could be adversely affected, or the Company could face imposition of regulatory penalties, if it were unable to timely or effectively modify its systems as necessary or appropriately balance the introduction of new capabilities with the management of existing systems. Certain new technologies, such as the use of AI, present new and significant risks related to intellectual property, personal data, and confidentiality, among others. The development of generative AI technologies is complex, and there are legal and practical challenges associated with achieving the desired level of accuracy, efficiency, and reliability. The algorithms and models utilized in generative AI systems may have limitations, including biases, errors, or inability to handle certain data types or scenarios. Furthermore, there is a risk of system failures, disruptions, or vulnerabilities that could compromise the confidentiality, integrity, or availability

of the generated content. The legal landscape is also developing around generative AI technologies and generated content, and the Company's ability to use and commercialize generated content may be affected by legal developments related to intellectual property rights in generated content. These limitations or failures could result in reputational damage, legal liabilities, or loss of Customer confidence. There can be no assurance that the usage of AI will enhance the Company's strategies or initiatives.

The Company has experienced material technology system interruptions and delays that have made its websites and operational systems unavailable or slow to respond, which has prevented the Company from efficiently processing Customer transactions or providing services. Any future system interruptions or delays could reduce the Company's operating revenues and the attractiveness of its services, as well as increase the Company's costs. Similarly, the Company has experienced operational challenges in connection with severe weather events and associated crew scheduling, such as during and subsequent to Winter Storm Elliott. While the Company's crew scheduling software worked as designed during this event, due to a number of factors, including unanticipated changes in the severity of the weather, the Company began implementing frequent close-in flight cancellations. As the situation escalated and close-in flight cancellations grew, the volume of unanticipated changes were too great to efficiently address through the crew scheduling software, resulting in individual crew member assignment updates being delayed in a significant number of instances. Without updated, accurate crew member data, the Company's crew scheduling software could not reassign crew members to solve for flights with crew coverage issues. As a result, during 2023 the Company enhanced its crew scheduling software to help the Company during events that could result in a large number of broken crew pairings. Any future operational disruptions or delays could reduce the Company's operating revenues and the attractiveness of its services, as well as increase the Company's costs.

The Company's technologies and related systems and functions could be damaged or interrupted by catastrophic events beyond its control such as fires, floods, earthquakes, tornadoes and hurricanes, power loss, computer and telecommunications failures, acts of war or terrorism, computer viruses, malware, ransomware, security breaches, and similar events or disruptions generally beyond the Company's control. Any of these events could cause system interruptions, delays, and loss of critical data, and could prevent the Company from processing Customer transactions or providing services, which could make the Company's business and services less attractive and subject the Company to liability. Any of these events could damage the Company's reputation and be expensive to remedy.

Developing and expanding data security and privacy requirements could increase the Company's operating costs, and any failure of the Company to maintain the security of certain Customer, Employee, and business-related information could result in disruption to operations and damage to the Company's reputation and could be costly to remediate. Many of these laws and regulations are subject to change and reinterpretation, and could result in claims, changes to the Company's business practices, monetary penalties, increased cost of operations, or other harm to the Company's business.

The Company must receive information related to its Customers and Employees in order to run its business, and the Company's operations depend upon secure processing, storage, and retention, including the secure transmission of information over public networks such as for information permitting cashless payments. All information processed, stored, and retained by Company or on behalf of Company is subject to the continually evolving risk of intrusion, tampering, and theft. Although the Company maintains systems to prevent or defend against these risks, these systems require ongoing monitoring and updating as technologies change, and security could be compromised, personal or confidential information could be misappropriated, or system disruptions could occur. In the ordinary course of its business, the Company also provides certain confidential, proprietary, and personal information to third parties. While the Company seeks to obtain assurances that these third parties will protect this information and systems in accordance with legal requirements and industry standards, there is a risk the security of systems and data held by third parties could be compromised. A compromise of the Company's systems could adversely affect the Company's reputation and disrupt its operations and could also result in litigation against the Company or the imposition of penalties. In addition, it could be costly to remediate. Although the Company has not experienced cyber incidents that are individually, or in the aggregate, material, the Company has experienced cyber-attacks in

the past, which have thus far been mitigated by preventative, detective, and responsive measures put in place by the Company.

In addition, in response to these types of threats, there has been heightened legislative and regulatory focus on data privacy and security in the United States, European Union, and elsewhere. The regulatory framework for data privacy and security worldwide is continuously evolving and developing and, as a result, the Company must monitor a growing and fast-evolving set of legal requirements and geopolitical risks in this area. This regulatory environment is increasingly challenging and may present material obligations and risks to the Company's business, including significantly expanded compliance requirements, costs, and enforcement risks. As a result, it is possible that these types of inquiries regarding cybersecurity incidents increase in frequency and scope. In addition, new laws, amendments to or reinterpretations of existing laws, regulations, standards, and other obligations may require the Company or its third-party service providers to incur additional costs and restrict its business operations, and may require the Company or its third-party service providers to change how they use, collect, store, transfer, or otherwise process certain types of personal information and to implement new processes to comply with those laws and its Customers' exercise of their rights thereunder. These laws also are not uniform, as certain laws may be more stringent or broader in scope, or offer greater individual rights, with respect to sensitive and personal information, and such laws may differ from each other, which may complicate compliance efforts. Accordingly, compliance in the event of a widespread data breach may be costly. Any failure or perceived failure by the Company or its third-party service providers to comply with any applicable federal, state, or similar foreign laws, rules, regulations, industry standards, policies, certifications, or orders relating to data privacy and security, or any compromise of security that results in the theft, unauthorized access, acquisition, use, disclosure, or misappropriation of personal data or other customer data, could result in significant awards, fines, civil and/or criminal penalties or judgments, proceedings, or litigation by governmental agencies or customers, including class action privacy litigation in certain jurisdictions and negative publicity and reputational harm, one or all of which could have an adverse effect on the Company's reputation, business, financial condition, and results of operations.

The Company has a dedicated cybersecurity team and program that focuses on current and emerging data security matters. The Company continues to assess and invest in the growing needs of the cybersecurity team through the allocation of skilled personnel, ongoing training, and support of the adoption and implementation of technologies coupled with cybersecurity risk management frameworks. Additionally, as cyber attacks become increasingly sophisticated, the Company may also incur significant costs to modify, upgrade, or enhance its cybersecurity measures to protect against such attacks. The Company may not be able to anticipate, detect, or prevent cyberattacks or security breaches, particularly because the methodologies used by attackers change frequently or may not be recognized until such attack is launched, and because attackers are increasingly using technologies specifically designed to circumvent cybersecurity measures and avoid detection.

The Company offers the ability to work remotely to many of the Company's office and clerical Employees, including many of its Employees at the Company's headquarters campus. Maintaining a remote work force significantly increases the risk of cyber incidents and events, such as computer viruses and security breaches, due to increased targeted attacks, which have thus far been mitigated by preventative, detective, and responsive measures put in place by the Company.

The Company carries a cybersecurity insurance policy with regards to data protection and business interruption associated with both security breaches from malicious parties and from certain system failures. However, available cybersecurity insurance with regards to data protection and business interruption could be more expensive in the future and/or have material differences in coverage than insurance that has historically been provided and may not be adequate to protect the Company's risk of loss of its data or proprietary and confidential information.

Legal, Regulatory, Compliance, and Reputational Risks

The Company is subject to extensive FAA regulation that may disrupt or necessitate modifications to the Company's operations, business plans, and strategies.

The FAA promulgates and enforces regulations affecting the airline industry and exercises extensive regulatory oversight of the Company's operations. The FAA from time to time also issues orders or directives relating to the maintenance and operation of aircraft. FAA orders and directives can be issued with little or no notice, and in certain instances, require the temporary grounding of aircraft, such as the FAA's March 2019 grounding of all Boeing 737 MAX aircraft, and/or the responsive investment of operational and financial resources. The issuance of new FAA regulations, regulatory amendments, or orders or directives, such as FAA restrictions associated with certain wireless telecommunications systems, could result in flight schedule adjustments and groundings or delays in aircraft deliveries, as well as lower operating revenues, operating income, and net income due to a variety of factors, including, among others, (i) lost revenue due to flight cancellations and operational disruptions as a result of a smaller operating aircraft fleet, (ii) the lack of ability to make corresponding reductions in expenses because of the fixed nature of many expenses, and (iii) possible negative effects on Customer confidence and airline choice. Government regulation affecting the Company is discussed in more detail in "Airport capacity constraints and air traffic control inefficiencies have limited and could continue to limit the Company's growth; changes in or additional governmental regulation could increase the Company's operating costs or otherwise limit the Company's ability to conduct business" and under "Business - Regulation."

Airport capacity constraints and air traffic control inefficiencies have limited and could continue to limit the Company's growth; changes in or additional governmental regulation could increase the Company's operating costs or otherwise limit the Company's ability to conduct business.

Almost all commercial service airports are owned and/or operated by units of local or state governments. Airlines are largely dependent on these governmental entities to provide adequate airport facilities and capacity at an affordable cost. In order to operate efficiently, as well as to add service in current and new markets, the Company must be able to maintain and/or obtain space and facilities at desirable airports with adequate infrastructure. Airport space, facility, and infrastructure constraints may prevent the Company from maintaining existing service and/or implementing new service in a commercially viable manner.

Similarly, the federal government singularly controls all U.S. airspace, and airlines are dependent on the FAA controlling that airspace in a safe and efficient manner. The current air traffic control system is mainly radar-based, supported in large part by antiquated equipment and technologies, and heavily dependent on skilled personnel. As a result, the air traffic control system may not be able to effectively keep pace with future air traffic growth. The FAA's protracted transition to modernized air traffic control systems and newer technologies could adversely impact airspace capacity and the overall efficiency of the system, resulting in limited opportunities for the Company to grow, longer scheduled flight times, increased delays and cancellations, and increased fuel consumption and aircraft emissions. For example, due to air traffic control staffing challenges, government agencies have had to implement short-term capacity constraints during peak travel periods or adverse weather conditions in certain markets, resulting in delays and disruptions of air traffic. The continuation of these air traffic control constraints or the FAA's inability to meet staffing needs on a long-term basis may have a material adverse effect on the Company's operations.

As discussed under "Business - Regulation," airlines are also subject to other extensive regulatory requirements. These requirements often impose substantial costs on airlines. The Company's strategic plans and results of operations could be negatively affected by changes in law and future actions taken by domestic and foreign governmental agencies having jurisdiction over its operations, including, but not limited to:

- increases in airport rates and charges;
- limitations on airport gate capacity or use of other airport facilities;
- limitations on route authorities;
- actions and decisions that create difficulties in obtaining access at slot-controlled airports (a "slot" is the right of an air carrier, pursuant to regulations of the FAA or local authorities, to operate a takeoff or landing at certain airports);
- actions and decisions that create difficulties in obtaining operating permits and approvals;
- changes to environmental regulations;

- mandates that affect the usage of SAF;
- enhanced emissions and climate reporting obligations;
- mandates on and regulation of existing products and services;
- new or increased taxes or fees, such as with respect to potential increases to the federal corporate income tax rate, and such as those contained in the Inflation Reduction Act, including a potential corporate alternative minimum tax or potential taxes imposed on share repurchases, which may affect the Company's decisions with respect to capital markets;
- changes to laws that affect the services that can be offered by airlines in particular markets and at particular airports;
- restrictions on competitive practices;
- changes in laws that increase costs for safety, security, compliance, or other Customer Service standards;
- changes in laws that may limit the Company's ability to enter into fuel derivative contracts to hedge against increases in fuel prices;
- changes in laws that may limit or regulate the Company's ability to promote the Company's business or fares;
- changes in laws that could affect the value of the Company's existing contracts or agreements, such as its co-branded credit card agreement;
- airspace closures or restrictions, such as restrictions on operations in markets where certain wireless telecommunications systems may cause interference with certain aircraft avionics;
- grounding of commercial air traffic by the FAA; and
- the adoption of more restrictive locally imposed noise regulations.

The Company is subject to various environmental requirements and risks, including increased regulation, changing consumer preferences, physical, environmental, and climate risks, and risks associated with climate change; the cost of compliance with more stringent environmental regulations, failure to comply with environmental regulations, or failure to otherwise manage the risks of climate change effectively could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations.

The Company is subject to evolving federal, state, local, and international laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment, including those relating to aircraft and ground-based emissions, discharges to water systems, safe drinking water, and the management of hazardous substances and waste materials. In addition, while the Company cannot predict what requirements may be imposed in the future, federal, state, local, and international legislative and regulatory bodies are generally increasingly focused on climate change and reducing greenhouse gas emissions ("GHG"), including CO₂ emissions. For example, as discussed in more detail under "Business – Regulation," the federal government, as well as several state and local governments, the governments of other countries, and the United Nations' International Civil Aviation Organization have implemented legislative and regulatory proposals and voluntary measures intended to reduce GHG emissions. Future policy, legal, regulatory, or other market developments could require the Company to reduce its emissions, increase its usage of SAF and other forms of lower carbon energy, modify its supply chain practices or aspects of its operations, make capital investments to purchase specific types of equipment or technologies, secure carbon offset credits, disclose or report additional GHG information, or otherwise incur additional costs related to climate objectives or because of the Company's GHG emissions. Additional regulation could result in increased regulatory or permitting requirements for the Company from multiple jurisdictions, as well as added costs on fuel suppliers that may be passed through to the Company. For example, the California Air Resources Board has proposed amendments to California's Low Carbon Fuel Standard ("LCFS") regulation that would subject intrastate fossil jet fuel to the LCFS, which could in turn increase the demand for and the costs of the limited supply of SAF currently available. The proposed amendments could also result in increased costs of fossil jet fuel in the California market because of the need for jet fuel producers to produce SAF or buy LCFS credits. Other states could propose or adopt similar obligations in the future. Until the timing, scope, and extent of such future policy, legal, regulatory, or other market developments become known, the Company cannot predict their effect on the Company's cost structure or its operating results. Violations of environmental and climate change-related laws and regulations could lead to significant fines and penalties and reputational harm. The Company could also face increased risks of litigation resulting from any enhanced disclosure requirements related to climate change.

In addition to risks from potential changes to environmental regulation and policy, the transition to lower-carbon technologies could materially adversely affect the Company's financial results. For example, lower-carbon technologies, such as SAF, are currently not available at scale and may take a significant amount of time to develop and mature, and the cost to transition to them could be prohibitively expensive without appropriate government support, policies, and incentives in place (including tax credits). For additional disclosure related to the risks of SAF, see the Risk Factor entitled, "The Company is subject to risks related to its sustainability goals and disclosures, which may affect stakeholder sentiment and the Company's reputation and brand."

Concern among consumers of the impacts of climate change may mean some customers choose to fly less frequently or fly on an airline they perceive as operating in a manner that is more sustainable to the climate, and customers may choose to use alternatives to travel, such as virtual meetings and workspaces. Greater development of high-speed rail in markets now served by short-haul flights could provide passengers with lower-carbon alternatives to flying. Longer-term changes in weather patterns could adversely impact any of the Company's destination cities and, as a result, alter Customers' travel behavior. The Company's collateral to secure loans, including in the form of aircraft, could lose value as customer demand shifts and economies move to low-carbon alternatives, which may increase the Company's financing costs. In addition, major financial institutions have begun to announce greenhouse gas emissions reductions targets for their financed activities in the aviation sector. To the extent that the Company's climate targets are not perceived to align with those of its lenders, the Company's access to credit may be adversely impacted.

Finally, the potential acute and chronic physical effects of climate change, such as increased frequency, duration, and severity of extreme weather events, longer-term changes in weather patterns, and other climate-related events, could affect the Company's operations, infrastructure, and financial results. The Company could incur significant costs to improve the climate resiliency of its operations, infrastructure, and supply chain, and otherwise prepare for, respond to, and mitigate such physical effects of climate change. The Company could also incur additional airport fees or other costs related to the infrastructure which supports the commercial aviation industry. The Company is not able to predict accurately the materiality of any potential losses or costs associated with the physical effects of climate change. For additional disclosure related to impacts to the Company's operations resulting from extreme weather events, see the Risk Factor entitled, "The Company's operations have been, and in the future may again be, materially and adversely disrupted by extreme weather events. An inability to quickly and effectively restore operations following adverse weather or a localized disaster or disturbance in a key geography has adversely and materially impacted, and in the future could again adversely and materially impact, the Company's business, results of operations, and financial condition" in the "Operational Risks" section.

The Company is subject to risks related to its sustainability goals and disclosures, which may affect stakeholder sentiment and the Company's reputation and brand.

In addition to responding to legislative and regulatory requirements, the Company has voluntarily set near- and long-term environmental sustainability plans and goals. The achievement of these plans and goals is materially dependent on the performance of third parties and government action, and these goals could be adversely affected by changes in third party expectations, methodologies, and priorities. The Company expects its path toward achievement of these goals to depend on, among other things (i) increased use of SAF, which is not presently available at scale or at prices competitive to jet fuel; (ii) improved fuel efficiency from fleet modernization; (iii) operational initiatives; and (iv) technological innovation.

The Company is attempting to diversify its sources of jet fuel or otherwise seek to limit its reliance on fossil-fuel based fuels, such as through increasing the volumes of SAF used in its operations. Supplies of SAF are limited and may not be developed in sufficient quantities to support the Company's business or sustainability goals. The cost to transition to SAF could be prohibitively expensive without appropriate government support, policies, and incentives in place (including tax credits). Further, SAF incentives that are currently in place could expire or be repealed, and the Company may have binding SAF purchase commitments that extend beyond various incentives currently in place. Additionally, SAF purchase agreements may pertain to production from facilities that are planned but not yet

operational, and which may utilize technology that has not been proven at commercial scale. There is no assurance that these facilities will produce SAF at commercial scale or that they will meet contracted production timelines and volumes. SAF has a limited distribution system and is subject to higher transportation risks than jet fuel. In the event SAF is not delivered on schedule or in sufficient volumes, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to source a supply of SAF sufficient to meet its stated goals, or that it will be able to do so on favorable economic terms. As more businesses publicly announce environmental sustainability goals, it could become increasingly more difficult to negotiate SAF purchase agreements with suppliers at commercially reasonable terms. Moreover, there is no guarantee that Customers, regulators, or other stakeholders will not object to any use of “book and claim” accounting methods (or similar constructs) for claims of GHG emission reductions in connection with the Company’s SAF purchase agreements, as such claims may be based on the separation of potential GHG emission reductions from the physical delivery of SAF. The Company cannot guarantee that it will be able to purchase SAF on a cost-effective basis, and in addition to the factors already discussed, the ability to leverage SAF as part of its sustainability efforts could also be adversely affected by any of the following: technology challenges in the production, development, transportation, storage, and distribution of SAF; compliance with and/or changes to government regulations; modifications to or failure of industry standards, accounting protocols, approaches to modeling life cycle GHG emissions, or other applicable requirements to allow the Company to realize benefits from SAF (including blend limitations); or changes in carbon costs or climate-related goals.

Furthermore, to the extent that the Company may seek to achieve its voluntary climate goals and mandatory climate obligations through the use of carbon offsets, it may be exposed to additional costs associated with the procurement of offsets or limited supply in the carbon offsets market. In addition, to the extent the Company does utilize offsets, it will need to obtain these offsets from third parties, and while the Company generally seeks to purchase only quality offsets verified by reputable third parties, it can make no guarantees that the underlying offset project will provide the full or any claimed GHG emission reduction benefits, nor can it guarantee that any such offsets will not be subject to criticism from Customers, regulators, or other stakeholders. As more businesses have publicly announced environmental sustainability goals, the cost of carbon offsets has also increased significantly and will likely continue to do so.

The Company’s ability to achieve its environmental sustainability goals is subject to risks and uncertainties, many of which are outside of its control. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to: the Company’s ability to successfully implement its business strategy, effectively respond to changes in market dynamics, and achieve the anticipated benefits and associated cost savings of such strategies and actions; the Company’s ability to implement its fleet modernization or planned fuel efficiency initiatives; availability and ability to utilize SAF at economical prices and with expected carbon intensity reductions; advancement in modernizing air traffic control systems; unforeseen production, design, operational, and technological difficulties; the outcome of research efforts and future technology developments, including the ability to scale projects and technologies on a commercially competitive basis; compliance with, and changes or additions to, global and regional regulations, taxes, charges, mandates, or requirements relating to GHG emissions, carbon costs, or climate-related goals; changes to emission accounting methodologies; adapting products to customer preferences and customer acceptance of sustainable supply chain solutions; the actions of competitors and competitive pressures; or other new developments related to the potential impacts of climate change. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to successfully execute its strategies and achieve its previously announced environmental and sustainability goals and plans.

The Company also makes certain disclosures regarding sustainability, including the Company’s sustainability goals and plans to address carbon emissions, and many of these disclosures are necessarily based on (i) estimates and assumptions that are inherently difficult to assess and may involve third-party data that the Company does not independently verify, and (ii) timelines that are longer than the timelines associated with the Company’s required disclosures. Given the estimates, assumptions, and timelines used to create these disclosures, the materiality of these disclosures is inherently difficult to assess in advance, and given the uncertainty of the estimates and assumptions used to create these disclosures, the Company may not be able to anticipate in advance whether or the degree to which it will or will not be able to meet its sustainability plans or goals, or how expensive it will be to do so.

Additionally, the Company is subject to increasing regulation imposing mandatory disclosure of sustainability and climate-related goals. As discussed under “Business—Regulation—Environmental Regulation,” the state of California recently enacted a number of new climate-disclosure related laws, including the CCDA and CRFRA, that require GHG emissions or climate-related risk disclosures, and the VCMDA that requires disclosure regarding the use of voluntary carbon offsets in certain circumstances. The reporting obligations of the CCDA, CRFRA, VCMDA, and other state or federal laws or rules requiring the disclosure of climate-related risks or emissions may cause the Company to incur additional increased costs for compliance as well as increased costs regarding access to capital. Failure to comply with these disclosure laws and regulations can result in the imposition of substantial fines or penalties. Enhanced climate-related disclosures pursuant to these requirements could also lead to reputational or other harm with Customers, regulators, investors, or other stakeholders. The Company could also face increased litigation risks relating to alleged direct or indirect climate-related damages resulting from the Company’s operations, statements alleged to have been made by the Company or others in the aviation industry regarding climate change risks, or in connection with any future disclosures the Company may make regarding reported emissions, particularly given the inherent uncertainties and estimations with respect to calculating and reporting GHG emissions.

The Company’s reputation or brand, as well as its Customer and other stakeholder relationships, could be adversely impacted as a result of, among other things, (i) any failure to meet its sustainability plans or goals, including those that relate to climate change; (ii) the Company’s impact on the environment; or (iii) public pressure from investors or policy groups to change the Company’s policies. In the future, the Company’s efforts to meet its sustainability plans or goals may divert Company resources or management’s attention from other matters.

The Company’s future results will suffer if it is unable to effectively manage its international operations and/or Extended Operations (“ETOPS”).

The Company’s international flights are subject to CBP-mandated procedures, which can affect the Company’s operations, costs, and Customer experience. The Company has made significant investments in facilities, equipment, and technologies at certain airports in order to improve the Customer experience and to assist CBP with its inspection and processing duties; however, the Company is not able to predict the impact, if any, that various CBP measures or the lack of CBP resources will have on Company revenues and costs, either in the short-term or the long-term.

International flying requires the Company to modify certain processes, as the airport environment can be dramatically different in certain international locations with respect to, among other things, common-use ticket counters and gate areas, passenger entry requirements (including health requirements), local operating requirements, staffing, infrastructure, and cultural preferences. Certain international routes served by the Company are also subject to specific aircraft equipage requirements and unique consumer behavior. Route-specific equipage requirements and unique consumer behavior, together or individually, may (i) restrict the Company’s flexibility when scheduling and routing aircraft and crews; (ii) require the Company to modify its policies or procedures; and (iii) impact the Company’s operational performance, costs, and Customer experience. In addition, international flying exposes the Company to certain foreign currency risks to the extent the Company chooses to, or is required to, transact in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. To the extent the Company seeks to serve additional international destinations in the future, or to renew its authority to serve certain routes, it may be required to obtain necessary authority from the DOT and/or approvals from the FAA, as well as any applicable foreign government entity.

The Company’s operations in non-U.S. jurisdictions may subject the Company to the laws of those jurisdictions rather than, or in addition to, U.S. laws. Laws in some jurisdictions differ in significant respects from those in the United States, and these differences can affect the Company’s ability to react to changes in its business, and its rights or ability to enforce rights may be different than would be expected under U.S. laws. Furthermore, enforcement of laws in some jurisdictions can be inconsistent and unpredictable, which can affect both the Company’s ability to enforce its rights and to undertake activities that it believes are beneficial to its business. As a result, the Company’s ability to generate revenue and its expenses in non-U.S. jurisdictions may differ from what would be expected if U.S. laws governed these operations. Although the Company has policies and procedures in

place that are designed to promote compliance with the laws of the jurisdictions in which it operates, a violation by the Company's Employees, contractors, or agents or other intermediaries could nonetheless occur. Any violation (or alleged or perceived violation), even if prohibited by the Company's policies, could have an adverse effect on the Company's reputation and/or its results of operations.

In 2019, the Company began service to Hawaii after receiving approval from the FAA for ETOPS, a regulatory requirement to operate between the U.S. mainland and the Hawaiian Islands. The Company is subject to additional, ongoing, ETOPS-specific regulatory and procedural requirements, which present operational and compliance risks to the Company's business, including costs associated therewith.

The Company is currently subject to regulatory actions and pending litigation, and if judgment, penalties, or fines were to be rendered against the Company, such judgment, penalties, or fines could adversely affect the Company's operating results.

As discussed below under "Legal Proceedings," the Company is subject to regulatory actions and pending litigation. Regardless of merit, these litigation matters and any potential future claims against the Company may be both time consuming and disruptive to the Company's operations and cause significant expense and diversion of management attention. Should the Company fail to prevail in these or other matters, the Company may be faced with significant monetary damages or injunctive relief that could materially adversely affect its business and might materially affect its financial condition and operating results and could cause reputational harm.

Conflicting federal, state, and local laws and regulations may impose additional requirements and restrictions on the Company's operations, which could increase the Company's operating costs, result in service disruptions, and increase litigation risk.

Airlines are subject to extensive regulatory and legal requirements at the federal, state, and local levels that require substantial compliance costs and that may be inconsistent with each other. These laws could affect the Company's relationship with its workforce and cause its expenses to increase without an ability to pass through these costs. In recent years, the airline industry has experienced an increase in litigation asserting the application of state and local employment laws. Application of state and local laws to the Company's operations may conflict with federal laws—or with the laws of other states and local governments—and may subject the Company to additional requirements and restrictions. Moreover, application of these state and local laws may result in operational disruption, increased litigation risk, and negative effects on the Company's collective bargaining agreements. Adverse litigation results in any of these cases could adversely impact the Company's operational flexibility and result in the imposition of damages and fines, which could potentially be significant.

The Company's reputation and brand could be harmed if it were to experience significant negative publicity through social media or otherwise, including with respect to the Company's voluntary ESG-related goals and disclosures.

The Company operates in a public-facing industry with significant exposure to social media. Negative publicity, whether or not justified, can spread rapidly through social media. The Company's reputation or brand, as well as its Customer and other stakeholder relationships, could be adversely impacted as a result of, among other things, (i) any failure to meet its ESG plans or goals; (ii) Customer perceptions of the Company's advertising campaigns, sponsorship arrangements or marketing programs; (iii) Customer perceptions of the Company's use of social media; (iv) Customer and other stakeholder perceptions of statements made by the Company, its Employees and executives, agents, any industry trade associations, or other third parties; or (v) public pressure from investors or policy groups to change the Company's policies. Such statements or initiatives with respect to ESG matters are increasingly subject to heightened scrutiny from the public and governmental authorities, as well as other parties, due to the risk of potential "greenwashing," *i.e.*, the process of conveying misleading information or making false claims that overstate potential ESG benefits. As a result, the Company may face increased litigation risks from private parties or regulatory scrutiny from governmental authorities related to its ESG efforts. Moreover, any alleged claims of greenwashing against the Company or others in the aviation industry may lead to negative

sentiment or perception of the Company, its brand, or the industry. To the extent that the Company is unable to respond timely and appropriately to negative publicity, the Company's reputation and brand can be harmed. Damage to the Company's overall reputation and brand could have a negative impact on its financial results and require additional resources for the Company to rebuild its reputation.

The Company's Bylaws designate specific courts as the exclusive forum for certain legal actions between the Company and its Shareholders, which could increase costs to bring a claim, discourage claims, or limit the ability of the Company's Shareholders to bring a claim in a judicial forum viewed by the Shareholders as more favorable for disputes with the Company or the Company's directors, officers, or other Employees.

The Company's Bylaws provide, to the fullest extent permitted by law, that, unless the Company consents in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas or, if such court lacks jurisdiction, the state district court of Dallas County, Texas, will, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, be the sole and exclusive forum for (a) any derivative action or proceeding brought on behalf of the Company; (b) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any director, officer, or other Employee of the Company to the Company or the Company's Shareholders; (c) any action asserting a claim against the Company or any director, officer, or other Employee of the Company pursuant to any provision of the Company's Restated Certificate of Formation or Bylaws (as either may be amended from time to time) or the Texas Business Organizations Code; and (d) any action asserting a claim against the Company or any director, officer, or other Employee of the Company governed by the internal affairs doctrine.

The Company's Bylaws also provide that, unless the Company consents in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the federal district courts of the United States of America will be the sole and exclusive forum for the resolution of any complaint asserting a cause of action under the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act"). The Company notes, however, that there is uncertainty as to whether a court would enforce this provision and that investors cannot waive compliance with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder. Section 22 of the Securities Act creates concurrent jurisdiction for state and federal courts over all suits brought to enforce any duty or liability created by the Securities Act or the rules and regulations thereunder.

The forum selection provision may increase costs to bring a claim, discourage claims, or limit a Shareholder's ability to bring a claim in a judicial forum that such Shareholder finds favorable for disputes with the Company or the Company's directors, officers, or other Employees, which may discourage such lawsuits against the Company or the Company's directors, officers, and other Employees. Alternatively, if a court were to find the forum selection provision contained in the Company's Bylaws to be inapplicable or unenforceable in an action, the Company could incur additional costs associated with resolving such action in other jurisdictions.

Item 1B. *Unresolved Staff Comments*

None.

Item 1C. *Cybersecurity*

Cybersecurity Risk Management and Strategy

Risk Assessment and Management

The Company is increasingly dependent on the use of complex technology and systems to run its operations and support its strategic objectives. These technologies and systems include, among others, the Company's website and reservation system; flight dispatch and tracking systems; flight simulators; check-in kiosks; aircraft maintenance, planning, and record keeping systems; telecommunications systems; flight planning and scheduling systems; crew scheduling systems; human resources systems; and financial planning, management, and accounting systems. Additionally, the Company must receive certain confidential or personal information related to its Customers and

Employees to run its business, and the Company's operations depend upon secure collection, processing, retention, and transmission of such information. Therefore, the performance, reliability, and security of the Company's technology infrastructure and information systems are critical to the Company's operations and initiatives.

The Company has an enterprise risk management ("ERM") program to identify, evaluate, and manage risks. Cybersecurity risks are evaluated alongside other critical business risks under the ERM program to align cybersecurity efforts with the Company's broader business goals and objectives. The Company believes that integrating cybersecurity risks into its ERM program fosters a proactive and holistic approach to cybersecurity, which helps safeguard the Company's operations, financial condition, and reputation in an ever-evolving threat landscape.

The Company maintains a cybersecurity program that is designed to identify, protect from, detect, respond to, and recover from cybersecurity threats and risks, and protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of its information systems, including the information residing on such systems. The National Institute of Standards and Technology Cybersecurity Framework helps the Company inform its cybersecurity agenda and prioritize its cybersecurity activities. The Company takes a risk-based approach to cybersecurity, which begins with the identification and evaluation of cybersecurity risks or threats that could affect the Company's operations, finances, legal or regulatory compliance, or reputation. Once identified, cybersecurity risks and related mitigation efforts are prioritized based on their potential impact, likelihood, velocity, and vulnerability, considering both quantitative and qualitative factors. Risk mitigation strategies are developed and implemented based on the specific nature of each cybersecurity risk. These strategies include, among others, the application of cybersecurity policies and procedures, implementation of administrative, technical, and physical controls, and Employee training, education, and awareness initiatives. The Company's cybersecurity risk management also includes a Security Operations Center ("SOC") that conducts ongoing monitoring of networks and systems for potential signs of suspicious activity. The SOC is a centralized function that monitors security alerts to initiate triage, verification, and remediation activities. Additionally, the Company's cybersecurity program provides mechanisms for Employees to report any unusual or potentially malicious activity they observe. The Company tracks key performance indicators and cybersecurity metrics to evaluate the efficacy of its cybersecurity controls and practices. Further, the Company's cybersecurity program is periodically reviewed by its Cybersecurity Leaders (as defined below) and adjusted in an effort to maintain the program's agility and responsiveness as circumstances evolve, new cybersecurity threats emerge, and regulations change.

Incident Response

The Company has a dedicated cybersecurity incident response team responsible for managing and coordinating the Company's cybersecurity incident response efforts. This team also collaborates closely with other teams in identifying, protecting from, detecting, responding to, and recovering from cybersecurity incidents. Cybersecurity incidents that meet certain thresholds are escalated to the Cybersecurity Leaders and cross-functional teams on an as-needed basis for support and guidance. Additionally, this team tracks cybersecurity incidents to help identify and analyze them. The Company's cybersecurity incident response team partners with the Company's internal cybersecurity teams as well as with external legal advisors, communication specialists, and other key stakeholders as appropriate to respond to cybersecurity incidents. The Company maintains a cybersecurity incident response plan to prepare for and respond to cybersecurity incidents. The incident response plan includes standard processes for reporting and escalating cybersecurity incidents to senior management. Additionally, the Company conducts at least one cybersecurity tabletop exercise on an annual basis, where members of a cross-functional team engage in a simulated cybersecurity incident scenario. This preparedness exercise is intended to provide hands-on training for the participants and helps the Company assess its processes and capabilities in addressing cybersecurity threats.

Use of Third Parties

Cybersecurity Service Providers and Third-Party Consultants. The Company engages cybersecurity consultants, auditors, and other third parties to assess and enhance its cybersecurity practices. These third parties conduct assessments, penetration testing, and vulnerability assessments to identify weaknesses and recommend

improvements. Additionally, the Company leverages a number of third-party tools and technologies as part of its efforts to enhance cybersecurity functions. This includes a managed security service provider to augment the Company's dedicated SOC team, an endpoint detection and response system for continuous monitoring, detection, and response capabilities, and a security information and event management solution to automate real-time threat detection, investigation, and prioritization of high-fidelity alerts.

Oversight of Third-Party Service Providers. The Company also uses third-party service providers to support its operations and many of its technology initiatives. The Company evaluates third-party service providers from a cybersecurity risk perspective, which may include an assessment of that service provider's cybersecurity posture or a recommendation of specific mitigation controls. Following an evaluation, the Company determines and prioritizes service provider risk based on potential threat impact and likelihood, and such risk determinations drive the level of due diligence and ongoing compliance monitoring required for each service provider.

Risks from Material Cybersecurity Threats

As of the date of this report, the Company has not identified any cybersecurity threats that have materially affected or are reasonably anticipated to have a material effect on the organization. Although the Company has not experienced cybersecurity incidents that are individually, or in the aggregate, material, the Company has experienced cyberattacks in the past, which the Company believes have thus far been mitigated by preventative, detective, and responsive measures put in place by the Company. For a detailed discussion of the Company's cybersecurity related risks, see "Item 1.A Risk Factors—Information Technology Risks."

Cybersecurity Governance

Board Oversight

The Board is responsible for overseeing management's assessments of major risks facing the Company and for reviewing options to mitigate such risks. The Board's oversight of major risks, including cybersecurity risks, occurs at both the full Board level and at the Board committee level through the Audit Committee.

The Board. The Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Operating Officer, the Chief Financial Officer, members of senior management, and other personnel and advisors, as requested by the Board, report on the Company's financial, operating, and commercial strategies, as well as major related risks, which may include cybersecurity risks, at regularly scheduled meetings of the Board. Based on these reports, the Board requests follow-up data and presentations to address any specific concerns and recommendations. Additionally, the Audit Committee has opportunities to report regularly to the entire Board and review with the Board any major issues that arise at the committee level, which may include cybersecurity risks.

The Audit Committee. The Audit Committee reviews with management the Company's technology and cybersecurity frameworks, policies, programs, opportunities, and risk profile at its regularly scheduled meetings. The Company's Chief Information Officer ("CIO"), Chief Information Security Officer ("CISO"), members of the cybersecurity team, or other advisors, as requested by the Audit Committee, report quarterly on the Company's technology, data privacy, and cybersecurity strategies and risks. Cybersecurity topics are presented to the Audit Committee on a quarterly basis and generally highlight any significant cybersecurity incidents, the cyber threat landscape, cybersecurity program enhancements, cybersecurity risks and related mitigation activities, and any other relevant cybersecurity topics. Management believes that this regular cadence of reporting helps to provide the Audit Committee with an informed understanding of the Company's dynamic cybersecurity program and threat landscape. The Audit Committee further reviews with management the Company's business continuity and disaster recovery plans and capabilities and the effectiveness of the Company's escalation procedures. Based on these management reports, the Audit Committee may request follow-up data and presentations to address any specific concerns and recommendations. In addition to this regular reporting, significant cybersecurity risks or threats may also be escalated on as needed basis to the Audit Committee.

Management's Role

The Company has a dedicated cybersecurity organization within its technology department that focuses on current and emerging cybersecurity matters. The Company's cybersecurity function is led by the Company's CISO, who reports to the Company's CIO. The CISO and CIO (collectively, the Company's "Cybersecurity Leaders") are actively involved in assessing and managing cybersecurity risks. They are responsible for implementing cybersecurity policies, programs, procedures, and strategies. The responsibilities and relevant experience of each of the Cybersecurity Leaders are listed below:

- The CIO provides leadership for the Company's technology department. The CIO holds an undergraduate degree from Cornell and has served in various roles in information technology for over 20 years, including Vice President, Senior Director, Manager and Consultant.
- The CISO is responsible for all aspects of cybersecurity across the Company's facilities, airports, and aircraft fleet, which includes security engineering, security operations, incident response, threat intelligence, risk and compliance, and vulnerability management. The CISO has served in various roles in information technology for nearly 40 years at numerous technology companies and consulting firms. The CISO earned a Bachelor of Science in Industrial Engineering from Louisiana State University, a Master of Science in Management Information Systems from The University of Texas at Dallas, and a Master of Business Administration from Southern Methodist University.

The Company's cybersecurity department is comprised of teams that engage in a range of cybersecurity activities such as threat intelligence, security architecture, and incident response. These teams conduct vulnerability management and penetration testing to identify, classify, prioritize, remediate, and mitigate vulnerabilities. Leaders from each team regularly meet with the Cybersecurity Leaders to provide visibility of major issues and seek alignment with strategy. As noted above under "Incident Response," the Company's cybersecurity incident response plan includes standard processes for reporting and escalating cybersecurity incidents to senior management. Cybersecurity incidents that meet certain thresholds are escalated to the Cybersecurity Leaders and cross-functional teams on an as-needed basis for support and guidance. The Company's incident response team also coordinates with external legal advisors, communication specialists, and other key stakeholders.

Item 2. Properties

Aircraft

Southwest operated a total of 817 Boeing 737 aircraft as of December 31, 2023, of which 57 and 24 were under operating and finance leases, respectively. The following table details information on the 817 aircraft as of December 31, 2023:

Type	Seats	Average Age (Yrs)	Number of Aircraft	Number Owned	Number Leased (a)
737-700	143	18	387	352	35
737-800	175	8	207	190	17
737 -8	175	2	223	194	29
Totals		11	817	736	81

(a) See Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on the Company's lease transactions.

In fourth quarter 2023, the Company entered into supplemental agreements with Boeing relating to its contractual order book for -7 and -8 aircraft. These agreements, which include an extended order book to 2031, provide flexibility in support of the Company's growth plans and fleet modernization. The delivery schedule below reflects contractual commitments, although the timing of future deliveries could be affected by any potential or prolonged delays in the manufacturing process or with the -7 certification. The Company retains significant flexibility to manage its fleet size, including opportunities to accelerate fleet modernization efforts if growth opportunities do not materialize.

As of December 31, 2023, the Company had firm deliveries and options for -7 and -8 aircraft as follows:

	The Boeing Company			Total
	-7 Firm Orders	-8 Firm Orders	-7 or -8 Options	
2024	27	58	—	85 (c)
2025	59	—	15	74
2026	59	—	26	85
2027	19	46	25	90
2028	15	50	25	90
2029	38	34	18	90
2030	45	—	45	90
2031	45	—	45	90
	307 (a)	188 (b)	199	694

(a) The delivery timing for the -7 is dependent on the FAA issuing required certifications and approvals to Boeing and the Company. The FAA will ultimately determine the timing of the -7 certification and entry into service, and the Company therefore offers no assurances that current estimations and timelines are correct.

(b) The Company has flexibility to designate firm orders or options as -7s or -8s, upon written advance notification as stated in the contract.

(c) The Company currently plans for approximately 79 MAX aircraft deliveries in 2024.

Ground Facilities and Services

Southwest either leases or pays a usage fee for terminal passenger service facilities at each of the airports it serves to which various leasehold improvements have been made. The Company leases the land and/or structures on a long-term basis for its aircraft maintenance centers (located at Dallas Love Field, Houston Hobby, Phoenix Sky Harbor, Chicago Midway, Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International Airport, Denver International Airport, and Orlando International Airport) and its main corporate headquarters building, also located near Dallas Love Field. The

Company also leases a warehouse and engine repair facility in Atlanta. The Company has announced its intent to build a new aircraft maintenance facility, expected to be completed in 2025, at Baltimore-Washington International Airport.

The Company owns two additional headquarters buildings, located across the street from the Company's main headquarters building, on land owned by the Company, including (a) an energy efficient, modern building, called TOPS, which houses certain operational and training functions, including the Company's 24-hour operations and (b) the Wings Complex, consisting of a Leadership Education and Aircrew Development ("LEAD") Center (housing the Company's 26 Boeing 737 flight simulators and classroom space for Pilot training), an additional office building, and a parking garage.

The Company has commitments associated with various airport improvement projects, including construction at Houston Hobby International Airport. This project includes the construction of new facilities and the rebuilding or modernization of existing facilities. In April 2023, the Company executed a ground lease agreement with Los Angeles World Airports ("LAWA") at Los Angeles International Airport (LAX) which provides the Company the right to construct a 9-gate concourse (Concourse 0) adjacent to Terminal 1. The Company expects to manage the design, development, financing, construction, and commissioning of the project, and expects to commence construction in early 2025 with construction to be complete in late 2028 or early 2029. Prior to commencement of construction, LAWA and the Company will need to agree on scope and budget and have financing in place. Additional information regarding these projects is provided in Note 5 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Company performs substantially all line maintenance on its aircraft and provides ground support services at most of the airports it serves. However, the Company has arrangements with certain aircraft maintenance providers for major component inspections and repairs for its airframes and engines, which comprise the majority of the Company's annual aircraft maintenance costs.

Item 3. *Legal Proceedings*

On June 30, 2015, the U.S. Department of Justice ("DOJ") issued a Civil Investigative Demand ("CID") to the Company. The CID sought information and documents about the Company's capacity from January 2010 to the date of the CID, including public statements and communications with third parties about capacity. In June 2015, the Company also received a letter from the Connecticut Attorney General requesting information about capacity. The Company is cooperating fully with the DOJ CID and the state inquiry.

Further, on July 1, 2015, a complaint was filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York on behalf of putative classes of consumers alleging collusion among the Company, American Airlines, Delta Air Lines, and United Airlines to limit capacity and maintain higher fares in violation of Section 1 of the Sherman Act. Since then, a number of similar class action complaints were filed in the United States District Courts for the Central District of California, the Northern District of California, the District of Columbia, the Middle District of Florida, the Southern District of Florida, the Northern District of Georgia, the Northern District of Illinois, the Southern District of Indiana, the Eastern District of Louisiana, the District of Minnesota, the District of New Jersey, the Eastern District of New York, the Southern District of New York, the Middle District of North Carolina, the District of Oklahoma, the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, the Northern District of Texas, the District of Vermont, and the Eastern District of Wisconsin. On October 13, 2015, the Judicial Panel on Multi-District Litigation centralized the cases to the United States District Court in the District of Columbia. On March 25, 2016, the plaintiffs filed a Consolidated Amended Complaint in the consolidated cases alleging that the defendants conspired to restrict capacity from 2009 to present. The plaintiffs seek to bring their claims on behalf of a class of persons who purchased tickets for domestic airline travel on the defendants' airlines from July 1, 2011 to present. They seek treble damages, injunctive relief, and attorneys' fees and expenses. On May 11, 2016, the defendants moved to dismiss the Consolidated Amended Complaint, which the Court denied on October 28, 2016. On December 20, 2017, the Company reached an agreement to settle these cases with a proposed class of all persons who purchased domestic airline transportation services from July 1, 2011, to the date of the settlement. The Company agreed to pay

\$15 million and to provide certain cooperation with the plaintiffs as set forth in the settlement agreement. After notice was provided to the proposed settlement class and the Court held a fairness hearing the Court issued an order granting final approval of the settlement on May 9, 2019. On June 10, 2019, certain objectors filed notices of appeal to the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, which the Court dismissed on July 9, 2021, for lack of jurisdiction because the district court's order approving the settlements was not a final appealable order. The case is continuing as to the remaining defendants. The Company denies all allegations of wrongdoing.

On January 7, 2019, a complaint alleging a violation of the federal Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act ("USERRA") and seeking a certification as a class action was filed against the Company in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California. The complaint alleges that the Company violates section 4316(b) of USERRA because it does not provide paid "short-term" military leave (i.e., a military leave of 14 days or fewer) but does provide paid jury duty leave, bereavement leave, and sick leave, which the plaintiff alleges are "comparable" forms of leave under USERRA and its implementing regulations. The complaint seeks declaratory and injunctive relief, damages, liquidated damages, interest, and attorneys' fees, expert fees, and litigation costs. On February 3, 2021, the court granted the plaintiff's motion for class certification and issued an order certifying a class comprised of current or former Employees who, during their employment with the Company at any time from October 10, 2004, through the date of judgment in this action, have taken short-term military leave and were subject to a collective bargaining agreement, except for Employees subject to the Transport Workers Union Local 550 agreement covering meteorologists. On January 11, 2022, the court granted the parties' stipulated request to vacate the trial date as the Department of Defense had not yet produced the class members' military pay and service records pursuant to the Company's third-party subpoena. On August 18, 2022, the court entered an order that effectively stayed the action, except for attention to the third-party subpoena, until after the Ninth Circuit issued its opinion in the matter of *Clarkson v. Alaska Airlines, Inc. and Horizon Industries, Inc.*, an appeal from an order by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Washington granting summary judgment in defendants' favor on substantially the same claims at issue in this action. The Ninth Circuit issued its order in *Clarkson* on February 1, 2023, reversing the district court's grant of summary judgment and remanding the *Clarkson* case to the District Court with instructions to consider the "pay during leave" issue in the first instance. The Company denies all allegations of wrongdoing, believes the plaintiff's positions are without merit, and intends to vigorously defend itself in all respects.

On February 19, 2020, a complaint alleging violations of federal securities laws and seeking certification as a class action was filed against the Company and certain of its officers in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas in Dallas (the "2020 Securities Litigation"). A lead plaintiff has been appointed in the case, and an amended complaint was filed on July 2, 2020. The amended complaint seeks damages on behalf of a putative class of persons who purchased the Company's common stock between February 7, 2017, and January 29, 2020. The amended complaint asserts claims under Sections 10(b) and 20 of the Securities Exchange Act and alleges that the Company made material misstatements to investors regarding the Company's safety and maintenance practices and its compliance with federal regulations and requirements. The amended complaint generally seeks money damages, pre-judgment and post-judgment interest, and attorneys' fees and other costs. On August 17, 2020, the Company and the individual defendants filed a motion to dismiss. On October 1, 2020, the lead plaintiff filed a response in opposition to the motion to dismiss. The Company filed a reply on or about October 21, 2020. On September 20, 2023, the District Court issued an opinion granting the Company's motion to dismiss as to all claims. On October 5, 2023, the District Court entered a final judgment dismissing the suit in its entirety with prejudice. The lead plaintiff has filed no timely notice of appeal. The Company denies all allegations of wrongdoing, including those in the amended complaint.

On June 22, 2020, a derivative action for breach of fiduciary duty was filed in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas naming the members of the Company's Board of Directors as defendants and the Company as a nominal defendant (the "Derivative Action"). The plaintiff alleges unspecified damage to Company's reputation, goodwill, and standing in the community, as well as damage from exposure to civil and regulatory liability and defense costs. According to the lawsuit, these damages arise from the Company's alleged failure to comply with safety and record maintenance regulations and false statements in public filings regarding the Company's safety practices. The plaintiff alleges the Board, in the absence of good faith, exhibited reckless

disregard for its duties of oversight. On October 7, 2020, the Court entered an order staying and administratively closing the Derivative Action, pending the District Court's final resolution of the Company's motion to dismiss in the ongoing 2020 Securities Litigation brought under the federal securities laws or upon the occurrence of certain other conditions. On October 5, 2023, the District Court entered a final judgment dismissing the 2020 Securities Litigation in its entirety with prejudice, and the lead plaintiff has filed no timely notice of appeal from that dismissal. The plaintiff in the Derivative Action has taken no steps to lift the stay in the case, which remains stayed. The Board and Company deny all allegations of wrongdoing made in the Derivative Action.

On August 26, 2021, a complaint alleging breach of contract and seeking certification as a class action was filed against the Company in the United States District Court for the Western District of Texas in Waco. The complaint alleges that the Company breached its Contract of Carriage and other alleged agreements in connection with its use of the allegedly defective MAX aircraft manufactured by The Boeing Company. The complaint seeks damages on behalf of putative classes of customers who provided valuable consideration, whether in money or other form (e.g., voucher, miles/points, etc.), in exchange for a ticket for air transportation with the Company, which transportation took place between August 29, 2017, and March 13, 2019. The complaint generally seeks money damages, declaratory relief, and attorneys' fees and other costs. On October 27, 2021, the Company filed a multi-faceted motion challenging the complaint based upon lack of subject matter jurisdiction, the existence of a prior-filed complaint on appeal in the Fifth Circuit (the "Sherman Complaint"), improper venue, and failure to state a claim, and seeking to have the complaint's class contentions stricken. That motion was fully briefed by both parties and was argued to a United States Magistrate Judge on June 27, 2022. On July 5, 2022, the Magistrate Judge granted the motion in part and ordered the case stayed until the issuance of the Fifth Circuit's opinion in the Sherman Complaint. On November 28, 2022, the parties jointly notified the Court of the Fifth Circuit's decision regarding the Sherman Complaint. On March 23, 2023, the parties jointly notified the Court of the dismissal of the Sherman Complaint for lack of jurisdiction. The case remains stayed. The Company denies all allegations of wrongdoing, believes the plaintiffs' positions are without merit, and intends to vigorously defend itself in all respects.

Two complaints alleging violations of federal securities laws and seeking certification as a class action have been filed (on January 10, 2023, and March 13, 2023, respectively) against the Company and certain of its officers in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas in Houston. The complaints seek damages on behalf of a putative class of persons who purchased or otherwise acquired the Company's common stock between June 13, 2020, and December 31, 2022. The complaints assert claims under Sections 10(b) and 20 of the Exchange Act and allege that the Company made material misstatements to investors regarding the Company's internal technology and alleged vulnerability to large-scale flight disruptions. The complaints generally seek money damages, pre-judgment and post-judgment interest, and attorneys' fees and other costs. The deadline in the first of these two cases to file a motion seeking appointment of lead plaintiff was March 13, 2023; four separate motions were filed, and three of the parties seeking appointment have continued to contest the issue. On July 17, 2023, the Court signed an order consolidating the two federal securities cases into the first-filed suit and also appointed plaintiff Michael Berry as lead plaintiff in the consolidated case, with his counsel of record to serve as lead counsel and liaison counsel. On September 15, 2023, the lead plaintiff filed an amended complaint that expanded the class period to include persons who purchased or otherwise acquired the Company's common stock between February 4, 2020, and March 14, 2023, while continuing to assert claims under Sections 10(b) and 20 of the Exchange Act based on alleged misstatements regarding the Company's internal technology and alleged vulnerability to large-scale flight disruptions. On November 20, 2023, the Company and the individual defendants filed a motion to dismiss the amended complaint for failure to state a claim. The parties' respective briefing on the Company's motion to dismiss is expected to be completed on or around February 21, 2024. The Company denies all allegations of wrongdoing in the complaint, believes the plaintiffs' positions are without merit, and intends to vigorously defend itself in all respects.

Since about January 24, 2023, the Company's senior officers and Board of Directors have received multiple derivative demand letters from legal counsel for purported Southwest shareholders demanding that the Board investigate claims, initiate legal action, and take remedial measures in connection with the service disruptions occurring in December 2022. Generally, the demand letters broadly assert that the Company's directors and senior officers did not make sufficient investments in internal technology systems to prevent large-scale flight disruptions,

did not exercise sufficient oversight over the Company's operations, approved or received unwarranted compensation, caused the Company to make materially misleading public statements, and breached their fiduciary duties to the Company. Additionally, since January 27, 2023, the Company has received multiple letters from counsel for purported Southwest shareholders making statutory demands for the production of various books and records of the Company, purportedly in an effort to investigate possible derivative claims similar to those made the subject of the derivative demands discussed above. On June 13, 2023, a shareholder derivative suit was filed against certain of the Company's current and former officers and directors in the 14th Judicial District Court of Dallas County, Texas, asserting claims for damages from alleged breach of fiduciary duty, waste of corporate assets, and unjust enrichment derivatively on the Company's behalf against the individual defendants based on similar factual allegations as contained in the demand letters and in the federal class action complaints. On June 15, 2023, a second shareholder derivative suit was filed against certain of the Company's current and former officers and directors in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas, asserting claims under Section 14(a) of the Exchange Act and for damages from alleged breach of fiduciary duty, indemnification, and unjust enrichment derivatively on the Company's behalf against the individual defendants based on similar factual allegations as contained in the demand letters and in the federal class action complaints. On November 14, 2023, a third shareholder derivative suit was filed in the 134th Judicial District of Dallas County, Texas, by some of the same counsel involved in the June 13, 2023, suit against the same defendants in that suit and making allegations of the same operative facts and claims. The Company and its Board of Directors intend to address the derivative and books and records demands and the shareholder derivative suits in accordance with the applicable Texas statutes governing such demands and litigation. Pursuant to those statutes, a committee of independent and disinterested directors ("Special Litigation Committee") has been appointed to conduct an inquiry regarding the allegations in the derivative suits and derivative demand letters. In that regard, on December 15, 2023, the plaintiffs in the two state court derivative cases filed an unopposed motion to consolidate the two state derivative cases, to appoint lead counsel, and to stay the consolidated state court derivative case pending the outcome of the ongoing inquiry of the Special Litigation Committee. Further, in light of the ongoing inquiry of the Special Litigation Committee, on December 19, 2023, the Company filed an unopposed motion to extend a stay of the federal derivative case until at least February 26, 2024.

Based on the Company's wide-scale operational disruption, which led to the cancelation of a significant number of flights between December 21 and December 29, 2022, the Company has been subject to inquiries and investigations by governmental agencies and could be subject to fines and/or penalties resulting from those inquiries and investigations, as well as litigation from Customers and Shareholders. On October 27, 2023, the DOT notified the Company that it had determined the Company failed to provide adequate customer service assistance, prompt flight status notifications, and proper and prompt refunds and that the assessment of a civil penalty was warranted. During fourth quarter 2023, the Company accrued an expense of \$107 million associated with a settlement reached with the DOT based on their investigation into the disruption, which includes a cash penalty and incorporates a future commitment for Southwest Customer care with a new Customer compensation policy. An additional \$33 million penalty was also assessed by the DOT, but was able to be credited against the substantial value the Company had already provided to its Customers impacted by the disruption, and therefore did not result in further impact to the Company's financial results for 2023.

The Company is from time to time subject to various legal proceedings and claims arising in the ordinary course of business, including, but not limited to, examinations by the Internal Revenue Service and state and local income tax authorities.

The Company's management does not expect that the outcome in any of its currently ongoing legal proceedings or the outcome of any proposed adjustments presented to date by the Internal Revenue Service and state and local income tax authorities, individually or collectively, will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations, or cash flow. Nevertheless, an adverse outcome for any of these matters could be material.

Item 4. *Mine Safety Disclosures*

Not applicable.

INFORMATION ABOUT OUR EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

The following information regarding the Company's executive officers is as of February 1, 2024.

Name	Position	Age
Gary C. Kelly	Executive Chairman of the Board	68
Robert E. Jordan	President & Chief Executive Officer	63
Andrew M. Watterson	Chief Operating Officer	57
Ryan C. Green	Executive Vice President & Chief Commercial Officer	47
Justin Jones	Executive Vice President Operations	45
Tammy Romo	Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer	61
Linda B. Rutherford	Chief Administration Officer	57
Mark R. Shaw	Executive Vice President & Chief Legal & Regulatory Officer & Corporate Secretary	61

Set forth below is a description of the background of each of the Company's executive officers.

Gary C. Kelly has served as the Company's Executive Chairman of the Board since February 2022 and has served as the Company's Chairman of the Board since May 2008. Mr. Kelly also served as Chief Executive Officer from July 2004 to February 2022, President from July 2008 to January 2017, Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer from June 2001 to July 2004, and Vice President Finance & Chief Financial Officer from 1989 to 2001. Mr. Kelly joined the Company in 1986 as its Controller.

Robert E. Jordan has served as the Company's Chief Executive Officer since February 2022 and as its President since January 2023. Mr. Jordan has been a member of the Company's Board of Directors since February 2022. Mr. Jordan also served as Executive Vice President & Incoming Chief Executive Officer from June 2021 to February 2022, Executive Vice President Corporate Services from July 2017 to June 2021, Executive Vice President & Chief Commercial Officer from September 2011 to July 2017, Executive Vice President Strategy & Planning from May 2008 to September 2011, Executive Vice President Strategy & Technology from September 2006 to May 2008, Senior Vice President Enterprise Spend Management from August 2004 to September 2006, Vice President Technology from 2002 to 2004, Vice President Purchasing from 2001 to 2002, Controller from 1997 to 2001, Director Revenue Accounting from 1994 to 1997, and Manager Sales Accounting from 1990 to 1994. Mr. Jordan joined the Company in 1988 as a programmer.

Andrew M. Watterson has served as the Company's Chief Operating Officer since October 2022. Mr. Watterson also served as Executive Vice President & Chief Commercial Officer from January 2020 to October 2022, Executive Vice President & Chief Revenue Officer from July 2017 to January 2020, Senior Vice President & Chief Revenue Officer from January 2017 to July 2017, Senior Vice President of Network & Revenue from January 2016 to January 2017, and as Vice President of Network Planning & Performance from October 2013 to January 2016.

Ryan C. Green has served as the Company's Executive Vice President & Chief Commercial Officer since October 2022. Mr. Green also served as Senior Vice President & Chief Marketing Officer from February 2019 to October 2022, Vice President & Chief Marketing Officer from April 2017 to February 2019, Vice President Marketing from February 2016 to April 2017, Managing Director Customer Strategy and Development from October 2013 to February 2016, Senior Director Loyalty & Partnerships from July 2010 to October 2013, Director Customer Loyalty from November 2007 to July 2010, Senior Manager Loyalty Marketing from January 2007 to November 2007, and Manager Business Development from July 2004 to January 2007. Mr. Green joined the Company in 2002 in the Marketing Department.

Justin Jones has served as the Company's Executive Vice President Operations since December 2023. Mr. Jones also served as Senior Vice President Operations & Design from December 2021 to December 2023, Vice President Planning & Performance, Technical Operations from September 2018 to December 2021, Vice President Operational Strategy & Performance from March 2016 to September 2018, Senior Director Pricing & Planning from October 2012 to March 2016, and Director Revenue Management from November 2008 to October 2012. Mr. Jones joined the Company in 2001 in the Revenue Management Department.

Tammy Romo has served as the Company's Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer since July 2015. Ms. Romo also served as Senior Vice President Finance & Chief Financial Officer from September 2012 to July 2015, Senior Vice President of Planning from February 2010 to September 2012, Vice President of Financial Planning from September 2008 to February 2010, Vice President Controller from February 2006 to August 2008, Vice President Treasurer from September 2004 to February 2006, Senior Director of Investor Relations from March 2002 to September 2004, Director of Investor Relations from December 1994 to March 2002, Manager of Investor Relations from September 1994 to December 1994, and Manager of Financial Reporting from September 1991 to September 1994.

Linda B. Rutherford has served as the Company's Chief Administration Officer since October 2022. Ms. Rutherford also served as Chief Communications Officer from October 2022 to December 2023, Executive Vice President People & Communications from June 2021 to October 2022, Senior Vice President & Chief Communications Officer from October 2017 to June 2021, Vice President & Chief Communications Officer from January 2016 to October 2017, Vice President Communications & Strategic Outreach from April 2007 to January 2016, Vice President Public Relations & Community Affairs from December 2005 to April 2007, Director Public Relations from May 2001 to December 2005, Senior Manager Public Relations from February 1999 to May 2001, and Manager Public Relations from February 1997 to February 1999. Ms. Rutherford joined the Company in 1992 as a Public Relations Coordinator.

Mark R. Shaw has served as the Company's Executive Vice President & Chief Legal & Regulatory Officer since November 2018. Mr. Shaw has also served as the Company's Corporate Secretary since August 2022. Mr. Shaw also served as Executive Vice President, Chief Legal & Regulatory Officer, & Corporate Secretary from August 2018 to November 2018, Senior Vice President, General Counsel, & Corporate Secretary from July 2015 to August 2018, Vice President, General Counsel, & Corporate Secretary from February 2013 to July 2015, and as Associate General Counsel - Corporate & Transactions from February 2008 to February 2013. Mr. Shaw joined the Company in 2000 as an Attorney in the General Counsel Department.

PART II

Item 5. *Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters, and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities*

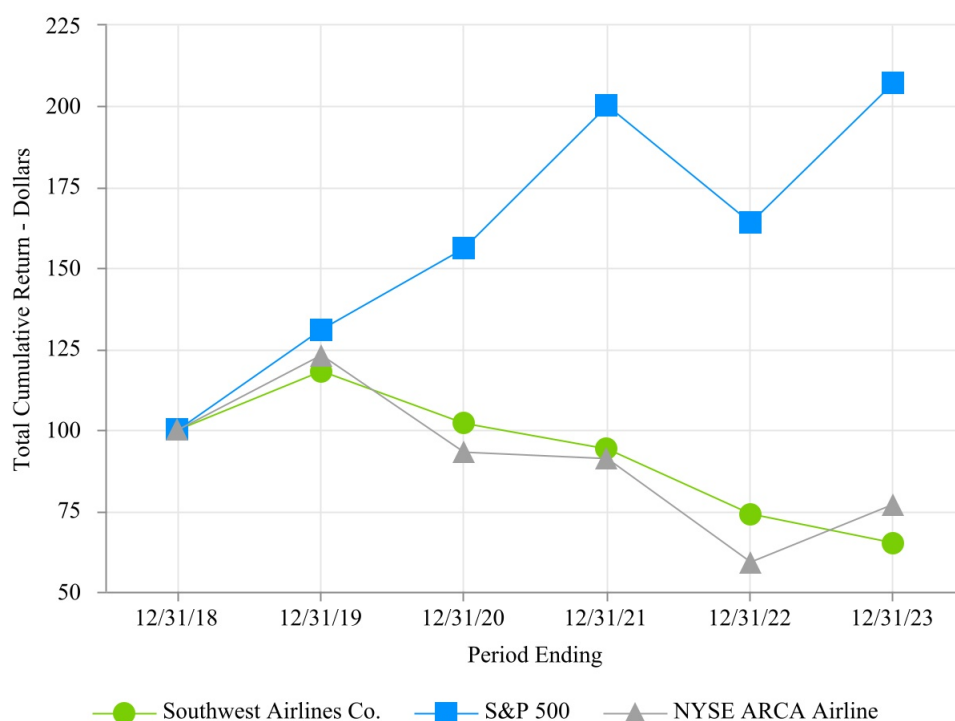
The Company's common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") and is traded under the symbol "LUV." Although the Company previously suspended the payment of dividends in second quarter 2020 through September 30, 2022, pursuant to payroll funding support agreements with the U.S. Department of the Treasury, the Company reinstated and declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$.18 per share on December 6, 2022, and has continued to pay quarterly dividends since the reinstatement. The Company currently intends to continue declaring dividends on a quarterly basis for the foreseeable future; however, the Board may elect to alter the timing, amount, and payment of dividends on the basis of operational results, financial condition, cash requirements, future prospects, and other factors deemed relevant by the Board. As of February 2, 2024, there were approximately 11,028 holders of record of the Company's common stock.

Stock Performance Graph

The following Performance Graph and related information shall not be deemed "soliciting material" or "filed" with the Securities and Exchange Commission, nor shall such information be incorporated by reference into any future filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

The following graph compares the cumulative total shareholder return on the Company's common stock over the five-year period ended December 31, 2023, with the cumulative total return during such period of the Standard and Poor's 500 Stock Index and the NYSE ARCA Airline Index. The comparison assumes \$100 was invested on December 31, 2018, in the Company's common stock and in each of the foregoing indices and assumes reinvestment of dividends. The stock performance shown on the graph below represents historical stock performance and is not necessarily indicative of future stock price performance.

COMPARISON OF FIVE YEAR CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN AMONG SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO., S&P 500 INDEX, AND NYSE ARCA AIRLINE INDEX



	12/31/2018		12/31/2019		12/31/2020		12/31/2021		12/31/2022		12/31/2023
Southwest Airlines Co.	\$	100	\$	118	\$	102	\$	94	\$	74	\$ 65
S&P 500	\$	100	\$	131	\$	156	\$	200	\$	164	\$ 207
NYSE ARCA Airline	\$	100	\$	123	\$	93	\$	91	\$	59	\$ 77

Issuer Repurchases

On May 15, 2019, the Board authorized the repurchase of up to \$2.0 billion of the Company's common stock. Subject to certain conditions, repurchases may be made in accordance with applicable securities laws in open market or private, including accelerated, repurchase transactions from time to time, depending on market conditions. The Company has suspended share repurchase activity until further notice. The Company has approximately \$899 million remaining under its current share repurchase authorization.

Item 6. [RESERVED]

Item 7. *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*

YEAR IN REVIEW

The Company had record full year 2023 revenue performance, producing operating revenues of \$26.1 billion, due to healthy leisure demand and continued yield strength combined with record ancillary revenue, loyalty program revenue, and passengers carried. The Company's 2022 results were somewhat impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic, as the Omicron variant of COVID-19 both impacted travel demand and created staffing challenges for the Company, particularly during January and February 2022. However, strong travel demand, especially associated with leisure travel, accelerated during March 2022 and continued through 2023. In 2023, the Company was able to focus on completing a comprehensive winter action plan, restoring its network and operational stability, reaching full utilization of its fleet, and delivering on significant new capabilities for its Customers.

In late December 2022, the Company experienced a wide-scale operational disruption as extreme winter weather across a significant portion of the United States impacted its operational plan and flight schedules. Subsequent to Winter Storm Elliott, the Company was challenged to realign flight crews, flight schedules, and aircraft for a period of several days during this peak demand travel period. This disruption and subsequent recovery efforts resulted in the cancellation of more than 16,700 flights during the period from December 21 through December 31, 2022. For fourth quarter 2022, the Company estimated the financial impact of this disruption was approximately \$800 million on a pre-tax basis. A significant portion of this impact in fourth quarter 2022 was due to the loss of Operating revenue associated with the flight cancellations that was estimated to be approximately \$410 million, and the remaining impact primarily related to a net increase of approximately \$390 million in operating expenses, primarily due to travel expense reimbursements to Customers, the estimated value of Rapid Rewards points offered as a gesture of goodwill to Customers that were expected to be redeemed, and premium pay and additional compensation for Employees, which were partially offset by lower fuel and oil and profitsharing expenses. For first quarter 2023, these events also created a deceleration in bookings, largely isolated to January and February 2023, as well as additional expenses primarily in the form of reimbursing Customers for costs incurred as a result of the flight cancellations. The financial impact of this disruption on first quarter 2023 results was approximately \$380 million on a pre-tax basis. On October 27, 2023, the Department of Transportation ("DOT") notified the Company that it determined the Company had failed to provide adequate customer service assistance, prompt flight status notifications, and proper and prompt refunds and that the assessment of a civil penalty was warranted. During fourth quarter 2023, the Company accrued an expense of \$107 million associated with a settlement reached with the DOT in December 2023 based on their investigation into the disruption, which includes a cash penalty and incorporates a future commitment for Southwest Customer care with a new Customer compensation policy. An additional \$33 million penalty was also assessed by the DOT, but was able to be credited against the substantial value the Company had already provided to its Customers impacted by the disruption, and therefore did not result in further impact to the Company's financial results for 2023. Other than the fourth quarter 2023 charge associated with the DOT settlement, there were no material impacts to operating revenues or expenses as a result of this disruption beyond first quarter 2023.

To boost operational resiliency in key areas across the Company and to mitigate the risk of a recurrence, the Company developed a three-part tactical action plan focused on improving winter operations, accelerating

operational-related investments, and enhancing cross-team collaboration. The Company's action plan was released in March 2023 and key winter operations steps were completed as of October 2023, as planned.

The Company recorded results for 2023 and 2022, on an accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") and non-GAAP basis, as noted in the following tables. See Note Regarding Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures and the Reconciliation of Reported Amounts to Non-GAAP Financial Measures for additional detail regarding non-GAAP financial measures.

(in millions, except per share amounts)

GAAP	Year ended December 31,		
	2023	2022	Change
Operating income	\$ 224	\$ 1,017	(78.0)
Net income	\$ 465	\$ 539	(13.7)
Net income per share, diluted	\$ 0.76	\$ 0.87	(12.6)
Non-GAAP			
Operating income	\$ 893	\$ 1,120	(20.3)
Net income	\$ 980	\$ 723	35.5
Net income per share, diluted	\$ 1.56	\$ 1.16	34.5

The Company's financial results, as shown above on a GAAP and non-GAAP basis for the year ended December 31, 2023 versus the year ended December 31, 2022, were affected by higher salaries, wages, and benefits expense and maintenance materials and repairs expense. On a GAAP basis, the Company's results for the year ended December 31, 2023 included incremental expense of \$180 million for changes in estimate related to the contract ratification bonus for the Company's Flight Attendants as part of a tentative agreement reached in October 2023 and an incremental expense of \$354 million for changes in estimate related to the contract ratification bonus for the Company's Pilots as part of a tentative agreement reached in December 2023, both of which were treated as special items and excluded from the Company's presentation of non-GAAP results. Additionally, due to the December 2022 operational disruption, as described above, the financial results on a GAAP and non-GAAP basis for the year ended December 31, 2023 included a negative financial impact of approximately \$380 million on a pre-tax basis in first quarter 2023 and, on a GAAP basis, a \$107 million charge on a pre-tax basis for the DOT settlement in fourth quarter 2023. The expense related to the tentative agreement with Pilots combined with the charge related to the settlement with the DOT resulted in the Company reporting a net loss of \$252 million on a GAAP basis for fourth quarter 2023. Furthermore, on a GAAP and non-GAAP basis, the financial results for the year ended December 31, 2022 included a negative financial impact of approximately \$800 million on a pre-tax basis in fourth quarter 2022 related to the December 2022 operational disruption and, on a GAAP basis, the financial results for the year ended December 31, 2022 included a \$193 million pre-tax loss on extinguishment of debt primarily due to the repurchase of a portion of the Company's May 1, 2020 public offering of \$2.3 billion aggregate principal amount of Convertible Senior notes (the "Convertible Notes"). See Note Regarding Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures and the Reconciliation of Reported Amounts to Non-GAAP Financial Measures for additional detail regarding non-GAAP financial measures.

Operating Statistics

The Company provides the operating data below for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 because these statistics are commonly used in the airline industry and, therefore, allow readers to compare the Company's performance against its results for the prior year period, as well as against the performance of the Company's peers.

Operating Data:	Year ended December 31,		
	2023	2022	Change

Revenue passengers carried (000s)	137,279	126,586	8.4 %
Enplaned passengers (000s)	171,817	156,982	9.5 %
Revenue passenger miles (RPMs) (in millions) ^(a)	136,256	123,843	10.0 %
Available seat miles (ASMs) (in millions) ^(b)	170,323	148,467	14.7 %
Load factor ^(c)	80.0 %	83.4 %	(3.4) pts.
Average length of passenger haul (miles)	993	978	1.5 %
Average aircraft stage length (miles)	730	728	0.3 %
Trips flown	1,459,427	1,298,219	12.4 %
Seats flown (000s) ^(d)	231,409	201,913	14.6 %
Seats per trip ^(e)	158.6	155.5	2.0 %
Average passenger fare	\$ 172.18	\$ 169.12	1.8 %
Passenger revenue yield per RPM (cents) ^(f)	17.35	17.29	0.3 %
Operating revenues per ASM (cents) ^(g)	15.32	16.04	(4.5)%
Passenger revenue per ASM (cents) ^(h)	13.88	14.42	(3.7)%
Operating expenses per ASM (cents) ⁽ⁱ⁾	15.19	15.36	(1.1)%
Operating expenses per ASM, excluding fuel (cents)	11.54	11.33	1.9 %
Operating expenses per ASM, excluding fuel and profitsharing (cents)	11.47	11.25	2.0 %
Fuel costs per gallon, including fuel tax	\$ 2.89	\$ 3.10	(6.8)%
Fuel costs per gallon, including fuel tax, economic	\$ 2.89	\$ 3.07	(5.9)%
Fuel consumed, in gallons (millions)	2,143	1,922	11.5 %
Active full-time equivalent Employees	74,806	66,656	12.2 %
Aircraft at end of period ^(j)	817	770	6.1 %

(a) A revenue passenger mile is one paying passenger flown one mile. Also referred to as "traffic," which is a measure of demand for a given period.

(b) An available seat mile is one seat (empty or full) flown one mile. Also referred to as "capacity," which is a measure of the space available to carry passengers in a given period.

(c) Revenue passenger miles divided by available seat miles.

(d) Seats flown is calculated using total number of seats available by aircraft type multiplied by the total trips flown by the same aircraft type during a particular period.

(e) Seats per trip is calculated by dividing seats flown by trips flown.

(f) Calculated as passenger revenue divided by revenue passenger miles. Also referred to as "yield," this is the average cost paid by a paying passenger to fly one mile, which is a measure of revenue production and fares.

(g) Calculated as operating revenues divided by available seat miles. Also referred to as "operating unit revenues" or "RASM," this is a measure of operating revenue production based on the total available seat miles flown during a particular period.

(h) Calculated as passenger revenue divided by available seat miles. Also referred to as "passenger unit revenues," this is a measure of passenger revenue production based on the total available seat miles flown during a particular period.

(i) Calculated as operating expenses divided by available seat miles. Also referred to as "unit costs" or "cost per available seat mile," this is the average cost to fly an aircraft seat (empty or full) one mile, which is a measure of cost efficiencies.

(j) Included four Boeing 737-700 ("700") Next Generation aircraft in temporary storage as of December 31, 2022.

2024 Outlook

The following tables present selected financial guidance for first quarter and full year 2024:

	1Q 2024 Estimation
RASM (a), year-over-year	Up 2.5% to 4.5%
ASMs (b), year-over-year	Up ~10%
Economic fuel costs per gallon (c) (d)	\$2.70 to \$2.80
Fuel hedging premium expense per gallon	\$0.08
Fuel hedging cash settlement gains per gallon	\$0.02
ASMs per gallon (fuel efficiency)	79 to 81
CASM-X (e), year-over-year (c) (f)	Up 5% to 6%
Scheduled debt repayments (millions)	~\$7
Interest expense (millions)	~\$62

	2024 Estimation
ASMs (b), year-over-year	Up ~6%
Economic fuel costs per gallon (c) (d)	\$2.55 to \$2.65
Fuel hedging premium expense per gallon	\$0.07
Fuel hedging cash settlement gains per gallon	\$0.01
CASM-X (e), year-over-year (c) (f)	Up 5.5% to 7%
Scheduled debt repayments (millions)	~\$29
Interest expense (millions)	~\$249
Aircraft (g)	847
Effective tax rate	23% to 24%
Capital spending (billions)	\$3.5 to \$4.0

(a) Operating revenue per available seat mile ("RASM" or "unit revenues").

(b) Available seat miles ("ASMs" or "capacity"). The Company's flight schedule is currently published for sale through October 2, 2024. The Company currently expects second quarter 2024 capacity to increase in the range of 8 percent to 10 percent, year-over-year, and third quarter 2024 capacity to increase in the range of 3 percent to 5 percent, year-over-year.

(c) See Note Regarding Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures for additional information on special items. In addition, information regarding special items and economic results is included in the accompanying table Reconciliation of Reported Amounts to Non-GAAP Items (also referred to as "excluding special items").

(d) Based on the Company's existing fuel derivative contracts and market prices as of January 17, 2024, first quarter and full year 2024 economic fuel costs per gallon are estimated to be in the range of \$2.70 to \$2.80 and \$2.55 to \$2.65, respectively. Economic fuel cost projections do not reflect the potential impact of special items because the Company cannot reliably predict or estimate the hedge accounting impact associated with the volatility of the energy markets, or the impact to its financial statements in future periods. Accordingly, the Company believes a reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures to the equivalent GAAP financial measures for projected results is not meaningful or available without unreasonable effort. See Note Regarding Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures.

(e) Operating expenses per available seat mile, excluding fuel and oil expense, special items, and profitsharing ("CASM-X").

(f) Projections do not reflect the potential impact of fuel and oil expense, special items, and profitsharing because the Company cannot reliably predict or estimate those items or expenses or their impact to its financial statements in future periods, especially considering the significant volatility of the fuel and oil expense line item. Accordingly, the Company believes a reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures to the equivalent GAAP financial measures for these projected results is not meaningful or available without unreasonable effort.

(g) Aircraft on property, end of period. The Company currently plans for approximately 79 Boeing 737 MAX ("MAX") aircraft deliveries and 49 aircraft retirements in 2024, including 45 Boeing 737-700s ("-700") and four Boeing 737-800s ("-800"). The delivery schedule for the 737-7 ("-7") is dependent on the Federal Aviation Administration ("FAA") issuing required certifications and approvals to The Boeing Company ("Boeing") and the Company. The FAA will ultimately determine the timing of the -7 certification and entry into service, and Boeing may continue to experience supply chain challenges, so the Company offers no assurances that current estimations and timelines will be met.

The Company expects first quarter 2024 RASM to increase in the range of 2.5 percent to 4.5 percent, year-over-year. This increase includes an approximate five point tailwind due to the negative revenue impact incurred in first quarter 2023 associated with the December 2022 operational disruption. Sequentially, the performance represents a healthy improvement driven primarily by network optimization, market share contributions from the Company's Global Distribution System initiative, growth in the Rapid Rewards loyalty program, and continued strength in overall demand. The network optimization is materially complete with the March 2024 schedule, at which point the Company expects a return to profitability.

The Company currently expects its first quarter 2024 CASM-X to increase in the range of 5 percent to 6 percent, year-over-year. Approximately two to three points of the increase are driven by higher 2024 market wage rate accruals for Employee workgroups with open agreements and for overall 2024 labor cost increases, including the wage rate increases and agreed-upon work rule changes associated with the recently ratified Pilot contract. The majority of the remaining increase is driven by year-over-year pressure from maintenance expenses.

Furthermore, the Company currently expects similar cost pressures throughout the year, driving 2024 CASM-X to increase approximately 5.5 percent to 7 percent, year-over-year. Specifically, the Company expects approximately four to five points of the increase to be driven by higher year-over-year labor costs, and the balance of the increase is driven primarily by higher year-over-year maintenance expenses. Progressing through the year, the Company's focus will be on regaining efficiencies to counter inflationary cost pressures. To this end, the Company plans to end the year with headcount in the range of flat to down on a year-over-year basis.

The Company's 2024 plan leverages a set of initiatives, which most importantly, includes better aligning the route network to new demand patterns. The Company expects these initiatives to contribute roughly \$1.5 billion in incremental year-over-year pre-tax profits. As a result, the Company expects double-digit year-over-year operating revenue growth and year-over-year operating margin expansion. The Company believes its 2024 plan provides a line of sight to improve profitability year-over-year, earn its cost of capital this year, and provide significant progress toward its long-term goal to exceed its cost of capital.

Company Overview

The Company ended 2023 with 817 Boeing 737 aircraft, including 223 Boeing 737-8 ("-8") aircraft. During 2023, the Company retired 39 -700 aircraft and took delivery of 86 -8 aircraft. On October 25, 2023, the Company secured an order book with Boeing that is expected to help modernize the Company's fleet with less carbon-intensive aircraft and enable the Company's long-term plan for orderly and measured growth. The Company's order book with Boeing as of January 25, 2024, consists of a total of 495 MAX firm orders (307 -7 aircraft and 188 -8 aircraft) for the years 2024 through 2031 and 199 MAX options (-7s or -8s) for the years 2025 through 2031. The Company is currently planning for approximately 79 MAX aircraft deliveries in 2024, which differs from its contractual order book due to Boeing's continued supply chain challenges and the current status of the -7 certification. The Company plans to retire approximately 49 aircraft, including 45 -700s and four -800s, ending 2024 with roughly 847 aircraft in its fleet. The timing of future deliveries could be affected by any potential or prolonged delays in the manufacturing process or with the -7 certification. The Company retains significant flexibility to manage its fleet size, including opportunities to accelerate fleet modernization efforts if growth opportunities do not materialize.

The Company has published its flight schedule through October 2, 2024. The Company continues to focus on operational excellence and reliability, regaining efficiencies, increasing productivity, and returning margins back to historical levels.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company added approximately 8,100 Employees, net of attrition. The Company's number of active full-time equivalent Employees increased by 12.2 percent from December 31, 2022 to December 31, 2023, primarily to support the Company's restoration of its flight schedule after emerging from the pandemic, as well as the year-over-year growth in its fleet. The Company has made additional investments to attract

and retain talent, including raising the Company's starting hourly pay rates for certain of its workgroups, subject, in each case, to acceptance of such change by the applicable union.

During third quarter 2023, the Company announced two new benefits as part of an ongoing commitment to provide Customers with more choices, more flexibility, and more value when they fly Southwest. Customers traveling on Wanna Get Away fares now are able to make same-day standby changes and add standby listings online or on the Southwest app. Previously, only Rapid Rewards Tier Members and Customers traveling on Business Select, Anytime, and Wanna Get Away Plus fares had flexibility to list on a different flight free of charge on their day of scheduled travel. This new offering expands the same-day standby benefit to all Southwest Customers. The Company also began offering free Inflight Internet for Customers who purchase a Business Select fare.

During October 2023, the Company announced enhancements to its Rapid Rewards loyalty program to reward loyal Members by making it easier for Customers to earn tier status, awarding A-List Preferred Members with up to two complimentary premium drinks, and, starting in spring of 2024, allowing Customers to pay for flights by using a combination of cash and Rapid Rewards points, starting with as few as 1,000 points.

The Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") reinstated and declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.18 per share on December 6, 2022, which was paid in first quarter 2023, and has continued to pay quarterly dividends through 2023. The Company previously suspended the payment of dividends in second quarter 2020 through September 30, 2022, pursuant to payroll funding support agreements with the U.S. Department of the Treasury ("Treasury"). The Company's current quarterly dividend of \$0.18 per share, or \$0.72 per share annualized, is equivalent to its quarterly dividend prior to the pandemic. During 2023, the Company returned \$429 million to Shareholders in dividend payments.

On November 2, 2023, the Company announced an offtake agreement with USA BioEnergy, LLC, for up to 680 million gallons of neat sustainable aviation fuel ("SAF"). The Company plans to begin purchasing SAF from USA BioEnergy's facility near Bon Wier, Texas, as early as 2028. Additionally, as part of the offtake agreement, the Company and USA BioEnergy have established a long-term strategic relationship offering the Company the opportunity to purchase up to another projected 180 million gallons of SAF per year from future planned production facilities.

As part of its commitment to corporate sustainability, the Company published its 2022 One Report describing the Company's sustainability strategies on May 3, 2023, which include the Company's fuel conservation and emissions mitigation initiatives and other efforts to minimize greenhouse gas emissions and address other environmental matters such as energy and water conservation, waste minimization, and recycling. The Company also published its Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion ("DEI") Report on May 3, 2023. A companion piece to the One Report, the DEI Report takes a deeper dive into the Company's DEI goals and initiatives and highlights the Company's DEI plans for the future. Information contained in the Southwest One Report and/or the DEI Report is not incorporated by reference into, and does not constitute a part of, this Form 10-K. While the Company believes that the disclosures contained in the Southwest One Report, the DEI Report, and other voluntary disclosures regarding environmental, social, and governance ("ESG") matters are responsive to various areas of investor interest, the Company believes that certain of these disclosures do not currently address matters that are material in the near term to the Company's operations, strategy, financial condition, or financial results, although this view may change in the future based on new information that could materially alter the estimates, assumptions, or timelines used to create these disclosures. Given the estimates, assumptions, and timelines used to create the Southwest One Report, the DEI Report, and other voluntary disclosures, the materiality of these disclosures is inherently difficult to assess.

2023 Compared with 2022

Operating Revenues

Passenger revenues for 2023 increased by \$2.2 billion, or 10.4 percent, compared with 2022. On a unit basis, Passenger revenues decreased 3.7 percent, year-over-year. The dollar increase was primarily due to a 14.7 percent increase in capacity, combined with healthy leisure demand and continued yield strength for 2023 versus 2022. For 2023, the year-over-year Passenger revenue yield per ASM decrease was primarily driven by a 3.4 point decrease in Load factor as the capacity growth of 14.7 percent outpaced the growth in Revenue passenger miles of 10.0 percent.

Other revenues for 2023 increased by \$50 million, or 2.2 percent, compared with 2022. On a dollar basis, the increase was primarily due to additional marketing revenue from Chase Bank USA, N.A., driven by improved retail spend on the Company's co-brand credit cards.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for 2023 increased by \$3.1 billion, or 13.5 percent, compared with 2022, and capacity increased 14.7 percent over the same prior year period. Approximately 60 percent of the operating expenses increase was due to higher Salaries, wages, and benefits expense (inclusive of accruals related to anticipated pay raises associated with open collective bargaining agreements) and approximately 10 percent was due to higher Maintenance, materials, and repairs expense. Historically, except for changes in the price of fuel, changes in Operating expenses for airlines have been largely driven by changes in capacity, or ASMs. The following table presents the Company's Operating expenses per ASM for 2023 and 2022, followed by explanations of these changes on a dollar basis. Unless otherwise specified, changes on a per ASM basis were driven by changes in capacity, which increased with the improvement in travel demand and the Company's focus on restoring its network, causing the Company's fixed costs to be spread over significantly more ASMs.

(in cents, except for percentages)	Year ended December 31,		Per ASM change	Percent change
	2023	2022		
Salaries, wages, and benefits	6.55 ¢	6.31 ¢	0.24 ¢	3.8 %
Fuel and oil	3.65	4.03	(0.38)	(9.4)
Maintenance materials and repairs	0.70	0.58	0.12	20.7
Landing fees and airport rentals	1.05	1.02	0.03	2.9
Depreciation and amortization	0.89	0.91	(0.02)	(2.2)
Other operating expenses	2.35	2.51	(0.16)	(6.4)
Total	15.19 ¢	15.36 ¢	(0.17)¢	(1.1)%

Operating expenses per ASM for 2023 decreased by 1.1 percent, compared with 2022. The majority of the year-over-year unit cost decrease was driven by a decrease in the Company's fuel cost per gallon, partially offset by higher salaries, wages, and benefits expense. Operating expenses per ASM for 2023, excluding Fuel and oil expense, profitsharing, and special items (a non-GAAP financial measure), decreased 1.2 percent, year-over-year. See Note Regarding Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures and the Reconciliation of Reported Amounts to Non-GAAP Financial Measures for additional detail regarding non-GAAP financial measures.

Salaries, wages, and benefits expense for 2023 increased by \$1.8 billion, or 18.9 percent, compared with 2022. On a per ASM basis, Salaries, wages, and benefits expense for 2023 increased 3.8 percent, compared with 2022. On a dollar basis, approximately 45 percent of the increase was due to step/pay rate increases for certain workgroups, including market wage rate accruals for open collective bargaining agreements (inclusive of \$180 million and \$354 million on a GAAP basis in additional compensation related to past services negotiated as part of the tentative agreements reached with the Transport Workers Union 556 ("TWU 556") and SWAPA, respectively) and approximately 20 percent of the increase was driven by an increase in capacity and trips flown. See Note Regarding Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures and the Reconciliation of Reported Amounts to Non-GAAP Financial Measures for additional detail regarding non-GAAP measures.

The following table sets forth the Company's unionized Employee groups with contracts that are currently in negotiations on collective-bargaining agreements:

Employee Group	Approximate Number of Full-time Equivalent Employees	Representatives	Amendable Date
Southwest Flight Attendants	19,883	TWU 556	November 2018
Southwest Ramp, Operations, Provisioning, Freight Agents	17,892	Transport Workers Union Local 555 ("TWU 555")	February 2021
Southwest Flight Simulator Technicians	54	International Brotherhood of Teamsters ("IBT")	May 2024

On January 31, 2023, the Company's 50 Facilities Maintenance Technicians, represented by the Aircraft Mechanics Fraternal Association ("AMFA"), ratified a new four-year collective bargaining agreement with the Company. The newly ratified agreement becomes amendable in November 2027.

On February 4, 2023, the Company's more than 470 Dispatchers, represented by the Transportation Workers of America, AFL-CIO, Local 550 ("TWU 550"), ratified a new four-year collective bargaining agreement with the Company. The newly ratified agreement becomes amendable in June 2027.

On April 30, 2023, the Company's 12 Meteorologists, represented by TWU 550, ratified a new five-year collective bargaining agreement with the Company. The newly ratified agreement becomes amendable in May 2028.

On July 27, 2023, the Company's 2,865 Mechanics & Related Employees, represented by AMFA, voted to ratify a four-year contract extension with the Company. The newly ratified agreement becomes amendable in August 2027.

On August 15, 2023, the Company reached a tentative collective-bargaining agreement with TWU 555, which represents the Company's nearly 18,000 Ramp, Operations, Provisioning, and Freight Agents. However, during September 2023, TWU 555 membership voted not to ratify the agreement. The Company will continue to engage in discussions on a new agreement with TWU 555.

On October 6, 2023, the Company's more than 480 Material Specialists, represented by IBT, voted to ratify a three-year contract extension with the Company. The newly ratified agreement becomes amendable in October 2026.

On October 25, 2023, the Company reached a tentative collective-bargaining agreement with TWU 556, which represents the Company's nearly 20,000 Flight Attendants. However, during December 2023, TWU 556 membership voted not to ratify the agreement. The Company will continue to engage in discussions on a new agreement with TWU 556.

On January 22, 2024, the Company's nearly 11,000 Pilots, represented by SWAPA, voted to ratify a five-year contract extension with the Company. The newly ratified agreement becomes amendable in January 2029.

Fuel and oil expense for 2023 increased by \$242 million, or 4.1 percent, compared with 2022. On a per ASM basis, Fuel and oil expense for 2023 decreased 9.4 percent. On a dollar basis, the increase was primarily attributable to an increase in fuel gallons consumed, partially offset by a decrease in jet fuel prices per gallon. On a per ASM basis, the decrease was primarily due to lower jet fuel prices. The following table provides more information on the Company's economic fuel cost per gallon, including the impact of fuel hedging premium expense and fuel derivative contracts:

	Year ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Economic fuel costs per gallon	\$ 2.89	\$ 3.07
Fuel hedging premium expense (in millions)	\$ 121	\$ 78
Fuel hedging premium expense per gallon	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.04
Fuel hedging cash settlement gains per gallon	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.49

See Note Regarding Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures and the Reconciliation of Reported Amounts to Non-GAAP Financial Measures for additional detail regarding non-GAAP financial measures.

The Company's 2023 available seat miles per gallon ("fuel efficiency") improved 2.8 percent, year-over-year, due to lower load factors and more -8 aircraft, the Company's most fuel-efficient aircraft, as a percentage of its fleet. The continued deliveries of MAX aircraft are expected to remain critical to the Company's efforts to modernize its fleet, reduce carbon emissions intensity, and achieve its near-term environmental sustainability goals.

In addition, the Company is providing its maximum percentage of estimated fuel consumption covered by fuel derivative contracts in the following table:

Period	Maximum fuel hedged percentage (a)(b)
2024	57%
2025	46%
2026	18%

(a) Based on the Company's current available seat mile plans. The Company is currently 60 percent hedged in first quarter 2024, 55 percent hedged in second quarter 2024, and 56 percent hedged in second half 2024.

(b) The Company's maximum fuel hedged percentage is calculated using the maximum number of gallons that are covered by derivative contracts divided by the Company's estimate of total fuel gallons to be consumed for each respective period. The Company's maximum number of gallons that are covered by derivative contracts may be at different strike prices and at strike prices materially higher than the current market prices. The volume of gallons covered by derivative contracts that ultimately get exercised in any given period may vary significantly from the volumes used to calculate the Company's maximum fuel hedged percentages, as market prices and the Company's fuel consumption fluctuate.

As a result of applying hedge accounting in prior periods, the Company has amounts in Accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI") that will be recognized in earnings in future periods when the underlying fuel derivative contracts settle. The following table displays the Company's estimated fair value of remaining fuel derivative contracts (not considering the impact of the cash collateral provided to or received from counterparties - see Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information), as well as the deferred amounts in AOCI as of December 31, 2023, and the expected future periods in which these items are expected to settle and/or be recognized in earnings (in millions):

Year	Fair value of fuel derivative contracts at December 31, 2023	Amount of gains deferred in AOCI at December 31, 2023 (net of tax)
2024	\$ 86	\$ 55
2025	91	43
2026	46	4
Total	\$ 223	\$ 102

The Company's multi-year fuel hedging program continues to provide protection against spikes in energy prices. The Company's current fuel derivative contracts contain a combination of instruments based in West Texas Intermediate and Brent crude oil. The economic fuel price per gallon sensitivities provided in the table below assume the relationship between Brent crude oil and refined products based on market prices as of January 17, 2024.

Average Brent Crude Oil price per barrel	Estimated economic fuel price per gallon, including taxes and fuel hedging premiums (b)	
	First Quarter 2024	Full Year 2024
\$60	\$2.15 to \$2.25	\$2.10 to \$2.20
\$70	\$2.50 to \$2.60	\$2.40 to \$2.50
Current market (a)	\$2.70 to \$2.80	\$2.55 to \$2.65
\$80	\$2.80 to \$2.90	\$2.70 to \$2.80
\$90	\$3.10 to \$3.20	\$3.00 to \$3.10
\$100	\$3.35 to \$3.45	\$3.25 to \$3.35
Fair market value of fuel derivative contracts settling in period	\$12 million	\$86 million
Estimated premium costs	\$39 million	\$158 million

(a) Brent crude oil average market prices as of January 17, 2024, were approximately \$77 and \$76 per barrel for first quarter 2024 and full year 2024, respectively.

(b) Based on the Company's existing fuel derivative contracts and market prices as of January 17, 2024, first quarter and full year 2024 economic fuel costs per gallon are estimated to be in the range of \$2.70 to \$2.80 and \$2.55 to \$2.65, respectively. Economic fuel cost projections do not reflect the potential impact of special items because the Company cannot reliably predict or estimate the hedge accounting impact associated with the volatility of the energy markets, or the impact to its financial statements in future periods. Accordingly, the Company believes a reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures to the equivalent GAAP financial measures for projected results is not meaningful or available without unreasonable effort. See Note Regarding Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures.

Maintenance materials and repairs expense for 2023 increased by \$336 million, or 39.4 percent, compared with 2022. On a per ASM basis, Maintenance materials and repairs expense increased 20.7 percent, compared with 2022. On a dollar and per ASM basis, approximately 70 percent of the increase was due to an increase in engine shop visits and the remainder of the increase was due to various other engine repairs. The number of engines inducted for planned performance restoration shop visits for the Company's -700 fleet increased as a result of utilization. Planned shop visits for the -800 fleet increased as the -800 aircraft emerged from their maintenance "honeymoon" period during which the engines have required significantly lower levels of maintenance while in the early phases of their useful lives.

Landing fees and airport rentals expense for 2023 increased by \$281 million, or 18.6 percent, compared with 2022. On a per ASM basis, Landing fees and airport rentals expense increased 2.9 percent, compared with 2022. On a dollar basis, approximately 45 percent of the increase was largely due to higher airport rental expense throughout the network, associated with both higher rates and additional space leased at airports, and approximately 40 percent of the increase was attributable to higher landing fees, primarily driven both by the increase in trips flown and higher rates charged by airports.

Depreciation and amortization expense for 2023 increased by \$171 million, or 12.7 percent, compared with 2022. On a per ASM basis, Depreciation and amortization expense decreased by 2.2 percent, compared with 2022. On a dollar basis, approximately 65 percent of the increase was primarily due to the acquisition of 86 -8 aircraft since 2022. The majority of the remainder was due to accelerating the depreciation for certain -700 aircraft planned for early retirement in 2023 and 2024.

Other operating expenses for 2023 increased by \$264 million, or 7.1 percent, compared with 2022. Included within this line item was aircraft rentals expenses in the amount of \$198 million and \$195 million for 2023 and 2022, respectively. On a per ASM basis, Other operating expenses decreased 6.4 percent, compared with 2022. On a dollar basis, the increase was due to (i) higher professional fees, driven by an increase in technology projects, (ii) higher personnel expenses, driven by an increase in Crew lodging expenses associated with the increase in capacity and inflationary pressure, and (iii) an increase driven by recording the \$107 million DOT settlement in December

2023. The majority of the remaining increase was due to various flight-driven expenses. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in costs associated with the Company's December 2022 Operational Disruption, the majority of which were accrued in 2022.

Other expenses (income)

Interest expense for 2023 decreased by \$81 million, or 23.8 percent, compared with 2022, primarily due to various debt repurchases in 2022.

Capitalized interest for 2023 decreased by \$16 million, or 41.0 percent, compared with 2022, primarily due to a significant amount of assets being placed into service, most notably 86 -8 aircraft being delivered since 2022.

Interest income for 2023 increased by \$366 million, compared with 2022, primarily due to higher interest rates earned on the Company's cash and short-term investments.

Loss on extinguishment of debt for 2023 decreased by \$193 million, compared with 2022, primarily due to the partial extinguishment of the Company's Convertible Notes in 2022, compared with none in 2023.

Other (gains) losses, net, primarily includes amounts recorded as a result of the Company's deferred compensation and hedging activities. See Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information on the Company's hedging activities. The following table displays the components of Other (gains) losses, net, for 2023 and 2022:

(in millions)	Year ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Mark-to-market impact from fuel contracts settling in current and future periods	\$ (17)	\$ (41)
Premium cost of fuel contracts not designated as hedges	—	(28)
Unrealized mark-to-market adjustment on available for sale securities	(4)	4
Mark-to-market impact on deferred compensation plan investment	(39)	74
Other	(2)	3
	\$ (62)	\$ 12

Income Taxes

The Company's annual 2023 effective tax rate was 26.5 percent, compared with 25.9 percent in 2022. The year-over-year increase in the tax rate is primarily due to the DOT settlement, which is treated as a disallowed tax deduction in 2023, and higher state taxes. The rate increases were partially offset by the absence of repurchases of the Convertible Notes which resulted in disallowed tax deductions and a higher tax rate in 2022.

2022 Compared with 2021

The Company's comparison of 2022 results to 2021 results is included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, under Part II Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Reconciliation of Reported Amounts to Non-GAAP Financial Measures (excluding special items) (unaudited) (in millions, except per share amounts and per ASM amounts)

	Year ended December 31,		Percent Change
	2023	2022	
Fuel and oil expense, unhedged	\$ 6,346	\$ 6,780	
Add: Premium cost of fuel contracts designated as hedges	121	105	
Deduct: Fuel hedge gains included in Fuel and oil expense, net	(250)	(910)	
Fuel and oil expense, as reported	\$ 6,217	\$ 5,975	
Deduct: Fuel hedge contracts settling in the current period, but for which gains were reclassified from AOCI (c)	(16)	(40)	
Deduct: Premium benefit of fuel contracts not designated as hedges	—	(28)	
Fuel and oil expense, excluding special items (economic)	<u>\$ 6,201</u>	<u>\$ 5,907</u>	5.0 %
Total operating expenses, as reported	\$ 25,867	\$ 22,797	
Deduct: TWU 556 Labor contract adjustment (a)	(180)	—	
Deduct: SWAPA Labor contract adjustment (b)	(354)	—	
Deduct: Fuel hedge contracts settling in the current period, but for which gains were reclassified from AOCI (c)	(16)	(40)	
Deduct: Premium benefit of fuel contracts not designated as hedges	—	(28)	
Deduct: Impairment of long-lived assets	—	(35)	
Deduct: DOT settlement	(107)	—	
Deduct: Litigation settlement	(12)	—	
Total operating expenses, excluding special items	\$ 25,198	\$ 22,694	11.0 %
Deduct: Fuel and oil expense, excluding special items (economic)	(6,201)	(5,907)	
Operating expenses, excluding Fuel and oil expense and special items	\$ 18,997	\$ 16,787	13.2 %
Deduct: Profitsharing expense	(110)	(127)	
Operating expenses, excluding Fuel and oil expense, special items, and profitsharing	<u>\$ 18,887</u>	<u>\$ 16,660</u>	13.4 %
Operating income, as reported	\$ 224	\$ 1,017	
Add: TWU 556 contract adjustment (a)	180	—	
Add: SWAPA contract adjustment (b)	354	—	
Add: Fuel hedge contracts settling in the current period, but for which gains were reclassified from AOCI (c)	16	40	
Add: Premium benefit of fuel contracts not designated as hedges	—	28	
Add: Impairment of long-lived assets	—	35	
Add: DOT settlement	107	—	
Add: Litigation settlement	12	—	
Operating income, excluding special items	<u>\$ 893</u>	<u>\$ 1,120</u>	(20.3)%
Other (gains) losses, net, as reported	\$ (62)	\$ 12	
Add: Mark-to-market impact from fuel contracts settling in current periods (c)	17	41	
Add: Premium benefit of fuel contracts not designated as hedges	—	28	
Add (Deduct): Unrealized mark-to-market adjustment on available for sale securities	4	(4)	
Other (gains) losses, net, excluding special items	<u>\$ (41)</u>	<u>\$ 77</u>	n.m.
Income before income taxes, as reported	\$ 633	\$ 728	
Add: TWU 556 contract adjustment (a)	180	—	
Add: SWAPA contract adjustment (b)	354	—	
Add: Fuel hedge contracts settling in the current period, but for which gains were reclassified from AOCI (c)	16	40	
Deduct: Mark-to-market impact from fuel contracts settling in current periods (c)	(17)	(41)	
Add: Impairment of long-lived assets	—	35	
Add (Deduct): Unrealized mark-to-market adjustment on available for sale securities	(4)	4	
Add: Loss on extinguishment of debt	—	193	
Add: DOT settlement	107	—	
Add: Litigation settlement	12	—	
Income before income taxes, excluding special items	<u>\$ 1,281</u>	<u>\$ 959</u>	33.6 %

Provision for income taxes, as reported	\$	168	\$	189	
Add: Net income tax impact of fuel and special items (d)		133		47	
Provision for income taxes, net, excluding special items	\$	301	\$	236	27.5 %
Net income, as reported	\$	465	\$	539	
Add: TWU 556 contract adjustment (a)		180		—	
Add: SWAPA contract adjustment (b)		354		—	
Add: Fuel hedge contracts settling in the current period, but for which gains were reclassified from AOCI (c)		16		40	
Deduct: Mark-to-market impact from fuel contracts settling in current periods (c)		(17)		(41)	
Add: Impairment of long-lived assets		—		35	
Add: Loss on extinguishment of debt		—		193	
Add (Deduct): Unrealized mark-to-market adjustment on available for sale securities		(4)		4	
Add: DOT settlement		107		—	
Add: Litigation settlement		12		—	
Deduct: Net income tax impact of special items (d)		(133)		(47)	
Net income, excluding special items	\$	980	\$	723	35.5 %
Net income per share, diluted, as reported	\$	0.76	\$	0.87	
Add: Impact of special items		1.01		0.36	
Add (Deduct): Net income tax impact of special items (d)		(0.21)		(0.07)	
Net income per share, diluted, excluding special items	\$	1.56	\$	1.16	34.5 %
Operating expenses per ASM (cents)		15.19 ¢		15.36 ¢	
Deduct: Impact of special items		(7.82)		(0.03)	
Add (Deduct): Fuel and oil expense divided by ASMs		3.65		(4.03)	
Add (Deduct): Profitsharing expense divided by ASMs		0.07		(0.08)	
Operating expenses per ASM, excluding Fuel and oil expense, profitsharing, and special items (cents)		11.09 ¢		11.22 ¢	(1.2)%

(a) Represents changes in estimate related to the contract ratification bonus for the Company's Flight Attendants as part of the tentative agreement reached in October 2023 with TWU 556. The Company began accruing for all of its open labor contracts on April 1, 2022, and this incremental \$180 million expense extends the timeframe covered by the ratification bonus to the date the Flight Attendant contract became amendable on November 1, 2018, to compensate for missed wage increases over that time period. The Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 include market rate wage accrual for all workgroups with open collective bargaining agreements. See the Note Regarding Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures for further information.

(b) Represents changes in estimate related to the contract ratification bonus for the Company's Pilots as part of the tentative agreement reached in December 2023 with SWAPA. The Company began accruing for all of its open labor contracts on April 1, 2022, and this incremental \$354 million expense represents an increase in retroactive pay associated with wage rates for purposes of calculating the ratification bonus agreed to for Pilots for periods prior to 2023. See the Note Regarding Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures for further information.

(c) See Note 11 to Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

(d) Tax amounts for each individual special item are calculated at the Company's effective rate for the applicable period and totaled in this line item.

Non-GAAP Return on Invested Capital (ROIC) (in millions) (unaudited)

	Year Ended December 31, 2023
Operating income, as reported	\$ 224
TWU 556 contract adjustment	180
SWAPA contract adjustment	354
Net impact from fuel contracts	16
DOT settlement	107
Litigation settlement	12
Operating income, non-GAAP	893
Net adjustment for aircraft leases (a)	128
Adjusted operating income, non-GAAP (A)	\$ 1,021
Non-GAAP tax rate (B)	23.5 % (d)
Net operating profit after-tax (A* (1-B) = C)	\$ 781
Debt, including finance leases (b)	\$ 8,033
Equity (b)	10,669
Net present value of aircraft operating leases (b)	1,029
Average invested capital	\$ 19,731
Equity adjustment (c)	(168)
Adjusted average invested capital (D)	\$ 19,563
Non-GAAP ROIC, pre-tax (A/D)	5.2 %
Non-GAAP ROIC, after-tax (C/D)	4.0 %

(a) Net adjustment related to presumption that all aircraft in fleet are owned (i.e., the impact of eliminating aircraft rent expense and replacing with estimated depreciation expense for those same aircraft). The Company makes this adjustment to enhance comparability to other entities that have different capital structures by utilizing alternative financing decisions.

(b) Calculated as an average of the five most recent quarter end balances or remaining obligations. The Net present value of aircraft operating leases represents the assumption that all aircraft in the Company's fleet are owned, as it reflects the remaining contractual commitments discounted at the Company's estimated incremental borrowing rate as of the time each individual lease was signed.

(c) The Equity adjustment in the denominator adjusts for the cumulative impacts, in Accumulated other comprehensive income and Retained earnings, of gains and/or losses that will settle in future periods, including those associated with the Company's fuel hedges. The current period impact of these gains and/or losses is reflected in the Net impact from fuel contracts in the numerator.

(d) The GAAP full year tax rate as of December 31, 2023, was 26.5 percent, and the full year Non-GAAP tax rate was 23.5 percent. See Note Regarding Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures for additional information.

Note Regarding Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The Company's Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP. These GAAP financial statements may include (i) unrealized noncash adjustments and reclassifications, which can be significant, as a result of accounting requirements and elections made under accounting pronouncements relating to derivative instruments and hedging and (ii) other charges and benefits the Company believes are unusual and/or infrequent in nature and thus may make comparisons to its prior or future performance difficult.

As a result, the Company also provides financial information in this filing that was not prepared in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to the information prepared in accordance with GAAP. The Company provides supplemental non-GAAP financial information (also referred to as "excluding special items"), including results that it refers to as "economic," which the Company's management utilizes to evaluate its ongoing financial performance and the Company believes provides additional insight to investors as supplemental information to its GAAP results. The non-GAAP measures provided that relate to the Company's performance on an economic fuel cost basis include Fuel and oil expense, non-GAAP; Total operating expenses, non-GAAP; Operating expenses, non-GAAP excluding Fuel and oil expense; Operating expenses, non-GAAP excluding Fuel and oil expense and profitsharing; Operating income, non-GAAP; Other (gains) losses, net, non-GAAP; Income before income taxes, non-GAAP; Provision for income taxes, net, non-GAAP; Net income, non-GAAP; Net income per share, diluted, non-GAAP; and Operating expenses per ASM, non-GAAP, excluding Fuel and oil expense and profitsharing (cents). The Company's economic Fuel and oil expense results differ from GAAP results in that they only include the actual cash settlements from fuel hedge contracts - all reflected within Fuel and oil expense in the period of settlement. Thus, Fuel and oil expense on an economic basis has historically been utilized by the Company, as well as some of the other airlines that utilize fuel hedging, as it reflects the Company's actual net cash outlays for fuel during the applicable period, inclusive of settled fuel derivative contracts. Any net premium costs paid related to option contracts that are designated as hedges are reflected as a component of Fuel and oil expense, for both GAAP and non-GAAP (including economic) purposes in the period of contract settlement. The Company believes these economic results provide further insight into the impact of the Company's fuel hedges on its operating performance and liquidity since they exclude the unrealized, noncash adjustments and reclassifications that are recorded in GAAP results in accordance with accounting guidance relating to derivative instruments, and they reflect all cash settlements related to fuel derivative contracts within Fuel and oil expense. This enables the Company's management, as well as investors and analysts, to consistently assess the Company's operating performance on a year-over-year or quarter-over-quarter basis after considering all efforts in place to manage fuel expense. However, because these measures are not determined in accordance with GAAP, such measures are susceptible to varying calculations, and not all companies calculate the measures in the same manner. As a result, the aforementioned measures, as presented, may not be directly comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies.

Further information on (i) the Company's fuel hedging program, (ii) the requirements of accounting for derivative instruments, and (iii) the causes of hedge ineffectiveness and/or mark-to-market gains or losses from derivative instruments is included in Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Company's GAAP results in the applicable periods may include other charges or benefits that are also deemed "special items," that the Company believes make its results difficult to compare to prior periods, anticipated future periods, or industry trends. Financial measures identified as non-GAAP (or as excluding special items) have been adjusted to exclude special items. For the periods presented, in addition to the items discussed above, special items include:

1. Incremental expense associated with the recently ratified Pilot contract and ongoing labor contract negotiations with TWU 556 which represents the Company's Flight Attendants. The change in estimate recognized in 2023 relates to additional compensation for services performed by Employees outside of the applicable fiscal period;
2. Noncash impairment charges, primarily associated with adjustments to the salvage values for previously retired airframes;

3. A charge associated with a settlement reached with the DOT as a result of the Company's December 2022 operational disruption;
4. A charge associated with a tentative litigation settlement regarding certain California state meal-and-rest-break regulations for flight attendants;
5. Unrealized mark-to-market adjustment associated with certain available for sale securities; and
6. Losses associated with the partial extinguishment of the Company's Convertible Notes and early prepayment of debt. Such losses are incurred as a result of opportunistic decisions made by the Company to prepay portions of its debt, most of which was incurred during the pandemic in order to provide liquidity during the prolonged downturn in air travel.

Because management believes special items can distort the trends associated with the Company's ongoing performance as an airline, the Company believes that evaluation of its financial performance can be enhanced by a supplemental presentation of results that exclude the impact of special items in order to enhance consistency and comparativeness with results in prior periods that do not include such items and as a basis for evaluating operating results in future periods. The following measures are often provided, excluding special items, and utilized by the Company's management, analysts, and investors to enhance comparability of year-over-year results, as well as to industry trends: Fuel and oil expense, non-GAAP; Total operating expenses, non-GAAP; Operating expenses, non-GAAP excluding Fuel and oil expense; Operating expenses, non-GAAP excluding Fuel and oil expense and profitsharing; Operating income, non-GAAP; Other (gains) losses, net, non-GAAP; Income before income taxes, non-GAAP; Provision for income taxes, net, non-GAAP; Net income, non-GAAP; Net income per share, diluted, non-GAAP; and Operating expenses per ASM, non-GAAP, excluding Fuel and oil expense and profitsharing (cents).

The Company has also provided its calculation of return on invested capital, which is a measure of financial performance used by management to evaluate its investment returns on capital. Return on invested capital is not a substitute for financial results as reported in accordance with GAAP and should not be utilized in place of such GAAP results. Although return on invested capital is not a measure defined by GAAP, it is calculated by the Company, in part, using non-GAAP financial measures. Those non-GAAP financial measures are utilized for the same reasons as those noted above for Net income, non-GAAP and Operating income, non-GAAP. The comparable GAAP measures include charges or benefits that are deemed "special items" that the Company believes make its results difficult to compare to prior periods, anticipated future periods, or industry trends, and the Company's profitability targets and estimates, both internally and externally, are based on non-GAAP results since "special items" cannot be reliably predicted or estimated. The Company believes non-GAAP return on invested capital is a meaningful measure because it quantifies the Company's effectiveness in generating returns relative to the capital it has invested in its business. Although return on invested capital is commonly used as a measure of capital efficiency, definitions of return on invested capital differ; therefore, the Company is providing an explanation of its calculation for non-GAAP return on invested capital in the accompanying reconciliation in order to allow investors to compare and contrast its calculation to the calculations provided by other companies.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The enormous impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the U.S. travel industry created an urgent liquidity crisis for the entire airline industry, including the Company. However, due to the Company's pre-pandemic low balance sheet leverage, large base of unencumbered assets, and investment-grade credit ratings, the Company was able to quickly access additional liquidity during 2020, as Customer cancellations and ticket refunds spiked and sales and revenues dropped while the Company continued to experience significant fixed operating expenses. See Note 2 and Note 7 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information regarding the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the transactions completed and financial assistance obtained from Treasury under payroll support programs.

Net cash provided by operating activities for 2023 was \$3.2 billion, and net cash provided by operating activities for 2022 was \$3.8 billion. Operating cash inflows are historically primarily derived from providing air transportation to Customers. The vast majority of tickets are purchased prior to the day on which travel is provided and, in some cases, several months before the anticipated travel date. Operating cash outflows are related to the recurring expenses of airline operations. The operating cash flows for 2023 were largely impacted by the Company's net income (as adjusted for noncash items), a \$29 million increase in Air traffic liability driven by higher ticket sales related to an increase in travel demand, partially offset by a \$273 million decrease related to the purchase of fuel derivative instruments, which is included within Other, net operating cash flows in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (see Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information), and a \$215 million decrease due to the payment of Customer reimbursement expenses in first quarter 2023 related to the December 2022 operational disruption. Operating cash flows for 2022 included a \$525 million increase in Air traffic liability driven by increased ticket sales related to an increase in leisure travel demand, a \$472 million cash tax refund associated with the 2020 tax year, and a \$139 million cash excise tax refund, partially offset by an \$81 million decrease related to the purchase of fuel derivative instruments. Net cash provided by operating activities is primarily used to finance capital expenditures, repay debt, and provide working capital. Historically, the Company has also used Net cash provided by operating activities to fund stock repurchases and pay dividends. The Board reinstated and declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.18 per share on December 6, 2022, and has continued to pay quarterly dividends through 2023. The Company has suspended share repurchase activity until further notice.

Net cash used in investing activities for 2023 was \$2.9 billion, and net cash used in investing activities for 2022 was \$3.7 billion. Investing activities in both years included Capital expenditures and changes in the balance of the Company's short-term and noncurrent investments. Capital expenditures were \$3.5 billion for 2023, compared with \$3.9 billion in the same prior year period, and decreased largely due to a decrease in progress and delivery payments made for current period and future aircraft deliveries during 2023. Capital expenditures during 2023 also included approximately \$79 million associated with the Company's purchase of finance leased aircraft, compared to approximately \$174 million associated with finance leased aircraft purchased during 2022. See Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

The Company estimates its 2024 capital spending to be in the range of \$3.5 billion to \$4.0 billion, which includes approximately \$2.2 billion in aircraft capital spending, assuming approximately 79 MAX aircraft deliveries in 2024, and \$1.6 billion in non-aircraft capital spending. Including both capital spending and operating expense budgets, the Company currently expects to spend approximately \$1.7 billion in 2024 on technology investments, upgrades, and system maintenance. The Company currently estimates its average annual capital spending to be approximately \$4 billion through 2027 and will continue to evaluate this level of capital spending based on the Company's performance compared with its long-term financial goals.

Net cash used in financing activities for 2023 was \$436 million, and net cash used in financing activities for 2022 was \$3.0 billion. The Company paid \$428 million in cash dividends to Shareholders and repaid \$85 million in finance lease obligations during the year ended December 31, 2023. The Company may engage in early debt repurchases from time to time at its discretion; however, any early future repurchases are not included in the Company's current maturities of long-term debt. During 2022, the Company's financing activities included repaying \$3.1 billion in debt and finance lease obligations, including the prepayment of \$1.3 billion for all of its outstanding 4.75% Notes due 2023, and the extinguishment of \$486 million in principal of its Convertible Notes for cash

payments totaling \$648 million. See Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information on the Company's purchase of finance leased aircraft, which resulted in the elimination of the Company's remaining financial lease obligations for these aircraft of \$191 million and \$53 million in 2022 and 2023, respectively.

A discussion of the Company's most significant drivers impacting cash flow for 2021 are included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, under Part II Item 7, Liquidity and Capital Resources.

The Company is a "well-known seasoned issuer" and currently has an effective shelf registration statement registering an indeterminate amount of debt and equity securities for future sales. The Company currently intends to use the proceeds from any future securities sales off this shelf registration statement for general corporate purposes.

The Company has access to \$1.0 billion under its amended and restated revolving credit facility (the "Amended Credit Agreement"). In August 2023, this facility was amended to, among other things, (i) extend the expiration date to August 2028, (ii) release all aircraft and other assets constituting collateral securing loans under the facility, (iii) eliminate the minimum liquidity covenant, (iv) add a Coverage Ratio financial covenant, and (v) amend the covenant requiring that a pool of lien-free specified aircraft and related assets have a minimum aggregate appraised value. There were no amounts outstanding under the Amended Credit Agreement as of December 31, 2023. See Note 7 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

Although not the case at December 31, 2023 due to the Company's significant financing activities throughout the early stages of the pandemic, the Company has historically carried a working capital deficit, in which its current liabilities exceed its current assets. This is common within the airline industry and is primarily due to the nature of the Air traffic liability account, which is related to advance ticket sales, unused flight credits available to Customers, and loyalty deferred revenue, which are performance obligations for future Customer flights, do not require future settlement in cash, and are mostly nonrefundable. See Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

The Company believes it has various options available to meet its capital and operating commitments, including unrestricted cash and short-term investments of \$11.5 billion as of December 31, 2023, and anticipated future internally generated funds from operations. The Company continues to have a large base of unencumbered assets with a net book value of approximately \$17.3 billion, including \$14.5 billion in aircraft value and \$2.8 billion in non-aircraft assets such as spare engines, ground equipment, and real estate. In addition, the Company continues to maintain investment-grade credit ratings by all three major credit agencies (Moody's, S&P Global, and Fitch).

The following discussion includes various short-term and long-term material cash requirements from known contractual and other obligations, but does not include amounts that are contingent on events or other factors that are uncertain or unknown at this time. Given the Company's current liquidity position, available resources, and prevailing outlook, it expects to be able to fulfill both its short-term and long-term material cash requirements. The amounts disclosed are based on various estimates, including estimates regarding the timing of payments, prevailing interest rates, volumes purchased, the occurrence of certain events and other factors. Accordingly, the actual results may vary materially from the amounts discussed herein.

Debt

As detailed in Notes 2 and 7 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, in connection with the major negative impact of COVID-19 on air carriers, the Company received significant financial assistance from Treasury in the form of payroll support, and this assistance had a significant impact on the Company's reported GAAP financial results in 2021. Such impact ended in third quarter 2021, and the Company's 2022 and 2023 results do not reflect the benefit of this payroll support, and its future periods are not expected to benefit from such payroll support. However, future cash flows will be impacted through the portion of payroll support that was in the form of loans that remain outstanding and will have to be repaid to Treasury.

See Note 7 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further detail on the Company's debt and the timing of expected and future principal payments. The Company also has significant future obligations associated with fixed interest payments associated with its debt. As of December 31, 2023, future interest payments associated with its fixed rate debt (excluding interest associated with finance leases) were \$239 million in 2024, \$198 million in 2025, \$166 million in 2026, \$114 million in 2027, \$56 million in 2028, and \$105 million thereafter.

The Company's Convertible Notes did not meet the criteria to be converted by holders as of the date of the financial statements, and thus are classified as Long-term debt in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2023. If the provisions were met to allow holders to exercise their conversion option on these instruments, all of the remaining Convertible Notes would be reclassified as a current obligation. Also, the Company has engaged in transactions with certain convertible debt holders to purchase their instruments in private transactions from time to time in cash, and may continue to do so in future periods. The Company considers its prevailing stock price, the trading price of its convertible debt instruments, and its available liquidity in determining how much of these instruments it may attempt to repurchase in such transactions.

Leases

The Company enters into leases for aircraft, airports and other real property, and other types of equipment in the normal course of business. See Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further detail.

Aircraft purchase commitments

The Company is required to make cash deposits toward the purchase of aircraft in advance. These deposits are classified as Deposits on flight equipment purchase contracts in the Consolidated Balance Sheet until the aircraft is delivered, at which time deposits previously made are deducted from the final purchase price of aircraft and are reclassified as Flight equipment. See Part I, Item 2 for a complete table of the Company's contractual firm deliveries and options for -7 and -8 aircraft, and Note 5 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the financial commitments related to these firm deliveries.

Other

The Company's other material cash requirements primarily consist of outlays associated with normal operating expenses of the airline, including payroll, fuel, airport costs, etc. While many of these expenses are variable in nature, some of the expenditures can be somewhat fixed in the short-term due to the lead-time involved in publishing the Company's flight schedule in advance and providing for resources to be available to operate those schedules.

As a result of the Company's Pilots ratifying a new labor contract in January 2024, the Company is scheduled to pay out contract ratification bonuses to its Pilots in first quarter 2024 totaling approximately \$1.35 billion, which includes a contractual \$1.28 billion in wages and Non-elective retirement contributions, plus the applicable payroll taxes on such amounts.

The Company has a large net deferred tax liability on its Consolidated Balance Sheet. The deferral of income taxes has resulted in a significant benefit to the Company and its liquidity position. Since the Company purchases the majority of the aircraft it acquires, it has been able to utilize accelerated depreciation methods (including bonus depreciation) available under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, in 2023 and in previous years, which has enabled the Company to accelerate cash tax benefits of depreciation. Based on the Company's scheduled future aircraft deliveries from Boeing and existing tax laws in effect, the Company will continue to accelerate the cash income tax benefits related to aircraft purchases. Due to the Company's net taxable loss incurred in 2020, and a provision within the CARES Act that allowed entities to carry back such 2020 losses to prior periods of up to five years, and claim refunds of federal taxes paid, the Company received a significant cash tax refund of \$472 million associated with this taxable loss from the Internal Revenue Service during second quarter 2022. The Company has federal and state operating loss carryforwards, \$268 million and \$36 million (tax-effected), respectively, to reduce

taxable income in future periods. See Note 15 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information. The Company has paid in the past, and will continue to pay in the future, cash taxes to the various taxing jurisdictions where it operates. The Company expects to be able to continue to meet such obligations utilizing cash and investments on hand, as well as cash generated from its ongoing operations.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The Company's Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The Company's significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying footnotes. The Company's estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and changes in the business environment. However, actual results may differ from estimates under different conditions, sometimes materially. Critical accounting policies and estimates are defined as those that both (i) are most important to the portrayal of the Company's financial condition and results and (ii) require management's most subjective judgments. The Company's critical accounting policies and estimates are described below.

Revenue Recognition

Tickets sold for Passenger air travel are initially deferred as Air traffic liability. Passenger revenue is recognized and Air traffic liability is reduced when the service is provided (i.e., when the flight takes place). Air traffic liability primarily represents tickets sold for future travel dates, flight credits that are expected to be used in the future, and loyalty benefits that are expected to be redeemed in the future. Air traffic liability typically fluctuates throughout the year based on seasonal travel patterns, fare sale activity, and activity associated with the Company's loyalty program. See Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for information about the Company's revenue recognition policies.

For air travel on Southwest, the amount of tickets (which includes flight credits—also referred to as partial tickets) that will go unused, referred to as breakage, is estimated and recognized in Passenger revenue once the scheduled flight date has passed, in proportion to the pattern of rights exercised by the Customer, in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification 606, Revenue From Contracts With Customers ("ASC 606"). Estimating the amount of tickets that will ultimately go unused involves some level of subjectivity and judgment. The majority of the Company's tickets sold are nonrefundable, although flight credits created when a Customer cancels or modifies an existing flight itinerary can be applied towards the purchase of future travel. Unused flight credits are the primary source of breakage. Breakage estimates are based on historical experience over many years. Fully refundable tickets rarely go unused.

As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, for all Customer flight credits created or scheduled to expire between March 1 and September 7, 2020 associated with flight cancellations, the Company initially extended the expiration date to September 7, 2022. See Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information regarding these extended flight credits. Since the Company did not have historical data to enable it to accurately estimate the pattern of usage of these extended credits, these credits have been classified as a current liability throughout their history. Subsequently, on July 28, 2022, the Company modified its policy and announced that all unexpired flight credits as of that date, including these extended flight credits, will no longer have an expiration date and thus will be able to be redeemed by Customers indefinitely. This change in policy was considered a contract modification under ASC 606 and the Company accounted for such change prospectively in third quarter 2022. The Company's balance of existing Customer flight credits as of the modification date was approximately \$1.9 billion, including the extended flight credits that had been set to expire on September 7, 2022.

As a result of changes in observed Customer travel habits and behaviors during 2021 and 2022, the Company increased its estimates of "normal" Customer flight credits that are expected to go unused, as Customer redemptions of these "normal" credits had been at a slower rate than the Company's historical data for similar credits in periods prior to the COVID-19 pandemic. Although the Company continues to believe a portion of Customer flight credits will go unused following the Company's change in policy, including a portion of flight credits issued after July 28, 2022, the Company expects its prospective breakage rate associated with such flight credits to be at or slightly lower than historical pre-pandemic levels due to the fact that such flight credits no longer have an expiration date. Although the Company's estimated breakage rate was consistent throughout 2023, a one percentage point change in the amount of breakage, as a factor of total flight credits issued, would have resulted in a change of Passenger

revenues of approximately \$26 million. The Company also does not currently anticipate any changes to its estimated breakage rate for 2024.

Observed Customer behavior that differs from historical experience can cause actual ticket breakage to differ significantly from estimates. Assumptions about Customer behavior are reviewed frequently and corresponding adjustments are made to breakage estimates, as needed, when observed behaviors differ from historical experience. Assumptions about Customer behavior can be impacted by several factors including, but not limited to: fare increases, fare sales, changes to the Company's ticketing policies, changes to the Company's refund, exchange and unused flight credit policies, seat availability, and economic factors. The Company's estimation techniques have been consistently applied from year to year; however, as with any estimates, actual ticket breakage may vary from estimated amounts.

Fair Value Measurements and Financial Derivative Instruments

The Company utilizes unobservable (Level 3) inputs in determining the fair value of certain assets and liabilities. As of December 31, 2023, these consisted of its fuel derivative option contracts, which were an asset of \$223 million. The Company utilizes financial derivative instruments primarily to manage its risk associated with changing jet fuel prices. See "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk" for more information on these risk management activities, Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on the Company's fuel hedging program and financial derivative instruments, and Note 12 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for more information about fair value measurements.

All derivatives are required to be reflected at fair value and recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. As of December 31, 2023, the Company was a party to over 200 separate financial derivative instruments related to its fuel hedging program for future periods. Changes in the fair values of these instruments can vary dramatically based on changes in the underlying commodity prices. For example, during 2023, market "spot" prices for Brent crude oil peaked at a high average daily price of approximately \$97 per barrel and hit a low average daily price of approximately \$72 per barrel. During 2022, market spot prices ranged from a high average daily price of approximately \$128 per barrel to a low average daily price of approximately \$76 per barrel. Market price changes can be driven by factors such as supply and demand, inventory levels, weather events, refinery capacity, political agendas, the value of the U.S. dollar, geopolitical events, the extent of the COVID-19 pandemic, and general economic conditions, among other items. Historically, the financial derivative instruments utilized by the Company primarily are a combination of collars, purchased call options, call spreads, put spreads, and fixed price swap agreements.

The Company enters into financial derivative instruments with third party institutions in "over-the-counter" markets. Since the majority of the Company's financial derivative instruments are not traded on a market exchange, the Company estimates their fair values. Depending on the type of instrument, the values are determined by the use of present value methods or standard option value models with assumptions about commodity prices based on those observed in underlying markets.

The Company determines the fair value of fuel derivative option contracts utilizing an option pricing model based on inputs that are either readily available in public markets, can be derived from information available in publicly quoted markets, or are quoted by its counterparties. In situations where the Company obtains inputs via quotes from its counterparties, it verifies the reasonableness of these quotes via similar quotes from another counterparty as of each date for which financial statements are prepared. The Company has consistently applied these valuation techniques in all periods presented and believes it has obtained the most accurate information available for the types of derivative contracts it holds. Due to the fact that certain inputs used in determining the estimated fair value of its option contracts are considered unobservable (primarily implied volatility), the Company has categorized these option contracts as Level 3. Although implied volatility is not directly observable, it is derived primarily from changes in market prices, which are observable. Based on the Company's portfolio of option contracts as of December 31, 2023, a 10 percent change in implied volatility, holding all other factors constant, would have resulted in a change in the fair value of this portfolio of less than \$34 million.

Fair values for financial derivative instruments are estimated prior to the time that the financial derivative instruments settle. However, once settlement of the financial derivative instruments occurs and the hedged jet fuel is purchased and consumed, all values and prices are known and are recognized in the financial statements. Although the Company continues to use a prospective assessment to determine that commodities continue to qualify for hedge accounting in specific locations where the Company hedges, there are no assurances that these commodities will continue to qualify in the future. This is due to the fact that future price changes in these refined products may not be consistent with historical price changes. Increased volatility in these commodity markets for an extended period of time, especially if such volatility were to worsen, could cause the Company to lose hedge accounting altogether for the commodities used in its fuel hedging program. Further, should the anticipated fuel purchases covered by the Company's fuel hedges no longer be probable of occurring, the Company would discontinue hedge accounting. The loss of hedge accounting would create further volatility in the Company's GAAP financial results.

As discussed in Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, any changes in fair value of cash flow derivatives designated as hedges are offset within AOCI until the period in which the expected future cash flow impacts earnings. Any changes in the fair value of fuel derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are reflected in earnings within Other (gains) losses, net, in the period of the change. Because the Company has extensive historical experience in valuing the derivative instruments it holds, and such experience is continually evaluated against its counterparties each period when such instruments expire and are settled for cash, the Company believes it is unlikely that an independent third party would value the Company's derivative contracts at a significantly different amount than what is reflected in the Company's financial statements. In addition, the Company also has bilateral credit provisions in some of its counterparty agreements, which provide for parties (or the Company) to provide cash collateral when the fair value of fuel derivatives with a single party exceeds certain threshold levels. Since this cash collateral is based on the estimated fair value of the Company's outstanding fuel derivative contracts, this provides further validation to the Company's estimate of fair values.

Loyalty Accounting

The Company utilizes estimates in the recognition of revenues and liabilities associated with its loyalty program. These estimates primarily include the liability associated with Rapid Rewards loyalty member ("Member") account balances that are expected to be redeemed for travel or other products at a future date. Loyalty account balances include points earned through flights taken, points sold to Customers, or points earned through business partners participating in the loyalty program.

Under the Southwest Rapid Rewards loyalty program, Members earn points for every dollar spent on Southwest base fares. The amount of points earned under the program is based on the fare amount and fare type, with higher fare types (e.g., Business Select) earning more points than lower fare types (e.g., Wanna Get Away). Each fare type is associated with a points earning multiplier, and points for flights are calculated by multiplying the fare amount for the flight by the fare type multiplier. Likewise, the amount of points required to be redeemed for a flight can differ based on the fare type purchased. Under the program, (i) Members are able to redeem their points for every available seat, every day, on every flight, with no blackout dates; and (ii) points do not expire. In addition, Members are able to redeem their points for items other than travel on Southwest Airlines, such as international flights on other airlines, cruises, hotel stays, rental cars, gift cards, event tickets, and more. In addition to earning points for revenue flights and qualifying purchases with Rapid Rewards Partners, Members also have the ability to purchase, gift, and transfer points, as well as the ability to donate points to selected charities.

The Company utilizes the deferred revenue method of accounting for points earned through flights taken in its loyalty program. The Company also sells points and related services to business partners participating in the loyalty program. Liabilities are recorded for the relative standalone selling price of the Rapid Rewards points which are awarded each period. The liabilities recorded represent the total number of points expected to be redeemed by Members, regardless of whether the Members may have enough to qualify for a full travel award. As of December 31, 2023, the loyalty liabilities were approximately \$4.9 billion, including \$3.2 billion classified within Air traffic liability and \$1.7 billion classified as Air traffic liability – noncurrent.

In order to determine the value of each loyalty point, certain assumptions must be made at the time of measurement, which include an allocation of passenger revenue between the flight and loyalty points earned by passengers, and the fair value of Rapid Rewards points, which are generally based on their redemption value to the Customer. See Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information on determining the estimated fair value of each loyalty point.

The majority of the points sold to business partners are through the Southwest co-branded credit card agreement ("Agreement") with Chase Bank USA, N.A. Consideration received as part of this Agreement is subject to ASC 606. The most recent instance in which the Agreement was amended was in fourth quarter 2021. The Agreement has the following multiple elements: travel points to be awarded, use of the Southwest Airlines' brand and access to Rapid Rewards Member lists, advertising elements, and the Company's resource team. These elements are combined into two performance obligations, transportation and marketing, and consideration from the Agreement is allocated based on the relative selling price of each performance obligation.

Significant management judgment was used to estimate the selling price of each of the performance obligations in the Agreement at inception, including each time in which the Agreement has been materially amended. The objective is to determine the price at which the Company would transact a sale if the product or service was sold on a stand-alone basis. The Company determines the best estimate of selling price by considering multiple inputs and methods including, but not limited to, the estimated selling price of comparable travel, discounted cash flows, brand value, published selling prices, number of points awarded, and the number of points redeemed. The Company estimates the selling prices and volumes over the term of the Agreement in order to determine the allocation of proceeds to each of the multiple performance obligations. The Company records revenue related to air transportation when the transportation is delivered and revenue related to marketing elements when the performance obligation is satisfied. A one percent increase or decrease in the Company's estimate of the standalone selling prices, implemented as of January 1, 2023, causing a change to the allocation of proceeds to air transportation would not have had a material impact on the Company's Operating revenues for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Under its current program, Southwest estimates the portion of loyalty points that will not be redeemed. In estimating the breakage, the Company takes into account the Member's past behavior, as well as several factors related to the Member's account that are expected to be indicative of the likelihood of future point redemption. These factors are typically representative of a Member's level of engagement in the loyalty program. They include, but are not limited to, tenure with the program, points accrued in the program, and points redeemed in the program. The Company believes it has obtained sufficient historical behavioral data to develop a predictive statistical model to analyze the amount of breakage expected for all loyalty points. The Company updates this model at least annually, and applies the new breakage rates effective October 1st each year, or more frequently if required by changes in the business. Changes in the breakage rates applied annually in recent years have not had a material impact on Passenger revenues. For the year ended December 31, 2023, based on actual redemptions of points sold to business partners and earned through flights, a hypothetical one percentage point change in the estimated breakage rate would have resulted in a change to Passenger revenue of approximately \$235 million (an increase in breakage would have resulted in an increase in revenue and a decrease in breakage would have resulted in a decrease in revenue). Given that Member behavior may fluctuate over time, the Company expects the current estimates may change in future periods. However, the Company believes its current estimates are reasonable given current facts and circumstances.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company has at times had interest rate risk in its interest rate swaps, commodity price risk in jet fuel required to operate its aircraft fleet, and market risk in the derivatives used to manage its fuel hedging program and in the form of fixed-rate debt instruments. As of December 31, 2023, the Company operated a total of 81 aircraft under operating and finance leases. However, except for a small number of aircraft that have lease payments that fluctuate based in part on changes in market interest rates, the remainder of the leases are not considered market sensitive financial instruments and, therefore, are not included in the interest rate sensitivity analysis below. The Company does not purchase or hold any derivative financial instruments for trading purposes. See Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for information on the Company's accounting for its hedging program and for further details on the Company's financial derivative instruments.

Hedging

The Company purchases jet fuel at prevailing market prices, but seeks to manage market risk through execution of a documented hedging strategy. The Company utilizes financial derivative instruments, on both a short-term and a long-term basis, as a form of insurance against the potential for significant, or catastrophic, increases in fuel prices. The Company believes there can be significant risk in not hedging against the possibility of such fuel price increases, especially in energy markets in which prices are high and/or rising. The Company currently expects to consume approximately 2.2 billion gallons of jet fuel in 2024. Based on this anticipated usage, a change in jet fuel prices of just one cent per gallon would impact the Company's Fuel and oil expense by approximately \$22 million for 2024, excluding any impact associated with fuel derivative instruments held.

As of December 31, 2023, the Company held a net position of fuel derivative instruments that represented a hedge for a portion of its anticipated jet fuel purchases for future periods through 2026. See Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information. The Company may increase or decrease the volume of fuel hedged based on its expectation of future market prices and its forecasted fuel consumption levels, while considering the significant premium cost that can be associated with different types of hedging strategies. The gross fair value of outstanding financial derivative instruments related to the Company's jet fuel market price risk as of December 31, 2023, was an asset of \$223 million. In addition, \$50 million in cash collateral deposits were held by the Company in connection with these instruments based on their fair value as of December 31, 2023. The fair values of the derivative instruments, depending on the type of instrument, were determined by use of present value methods or standard option value models with assumptions about commodity prices based on those observed in underlying markets. An immediate 10 percent increase or decrease in underlying fuel-related commodity prices from prices as of December 31, 2023 would correspondingly change the fair value of the commodity derivative instruments in place by approximately \$148 million. Fluctuations in the related commodity derivative instrument cash flows may change by more or less than this amount based upon further fluctuations in futures prices, as well as related income tax effects. In addition, this does not consider changes in cash or letters of credit utilized as collateral provided to or by counterparties, which would fluctuate in an amount equal to or less than this amount, depending on the type of collateral arrangement in place with each counterparty. This sensitivity analysis uses industry standard valuation models and holds all inputs constant as of December 31, 2023, levels, except underlying futures prices.

The Company's credit exposure related to fuel derivative instruments is represented by the fair value of contracts that are in an asset position to the Company. At such times, these outstanding instruments expose the Company to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the counterparties to the agreements. As of December 31, 2023, the Company had eight counterparties for which the derivatives held were an asset and none in a loss position. To manage credit risk, the Company selects and periodically reviews counterparties based on credit ratings, limits its exposure with respect to each counterparty, and monitors the market position of the fuel hedging program and its relative market position with each counterparty. However, if one or more of these counterparties were in a liability position to the Company and were unable to meet their obligations, any open derivative contracts with the counterparty could be subject to early termination, which could result in substantial losses for the Company. As of December 31, 2023, the Company had agreements with all of its active counterparties containing early termination rights and/or bilateral collateral provisions whereby security is required if market risk exposure exceeds a specified

threshold amount based on the counterparty's credit rating. The Company also had agreements with counterparties in which cash deposits and/or letters of credit are required to be posted as collateral whenever the net fair value of derivatives associated with those counterparties exceeds specific thresholds. Refer to the counterparty credit risk and collateral table provided in Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the fair values of fuel derivatives, amounts held as collateral, and applicable collateral posting threshold amounts as of December 31, 2023, at which such postings are triggered.

The Company is also subject to the risk that the fuel derivatives it uses to hedge against fuel price volatility do not provide adequate protection. The Company has found that financial derivative instruments in commodities, such as West Texas Intermediate ("WTI") crude oil, Brent crude oil, and refined products, such as heating oil and unleaded gasoline, can be useful in decreasing its exposure to jet fuel price volatility. In addition, to add further protection, the Company may periodically enter into jet fuel derivatives for short-term timeframes. Jet fuel is not widely traded on an organized futures exchange and, therefore, there are limited opportunities to hedge directly in jet fuel for time horizons longer than approximately 24 months into the future.

The Company also at times has agreements with each of its counterparties associated with its outstanding interest rate swap agreements in which cash collateral may be required based on the fair value of outstanding derivative instruments, as well as the Company's and its counterparty's credit ratings. As of December 31, 2023, the Company had no outstanding interest rate swap agreements and therefore no cash collateral deposits provided or held.

Due to the significance of the Company's fuel hedging program and the emphasis that the Company places on utilizing fuel derivatives to reduce its fuel price risk, the Company has created a system of governance and management oversight and has put in place a number of internal controls designed so that procedures are properly followed and accountability is present at the appropriate levels. For example, the Company has put in place controls designed to: (i) create and maintain a comprehensive risk management policy; (ii) provide for proper authorization by the appropriate levels of management; (iii) provide for proper segregation of duties; (iv) maintain an appropriate level of knowledge regarding the execution of and the accounting for derivative instruments; and (v) have key performance indicators in place in order to adequately measure the performance of its hedging activities. The Company believes the governance structure that it has in place is adequate given the size and sophistication of its hedging program.

Financial Market Risk

The vast majority of the Company's tangible assets are aircraft, which are long-lived. The Company's long-term strategy is to maintain a conservative balance sheet and generate adequate profits and returns on capital, while growing capacity steadily under the right conditions. While the Company uses financial leverage, it strives to maintain a strong balance sheet and has a "BBB+" rating with Fitch, a "BBB" rating with Standard & Poor's, and a "Baa1" credit rating with Moody's as of December 31, 2023, all of which are considered "investment grade." See Note 7 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on the material terms of the Company's short-term and long-term debt.

The Company's senior unsecured notes outstanding as of December 31, 2023 are all fixed-rate obligations. See Note 7 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

The \$100 million 7.375% debentures due 2027 had at one point been converted to a floating rate, but the Company subsequently terminated the fixed-to-floating interest rate swap agreements related to it. The effect of this termination was that the interest associated with this debt prospectively reverted back to its original fixed rate. As a result of the gain realized on this transaction, which is being amortized over the remaining term of the corresponding notes, and based on projected interest rates at the date of termination, the Company does not believe its future interest expense, based on projected future interest rates at the date of termination, associated with these notes will significantly differ from the expense it would have recorded had the notes remained at floating rates.

During fourth quarter 2023, the Company terminated \$150 million notional value of forward-starting interest rate swap agreements. These swap agreements had been classified as cash flow hedges, and all fair market value changes were recorded to AOCI prior to their termination. The effect of this termination is that the value of the swaps originally recorded in AOCI, a gain of \$23 million, will be amortized to Interest expense over the life of the debt, which will be within the years 2024-2027. See Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

The Company's total debt divided by total assets was 21.9 percent as of December 31, 2023.

The Company also has some risk associated with changing interest rates due to the short-term nature of its invested cash, which totaled \$9.3 billion, and short-term investments, which totaled \$2.2 billion as of December 31, 2023. See Notes 1 and 12 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information. The Company currently invests available cash in certificates of deposit, highly rated money market instruments, investment grade commercial paper, treasury securities, U.S. government agency securities, and other highly rated financial instruments, depending on market conditions and operating cash requirements. Because of the short-term nature of these investments, the returns earned parallel closely with short-term floating interest rates. The Company has not undertaken any additional actions to cover interest rate market risk and is not a party to any other material market interest rate risk management activities.

A hypothetical 10 percent change in market interest rates as of December 31, 2023, would have resulted in an approximate \$74 million change in the fair value of the Company's fixed-rate debt instruments. See Note 12 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information on the fair value of financial instruments. A change in market interest rates could, however, have a corresponding effect on earnings and cash flows associated with the Company's invested cash (excluding cash collateral deposits held, if applicable) and short-term investments because of the floating-rate nature of these items. Assuming floating market rates in effect as of December 31, 2023 were held constant throughout a 12-month period, a hypothetical 10 percent change in those rates would have resulted in an approximate \$59 million impact on the Company's net earnings and cash flows. Utilizing these assumptions and considering the Company's cash balance (excluding the impact of cash collateral deposits held from or provided to counterparties, if applicable) and short-term investments outstanding as of December 31, 2023, an increase in rates would have a net positive effect on the Company's earnings and cash flows, while a decrease in rates would have a net negative effect on the Company's earnings and cash flows. However, a 10 percent change in market rates would not impact the Company's earnings or cash flow associated with the Company's publicly traded fixed-rate debt.

The Company is also subject to a financial covenant included in its Amended Credit Agreement, and is subject to credit rating triggers related to its credit card transaction processing agreements, the pricing related to any funds drawn under its Amended Credit Agreement, and some of its hedging counterparty agreements. Certain covenants include the maintenance of minimum credit ratings and/or triggers that are based on changes in these ratings. The Company's Amended Credit Agreement contains a financial covenant to maintain a Coverage Ratio (as defined therein) of 1.25 to 1.00, subject to the Company's one-time option to reduce this ratio requirement to 0.80 to 1.00 for two consecutive fiscal quarters. As of December 31, 2023, the Company was in compliance with this covenant and there were no amounts outstanding under the Amended Credit Agreement. However, if conditions change and the Company fails to meet the minimum standards set forth in the Amended Credit Agreement, there could be a reduction in the availability of cash under the facility, or an increase in the costs to keep the facility intact as written. The Company's hedging counterparty agreements contain ratings triggers in which cash collateral could be required to be posted with the counterparty if the Company's credit rating were to fall below investment grade by two of the three major rating agencies, and if the Company were in a net liability position with the counterparty. See Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

The Company currently has agreements with organizations that process credit card transactions arising from purchases of air travel tickets by its Customers utilizing American Express, Discover, and MasterCard/VISA. Credit card processors have financial risk associated with tickets purchased for travel because the processor generally forwards the cash related to the purchase to the Company soon after the purchase is completed, but the air travel generally occurs after that time; therefore, the processor will have liability if the Company does not ultimately

provide the air travel. Under these processing agreements, and based on specified conditions, increasing amounts of cash reserves could be required to be posted with the counterparty. There was no cash reserved for this purpose as of December 31, 2023.

A majority of the Company's sales transactions are processed by Chase Paymentech. Should chargebacks processed by Chase Paymentech reach a certain level, proceeds from advance ticket sales could be held back and used to establish a reserve account to cover such chargebacks and any other disputed charges that might occur. Additionally, cash reserves are required to be established if the Company's credit rating falls to specified levels below investment grade. Cash reserve requirements are based on the Company's public debt rating and a corresponding percentage of the Company's Air traffic liability. As of December 31, 2023, no holdbacks were in place.

As of December 31, 2023, the Company was in compliance with all credit card processing agreements. The inability to enter into credit card processing agreements would have a material adverse effect on the business of the Company. The Company believes that it will be able to continue to renew its existing credit card processing agreements or will be able to enter into new credit card processing agreements with other processors in the future.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

Southwest Airlines Co.
Consolidated Balance Sheet
(in millions, except share data)

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,288	\$ 9,492
Short-term investments	2,186	2,800
Accounts and other receivables	1,154	1,040
Inventories of parts and supplies, at cost	807	790
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	520	686
Total current assets	13,955	14,808
Property and equipment, at cost:		
Flight equipment	26,060	23,725
Ground property and equipment	7,460	6,855
Deposits on flight equipment purchase contracts	236	376
Assets constructed for others	62	28
	33,818	30,984
Less allowance for depreciation and amortization	14,443	13,642
	19,375	17,342
Goodwill	970	970
Operating lease right-of-use assets	1,223	1,394
Other assets	964	855
	\$ 36,487	\$ 35,369
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,862	\$ 2,004
Accrued liabilities	3,606	2,043
Current operating lease liabilities	208	225
Air traffic liability	6,551	6,064
Current maturities of long-term debt	29	42
Total current liabilities	12,256	10,378
Long-term debt less current maturities	7,978	8,046
Air traffic liability - noncurrent	1,728	2,186
Deferred income taxes	2,044	1,985
Noncurrent operating lease liabilities	985	1,118
Other noncurrent liabilities	981	969
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$1.00 par value: 2,000,000,000 shares authorized; 888,111,634 shares issued in 2023 and 2022	888	888
Capital in excess of par value	4,153	4,037
Retained earnings	16,297	16,261
Accumulated other comprehensive income	—	344
Treasury stock, at cost: 291,599,001 and 294,111,813 shares in 2023 and 2022, respectively	(10,823)	(10,843)
Total stockholders' equity	10,515	10,687
	\$ 36,487	\$ 35,369

See accompanying notes.

Southwest Airlines Co.
Consolidated Statement of Income
(in millions, except per share amounts)

	Year ended December 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Passenger	\$ 23,637	\$ 21,408	\$ 14,066
Freight	175	177	187
Other	2,279	2,229	1,537
Total operating revenues	26,091	23,814	15,790
OPERATING EXPENSES, NET:			
Salaries, wages, and benefits	11,152	9,376	7,743
Payroll support and voluntary Employee programs, net	—	—	(2,960)
Fuel and oil	6,217	5,975	3,310
Maintenance materials and repairs	1,188	852	854
Landing fees and airport rentals	1,789	1,508	1,456
Depreciation and amortization	1,522	1,351	1,272
Other operating expenses	3,999	3,735	2,394
Total operating expenses, net	25,867	22,797	14,069
OPERATING INCOME	224	1,017	1,721
OTHER EXPENSES (INCOME):			
Interest expense	259	340	467
Capitalized interest	(23)	(39)	(36)
Interest income	(583)	(217)	(13)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	—	193	28
Other (gains) losses, net	(62)	12	(50)
Total other expenses (income)	(409)	289	396
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	633	728	1,325
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	168	189	348
NET INCOME	\$ 465	\$ 539	\$ 977
NET INCOME PER SHARE, BASIC	\$ 0.78	\$ 0.91	\$ 1.65
NET INCOME PER SHARE, DILUTED	\$ 0.76	\$ 0.87	\$ 1.61

See accompanying notes.

Southwest Airlines Co.
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income
(in millions)

	Year ended December 31,			
	2023		2022	
NET INCOME	\$	465	539	\$ 977
Unrealized gain (loss) on fuel derivative instruments, net of deferred taxes of (\$103), (\$44), and \$142		(337)	(143)	469
Unrealized gain on interest rate derivative instruments, net of deferred taxes of \$4, \$6, and \$2		13	19	7
Unrealized gain (loss) on defined benefit plan items, net of deferred taxes of (\$5), \$24, and \$25		(16)	80	84
Other, net of deferred taxes of \$4, \$—, and (\$13)		(4)	—	(47)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(344)	(44)	\$ 513
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$	121	495	\$ 1,490

See accompanying notes.

Southwest Airlines Co.
Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity
(in millions, except per share amounts)

	Year ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021					
	Common Stock	Capital in excess of par value	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Treasury stock	Total
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 888	\$ 4,191	\$ 14,777	\$ (105)	\$ (10,875)	\$ 8,876
Cumulative effect of adopting Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-01, Financial Instruments	—	—	20	(20)	—	—
Issuance of common and treasury stock pursuant to Employee stock plans	—	22	—	—	15	37
Share-based compensation	—	58	—	—	—	58
Stock warrants	—	45	—	—	—	45
Equity feature of partial extinguishment of convertible notes	—	(92)	—	—	—	(92)
Comprehensive income	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 977	\$ 513	\$ —	\$ 1,490
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 888	\$ 4,224	\$ 15,774	\$ 388	\$ (10,860)	\$ 10,414
Cumulative effect of adopting Accounting Standards Update No. 2020-06, Debt	—	(300)	55	—	—	(245)
Issuance of common and treasury stock pursuant to Employee stock plans	—	29	—	—	17	46
Share-based compensation	—	84	—	—	—	84
Cash dividends, \$0.18 per share	—	—	(107)	—	—	(107)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 539	\$ (44)	\$ —	\$ 495
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 888	\$ 4,037	\$ 16,261	\$ 344	\$ (10,843)	\$ 10,687
Issuance of common and treasury stock pursuant to Employee stock plans	—	30	—	—	20	50
Share-based compensation	—	86	—	—	—	86
Cash dividends, \$0.18 per share	—	—	(429)	—	—	(429)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 465	\$ (344)	\$ —	\$ 121
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 888	\$ 4,153	\$ 16,297	\$ —	\$ (10,823)	\$ 10,515

See accompanying notes.

Southwest Airlines Co.
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
(in millions)

	Year ended December 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net income	\$ 465	\$ 539	\$ 977
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	1,522	1,351	1,272
Impairment of long-lived assets	—	35	12
Unrealized mark-to-market adjustment on available for sale securities	(4)	4	—
Unrealized/realized loss on fuel derivative instruments	—	(2)	(15)
Deferred income taxes	159	228	(21)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	—	193	28
Changes in certain assets and liabilities:			
Accounts and other receivables	(89)	422	(701)
Other assets	60	(66)	75
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,386	936	38
Air traffic liability	29	525	591
Other liabilities	(137)	(334)	(103)
Cash collateral received from (provided to) derivative counterparties	(56)	(69)	141
Other, net	(171)	28	28
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,164	3,790	2,322
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Capital expenditures	(3,520)	(3,924)	(505)
Assets constructed for others	(33)	(22)	(6)
Purchases of short-term investments	(6,970)	(5,592)	(5,824)
Proceeds from sales of short-term and other investments	7,591	5,792	5,071
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,932)	(3,746)	(1,264)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from Payroll Support Program loan and warrants	—	—	1,136
Proceeds from Employee stock plans	48	45	51
Payments of long-term debt and finance lease obligations	(85)	(2,437)	(612)
Payments of cash dividends	(428)	—	—
Proceeds of terminated interest rate derivative instruments	23	—	—
Payments for repurchases and conversions of convertible debt	—	(648)	(293)
Other, net	6	8	77
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(436)	(3,032)	359
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(204)	(2,988)	1,417
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	9,492	12,480	11,063
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 9,288	\$ 9,492	\$ 12,480
CASH PAYMENTS FOR:			
Interest, net of amount capitalized	\$ 228	\$ 305	\$ 336
Income taxes	\$ 18	\$ 20	\$ 445
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS:			
Adoption of Accounting Standards Update 2020-06, Debt	\$ —	\$ 245	\$ —
Right-of-use assets acquired under operating leases	\$ 82	\$ 58	\$ 327
Flight equipment acquired against supplier credit memo	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 569
Assets constructed for others	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 309
Remeasurement of right-of-use asset and lease liability	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 343

See accompanying notes.

Southwest Airlines Co.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
2. Worldwide Pandemic
3. New Accounting Pronouncements and Accounting Changes
4. Net Income Per Share
5. Commitments and Contingencies
6. Revenue
7. Financing Activities
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12. Fair Value Measurements
13. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income
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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

Southwest Airlines Co. (the "Company" or "Southwest") operates Southwest Airlines, a major domestic airline. The Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements include the results of operations and cash flows for all periods presented and all significant inter-entity balances and transactions have been eliminated. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

In late December 2022, Winter Storm Elliott impacted a significant portion of the United States, leading to wide-scale operational disruptions for the Company. In attempting to recover from this weather event, the Company was challenged in its efforts to realign flight crews, flight schedules, and fleet for a period of days during this peak demand travel period. As a result, the Company canceled a significant number of flights between December 21 and December 29, before ultimately returning to a normal flight schedule on December 30, 2022. These canceled flights resulted in a significant reduction in Passenger revenues during this period and also created a deceleration in bookings, primarily isolated to January and February 2023. In addition, the Company incurred significant costs associated with this event and recorded these expenses during December 2022 and first quarter 2023, totaling approximately \$390 million and \$55 million, respectively, which are included in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Income. These estimated items included reimbursements to Customers impacted by the cancellations for costs they incurred, the estimated value of Rapid Rewards points offered as a gesture of goodwill to Customers that are expected to be redeemed, and additional premium pay and additional compensation for Employees directly or indirectly impacted by the cancellations and recovery efforts. The financial impacts of the event to the Company also included lower fuel and oil and profitsharing expenses.

Based on the Company's wide-scale operational disruption, the Company could be subject to fines and/or penalties resulting from investigations by government agencies as well as litigation from Customers and Shareholders. On October 27, 2023, the Department of Transportation (the "DOT") notified the Company that it had determined the Company failed to provide adequate customer service assistance, prompt flight status notifications, and proper and prompt refunds and that the assessment of a civil penalty was warranted. During fourth quarter 2023, the Company accrued an expense of \$107 million associated with a settlement reached with the DOT in December 2023 based on their investigation into the disruption.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash in excess of that necessary for operating requirements is invested in short-term, highly liquid, income-producing investments. Investments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased are classified as cash and cash equivalents, which primarily consist of certificates of deposit, money market funds, and investment grade commercial paper issued by major corporations and financial institutions. Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, \$50 million and \$106 million, respectively, in cash collateral deposits were held by the Company from its fuel hedge counterparties. As of December 31, 2023, the Company had no outstanding interest rate swap agreements and therefore no cash collateral deposits were provided by or held by the Company from interest rate hedge counterparties. Additionally, as of December 31, 2022, no cash collateral deposits were provided by or held by the Company based on its outstanding interest rate swap agreements. Cash collateral amounts provided or held associated with fuel and interest rate derivative instruments are not restricted in any way and earn interest income at an agreed upon rate that approximates the rates earned on short-term securities issued by the U.S. Government. Depending on the fair value of the Company's fuel and interest rate derivative instruments, the amounts of collateral deposits held or provided at any point in time can fluctuate significantly. See Note 11 for further information on these collateral deposits and fuel derivative instruments.

Short-term and Noncurrent Investments

Short-term investments consist of investments with original maturities of greater than three months but less than twelve months when purchased. These are primarily short-term securities issued by the U.S. Government and certificates of deposit issued by domestic banks. All of these investments are classified as available-for-sale securities and are stated at fair value, which approximates cost. For all short-term investments, at each reset period or upon reinvestment, the Company accounts for the transaction as Proceeds from sales of short-term and other investments for the security relinquished, and Purchases of short-term investments for the security purchased, in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. Unrealized gains and losses, net of tax, if any, are recognized in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) ("AOCI") in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet. Realized net gains and losses on specific investments, if any, are reflected in Interest income in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Income. Both unrealized and realized gains and/or losses associated with investments were immaterial for all years presented.

Noncurrent investments consist of investments with maturities of greater than twelve months. Noncurrent investments are included as a component of Other assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Accounts and Other Receivables

Accounts and other receivables are initially recorded at cost and are evaluated for collectability in every period. They primarily consist of the amounts due from the Company's business partners and other suppliers, amounts due from credit card companies associated with sales of tickets for future travel, amounts due from business partners in the Company's loyalty program, and tax receivables from overpayment or net operating losses that are allowed to be carried back to prior periods to claim refunds against prior taxes paid. See Note 16 for further information. The allowance for doubtful accounts was immaterial as of December 31, 2023 and 2022. In addition, the provision for doubtful accounts and write-offs for 2023, 2022, and 2021 were each immaterial.

Inventories

Inventories primarily consist of aircraft fuel and flight equipment expendable parts, materials, and supplies. All of these items are carried at average cost, less an allowance for obsolescence. These items are generally charged to expense when issued for use. The reserve for obsolescence was immaterial as of December 31, 2023, and 2022. In addition, the Company's provision for obsolescence and write-offs for 2023, 2022, and 2021 were each immaterial.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is stated at cost. Capital expenditures include payments made for aircraft, other flight equipment, purchase deposits related to future aircraft deliveries, airport and other facility construction projects, and ground and other property and equipment. Depreciation is provided by the straight-line method to estimated residual values over periods of approximately 25 years for flight equipment, and 5 to 30 years for ground property and equipment. As of December 31, 2023, residual values estimated for aircraft range from 13 percent to 20 percent, and generally range from 0 to 10 percent for ground property and equipment. Assets constructed for others consists of airport improvement projects in which the Company is considered to have control of the asset during the construction period. Once construction is effectively completed, the sale-leaseback model would apply when control passes from the lessee to the lessor. See Note 5 for further information. Leasehold improvements are amortized as a component of depreciation expense over the estimated useful life of the asset or the remaining term of the underlying lease, whichever is less. In certain situations, the term of the lease may include periods covered by renewal options, if renewal is reasonably certain.

The Company evaluates its long-lived assets used in operations for impairment when events and circumstances indicate that the undiscounted cash flows to be generated by that asset group are less than the carrying amounts of the asset group and may not be recoverable. Factors that would indicate potential impairment include, but are not

limited to, significant decreases in the market value of the long-lived asset group, a significant change in the long-lived asset group's physical condition, and operating or cash flow losses associated with the use of the long-lived asset group. If an asset group is deemed to be impaired, an impairment loss is recorded for the excess of the asset group's book value in relation to its estimated fair value. During 2022 and 2021, the Company recorded impairment charges of \$28 million and \$12 million, respectively, associated with the accelerated retirement of 10 and 8 of its Boeing 737-700 ("-700") aircraft. There were no material impairments in 2023 associated with the accelerated retirement of the Company's aircraft. However, the Company identified certain -700 aircraft that were retired early in 2023 or are planned for early retirement in 2024. This change in retirement dates, and the corresponding impact to depreciation expense, is considered a change in estimate and resulted in the following impact to expense in 2023:

	Year ended December 31, 2023
(in millions, except per share amounts)	
Depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 28
Net income *	(17)
Net income per basic share	(0.03)
Net income per diluted share	(0.03)

* net of profitsharing benefit and income taxes

Leases

The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Operating leases are included in Operating lease right-of-use assets, Current operating lease liabilities, and Noncurrent operating lease liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Finance leases are included in Property and equipment, Current maturities of long-term debt, and Long-term debt less current maturities in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Right-of-use assets represent the Company's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, and lease liabilities represent the Company's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. The lease liability is measured as the present value of the unpaid lease payments, and the right-of-use asset value is derived from the calculation of the lease liability. Lease payments include fixed and in-substance fixed payments, variable payments based on an index or rate, reasonably certain purchase options, termination penalties, fees paid by the lessee to the owners of a special-purpose entity for restructuring the transaction, and probable amounts the lessee will owe under a residual value guarantee. Lease payments do not include (i) variable lease payments other than those that depend on an index or rate, (ii) any guarantee by the lessee of the lessor's debt, or (iii) any amount allocated to non-lease components, if such election was made upon adoption, per the provisions of the Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 842. The Company uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate, which is derived from information available at the lease commencement date, in determining the present value of lease payments, since the Company does not know the actual implicit rates in its leases. The Company gives consideration to its most recent debt issuances as well as publicly available data for instruments with similar characteristics when calculating its incremental borrowing rate. Lease expense for operating lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The Company combines lease and non-lease components for all asset groups. The Company's lease term includes any option to extend the lease when it is reasonably certain to be exercised based on considering all relevant economic factors.

Aircraft and Engine Maintenance

The cost of scheduled inspections and repairs and routine maintenance costs for all aircraft and engines are charged to Maintenance materials and repairs expense within the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Income as incurred.

The Company has maintenance agreements related to certain aircraft engines with external service providers, including agreements that effectively transfer the risk of performance of such work to the service provider. Under the agreements where the risk of performance is deemed transferred to the counterparty, the appropriate expense is recorded commensurate with the period in which the corresponding level of service is provided. For its engine

maintenance contracts that do not transfer risk to the service provider, the Company records expense on a time and materials basis when an engine repair event takes place.

Modifications that significantly enhance the operating performance or extend the useful lives of aircraft or engines are capitalized and amortized over the remaining life of the asset.

Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The Company applies a fair value-based impairment test to the carrying value of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets annually on October 1st, or more frequently if certain events or circumstances indicate that an impairment loss may have been incurred. The Company assesses the value of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets under either a qualitative or quantitative approach. Under a qualitative approach, the Company considers various market factors, including applicable key assumptions also used in the quantitative assessment listed below. These factors are analyzed to determine if events and circumstances could reasonably have affected the fair value of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets. If the Company determines that it is more likely than not that an indefinite-lived intangible asset or reporting unit goodwill is impaired, the quantitative approach is used to assess the asset or reporting unit fair value and the amount of the impairment. Under a quantitative approach, the fair value of the Company's indefinite-lived intangible asset or reporting unit is calculated based on key market participant assumptions. If the indefinite-lived intangible assets' carrying value exceeds the fair value calculated using the quantitative approach, an impairment charge is recorded for the difference in fair value and carrying value. If the reporting unit carrying value exceeds the reporting unit fair value calculated using the quantitative approach, an impairment charge is recorded for the difference between fair value and carrying value, limited to the amount of goodwill in the reporting unit.

The Company's intangible assets primarily consist of acquired rights to certain airport owned takeoff and landing slots (a "slot" is the right of an air carrier, pursuant to regulations of the Federal Aviation Administration ("FAA"), to operate a takeoff or landing at a specific time at certain airports) at certain domestic slot-controlled airports. Indefinite-lived slots of \$296 million are included as a component of Other assets in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet, as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

The Company applied the qualitative approach during its 2023 impairment tests, and no impairment was determined to exist for Goodwill or indefinite-lived intangible assets.

Revenue Recognition

Tickets sold for Passenger air travel are initially deferred as Air traffic liability. Passenger revenue is recognized and Air traffic liability is reduced when the service is provided (i.e., when the flight takes place). Air traffic liability primarily represents tickets sold for future travel dates, flight credits that are expected to be used in the future, and loyalty benefits that are expected to be redeemed in the future. The majority of the Company's tickets sold are nonrefundable. Southwest has a No-Show policy that applies to fares that are not canceled or changed by a Customer at least ten minutes prior to a flight's scheduled departure. Nonrefundable tickets that are sold but not flown on the travel date, and are canceled in accordance with the No-Show policy, can be applied to future travel. Refundable tickets that are sold but not flown on the travel date can also be applied to future travel. A small percentage of tickets (or partial tickets) will go unused, which is sometimes referred to as breakage. The Company estimates the amount of tickets that will go unused and recognizes such amounts in Passenger revenue in proportion to the pattern of flights taken by the Customers, once the flight date has lapsed. Based on the Company's revenue recognition policy, revenue is recorded at the flight date for a Customer who does not change his/her itinerary or does not cancel in accordance with the No-Show policy as the Company has then fulfilled its performance obligation. Amounts collected from passengers for ancillary services are also recognized when the service is provided, which is typically the flight date.

Initial breakage estimates for both tickets and flight credits available for future use are routinely adjusted based on the likelihood that the ticket or flight credit will be used or refunded back to the Customer. During 2020 and in parts of 2021, the Company experienced a significantly higher number of Customer-driven flight cancellations as a result

of the COVID-19 pandemic. For all Customer flight credits created or that would have otherwise expired between March 1 and September 7, 2020, associated with flight cancellations, the Company previously extended the expiration date to September 7, 2022. On July 28, 2022, the Company modified its policy and announced that all unexpired flight credits as of that date, including flight credits previously extended as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, will no longer have an expiration date and thus will be able to be redeemed by Customers indefinitely. This change in policy was considered a contract modification under ASC 606, and the Company accounted for such change prospectively in third quarter 2022. Breakage estimates are based on the Company's Customers' historical travel behavior as well as assumptions about the Customers' future travel behavior. Assumptions about the Customers' future travel behavior can be impacted by several factors including, but not limited to: fare increases; fare sales; changes to the Company's ticketing policies; changes to the Company's refund, exchange, and unused flight credit policies; seat availability; and economic factors. As a result of the Company's policy change for flight credits in 2022, as well as changes in Customer behavior during 2020 and 2021, the amount of breakage realized on a prospective basis is expected to be lower and more stable than it has been previously. See Note 6 for further information.

Approximately \$828 million, approximately \$811 million, and approximately \$475 million of the Company's Operating revenues in 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively, were attributable to foreign operations. The remainder of the Company's Operating revenues, approximately \$25.0 billion, approximately \$23.0 billion, and approximately \$15.3 billion in 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively, were attributable to domestic operations.

Loyalty Program

The Company records a liability for the relative fair value of providing free travel under its loyalty program for all points earned from flight activity or sold to business partners participating in the Company's Rapid Rewards loyalty program. The loyalty liability represents performance obligations that will be satisfied when a Rapid Rewards loyalty member redeems points for travel or other goods and services. Points earned from flight activity are valued at their relative standalone selling price by applying fair value based on historical redemption patterns. Points earned from business partner activity, which primarily consist of points sold, along with related marketing services, to companies participating in the Rapid Rewards loyalty program, are valued using a relative fair value methodology based on the contractual rate which partners pay to Southwest to award Rapid Rewards points to the business partner's customers. For points that are expected to remain unused, the Company recognizes breakage in proportion to the pattern of points used by the Customer, which approximates the average period over which the population of Rapid Reward Members redeem their points. The Company records passenger revenue related to air transportation when the transportation is delivered. The marketing elements are recognized as Other - net revenue when earned. The Company's liability for loyalty benefits includes a portion that is expected to be redeemed during the following twelve months (classified as a component of Air traffic liability), and a portion that is not expected to be redeemed during the following twelve months (classified as Air traffic liability - noncurrent). The Company continually updates this analysis and adjusts the split between current and non-current liabilities as appropriate. See Note 6 for further information.

Advertising

Advertising costs are charged to expense as incurred. Advertising and promotions expense for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021 was \$266 million, \$224 million, and \$185 million, respectively, and is included as a component of Other operating expense in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Income.

Share-based Employee Compensation

The Company has share-based compensation plans covering certain Employees, including a plan that also covers the Company's Board of Directors. The Company accounts for share-based compensation based on its grant date fair value. See Note 10 for further information.

Financial Derivative Instruments

The Company accounts for financial derivative instruments at fair value and applies hedge accounting rules where appropriate. The Company utilizes various derivative instruments, including jet fuel, crude oil, unleaded gasoline, and heating oil-based derivatives, in an attempt to reduce the risk of its exposure to jet fuel price increases. These instruments are accounted for as cash flow hedges upon proper qualification. At times, the Company can have interest rate swap agreements, the primary objective of which is to hedge forecasted debt issuances. These interest rate hedges are appropriately designated as cash flow hedges.

Since the majority of the Company's financial derivative instruments are not traded on a market exchange, the Company estimates their fair values. Depending on the type of instrument, the values are determined by the use of present value methods or option value models with assumptions about commodity prices based on those observed in underlying markets.

All cash flows associated with purchasing and selling derivatives are classified as operating cash flows in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, within Changes in certain assets and liabilities. The Company classifies its cash collateral provided to or held from counterparties in a "net" presentation on the Consolidated Balance Sheet against the fair value of the derivative positions with those counterparties. See Note 11 for further information.

Software Capitalization

The Company capitalizes certain internal and external costs related to the acquisition and development of internal use software during the application development stages of projects. The Company amortizes these costs using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the software, which is typically five to fifteen years. Costs incurred during the preliminary project or the post-implementation/operation stages of the project are expensed as incurred. Capitalized computer software, included as a component of Ground property and equipment in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet, net of accumulated depreciation, was \$1 billion and \$928 million as of December 31, 2023, and 2022, respectively. Computer software depreciation expense was \$246 million, \$232 million, and \$213 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively, and is included as a component of Depreciation and amortization expense in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Income. The Company evaluates internal use software for impairment on a quarterly basis, and if it is determined the value of an asset was not recoverable or it qualifies for impairment, a charge will be recorded to write down the software to the lower of its carrying value or fair value. The Company had no significant impairments during 2023, 2022, or 2021.

Insurance Reserves

The Company uses a combination of insurance and self-insurance mechanisms, including a wholly-owned captive insurance entity and participation in a reinsurance treaty, to provide for the potential liabilities associated with certain risks, including workers' compensation, healthcare benefits, general liability, and aviation liability. Liabilities associated with the risks that are retained by the Company are not discounted and are estimated, in part, by considering historical claims experience, demographics, exposure and severity factors and other actuarial assumptions.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for deferred income taxes utilizing an asset and liability method, whereby deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized based on the tax effect of temporary differences between the financial statements and the tax basis of assets and liabilities, as measured by current enacted tax rates. The Company also evaluates the need for a valuation allowance to reduce deferred tax assets to estimated recoverable amounts.

The Company uses the portfolio approach for releasing income tax effects associated with amounts reclassified out of Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

The Company's policy for recording interest and penalties associated with uncertain tax positions is to record such items as a component of Income (loss) before income taxes. Penalties are recorded in Other (gains) losses, net, and interest paid or received is recorded in Interest expense or Interest income, respectively, in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Income. There were no material amounts recorded for penalties and interest related to uncertain tax positions for all years presented. See Note 15 for further information.

Concentration Risk

Approximately 83 percent of the Company's Employees are unionized and are covered by collective-bargaining agreements. A portion of the Company's unionized Employees, including its Pilots, Flight Attendants, and Ramp Agents, which had contracts that became amendable on or before December 31, 2023, were in discussions on labor agreements as of December 31, 2023. Those unionized Employee groups in discussions represented approximately 65 percent of the Company's Employees as of December 31, 2023. On January 22, 2024, the Company's nearly 11,000 Pilots, represented by the Southwest Airlines Pilots' Association ("SWAPA"), voted to ratify a five-year contract extension with the Company. The newly ratified agreement becomes amendable in January 2029.

The Company attempts to minimize its concentration risk with regards to its cash, cash equivalents, and its investment portfolio. This is accomplished by diversifying and limiting amounts among different counterparties, the type of investment, and the amount invested in any individual security or money market fund.

To manage risk associated with financial derivative instruments held, the Company selects and will periodically review counterparties based on credit ratings, limits its exposure to a single counterparty, and monitors the market position of the program and its relative market position with each counterparty. The Company also has agreements with counterparties containing early termination rights and/or bilateral collateral provisions whereby security is required if market risk exposure exceeds a specified threshold amount or credit ratings fall below certain levels. Collateral deposits provided to or held from counterparties serve to decrease, but not totally eliminate, the credit risk associated with the Company's hedging program. See Note 11 for further information.

As of December 31, 2023, the Company operated an all-Boeing fleet, all of which are variations of the Boeing 737. The Boeing 737 MAX aircraft ("MAX") are crucial to the Company's growth plans and fleet modernization initiatives. Boeing has in the past experienced, and may continue to experience, delays in fulfilling its commitments with regards to delivery of the Boeing 737-8 ("-8") to the Company as a result of supply chain constraints. Further, the Company's contractual delivery schedule for the Boeing 737-7 ("-7") is dependent on the FAA issuing required certifications and approvals to Boeing and the Company. The FAA will ultimately determine the timing of the -7 certification and entry into service, and the Company therefore offers no assurances that current estimations and timelines are correct.

Boeing no longer manufactures versions of the 737 other than the MAX family of aircraft. If the MAX aircraft were to become unavailable for the Company's flight operations, the Company's growth would be restricted unless and until it could procure and operate other types of aircraft from Boeing or another manufacturer, seller, or lessor, and the Company's operations would be materially adversely affected. In particular, if the Company's growth were to be dependent upon the introduction of a new aircraft make and model to the Company's fleet, the Company would need to, among other things, (i) develop and implement new maintenance, operating, and training programs, (ii) secure extensive regulatory approvals, and (iii) implement new technologies. The requirements associated with operating a new aircraft make and model could take an extended period of time to fulfill and would likely impose substantial costs on the Company. A shift away from a single fleet type could also add complexity to the Company's operations, present operational and compliance risks, and materially increase the Company's costs. Any of these events would have a material, adverse effect on the Company's business, operating results, and financial condition. The Company could also be materially adversely affected if the pricing or operational attributes of its aircraft were to become less competitive.

The Company is also dependent on sole or limited suppliers for aircraft engines and certain other aircraft parts and services. Therefore, it would also be materially adversely impacted in the event of the unavailability of engines,

parts and certain repair services, the inability to find adequate support at commercially reasonable terms, or mechanical or regulatory issues associated with such engines or other parts or services.

The Company has historically entered into agreements with some of its co-brand, payment, and loyalty partners that contain exclusivity aspects which place certain confidential restrictions on the Company from entering into certain arrangements with other payment and loyalty partners. These arrangements generally extend for the terms of the agreements, none of which currently extend beyond October 31, 2030. Some of these agreements automatically renew on an annual basis, unless either party objects to such extension. None of these agreements are more than 10 years in length. The Company believes the financial benefits generated by the exclusivity aspects of these arrangements outweigh the risks involved with such agreements.

2. WORLDWIDE PANDEMIC

As a result of the rapid spread of the novel coronavirus, COVID-19, throughout the world, including into the United States, on March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization classified the virus as a pandemic. The speed with which the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic changed the U.S. economic landscape, outlook, and in particular the travel industry, was swift and unexpected. The Company experienced significant disruptions in travel and reduced bookings throughout the remainder of 2020 and for the entirety of 2021 as a result of the pandemic and subsequent variants of COVID-19. Following a significant negative impact to revenues and bookings in January and February 2022, which included increased trip cancellations and staffing challenges associated with the Omicron variant, the Company saw improvements in revenue trends in March 2022 and throughout the remainder of 2022 as COVID-19 cases significantly trended downward and bookings for summer travel accelerated. Although there were no material noticeable impacts to revenues and bookings during 2023 associated with COVID-19, the Company continues to monitor demand for air travel and proactively adjust its published flight schedules and capacity in response to passenger travel patterns.

Since the start of the pandemic, the Company entered into definitive documentation with the United States Department of the Treasury ("Treasury") with respect to payroll funding support ("Payroll Support") pursuant to three separate Payroll Support programs: the "PSP1 Payroll Support Program" in April 2020 under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"); the "PSP2 Payroll Support Program" in January 2021 under the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021; and the "PSP3 Payroll Support Program" in April 2021 under the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.

As consideration for its receipt of funding under each of these Payroll Support programs, the Company issued a promissory note in favor of Treasury (classified as a component of Long term debt less current maturities in the Consolidated Balance Sheet) and entered into a warrant agreement with Treasury (classified as a component of Stockholders' equity in the Consolidated Balance Sheet). The following table provides the details from the PSP1, PSP2 and PSP3 Payroll Support programs:

<u>(dollars in millions, shares in thousands)</u>	Grant	Promissory Note	Warrants	Total Payroll Support Proceeds	Warrants (shares) as of December 31, 2023	Warrant Strike Price as of December 31, 2023	Promissory Note Maturity Date
PSP1	\$ 2,337	\$ 976	\$ 40	\$ 3,354	2,753	\$35.45/share	April 19, 2030
PSP2	\$ 1,393	\$ 566	\$ 27	\$ 1,987	1,258	\$44.99/share	January 15, 2031
PSP3	\$ 1,310	\$ 526	\$ 18	\$ 1,852	924	\$56.88/share	April 23, 2031
Total	\$ 5,040	\$ 2,068	\$ 85	\$ 7,193	4,935		

In connection with the receipt of Payroll Support, the Company was subject to certain restrictions, including the elimination of share repurchases and dividends through September 30, 2022 and limits on executive compensation until April 1, 2023.

Under each of the three Payroll Support programs, funds received were used solely to pay qualifying employee salaries, wages, and benefits. As of December 31, 2022, all grant portions of the Payroll Support programs received had been allocated and classified as a contra-expense line item in the Consolidated Statement of Income. Although there is no directly applicable U.S. GAAP guidance related to such government assistance received, the Company analogized its facts and circumstances, and utilized the accounting principles within International Accounting Standards 20, Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance, with respect to the Payroll Support funds received. The Company has an option to prepay the promissory notes at any time without premium or penalty. Warrants will be settled through net share settlement or net cash settlement, at the Company's option. The Company has also granted Treasury certain demand underwritten offering and piggyback registration rights with respect to the warrants and the underlying common stock. The warrants do not have voting rights and include adjustments for below market issuances, payment of dividends, and other customary anti-dilution provisions.

3. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS AND ACCOUNTING CHANGES

On December 14, 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2023-09, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures. This standard increases transparency and decision usefulness of income tax disclosures for investors by requiring information to better assess how an entity's operations and related tax risks and tax planning and operational opportunities affect its tax rate and prospects for future cash flows. This standard requires entities to provide enhanced disclosures related to the income tax rate reconciliation and income taxes paid. This standard is effective for all entities that are subject to Topic 740, Income Taxes for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024, but early adoption is permitted. The Company is evaluating this new standard but does not expect it to have a significant impact on its financial statement presentation or results. See Note 15 for further information on the Company's income taxes.

On November 27, 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures. This standard improves reportable segment disclosures by adding and enhancing interim disclosure requirements, clarifying circumstances in which entities can disclose multiple segment measures of profit or loss, providing new segment disclosure requirements for entities with a single reportable segment, and adding other disclosure requirements. This standard is effective for all entities that are subject to Topic 280, Segment Reporting for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2023, but early adoption is permitted. The Company is evaluating this new standard but does not expect it to have a significant impact on its financial statement presentation or results.

On November 17, 2021, the FASB issued ASU 2021-10, Government Assistance (Topic 832): Disclosures by Business Entities about Government Assistance. The standard increases transparency of government assistance by focusing on the types of assistance given, an entity's accounting for the assistance, and the effect of the assistance on the entity's financial statements to allow for more comparable information for investors and other financial statement users. This standard was effective for all entities under the scope for financial statements issued for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2021, but early adoption was permitted. The Company adopted the standard early as of December 31, 2021. See Note 2 for further information on the Company's treatment of government assistance received.

On May 3, 2021, the FASB issued ASU 2021-04, Earnings Per Share (Topic 260), Debt—Modifications and Extinguishments (Subtopic 470-50), Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718), and Derivatives and Hedging—Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40): Issuer's Accounting for Certain Modifications or Exchanges of Freestanding Equity-Classified Written Call Options. This standard provides clarification and reduces diversity in an issuer's accounting for modifications or exchanges of freestanding equity-classified written call

options (such as warrants) that remain equity classified after modification or exchange. This standard was effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, and the standard was adopted and applied prospectively by the Company as of January 1, 2022, but the adoption and application did not have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements and disclosures, including interim periods.

On January 7, 2021, the FASB issued ASU 2021-01, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848). This standard provides optional temporary guidance for entities transitioning away from London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") to new reference interest rates so that derivatives affected by the discounting transition are explicitly eligible for certain optional expedients and exceptions with Topic 848. These amendments do not apply to any contract modifications made after December 31, 2024, any new hedging relationships entered into after December 31, 2024, or to existing hedging relationships evaluated for effectiveness existing as of December 31, 2024, that apply certain optional practical expedients. This standard was effective immediately and may be applied (i) on a full retrospective basis as of any date from the beginning of an interim period that includes or is subsequent to March 12, 2020, or (ii) on a prospective basis to new modifications from any date within an interim period that includes or is subsequent to the date of the issuance of a final update, up to the date that financial statements are available to be issued. The Company had no material LIBOR-related contract modifications during the twelve months ended December 31, 2023.

On August 5, 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-06, Debt—Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging—Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40): Accounting for Convertible Instruments and Contracts in an Entity's Own Equity. This new standard reduced the number of accounting models for convertible debt instruments and convertible preferred stock, made targeted improvements to the disclosures for convertible instruments and earnings-per-share ("EPS") guidance, and amended the guidance for the derivatives scope exception for contracts in an entity's own equity to reduce form-over-substance-based accounting conclusions. This standard was effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, and the Company adopted this standard as of January 1, 2022, utilizing the modified retrospective method. Under the modified approach, the Company applied guidance to all financial instruments that were outstanding as of the beginning of the year of adoption with the cumulative effect recognized as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings. Upon adoption, the Company reclassified the remaining equity component of \$300 million, from Additional paid-in capital to Long-term debt associated with its 1.25% Convertible Senior Notes due 2025 (the "Convertible Notes"), and no longer records amortization of the debt discount to Interest expense. The cumulative effect from prior period amortization of the debt discount that has been recorded to Interest expense, offset by reductions to Capital in excess of par value related to the requisition of the equity component through previous repurchases, resulted in a \$55 million adjustment to the opening balance of Retained earnings upon adoption. The new standard requires the use of the if-converted method to calculate diluted EPS, which is generally more dilutive, rather than the treasury stock method as was the Company's policy pre-adoption. See Note 4.

4. NET INCOME PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net income per share (in millions except per share amounts). Basic net income per share is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average of shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock. An immaterial number of shares related to the Company's restricted stock units and stock warrants were excluded from the denominator for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021 because inclusion of such shares would

be antidilutive.

	Year ended December 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
NUMERATOR:			
Net income	\$ 465	\$ 539	\$ 977
Add: Interest expense (a)	19	22	—
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 484	\$ 561	\$ 977
DENOMINATOR:			
Weighted-average shares outstanding, basic	595	593	592
Dilutive effects of convertible notes (a) (b)	43	47	15
Dilutive effects of stock warrants	—	—	1
Dilutive effect of restricted stock units	2	2	1
Adjusted weighted-average shares outstanding, diluted	640	642	609
NET INCOME PER SHARE:			
Basic	\$ 0.78	\$ 0.91	\$ 1.65
Diluted	\$ 0.76	\$ 0.87	\$ 1.61

(a) As of January 1, 2022, the Company adopted ASU 2020-06 using the modified retrospective method. The standard requires the Company to apply the if-converted method for purposes of diluted net income per share, which requires the Company to assume that all Convertible Notes were converted and outstanding for the entire period. Using this method, the numerator is affected by adding back interest expense and the denominator is affected by including the effect of potential share settlement, if the effect is more dilutive, regardless of the type of settlement. For the year ended December 31, 2023, all shares issuable on conversion were included in the denominator. See Notes 3 and 7 for further information regarding the Convertible Notes.

(b) Prior to the adoption of ASU 2020-06, the Convertible Notes were accounted for using the treasury stock method for the purposes of Net income per share. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the average market price of the Company's common stock exceeded the conversion price per share of \$38.48 and as such, the common shares underlying the Convertible Notes were included in the diluted calculation.

5. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments

The Company has contractual obligations and commitments primarily with regard to future purchases of aircraft, repayment of debt (see Note 7), and lease arrangements (see Note 8). During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company entered into supplemental agreements with The Boeing Company ("Boeing") relating to its contractual order book for -7 and -8 aircraft. The revised agreement, which extends the order book to 2031, supports the Company's growth and fleet modernization plans, while also providing significant flexibility to manage its fleet size, including opportunities to accelerate fleet modernization efforts if growth opportunities do not materialize. The Company received 86 -8 aircraft deliveries from Boeing in 2023 and retired 39 -700 aircraft. The Company retains significant flexibility to manage its fleet size, including opportunities to accelerate fleet modernization efforts if growth opportunities do not materialize.

Boeing continues to experience delays in fulfilling its commitments with regards to delivery of certain MAX aircraft to the Company, as a result of both supply chain constraints as well as achieving FAA certification of one of its new aircraft types, the -7, for which Southwest expects to be the launch customer.

During fourth quarter 2023, the Company exercised eight -7 options for delivery in 2025, accelerated one 2024 -8 firm order into 2023, converted and shifted three 2025 -7 firm orders to three 2024 -8 firm orders, and shifted an additional three 2025 -8 firm orders into 2024. Therefore, as of December 31, 2023, the Company had the following firm orders and options for future periods:

	The Boeing Company			Total
	-7 Firm Orders	-8 Firm Orders	-7 or -8 Options	
2024	27	58	—	85 (c)
2025	59	—	15	74
2026	59	—	26	85
2027	19	46	25	90
2028	15	50	25	90
2029	38	34	18	90
2030	45	—	45	90
2031	45	—	45	90
	307 (a)	188 (b)	199	694

(a) The delivery timing for the -7 is dependent on the FAA issuing required certifications and approvals to Boeing and the Company. The FAA will ultimately determine the timing of the -7 certification and entry into service, and the Company therefore offers no assurances that current estimations and timelines are correct.

(b) The Company has flexibility to designate firm orders or options as -7s or -8s, upon written advance notification as stated in the contract.

(c) The Company currently plans for approximately 79 MAX aircraft deliveries in 2024.

Based on the Company's current agreement with Boeing, capital commitments associated with its firm orders as of December 31, 2023, were: \$2.2 billion in 2024, \$1.7 billion in 2025, \$1.9 billion in 2026, \$2.6 billion in 2027, \$2.9 billion in 2028, and \$5.3 billion thereafter.

Los Angeles International Airport

In April 2023, the Company executed a lease agreement with Los Angeles World Airports ("LAWA"), which owns and operates Los Angeles International Airport ("LAX"), for the ground lease and construction of a new concourse. In this agreement, the Company will manage the development, design, financing, and construction of nine new gates, along with additional features, at LAX. Construction of the concourse is estimated to be complete in late 2028 or early 2029 at a cost not to exceed \$2.3 billion.

Funding for this project will flow through a credit facility and the outstanding loans are expected to be paid off directly by LAWA to the credit facility at project completion, thus reimbursing the Company on all costs drawn on the credit facility. As of December 31, 2023, the credit facility has yet to be put into place and is expected to be established closer to the beginning of construction, which is anticipated to occur in 2025. The Company is expected to be reimbursed by the credit facility on prior payments made once in place.

Based on this agreement, the Company has determined that it does have control over the assets during this project for accounting purposes. As a result, the costs incurred to fund this project thus far, which totaled \$62 million as of December 31, 2023, are included within Assets constructed for others on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet.

William P. Hobby Airport

In March 2022, the Company executed a Memorandum of Agreement ("MOA") with the City of Houston, Texas (the "City") which owns William P. Hobby Airport ("Hobby") that is managed and operated by the City's Houston Airport System. Under the MOA, the Company will manage the development, design, and construction of seven new gates in Hobby's West Concourse.

The project is currently estimated to be completed in 2026 at a cost of at least \$470 million. The Company will provide initial funding for the majority of the project, but is expected to be reimbursed for such funding from the City on a monthly basis and therefore the project should not significantly impact the Company's liquidity. The City

plans to fund these reimbursements utilizing rates and charges collected from current and future Hobby occupants, including the Company.

Based on the MOA, as well as a terminal lease amendment expected to be finalized prior to the beginning of significant construction, the Company has determined that it does not control the assets during the construction period for accounting purposes, and thus will record the amounts funded for the project as a receivable until reimbursed by the City, and the balance is derecognized. There were no material amounts recorded in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2023.

Dallas Love Field

During 2008, the City of Dallas approved the Love Field Modernization Project ("LFMP"), a project to reconstruct Dallas Love Field with modern, convenient air travel facilities. Pursuant to a Program Development Agreement with the City of Dallas and the Love Field Airport Modernization Corporation (or the "LFAMC," a Texas non-profit "local government corporation" established by the City of Dallas to act on the City of Dallas' behalf to facilitate the development of the LFMP), the Company managed this project. Major construction was effectively completed in 2014. During second quarter 2017, the City of Dallas approved using the remaining bond funds for additional terminal construction projects, which were effectively completed in 2018.

Although the City of Dallas received commitments from various sources that helped to fund portions of the LFMP project, including the FAA, the Transportation Security Administration, and the City of Dallas' Aviation Fund, the majority of the funds used were from the issuance of bonds. The Company guaranteed principal and interest payments on bonds issued by the LFAMC, of which only the "Series 2012" bonds remain outstanding. Given the Company's guarantee associated with the Series 2012 bonds, the remaining debt service amount is considered a minimum lease payment under ASC Topic 842, Leases, and therefore remains a lease liability with a corresponding right-of-use asset within the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet.

As of December 31, 2023, \$59 million of principal remained outstanding associated with the Series 2012 bonds. The net present values of the future principal and interest payments associated with the bonds were \$65 million and \$77 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and were reflected as part of the Company's operating lease right-of-use assets and lease obligations in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Contingencies

The Company is from time to time subject to various legal proceedings and claims arising in the ordinary course of business and records a liability for such claims when it is probable that a loss will be incurred and the amount is reasonably estimable.

The Company is a defendant in class action litigation asserting it has not provided paid short-term military leave to certain employees, in violation of the federal Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act ("USERRA"). The United States District Court for the Northern District of California previously issued an order to effectively stay the action, pending an appeal from an order by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Washington granting summary judgment in favor of an airline in a separate case involving substantially the same claims at issue in this action. On February 1, 2023, the Ninth Circuit reversed the district court's grant of summary judgment and remanded the separate airline case to the District Court. The Ninth Circuit's decision may adversely affect the Company's defenses in the USERRA proceeding and may give rise to additional litigation in this or other areas. The Company is currently not able to estimate a range of possible loss with regards to the litigation to which it is a defendant.

6. REVENUE

Passenger Revenues

The Company's contracts with its Customers primarily consist of its tickets sold, which are initially deferred as Air traffic liability. Passenger revenue associated with tickets is recognized when the performance obligation to the Customer is satisfied, which is primarily when travel is provided.

Revenue is categorized by revenue source as the Company believes it best depicts the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flow. The following table provides the components of Passenger revenue recognized for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021:

(in millions)	Year ended December 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
Passenger non-loyalty	\$ 19,073	\$ 17,645	\$ 11,377
Passenger loyalty - air transportation	3,639	3,028	2,136
Passenger ancillary sold separately	925	735	553
Total passenger revenues	\$ 23,637	\$ 21,408	\$ 14,066

Passenger non-loyalty includes all revenues recognized from Passengers for flights purchased primarily with cash or credit card. All Customers purchasing a ticket on Southwest Airlines are generally able to check up to two bags at no extra charge (with certain exceptions as stated in the Company's published Contract of Carriage), and the Company also does not charge a fee for a Customer to make a change to their flight after initial purchase, although fare differences may apply. Passenger loyalty - air transportation primarily consists of the revenue associated with award flights taken by loyalty program members upon redemption of loyalty points. Passenger ancillary sold separately includes any revenue associated with ancillary fees charged separately, such as in-flight purchases, EarlyBird Check-In®, and Upgraded Boarding.

In order to determine the value of each loyalty point, certain assumptions must be made at the time of measurement, which include the following:

- *Allocation of Passenger Revenue* - Revenues from Passengers, related to travel, who also earn Rapid Rewards Points have been allocated between flight (recognized as revenue when transportation is provided) and Rapid Rewards Points (deferred until points are redeemed) based on each obligation's relative standalone selling price. The Company utilizes historical earning patterns to assist in this allocation.
- *Fair Value of Rapid Rewards Points* - Determined from the base fare value of tickets which were purchased using prior point redemptions for travel and other products and services, which the Company believes to be indicative of the fair value of points as perceived by Customers and representative of the value of each point at the time of redemption. The Company's booking site allows a Customer to toggle between fares utilizing either cash or point redemptions, which provides the Customer with an approximation of the equivalent value of their points. The value can differ, however, based on demand, the amount of time prior to the flight, and other factors. The mix of fare classes during the period measured represents a constraint, which could result in the assumptions above changing at the measurement date, as fare classes can have different coefficients used to determine the total loyalty points needed to purchase an award ticket. The mixture of these fare classes and changes in the coefficients used by the Company could cause the fair value per point to fluctuate.

For points that are expected to remain unused, the Company recognizes breakage in proportion to the pattern of points used by the Customer, which approximates the average period over which the population of Rapid Reward Members redeem their points. The Company utilizes historical behavioral data to develop a predictive statistical model to analyze the amount of breakage expected for points sold to business partners and earned through flight. The Company continues to evaluate expected breakage annually and applies appropriate adjustments in the fourth quarter of each year, or other times, if significant changes in Customer behavior are detected. Changes to breakage estimates impact revenue recognition prospectively. Due to the size of the Company's liability for loyalty benefits,

changes in Customer behavior and/or expected future redemption patterns could result in significant variations in Passenger revenue.

The Company allocates consideration received to performance obligations based on the relative fair value of those obligations. The Company has a co-branded credit card agreement (“Agreement”) with Chase Bank USA, N.A. (“Chase”), through which the Company sells loyalty points and certain marketing components, which consist of the use of the Southwest Airlines brand and access to Rapid Rewards Member lists, licensing and advertising elements, and the use of the Company’s resource team. In fourth quarter 2021, Chase and the Company executed a multi-year extension of the Agreement, extending the decades-long relationship between the parties. The Company estimated the selling prices and volumes over the term of the Agreement in order to determine the allocation of proceeds to each of the two performance obligations identified in the Agreement, which have been characterized as a transportation component and a marketing component. The allocations utilized are reviewed to determine if adjustment is necessary any time there is a modification to the Agreement. The Company records Passenger revenue related to loyalty point redemptions for air travel when the travel is delivered, and the marketing elements are recognized as Other revenue when the performance obligations related to those services are satisfied, which is generally the same period consideration is received from Chase.

As performance obligations to Customers are satisfied, the related revenue is recognized. The events that result in revenue recognition that are associated with performance obligations identified as a part of the Rapid Rewards Program are as follows:

- *Tickets and Rapid Rewards Points* - When a flight occurs, the related performance obligation is satisfied and the related value provided by the Customer, whether from purchased tickets or Rapid Rewards Points, is recognized as revenue.
- *Loyalty points redeemed for goods and/or services other than travel* - Rapid Rewards Members have the option to redeem points for goods and services offered through a third party vendor, who acts as principal. The performance obligation related to the purchase of these goods and services is satisfied when the good and/or service is delivered to the Customer.
- *Marketing Royalties* - As part of its Agreement with Chase, Southwest provides certain deliverables, including use of the Southwest Airlines’ brand, access to Rapid Rewards Member lists, advertising elements, and the Company’s resource team. These performance obligations are satisfied each month that the Agreement is active.

As of the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the components of Air traffic liability, including contract liabilities based on tickets sold and unused flight credits available to the Customer, both of which are net of recorded breakage, and loyalty points available for redemption, within the Consolidated Balance Sheet were as follows:

(in millions)	Balance as of	
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Air traffic liability - passenger travel and ancillary passenger services	\$ 3,363	\$ 3,061
Air traffic liability - loyalty program	4,916	5,189
Total Air traffic liability	\$ 8,279	\$ 8,250

The balance in Air traffic liability - passenger travel and ancillary passenger services also includes flight credits not currently associated with a ticket that can be applied by Customers towards the purchase of future travel. These flight credits are typically created as a result of a prior ticket cancellation or exchange, and are reflected net of associated breakage. Rollforwards of the Company's Air traffic liability - loyalty program for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were as follows (in millions):

	Year ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Air traffic liability - loyalty program - beginning balance	\$ 5,189	\$ 4,789
Amounts deferred associated with points awarded	3,466	3,506
Revenue recognized from points redeemed - Passenger	(3,639)	(3,028)
Revenue recognized from points redeemed - Other	(100)	(78)
Air traffic liability - loyalty program - ending balance	<u>\$ 4,916</u>	<u>\$ 5,189</u>

Air traffic liability includes consideration received for ticket and loyalty related performance obligations which have not been satisfied as of a given date. Rollforwards of the amounts included in Air traffic liability as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 were as follows (in millions):

	Air traffic liability
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 8,250
Current period sales (passenger travel, ancillary services, flight loyalty, and partner loyalty)	23,766
Revenue from amounts included in contract liability opening balances	(5,031)
Revenue from current period sales	(18,706)
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 8,279</u>

	Air traffic liability
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 7,725
Current period sales (passenger travel, ancillary services, flight loyalty, and partner loyalty)	22,012
Revenue from amounts included in contract liability opening balances	(4,976)
Revenue from current period sales	(16,511)
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 8,250</u>

On July 28, 2022, the Company announced that all existing Customer flight credits as of that date, as well as any future flight credits issued, will no longer expire and will thus remain redeemable by Customers. Prior to this change, flight credits would expire twelve months from the original fare purchase date. Flight credits for non-refundable fares will be issued as long as the flight is cancelled more than 10 minutes prior to the scheduled departure. This announcement was considered a contract modification under applicable accounting guidance and the Company accounted for such change prospectively in third quarter 2022. The Company's balance of existing Customer flight credits as of the modification date was approximately \$1.9 billion, including a portion of the extended flight credits issued during the early portion of the COVID-19 pandemic, that had been set to expire on September 7, 2022. See Note 2 for further information. As the Company continues to believe that a portion of Customer flight credits issued after July 28, 2022, will not be redeemed, it continues to estimate and record breakage associated with such amounts. The amount of breakage realized on a prospective basis, however, is expected to be lower and more stable than it has been during the pandemic as a result of this policy change.

The amount of Customer flight credits represents approximately 8 percent and 9 percent of the total Air traffic liability balance as of December 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022, respectively, compared to approximately 2 percent of the Air traffic liability balance as of December 31, 2019.

Recognition of revenue associated with the Company's loyalty liability can be difficult to predict, as the number of award seats available to Members is not currently restricted and they could choose to redeem their points at any time that a seat is available. The performance obligations classified as a current liability related to the Company's loyalty program were estimated based on expected redemptions utilizing historical redemption patterns, and forecasted flight availability and fares. The entire balance classified as Air traffic liability—noncurrent relates to loyalty points that were estimated to be redeemed in periods beyond the twelve months following the representative balance sheet date. Based on historical experience as well as current forecasted redemptions, the Company expects the majority of loyalty points to be redeemed within approximately one year of the date the points are issued.

Despite the Company's policy change with regards to flight credits, it has not experienced significant flight credit redemptions beyond twelve months and it currently does not expect the amount of flight credits that will be redeemed beyond twelve months to be material as of the financial statement date.

All performance obligations related to freight services sold are completed within twelve months or less; therefore, the Company has elected to not disclose the amount of the remaining transaction price and its expected timing of recognition for freight shipments.

Other revenues primarily consist of marketing royalties associated with the Company's co-brand Chase® Visa credit card program, but also include commissions and advertising associated with Southwest.com®. All amounts classified as Other revenues are paid monthly, coinciding with the Company fulfilling its deliverables; therefore, the Company has elected to not disclose the amount of the remaining transaction price and its expected timing of recognition for such services provided.

The Company recognized revenue related to the marketing, advertising, and other travel-related benefits of the revenue associated with various loyalty partner agreements including, but not limited to, the Agreement with Chase, within Other operating revenues. For the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021 the Company recognized \$2.1 billion, \$2.1 billion, and \$1.4 billion, respectively.

The Company is also required to collect certain taxes and fees from Customers on behalf of government agencies and remit these back to the applicable governmental entity on a periodic basis. These taxes and fees include foreign and U.S. federal transportation taxes, federal security charges, and airport passenger facility charges. These items are collected from Customers at the time they purchase their tickets, are excluded from the contract transaction price, and are therefore not included in Passenger revenue. The Company records a liability upon collection from the Customer and relieves the liability when payments are remitted to the applicable governmental agency.

7. FINANCING ACTIVITIES

(in millions)	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
<i>Unsecured</i>		
5.25% Notes due 2025	\$ 1,302	\$ 1,302
1.25% Convertible Notes due 2025	1,611	1,611
3.00% Notes due 2026	300	300
7.375% Debentures due 2027	111	114
3.45% Notes due 2027	300	300
5.125% Notes due 2027	1,727	1,727
2.625% Notes due 2030	500	500
1.000% Payroll Support Program Loan due 2030 (See Note 2)	976	976
1.000% Payroll Support Program Loan due 2031 (See Note 2)	566	566
1.000% Payroll Support Program Loan due 2031 (See Note 2)	526	526
Finance leases	104	189
	<u>\$ 8,023</u>	<u>\$ 8,111</u>
Less current maturities	29	42
Less debt discount and issuance costs	16	23
	<u>\$ 7,978</u>	<u>\$ 8,046</u>

During 2020, the Company issued \$2.0 billion of unsecured notes due 2027, of which \$1.3 billion was issued June 8, 2020 (the "\$1.3 billion 2027 Notes") and \$700 million was issued July 31, 2020 (the "\$700 million 2027 Notes"). The notes bear interest at 5.125%. Interest is payable semi-annually in arrears. The \$700 million 2027 Notes were offered as an additional issuance of the Company's \$1.3 billion 2027 Notes issued on June 8, 2020. The \$700 million 2027 Notes were issued at a premium and this premium has been included within Capitalized financing items in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. The Company made early prepayments on the notes of \$272 million throughout 2022, utilizing available cash on hand.

During 2020, the Company issued \$1.55 billion of unsecured notes due 2025, of which \$1.25 billion was issued May 4, 2020 (the “\$1.25 billion 2025 Notes”) and \$300 million was issued July 31, 2020 (the “\$300 million 2025 Notes”). The notes bear interest at 5.250%. Interest is payable semi-annually in arrears. The \$300 million 2025 Notes were offered as an additional issuance of the Company’s \$1.25 billion 2025 Notes issued on May 4, 2020. The \$300 million 2025 Notes were issued at a premium and this premium has been included within Capitalized financing items in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. The Company made early prepayments on the notes of \$248 million throughout 2022, utilizing available cash on hand.

On May 1, 2020, the Company completed the public offering of \$2.3 billion aggregate principal amount of Convertible Senior Notes (the “Convertible Notes”). The Convertible Notes bear interest at a rate of 1.25% and will mature on May 1, 2025. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually in arrears.

Holders may convert their Convertible Notes at their option at any time prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding February 1, 2025, in the event certain conditions are met, as stated in the offering documents. The Convertible Notes did not meet the criteria to be converted as of the date of the financial statements, and thus are classified as Long-term debt in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2023. Upon conversion, the Company will pay or deliver, as the case may be, cash, shares of the Company’s common stock or a combination of cash and shares of common stock, at the Company’s election. The Company intends to settle conversions by paying cash up to the principal amount of the Convertible Notes, with any excess conversion value settled in cash or shares of common stock. The initial conversion rate was 25.9909 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$38.48 per share of common stock). However, based on the Company’s most recent cash dividends declared in November 2023, the bond conversion rate changed, and was 26.7188 as of December 31, 2023. As of December 31, 2023, the if-converted value of the Convertible Notes was less than the principal amount by \$368 million, using the Company’s closing stock price.

Upon issuance, the Company bifurcated the Convertible Notes for accounting purposes between a liability component and an equity component utilizing applicable guidance. The liability component was determined by estimating the fair value of a hypothetical issuance of an identical offering excluding the conversion feature of the Convertible Notes. The initial carrying amount of the equity component was calculated as the difference between the liability component and the face amount of the Convertible Notes. The Company adopted ASU 2020-06, as of January 1, 2022, utilizing the modified retrospective method approach. See Note 3 for further information. Upon adoption, the Company reclassified the remaining equity component, of \$300 million, from Additional paid-in capital to Long-term debt associated with its Convertible Notes, and no longer records amortization of the debt discount to Interest expense. The net carrying amount and principal amount of the Convertible Notes was \$1.6 billion as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

The Company recognized interest expense associated with the Convertible Notes as follows:

(in millions)	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Non-cash amortization of debt issuance costs	\$ 10	\$ 12
Contractual coupon interest	20	22
Total interest expense	\$ 30	\$ 34

The unamortized debt issuance costs are being recognized as non-cash interest expense based on the 5-year term of the notes, through May 1, 2025, less amounts that were or will be required to be accelerated immediately upon conversion or repurchases. The Company had no changes to contingencies for the year ended December 31, 2023. The effective interest rate associated with the Convertible Notes was approximately 1.9 percent for the year ended December 31, 2023.

The following table presents the impact of the partial extinguishment of the Company's Convertible Notes and early prepayment of debt (excluding payments on finance leases) for the year ended December 31, 2022. No such instances of partial extinguishment or early prepayment of debt occurred for the year ended December 31, 2023. Additionally, there were no Convertible Note conversions exercised or settled during 2022 or 2023.

(in millions)	Year ended December 31, 2022				
	Cash paid for debt and interest	Principal repayment	Loss on extinguishment	Non-cash amortization of debt discount and (issuance) costs	Accrued Interest
1.25% Convertible Notes due 2025	\$ 649	\$ 486	\$ 171	\$ (9)	\$ 1
5.125% Notes due 2027	285	272	7	2	4
4.75% Notes due 2023	1,278	1,250	9	—	19
5.25% Notes due 2025	258	248	6	—	4
Total	\$ 2,470	\$ 2,256	\$ 193	\$ (7)	\$ 28

The Company has access to \$1.0 billion under its amended and restated revolving credit facility (the "Amended Credit Agreement"). In August 2023, this facility was amended to (i) extend the maturity to August 4, 2028, (ii) release all aircraft and other assets constituting collateral securing the loans made under the Amended Credit Agreement, (iii) delete all provisions and terminate all agreements, in each case, relating to the grant of such collateral, (iv) eliminate the role of "Collateral Agent" under the Amended Credit Agreement after giving effect to the amendment, terminations, and releases, (v) eliminate the minimum liquidity covenant, (vi) add a Coverage Ratio financial covenant, (vii) amend the Collateral Coverage Test covenant requiring that a pool of lien-free specified aircraft and related assets have a minimum aggregate appraised value, and add certain covenants with respect to such pool of assets, (viii) amend the pricing and fees, (ix) increase certain materiality thresholds, (x) grant longer grace periods for certain defaults, and (xi) update and amend certain other provisions. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 there were no amounts outstanding under the Amended Credit Agreement.

Generally, amounts outstanding under the Amended Credit Agreement bear interest at rates based on either the SOFR rate (selected by the Company for designated interest periods) or the "alternate base rate" (being the highest of (1) the Wall Street Journal prime rate, (2) one-month adjusted SOFR (one-month SOFR plus 0.1 percent) plus 1 percent, and (3) the Federal Reserve Bank of New York Rate, plus 0.5 percent). The underlying SOFR rate is subject to a floor of 1 percent per annum and the "alternate base rate" is subject to a floor of 1 percent per annum.

The Amended Credit Agreement has an accordion feature that would allow the Company, subject to, among other things, the procurement of incremental commitments, to increase the size of the facility to \$1.5 billion. The facility contains a financial covenant requiring a minimum coverage ratio of adjusted pre-tax income to fixed obligations, as defined. As of December 31, 2023, the Company was in compliance with this covenant and all other covenants in the Amended Credit Agreement.

During February 2020, the Company issued \$500 million senior unsecured notes due 2030. The notes bear interest at 2.625 percent. Interest is payable semi-annually in arrears.

During November 2017, the Company issued \$300 million senior unsecured notes due 2027. The notes bear interest at 3.45 percent. Interest is payable semi-annually in arrears.

During November 2016, the Company issued \$300 million senior unsecured notes due 2026. The notes bear interest at 3.00 percent. Interest is payable semi-annually in arrears.

On February 28, 1997, the Company issued \$100 million of senior unsecured 7.375 percent debentures due March 1, 2027. Interest is payable semi-annually. The debentures may be redeemed, at the option of the Company, in whole at any time or in part from time to time, at a redemption price equal to the greater of the principal amount

of the debentures plus accrued interest at the date of redemption or the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest thereon, discounted to the date of redemption at the comparable treasury rate plus 20 basis points, plus accrued interest at the date of redemption.

The Company is required to provide standby letters of credit to support certain obligations that arise in the ordinary course of business. Although the letters of credit are an off-balance sheet item, the majority of the obligations to which they relate are reflected as liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Outstanding letters of credit totaled \$110 million as of December 31, 2023.

The Company had no assets pledged as collateral for its borrowings as of December 31, 2023. The net book value of the assets pledged as collateral for the Company's secured borrowings, primarily aircraft, was \$2.0 billion as of December 31, 2022. This included aircraft with net book values of approximately \$296 million, in which the associated debt had been repaid as of December 31, 2022, but for which the liens were formally removed in 2023.

As of December 31, 2023, aggregate annual principal maturities of debt and finance leases (not including amounts associated with interest on finance leases) are as follows:

(in millions)		
2024	\$	29
2025		2,934
2026		315
2027		2,142
2028		11
Thereafter		2,581
Total	\$	8,012

8. LEASES

The Company enters into leases for aircraft, property, and other types of equipment in the normal course of business. As allowed under ASC 842, Leases, the Company has elected a practical expedient to exclude from recognition lease assets and lease liabilities associated with leases that have an initial term of twelve months or less. Such expense was not material for the twelve months ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021.

As of December 31, 2023, the Company held aircraft leases with remaining terms extending up to 10 years. The aircraft leases generally can be renewed for three months to three years at rates based on the fair market value at the end of the lease term. Residual value guarantees included in the Company's lease agreements are not material.

In fourth quarter 2022, the Company signed an aircraft sale agreement with AerCap Ireland Limited ("AerCap") to purchase 39 -700 aircraft, all of which were already in the Company's fleet under finance lease terms. As each aircraft purchase was finalized, the Company relieved its related lease liability and continued to recognize the cost of the aircraft within Property and equipment section in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. The Company completed the purchase of 31 of these aircraft during fourth quarter 2022, and the remaining eight aircraft during first quarter 2023. The Company paid the lessor \$365 million and \$88 million in fourth quarter 2022 and first quarter 2023, respectively, as part of this transaction, of which \$191 million and \$50 million were recorded as the elimination of the Company's remaining finance lease obligation for the aircraft, and which was also reflected within Payments of long-term debt and finance lease obligations in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. The remaining \$174 million and \$38 million was the net purchase price of the aircraft and is included as part of the Company's Capital expenditures for fourth quarter 2022 and first quarter 2023, respectively.

In second and third quarter 2023, the Company also entered into additional transactions with third parties to purchase four -700 aircraft, all of which were already in the Company's fleet under finance lease terms. The Company paid the lessors \$44 million in 2023, of which \$3 million was recorded as the elimination of the Company's remaining finance lease obligation for the aircraft, and which was also reflected within Payments of

long-term debt and finance lease obligations in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. The remaining \$41 million was the net purchase price of the aircraft and is included as part of the Company's Capital expenditures for 2023. There was no gain or loss recorded as a result of these transactions. As of December 31, 2023, the Company has 24 finance leased aircraft remaining.

At each airport where the Company conducts flight operations, the Company has lease agreements, generally with a governmental unit or authority, for the use of airport terminals, airfields, office space, cargo warehouses, gates, and/or maintenance facilities. These leases are classified as operating lease agreements and have remaining lease terms extending up to 37 years. Certain leases can be renewed from one year to 11 years. The majority of the airport terminal leases contain certain provisions for periodic adjustments to rates that depend upon airport operating costs or use of the facilities, and are reset at least annually. Because of the variable nature of these rates, these leases are not recorded as a right-of-use asset or a lease liability on the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

The Company also leases certain technology assets, fuel storage tanks, and various other equipment that qualify as leases under the applicable accounting guidance with lease terms extending up to three years. Certain leases can be renewed from six months to one year.

Lease-related assets and liabilities recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheet were as follows:

(in millions)	Balance Sheet location	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Assets			
Operating	Operating lease right-of-use assets (net)	\$ 1,223	\$ 1,394
Finance	Property and equipment (net of allowance for depreciation and amortization of \$477 million and \$634 million)	125	297
Total lease assets		<u>\$ 1,348</u>	<u>\$ 1,691</u>
Liabilities			
Current			
Operating	Current operating lease liabilities	\$ 208	\$ 225
Finance	Current maturities of long-term debt	29	42
Noncurrent			
Operating	Noncurrent operating lease liabilities	985	1,118
Finance	Long-term debt less current maturities	75	147
Total lease liabilities		<u>\$ 1,297</u>	<u>\$ 1,532</u>

The components of lease costs, included in the Consolidated Statement of Income, were as follows:

(in millions)	Year ended December 31, 2023	Year ended December 31, 2022	Year ended December 31, 2021
Operating lease cost - aircraft (a)	\$ 186	\$ 188	\$ 204
Operating lease cost - other	89	84	81
Short-term lease cost	2	2	1
Variable lease cost	1,733	1,447	1,406
Amortization of finance lease liabilities	44	106	112
Interest on finance lease liabilities	5	15	19
Total net lease cost	<u>\$ 2,059</u>	<u>\$ 1,842</u>	<u>\$ 1,823</u>

(a) Net of sublease income of \$7 million, \$17 million, and \$41 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021.

Supplemental cash flow information related to leases, included in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, was as follows:

(in millions)	Year ended December 31, 2023	Year ended December 31, 2022	Year ended December 31, 2021
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:			
Operating cash flows for operating leases	\$ 251	\$ 303	\$ 346
Operating cash flows for finance leases	5	16	19
Financing cash flows for finance leases	32	78	83
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations:			
Operating leases	82	58	327

As of December 31, 2023, maturities of lease liabilities were as follows:

(in millions)	Operating leases	Finance leases
2024	\$ 242	\$ 33
2025	201	24
2026	186	16
2027	179	16
2028	168	12
Thereafter	431	13
Total lease payments	\$ 1,407	\$ 114
Less imputed interest	(214)	(10)
Total lease obligations	1,193	104
Less current obligations	(208)	(29)
Long-term lease obligations	\$ 985	\$ 75

The table below presents additional information related to the Company's leases:

Weighted average remaining lease term	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Operating leases	8 years	8 years
Finance leases	5 years	6 years
Weighted average discount rate		
Operating leases	4.0 %	3.6 %
Finance leases	3.9 %	3.9 %

9. COMMON STOCK

The Company has one class of capital stock, its common stock. Holders of shares of common stock are entitled to receive dividends when and if declared by the Board of Directors and are entitled to one vote per share on all matters submitted to a vote of the Shareholders. As of December 31, 2023, the Company had 75 million shares of common stock reserved for issuance pursuant to Employee equity plans (of which 30 million shares had not been granted) through various share-based compensation arrangements. Additionally, as part of the consideration for its receipt of funding under the Payroll Support programs, the Company entered into warrant agreements with Treasury. Warrants will be settled through net share settlement or net cash settlement, at the Company's option. The warrants do not have voting rights and include adjustments for below market issuances, payment of dividends, and other customary anti-dilution provisions. See Notes 2 and 10 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for information regarding the Company's warrant agreements and equity plans, respectively.

10. STOCK PLANS

Share-based Compensation

The Company accounts for share-based compensation utilizing fair value, which is determined on the date of grant for all instruments. The Consolidated Statement of Income for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, reflects share-based compensation expense of \$86 million, \$84 million, and \$58 million, respectively. The total tax impact recognized in earnings from share-based compensation arrangements for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, was not material. As of December 31, 2023, there was \$60 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to share-based compensation arrangements, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.7 years. The Company expects substantially all unvested shares associated with time-based restricted stock unit awards to vest.

Restricted Stock Units and Stock Grants

Under the Company's Amended and Restated 2007 Equity Incentive Plan ("2007 Equity Plan"), which was approved by Shareholders, the Company granted restricted stock units ("RSUs") and performance-based restricted stock units ("PBRsUs") to certain Employees during 2023, 2022, and 2021.

The RSUs are scheduled to vest with respect to one-third of the shares covered thereby annually. Other than in connection with death or disability, vesting is subject to the individual's continued service as an Employee, Board member, or advisor through the vesting date. However, with respect to the RSUs granted in 2021, 2022, and 2023, provided that the individual's service has terminated no earlier than 12 months after the date of grant, in the event of a "qualified retirement," any outstanding unvested RSUs will remain outstanding as if the individual's service has not terminated and will continue to vest in accordance with the schedule set forth in the notice of the grant. An individual's termination of service will be considered a "qualified retirement" if (a) the individual has completed at least 10 years of continuous service; (b) the individual's age plus completed years of continuous service equal at least 65 at the time of the individual's termination of service; and (c) the individual has not been terminated for cause.

With respect to PBRsUs granted in 2021, the number of PBRsUs vesting on the vesting date will be interpolated based on the Company's cumulative Adjusted Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, and Amortization (EBITDA) for the years 2022 and 2023 and ranges from 10 percent of granted PBRsUs to 300 percent of granted PBRsUs, only after a minimum performance level has been achieved. Vesting is also subject generally to the individual's continued employment or service. However, in the event the Company's pre-tax average return on invested capital for 2021 and 2022 exceeds the median (i.e., 50th percentile) average return on invested capital of certain of the Company's peer group of domestic mainline carriers subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's reporting requirements, the minimum number of PBRsUs that will vest, as of the vesting date, will be equal to the grant amount times 50 percent. Based on cumulative EBITDA for the years 2022 and 2023, the number of PBRsUs expected to vest for the 2021 grants is equal to approximately 276 percent of the PBRsUs granted.

Under the 2022 grants, the number of PBRsUs vesting on the vesting date will be interpolated based on the Company's Adjusted ROIC performance, as defined, and ranges from zero PBRsUs to 300 percent of granted PBRsUs, only after a minimum performance level has been achieved. Adjusted ROIC for the Performance Period is the average of the ROIC over the three full fiscal years within the Performance Period (2022, 2023, and 2024), and vesting is also subject generally to the individual's continued employment or service. However, in the event the Company's average Adjusted ROIC is greater than zero and exceeds the median (i.e., 50th percentile) return on invested capital of certain of the Company's peer group of domestic mainline carriers subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's reporting requirements, the minimum number of PBRsUs that will vest, as of the vesting date, will be equal to the grant amount times 50 percent. If the Company's relative Adjusted ROIC ranks highest compared to the Company's Peer Group, the minimum number of PBRsUs that will vest, as of the vesting date, will be equal to the grant amount times 100 percent.

Under the 2023 grants, the number of PBRsUs vesting on the vesting date will be interpolated based on the Company's Adjusted ROIC performance, as defined, and ranges from zero PBRsUs to 200 percent of granted PBRsUs, only after a minimum performance level has been achieved. Adjusted ROIC for the Performance Period is the average of the ROIC, using an assumed federal tax rate of 24 percent, over the three full fiscal years within the Performance Period (2023, 2024, and 2025), and vesting is also subject generally to the individual's continued employment or service. However, in the event the Company's average Adjusted ROIC is greater than zero and exceeds the median (i.e., 50th percentile) return on invested capital of certain of the Company's peer group of domestic mainline carriers subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's reporting requirements, the minimum number of PBRsUs that will vest, as of the vesting date, will be equal to the grant amount times 50 percent. If the Company's relative Adjusted ROIC ranks highest compared to the Company's Peer Group, the minimum number of PBRsUs that will vest, as of the vesting date, will be equal to the grant amount times 100 percent.

With respect to PBRsUs granted in 2021, 2022, and 2023, provided that the individual's service has terminated no earlier than 12 months after the date of grant, in the event of a "qualified retirement," such individual's PBRsUs will remain outstanding as if the individual's service has not terminated and will otherwise be settleable in accordance with the notice of grant and applicable terms and conditions; however, the number of shares received upon settlement will be prorated based on the individual's number of days of service between the date of grant and the end of the performance period.

For all RSU and PBRsU grants, forfeiture rates are estimated at the time of grant based on historical actuals for similar grants, and are true-up to actuals over the vesting period. For all RSU and PBRsU grants, the Company recognizes all expense on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, as adjusted for qualified retirement provisions, with any changes in expense due to the number of RSUs and PBRsUs expected to vest being modified on a prospective basis.

Aggregated information regarding the Company's RSUs and PBRsUs is summarized below:

	All Restricted Stock Units	
	Units (000)	Wtd. Average Fair Value (per share)
Outstanding December 31, 2020	1,962	\$ 57.81
Granted	1,463 (a)	46.58
Vested	(790)	59.48
Surrendered	(74)	51.36
Outstanding December 31, 2021	2,561	51.81
Granted	1,041 (b)	44.88
Vested	(559)	51.85
Surrendered	(100)	48.59
Outstanding December 31, 2022	2,943	47.97
Granted	1,750 (c)	35.37
Vested	(650)	48.45
Surrendered	(80)	39.69
Outstanding December 31, 2023	3,963	39.97

(a) Includes 466 thousand PBRsUs

(b) Includes 700 thousand PBRsUs

(c) Includes 1.1 million PBRsUs

In addition, the Company granted approximately 73 thousand shares of unrestricted stock at a weighted average grant price of \$30.12 in 2023, approximately 42 thousand shares at a weighted average grant price of \$44.23 in

2022, and approximately 27 thousand shares at a weighted average grant price of \$60.39 in 2021, to members of its Board of Directors.

A remaining balance of up to 13 million shares of the Company's common stock may be issued pursuant to grants under the 2007 Equity Plan.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

Under the Amended and Restated 1991 Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("ESPP"), which has been approved by Shareholders, the Company is authorized to issue up to a remaining balance of 17 million shares of the Company's common stock to Employees of the Company. These shares may be issued at a price equal to 90 percent of the market value at the end of each monthly purchase period. Common stock purchases are paid for through periodic payroll deductions.

The following table provides information about the Company's ESPP activity during 2023, 2022, and 2021:

Employee Stock Purchase Plan			
Year ended	Total number of shares purchased (in thousands)	Average price paid per share	(a) Weighted-average fair value of each purchase right under the ESPP
December 31, 2021	1,083	\$ 47.31	\$ 5.19
December 31, 2022	1,453	\$ 36.10	\$ 4.02
December 31, 2023	1,972	\$ 27.46	\$ 3.05

(a) The weighted-average fair value of each purchase right under the ESPP granted is equal to a ten percent discount from the market value of the Common Stock at the end of each monthly purchase period.

Taxes

Grants of RSUs result in the creation of a deferred tax asset, which is a temporary difference, until the time the RSU vests. All excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies are recorded through the income statement. Due to the treatment of RSUs for tax purposes, the Company's effective tax rate from year to year is subject to variability.

11. FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

Fuel Contracts

Airline operators are inherently dependent upon energy to operate and, therefore, are impacted by changes in jet fuel prices. Furthermore, jet fuel and oil typically represents one of the largest operating expenses for airlines. The Company endeavors to acquire jet fuel at the lowest possible cost and to reduce volatility in operating expenses through its fuel hedging program. Although the Company may periodically enter into jet fuel derivatives for short-term timeframes, because jet fuel is not widely traded on an organized futures exchange, there are limited opportunities to hedge directly in jet fuel for time horizons longer than approximately 24 months into the future. However, the Company has found that financial derivative instruments in other commodities, such as West Texas Intermediate ("WTI") crude oil, Brent crude oil, and refined products, such as heating oil and unleaded gasoline, can be useful in decreasing its exposure to jet fuel price volatility. The Company does not purchase or hold any financial derivative instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

The Company has used financial derivative instruments for both short-term and long-term timeframes, and historically has used a mixture of purchased call options, collar structures (which include both a purchased call option and a sold put option), call spreads (which include a purchased call option and a sold call option), put spreads (which include a purchased put option and a sold put option), and fixed price swap agreements in its portfolio. Although the use of collar structures and swap agreements can reduce the overall cost of hedging, these instruments carry more risk than purchased call options in that the Company could end up in a liability position when the collar structure or swap agreement settles. With the use of purchased call options and call spreads, the Company cannot be in a liability position at settlement, but does not have coverage once market prices fall below the strike price of the purchased call option.

For the purpose of evaluating its net cash spend for jet fuel and for forecasting its future estimated jet fuel expense, the Company evaluates its hedge volumes strictly from an "economic" standpoint and thus does not consider whether the hedges have qualified or will qualify for hedge accounting. The Company defines its "economic" hedge as the net volume of fuel derivative contracts held, including the impact of positions that have been offset through sold positions, regardless of whether those contracts qualify for hedge accounting. The level at which the Company is economically hedged for a particular period is also dependent on current market prices for that period, as well as the types of derivative instruments held and the strike prices of those instruments. For example, the Company may enter into "out-of-the-money" option contracts (including "catastrophic" protection, which the Company defines as prices significantly higher than historical average levels), which may not generate intrinsic gains at settlement if market prices do not rise above the option strike price. Therefore, even though the Company may have an economic hedge in place for a particular period, that hedge may not produce any hedging gains at settlement and may even produce hedging losses depending on market prices, the types of instruments held, and the strike prices of those instruments.

As of December 31, 2023, the Company had fuel derivative instruments in place to provide coverage at varying price levels. The following table provides information about the Company's volume of fuel hedging on an economic basis:

Period (by year)	Maximum fuel hedged as of December 31, 2023 (gallons in millions) (a)	Derivative underlying commodity type as of December 31, 2023
2024	1,265	WTI crude oil and Brent crude oil
2025	1,033	Brent crude oil
2026	358	Brent crude oil

(a) Due to the types of derivatives utilized by the Company and different price levels of those contracts, these volumes represent the maximum economic hedge in place and may vary significantly as market prices and the Company's flight schedule fluctuate.

Upon proper qualification, the Company accounts for its fuel derivative instruments as cash flow hedges. Qualification is re-evaluated quarterly, and all periodic changes in fair value of the derivatives designated as hedges are recorded in AOCI until the underlying jet fuel is consumed. See Note 13.

If a derivative initially does not qualify or ceases to qualify for hedge accounting, any change in the fair value of derivative instruments since the last reporting period would be recorded in Other (gains) losses, net, in the Consolidated Statement of Income in the period of the change; however, any amounts previously recorded to AOCI would remain there until such time as the original forecasted transaction occurs, at which time these amounts would be reclassified to Fuel and oil expense. Factors that have and may continue to lead to the loss of hedge accounting include: significant fluctuation in energy prices or volumes of fuel purchased, significant weather events affecting refinery capacity and the production of refined products, and the volatility of the different types of products the Company uses in hedging. Certain types of derivative instruments do not qualify for hedge accounting, including those that result in a net sold position (sold gallons exceeding purchased gallons). Increased volatility in certain commodity markets for an extended period of time, especially if such volatility were to worsen, could cause the Company to lose hedge accounting altogether for the commodities used in its fuel hedging program, which would create further volatility in the Company's GAAP financial results. However, even though certain derivatives may not qualify for hedge accounting, the Company continues to hold the instruments as management believes they continue to afford the Company the opportunity to stabilize jet fuel costs. When the Company has sold derivative positions in order to effectively "close" or offset a derivative already held as part of its fuel derivative instrument portfolio, any subsequent changes in fair value of those positions are marked to market through earnings. Likewise, any changes in fair value of those positions that were offset by entering into the sold positions and were de-designated as hedges are concurrently marked to market through the Consolidated Statement of Income. However, any changes in value related to hedges that were deferred as part of AOCI while designated as a hedge would remain until the originally forecasted transaction occurs. In a situation where it becomes probable that a fuel hedged forecasted transaction will not occur, any gains and/or losses that have been recorded to AOCI would be required to be immediately reclassified into the Consolidated Statement of Income. The Company did not have any such situations where a derivative ceased to qualify for hedge accounting during 2022 and 2023.

Accounting pronouncements pertaining to derivative instruments and hedging are complex with stringent requirements, including the documentation of a Company hedging strategy, statistical analysis to qualify a commodity for hedge accounting both on a historical and a prospective basis, and strict contemporaneous documentation that is required at the time each hedge is designated by the Company. This statistical analysis involves utilizing regression analyses that compare changes in the price of jet fuel to changes in the prices of the commodities used for hedging purposes.

All cash flows associated with purchasing and selling fuel derivatives are classified as Other operating cash flows in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. The following table presents the location of all assets and liabilities associated with the Company's derivative instruments within the Consolidated Balance Sheet:

(in millions)	Balance Sheet location	Asset derivatives		Liability derivatives	
		Fair value at 12/31/2023	Fair value at 12/31/2022	Fair value at 12/31/2023	Fair value at 12/31/2022
Derivatives designated as hedges (a)					
Fuel derivative contracts (gross)	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 86	\$ 352	\$ —	\$ —
Fuel derivative contracts (gross)	Other assets	137	160	—	—
Interest rate derivative contracts	Other assets	—	14	—	—
Total derivatives designated as hedges		\$ 223	\$ 526	\$ —	\$ —

(a) Represents the position of each trade before consideration of offsetting positions with each counterparty and does not include the impact of cash collateral deposits provided to or received from counterparties. See discussion of credit risk and collateral following in this Note.

In addition, the Company had the following amounts associated with fuel derivative instruments and hedging activities in its Consolidated Balance Sheet:

(in millions)	Balance Sheet location	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Cash collateral deposits held from counterparties for fuel contracts - current	Offset against Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 15	\$ 106
Cash collateral deposits held from counterparties for fuel contracts - noncurrent	Offset against Other assets	35	—
Receivable from third parties for fuel contracts	Accounts and other receivables	12	34

All of the Company's fuel derivative instruments and interest rate swaps are subject to agreements that follow the netting guidance in the applicable accounting standards for derivatives and hedging. The types of derivative instruments the Company has determined are subject to netting requirements in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet are those in which the Company pays or receives cash for transactions with the same counterparty and in the same currency via one net payment or receipt. For cash collateral held by the Company or provided to counterparties, the Company nets such amounts against the fair value of the Company's derivative portfolio by each counterparty. The Company has elected to utilize netting for both its fuel derivative instruments and interest rate swap agreements and also classifies such amounts as either current or noncurrent, based on the net fair value position with each of the Company's counterparties in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. If its fuel derivative instruments are in a net asset position with a counterparty, cash collateral amounts held are first netted against current outstanding derivative asset amounts associated with that counterparty until that balance is zero, and then any remainder is applied against the fair value of noncurrent outstanding derivative instruments. As of December 31, 2023, the Company had no outstanding interest rate swap agreements and therefore no cash collateral deposits provided or held.

The Company had the following recognized financial assets and financial liabilities resulting from those transactions that meet the scope of the disclosure requirements as necessitated by applicable accounting guidance for balance sheet offsetting:

Offsetting of derivative assets

(in millions)		December 31, 2023			December 31, 2022		
Description	Balance Sheet location	(i) Gross amounts of recognized assets	(ii) Gross amounts offset in the Balance Sheet	(iii) = (i) + (ii) Net amounts of assets presented in the Balance Sheet	(i) Gross amounts of recognized assets	(ii) Gross amounts offset in the Balance Sheet	(iii) = (i) + (ii) Net amounts of assets presented in the Balance Sheet
Fuel derivative contracts	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 86	\$ (15)	\$ 71	\$ 352	\$ (106)	\$ 246
Fuel derivative contracts	Other assets	\$ 137	\$ (35)	\$ 102 (a)	\$ 160	\$ —	\$ 160 (a)
Interest rate derivative contracts	Other assets	\$ —	\$ —	\$ — (a)	\$ 14	\$ —	\$ 14 (a)

(a) The net amounts of derivative assets and liabilities are reconciled to the individual line item amounts presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet in Note 16.

Offsetting of derivative liabilities

(in millions)

Description	Balance Sheet location	December 31, 2023			December 31, 2022		
		(i)	(ii)	(iii) = (i) + (ii)	(i)	(ii)	(iii) = (i) + (ii)
		Gross amounts of recognized liabilities	Gross amounts offset in the Balance Sheet	Net amounts of liabilities presented in the Balance Sheet	Gross amounts of recognized liabilities	Gross amounts offset in the Balance Sheet	Net amounts of liabilities presented in the Balance Sheet
Fuel derivative contracts	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 15	\$ (15)	\$ —	\$ 106	\$ (106)	\$ —
Fuel derivative contracts	Other assets	\$ 35	\$ (35)	\$ — (a)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ — (a)

(a) The net amounts of derivative assets and liabilities are reconciled to the individual line item amounts presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet in Note 16.

The following tables present the impact of derivative instruments and their location within the Consolidated Statement of Income for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

Location and amount recognized in income on cash flow hedging relationships

(in millions)	Year ended December 31, 2023		Year ended December 31, 2022	
	Fuel and oil	Other operating expenses	Fuel and oil	Other operating expenses
Total	\$ (128)	\$ 7	\$ (832)	\$ 7
(Gain) loss on cash flow hedging relationships				
Commodity contracts:				
Amount of gain reclassified from AOCI into income	(128)	—	(832)	—
Interest contracts:				
Amount of loss reclassified from AOCI into income	—	7	—	7

Derivatives designated and qualified in cash flow hedging relationships

(in millions)	(Gain) Loss recognized in AOCI on derivatives, net of tax	
	Year ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Fuel derivative contracts	\$ 238	\$ (494)
Interest rate derivatives	(7)	(14)
Total	\$ 231	\$ (508)

Derivatives not designated as hedges

(in millions)	(Gain) Loss recognized in income on derivatives		Location of (gain) loss recognized in income on derivatives
	Year ended December 31,		
	2023	2022	
Fuel derivative contracts	\$ (17)	\$ (41)	Other (gains) losses, net

The Company also recorded expense (benefit) associated with premiums paid (received) for fuel derivative contracts that settled/expired during 2023, 2022 and 2021. Gains and/or losses associated with fuel derivatives that qualify for hedge accounting are ultimately recorded to Fuel and oil expense. Gains and/or losses associated with fuel derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recorded to Other (gains) and losses, net. The following table presents the impact of premiums paid (received) for fuel derivative contracts and their location within the Consolidated Statement of Income during the period the contract settles:

(in millions)	Premium (benefit) expense recognized in income on derivatives					Location of premium (benefit) expense recognized in income on derivatives	
	Year ended December 31,						
	2023		2022		2021		
Fuel derivative contracts designated as hedges	\$	121	\$	105	\$	57	Fuel and oil
Fuel derivative contracts not designated as hedges	\$	—	\$	(28)	\$	43	Other (gains) losses, net

The fair values of the derivative instruments, depending on the type of instrument, were determined by the use of present value methods or option value models with assumptions about commodity prices based on those observed in underlying markets or provided by third parties. Included in the Company's cumulative unrealized gains from fuel hedges as of December 31, 2023, recorded in AOCI, were approximately \$55 million in unrealized losses, net of taxes, which are expected to be realized in earnings during the twelve months subsequent to December 31, 2023.

Interest Rate Swaps

The Company is at times party to certain interest rate swap agreements that are accounted for as cash flow hedges, but had none in place as of December 31, 2023. The Company did not have any interest rate swap agreements designated as fair value hedges, as defined, during the periods presented. During the periods presented, all of the Company's interest rate swap agreements have qualified for the "shortcut" or "critical terms match" methods of accounting for hedges, which dictate that the hedges were assumed to be perfectly effective at origination, and, thus, there was no ineffectiveness to be recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Income.

During fourth quarter 2023, the Company terminated \$150 million notional value of forward-starting interest rate swap agreements. These swap agreements had been classified as cash flow hedges, and all fair market value changes were recorded to AOCI prior to their termination. The effect of this termination is that the value of the swaps originally recorded in AOCI, a gain of \$23 million, will be amortized to Interest expense over the life of the debt, which will be within the years 2024-2027.

Credit Risk and Collateral

Credit exposure related to fuel derivative instruments is represented by the fair value of contracts that are an asset to the Company at the reporting date. At such times, these outstanding instruments expose the Company to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the counterparties to the agreements. However, the Company has not experienced any significant credit loss as a result of counterparty nonperformance in the past. To manage credit risk, the Company selects and periodically reviews counterparties based on credit ratings, limits its exposure with respect to each counterparty, and monitors the market position of the fuel hedging program and its relative market position with each counterparty. As of December 31, 2023, the Company had agreements with all of its active counterparties containing early termination rights and/or bilateral collateral provisions whereby security is required if market risk exposure exceeds a specified threshold amount based on the counterparty's credit rating. The Company also had agreements with counterparties in which cash deposits and letters of credit were required to be posted as collateral whenever the net fair value of derivatives associated with those counterparties exceeds specific thresholds. In certain cases, the Company has the ability to substitute among these different forms of collateral at its discretion.

The following table provides the fair values of fuel derivatives, amounts posted as collateral, and applicable collateral posting threshold amounts as of December 31, 2023, at which such postings are triggered:

(in millions)	Counterparty (CP)								Total
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	
Fair value of fuel derivatives	\$ 53	\$ 21	\$ 36	\$ 10	\$ 39	\$ 15	\$ 31	\$ 18	\$ 223
Cash collateral held from CP	50	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	50
Option to substitute LC for cash	N/A	N/A	(a)	(a)	(a)	N/A	(a)	N/A	
If credit rating is investment grade, fair value of fuel derivative level at which:									
Cash is provided to CP	>(100)	>(50)	>(75)	>(125)	>(40)	>(65)	>(100)	>(100)	
Cash is received from CP	>0(b)	>150(b)	>250(b)	>125(b)	>100(b)	>70(b)	>100(b)	>100(b)	
If credit rating is non-investment grade, fair value of fuel derivative level at which:									
Cash is received from CP	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	

(a) The Company has the option to substitute letters of credit for 100 percent of cash collateral requirement.

(b) Thresholds may vary based on changes in credit ratings within investment grade.

(c) Cash collateral is provided at 100 percent of fair value of fuel derivative contracts.

12. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Accounting standards pertaining to fair value measurements establish a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers include: Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets; Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions.

As of December 31, 2023, the Company held certain items that are required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis. These included cash equivalents, short-term investments (primarily treasury bills), fuel derivative contracts, and available-for-sale securities. The majority of the Company's cash equivalents and short-term investments consist of instruments classified as Level 1. However, the Company has certificates of deposit, commercial paper, and time deposits that are classified as Level 2, due to the fact that the fair value for these instruments is determined utilizing observable inputs in non-active markets. Equity securities primarily consist of investments with readily determinable market values associated with the Company's excess benefit plan.

The Company's fuel and interest rate derivative instruments consist of over-the-counter contracts, which are not traded on a public exchange. Fuel derivative instruments currently consist solely of option contracts, whereas interest rate derivatives consist solely of swap agreements. See Note 11 for further information on the Company's derivative instruments and hedging activities. The fair values of swap contracts are determined based on inputs that are readily available in public markets or can be derived from information available in publicly quoted markets. Therefore, the Company has categorized these swap contracts as Level 2. The Company's Treasury Department, which reports to the Chief Financial Officer, determines the value of option contracts utilizing an option pricing model based on inputs that are either readily available in public markets, can be derived from information available in publicly quoted markets, or are provided by financial institutions that trade these contracts. The option pricing model used by the Company is an industry standard model for valuing options and is a similar model used by the broker/dealer community (i.e., the Company's counterparties). The inputs to this option pricing model are the option strike price, underlying price, risk free rate of interest, time to expiration, and volatility. Because certain inputs used to determine the fair value of option contracts are unobservable (principally implied volatility), the Company has categorized these option contracts as Level 3. Volatility information is obtained from external sources, but is analyzed by the Company for reasonableness and compared to similar information received from other external sources. The fair value of option contracts considers both the intrinsic value and any remaining time value associated with those derivatives that have not yet settled. The Company also considers counterparty credit risk and its own credit risk in its determination of all estimated fair values. To validate the reasonableness of the Company's option pricing model, on a monthly basis, the Company compares its option valuations to third party valuations. If any significant differences were to be noted, they would be researched in order to determine the reason. However, historically, no significant differences have been noted. The Company has consistently applied these valuation techniques in all periods presented and believes it has obtained the most accurate information available for the types of derivative contracts it holds.

Included in Other available-for-sale securities are the Company's investments associated with its deferred compensation plans, which consist of mutual funds that are publicly traded and for which market prices are readily available. These plans are non-qualified deferred compensation plans designed to hold contributions in excess of limits established by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The distribution timing and payment amounts under these plans are made based on the participant's distribution election and plan balance. Assets related to the funded portions of the deferred compensation plans are held in a rabbi trust, and the Company remains liable to these participants for the unfunded portion of the plans. The Company records changes in the fair value of plan obligations and plan assets, which net to zero, within the Salaries, wages, and benefits line and Other (gains) losses, net line, respectively, of the Consolidated Statement of Income.

The following tables present the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022:

Description	December 31, 2023	Fair value measurements at reporting date using:		
		Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Assets		(in millions)		
Cash equivalents:				
Cash equivalents (a)	\$ 9,032	\$ 9,032	\$ —	\$ —
Commercial paper	135	—	135	—
Certificates of deposit	21	—	21	—
Time deposits	100	—	100	—
Short-term investments:				
Treasury bills	1,983	1,983	—	—
Certificates of deposit	203	—	203	—
Fuel derivatives:				
Option contracts (b)	223	—	—	223
Equity Securities	280	280	—	—
Total assets	\$ 11,977	\$ 11,295	\$ 459	\$ 223

(a) Cash equivalents are primarily composed of money market investments and treasury bills.

(b) In the Consolidated Balance Sheet amounts are presented as an asset. See Note 11.

Description	December 31, 2022	Fair value measurements at reporting date using:		
		Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Assets		(in millions)		
Cash equivalents:				
Cash equivalents (a)	\$ 9,040	\$ 9,040	\$ —	\$ —
Commercial paper	179	—	179	—
Certificates of deposit	23	—	23	—
Time deposits	250	—	250	—
Short-term investments:				
Treasury bills	2,226	2,226	—	—
Certificates of deposit	124	—	124	—
Time deposits	450	—	450	—
Fuel derivatives:				
Option contracts (b)	512	—	—	512
Interest rate derivatives (see Note 11)	\$ 14	\$ —	\$ 14	\$ —
Equity Securities	235	235	—	—
Total assets	\$ 13,053	\$ 11,501	\$ 1,040	\$ 512

(a) Cash equivalents are primarily composed of money market investments.

(b) In the Consolidated Balance Sheet amounts are presented as an asset. See Note 11.

The Company did not have any material assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis as of December 31, 2023 or 2022. The following tables present the Company's activity for items measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for 2023 and 2022:

Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)		
(in millions)	Fuel derivatives	
Balance as of December 31, 2022	\$	512
Total gains (losses) for the period		
Included in earnings		17 (a)
Included in other comprehensive income		(312)
Purchases		273 (b)
Settlements		(267)
Balance as of December 31, 2023	\$	223
The amount of total losses for the period included in other comprehensive income attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to assets still held as of December 31, 2023	\$	209

(a) Included in Other (gains) losses, net, within the Consolidated Statement of Income.

(b) The purchase of fuel derivatives is recorded on a gross basis based on the structure of the derivative instrument and whether a contract with multiple derivatives was purchased as a single instrument or separate instruments.

Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)		
(in millions)	Fuel derivatives	
Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$	696
Total gains for the period		
Included in earnings		41 (a)
Included in other comprehensive income		645
Purchases		79 (b)
Settlements		(949)
Balance as of December 31, 2022	\$	512
The amount of total gains for the period included in other comprehensive income attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to assets still held as of December 31, 2022	\$	122

(a) Included in Other (gains) losses, net, within the Consolidated Statement of Income.

(b) The purchase and sale of fuel derivatives is recorded on a gross basis based on the structure of the derivative instrument and whether a contract with multiple derivatives was purchased as a single instrument or separate instruments.

The significant unobservable input used in the fair value measurement of the Company's derivative option contracts is implied volatility. Holding other inputs constant, an increase (decrease) in implied volatility would have resulted in a higher (lower) fair value measurement, respectively, for the Company's derivative option contracts.

The following table presents a range and weighted average of the unobservable inputs utilized in the fair value measurements of the Company's fuel derivatives classified as Level 3 as of December 31, 2023:

Quantitative information about Level 3 fair value measurements					
	Valuation technique	Unobservable input	Period (by year)	Range	Weighted Average (a)
Fuel derivatives	Option model	Implied volatility	2024	20-41%	31 %
			2025	26-28%	27 %
			2026	26-27%	26 %

(a) Implied volatility weighted by the notional amount (barrels of underlying commodity) that will settle in respective period.

The carrying amounts and estimated fair values of the Company's short-term and long-term debt (including current maturities), as well as the applicable fair value hierarchy tier, as of December 31, 2023, are presented in the table below. The fair values of the Company's publicly held long-term debt are determined based on inputs that are readily available in public markets or can be derived from information available in publicly quoted markets; therefore, the Company has categorized these agreements as Level 2. All privately held debt agreements are categorized as Level 3. The Company has determined the estimated fair value of this debt to be Level 3, as certain inputs used to determine the fair value of these agreements are unobservable. The Company utilizes indicative pricing from counterparties and a discounted cash flow method to estimate the fair value of the Level 3 items.

(in millions)	Carrying value	Estimated fair value	Fair value level hierarchy
5.25% Notes due 2025	1,302	1,303	Level 2
1.25% Convertible Notes due 2025	1,611	1,640	Level 2
3.00% Notes due 2026	300	285	Level 2
7.375% Debentures due 2027	111	117	Level 2
3.45% Notes due 2027	300	284	Level 2
5.125% Notes due 2027	1,727	1,737	Level 2
2.625% Notes due 2030	500	438	Level 2
1.000% Payroll Support Program Loan due 2030 (a)	976	932	Level 3
1.000% Payroll Support Program Loan due 2031 (a)	566	522	Level 3
1.000% Payroll Support Program Loan due 2031 (a)	526	481	Level 3

(a) The interest rate will change to Secured Overnight Financing Rate plus two percent on the fifth anniversary of the loans.

13. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Comprehensive income includes changes in the fair value of certain financial derivative instruments that qualify for hedge accounting and actuarial gains/losses arising from the Company's postretirement benefit obligation. A rollforward of the amounts included in AOCI, net of taxes, is shown below for 2023 and 2022:

(in millions)	Fuel derivatives	Interest rate derivatives	Defined benefit plan items	Deferred tax impact	Accumulated other comprehensive income
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 492	\$ (57)	\$ 66	\$ (113)	\$ 388
Changes in fair value	645	18	106	(179)	590
Reclassification to earnings	(832)	7	(2)	193	(634)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 305	\$ (32)	\$ 170	\$ (99)	\$ 344
Changes in fair value	(312)	10	(11)	73	(240)
Reclassification to earnings	(128)	7	(10)	27	(104)
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ (135)</u>	<u>\$ (15)</u>	<u>\$ 149</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

The following table illustrates the significant amounts reclassified out of each component of AOCI for the year ended December 31, 2023:

Year ended December 31, 2023

(in millions)	Amounts reclassified from AOCI	Affected line item in the Consolidated Statement of Income
AOCI components		
Unrealized (gain) on fuel derivative instruments	\$ (128)	Fuel and oil expense
	(29)	Less: Tax expense
	<u>\$ (99)</u>	Net of tax
Unrealized loss on interest rate derivative instruments	7	Other operating expenses
	1	Less: Tax expense
	<u>\$ 6</u>	Net of tax
Unrealized (gain) on defined benefit plan	\$ (10)	Other (gains) losses, net
	(3)	Less: Tax expense
	<u>\$ (7)</u>	Net of tax
Other	\$ —	Other
	4	Less: Tax expense
	<u>\$ (4)</u>	Net of tax
Total reclassifications for the period	<u><u>\$ (104)</u></u>	Net of tax

14. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

Defined Contribution Plans

The Company has defined contribution plans covering substantially all of its Employees. Contributions under all defined contribution plans are primarily based on Employee compensation and performance of the Company. The Company sponsors Employee savings plans under section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as

amended. The Southwest Airlines Co. 401(k) Plan includes Company matching contributions and the Southwest Airlines Pilots Retirement Saving Plan has non-elective Company contributions. In addition, the Southwest Airlines Co. ProfitSharing Plan (the "ProfitSharing Plan") is a defined contribution plan to which the Company may contribute a percentage of its eligible pre-tax profits, as defined, on an annual basis. No Employee contributions to the ProfitSharing Plan are allowed.

Amounts associated with the Company's defined contribution plans expensed in 2023, 2022, and 2021, reflected as a component of Salaries, wages, and benefits, were \$941 million, \$793 million, and \$749 million, respectively.

Postretirement Benefit Plans

The Company provides postretirement benefits to qualified retirees in the form of medical and dental coverage. Employees must meet minimum levels of service and age requirements as set forth by the Company, or as specified in collective-bargaining agreements with specific workgroups. Employees meeting these requirements, as defined, may use accrued unused sick time to pay for medical and dental premiums from the age of retirement until age 65.

The following table shows the change in the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation ("APBO") for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

(in millions)	2023	2022
APBO at beginning of period	\$ 241	\$ 330
Service cost	14	19
Interest cost	12	9
Benefits paid	(9)	(11)
Actuarial (gain) loss	11	(106)
APBO at end of period	<u>\$ 269</u>	<u>\$ 241</u>

During 2023, the Company recorded an \$11 million actuarial loss as an increase to the APBO with an offset to AOCL. This 2023 actuarial loss is reflected above and resulted from changes in certain key assumptions used to determine the Company's year-end obligation. The assumption change that resulted in the largest portion of the actuarial loss was a decrease in the discount rate used.

All plans are unfunded, and benefits are paid as they become due. Estimated future benefit payments expected to be paid are \$15 million in 2024, \$18 million in 2025, \$19 million in 2026, \$20 million in 2027, \$21 million in 2028, and \$127 million for the next five years thereafter.

The following table reconciles the funded status of the plans to the accrued postretirement benefit cost recognized in Other noncurrent liabilities on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

(in millions)	2023	2022
Funded status	\$ (269)	\$ (241)
Unrecognized net actuarial gain	(151)	(173)
Unrecognized prior service cost	2	3
Accumulated other comprehensive income	149	170
Consolidated Balance Sheet liability	<u>\$ (269)</u>	<u>\$ (241)</u>

The consolidated periodic postretirement benefit cost for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, included the following:

(in millions)	2023	2022	2021
Service cost	\$ 14	\$ 19	\$ 25
Interest cost	12	9	10
Amortization of net gain	(10)	(2)	—
Net periodic postretirement benefit cost	<u>\$ 16</u>	<u>\$ 26</u>	<u>\$ 35</u>

Service cost is recognized within Salaries, wages, and benefits expense, and all other costs are recognized in Other (gains) losses, net in the Consolidated Statement of Income. Unrecognized prior service cost is expensed using a straight-line amortization of the cost over the average future service of Employees expected to receive benefits under the plans. Actuarial gains are amortized utilizing the minimum amortization method. The following actuarial assumptions were used to account for the Company's postretirement benefit plans at December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021:

	2023	2022	2021
Weighted-average discount rate	5.20 %	5.60 %	2.90 %
Assumed healthcare cost trend rate (a)	6.25 %	6.50 %	6.25 %

(a) The assumed healthcare cost trend rate is expected to be 6.25% for 2024, then decline gradually to 4.75% by 2030 and remain level thereafter.

The selection of a discount rate is made annually and is selected by the Company based upon comparison of the expected future cash flows associated with the Company's future payments under its consolidated postretirement obligations to a yield curve created using high quality bonds that closely match those expected future cash flows. This rate decreased during 2023 due to market conditions. The assumed healthcare trend rate is also reviewed at least annually and is determined based upon both historical experience with the Company's healthcare benefits paid and expectations of how those trends may or may not change in future years.

15. INCOME TAXES

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. The components of deferred tax assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, are as follows:

(in millions)	2023	2022
DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES:		
Accelerated depreciation	\$ 3,595	\$ 3,279
Prepaid insurance	258	238
Operating lease right-of-use assets	276	311
Other	91	154
Total deferred tax liabilities	4,220	3,982
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS:		
Accrued employee benefits	757	424
Loyalty program and flight credit liability	599	659
Operating lease liabilities	279	313
Net operating losses and tax credits (a)	309	310
Other	232	291
Total deferred tax assets	2,176	1,997
Net deferred tax liability	\$ 2,044	\$ 1,985

(a) As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company had approximately \$36 million and \$43 million, respectively, of state net operating loss carryforwards (tax effected) to reduce future state taxable income. These state net operating loss carryforwards will expire in years 2025 through 2041 if unused. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company had \$268 million and \$275 million, respectively, of federal net operating loss carryforwards (tax effected) that may be carried forward indefinitely.

The provision (benefit) for income taxes is composed of the following:

(in millions)	2023	2022	2021
CURRENT:			
Federal	\$ (10)	\$ (36)	\$ 337
State	19	(3)	33
Change in federal statutory rate	—	—	(2)
Total current	9	(39)	368
DEFERRED:			
Federal	140	208	(43)
State	19	20	23
Total deferred	159	228	(20)
Income tax provision (benefit)	\$ 168	\$ 189	\$ 348

The effective tax rate on Income (loss) before income taxes differed from the federal income tax statutory rate for the following reasons:

(in millions)	2023	2022	2021
Tax at statutory U.S. tax rates	\$ 133	\$ 153	\$ 278
State income taxes, net of federal benefit	30	12	45
Change in federal statutory tax rate	—	—	(2)
Convertible debt repurchases	—	31	21
DOT settlement	22	—	—
Federal tax credits	(19)	(13)	(2)
Other, net	2	6	8
Total income tax provision (benefit)	<u>\$ 168</u>	<u>\$ 189</u>	<u>\$ 348</u>

The only periods subject to examination for the Company's federal tax return are tax years 2020-2023. The Company is also subject to various examinations from state and local income tax jurisdictions in the ordinary course of business. These examinations are not expected to have a material effect on the financial results of the Company.

16. SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(in millions)	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Trade receivables	\$ 104	\$ 117
Credit card receivables	200	85
Business partners and other suppliers	501	478
Taxes receivable	35	133
Fuel hedging and receivables	12	34
Other	302	193
Accounts and other receivables	<u>\$ 1,154</u>	<u>\$ 1,040</u>

(in millions)	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Derivative contracts	\$ 102	\$ 174
Intangible assets, net	296	296
Equity Securities	280	235
Prepaid Maintenance	258	119
Other	28	31
Other assets	<u>\$ 964</u>	<u>\$ 855</u>

(in millions)	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Accounts payable trade	\$ 265	\$ 277
Salaries, withholdings and payroll taxes	400	456
Ticket taxes and fees	302	242
Aircraft maintenance payable	140	65
Fuel payable	161	188
Dividends payable	107	107
Customer reimbursements and refunds (a)	8	311
Accrued third party services	269	196
Other payable	210	162
Accounts payable	<u>\$ 1,862</u>	<u>\$ 2,004</u>

(in millions)	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Voluntary Separation Program (c)	65	72
Profitsharing and savings plans	141	167
Vacation pay	516	484
Health	163	261
Workers compensation	133	164
Property and income taxes	63	37
Interest	34	45
Bonus and incentive pay (b)	2,022	563
Other	469	250
Accrued liabilities	<u>\$ 3,606</u>	<u>\$ 2,043</u>

(in millions)	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Voluntary Separation Program (c)	61	147
Postretirement obligation	269	241
Other deferred compensation	358	331
Other	293	250
Other noncurrent liabilities	<u>\$ 981</u>	<u>\$ 969</u>

(a) As of December 31, 2022, included customer reimbursement expenses due to the Company's December 2022 operational disruption and refund submissions that had yet to be processed. As of December 31, 2023, amounts primarily consist of normal current activity.

(b) Primarily consists of anticipated contract labor ratification bonuses and/or accruals. Also includes non-contract incentive pay. Included in Salaries, wages and benefits expense for the year ended December 31, 2023, are incremental expenses of \$180 million for changes in estimate related to the contract ratification bonus for the Company's Flight Attendants, and \$354 million related to the contract ratification bonus for the Company's Pilots. The cumulative \$534 million is included in the balance as of December 31, 2023. The Company began accruing for these open labor contracts on April 1, 2022. The incremental \$180 million expense related to the contract ratification bonuses for Flight Attendants extends the timeframe covered by the ratification bonus to the date the contract became amendable on November 1, 2018. The incremental \$354 million expense related to the contract ratification bonuses for Pilots is primarily to increase pay rates for all periods to the date the contract became amendable, which was September 1, 2020. These bonuses for both Flight Attendants and Pilots serve to compensate for missed wage increases over these time periods.

(c) The purpose of Voluntary Separation Program and Extended ETO was to maintain a reduced workforce to operate at reduced capacity relative to the Company's operations prior to the COVID-19 pandemic. In accordance with the accounting guidance in Accounting Standards Codification Topic 712 (Compensation — Nonretirement Postemployment Benefits), the Company accrued charges related to the special termination benefits described above upon Employees accepting Voluntary Separation Program or Extended ETO offers. The Company accrued expenses totaling \$1.4 billion for its Voluntary Separation Program and Extended ETO program in 2020, which are being reduced as program benefits are paid. For both the Voluntary Separation Program and Extended ETO programs combined, approximately \$93 million and \$109 million of the liability balances were relieved during 2023 and 2022, respectively, through payments to Employees. During 2021, the Company determined that it was no longer probable that the remaining portion of the Employees on Extended ETO would remain on such leave for their entire elected term. Therefore, a portion of the accruals previously recorded were reversed, resulting in a net \$140 million credit to expense during 2021, and the entire liability was fully relieved at March 31, 2022. Both the initial charge and the partial reversal were classified within Payroll support and voluntary Employee programs, net, in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Income, and are in addition to the allocation of the PSP2 Payroll Support Program and PSP3 Payroll Support Program funds utilized to fund salaries, wages, and benefits, which totaled \$2.7 billion for the year ended December 31, 2021.

For further information on fuel derivative and interest rate derivative contracts, see Note 11.

Other Operating Expenses

Other operating expenses consist of aircraft rentals, distribution costs, advertising expenses, personnel expenses, professional fees, and other operating costs, none of which individually exceed 10 percent of Total operating expenses, net.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and the Board of Directors of Southwest Airlines Co.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Southwest Airlines Co. (the Company) as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023, based on criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework), and our report dated February 6, 2024 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

Adoption of ASU No. 2020-06

As discussed in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company changed its method of accounting for convertible debt instruments in 2022 due to the adoption of ASU 2020-06, Debt—Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging—Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40): Accounting for Convertible Instruments and Contracts in an Entity's Own Equity.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical audit matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective or complex judgments. The communication of the critical audit matter does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical

audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Valuation of fuel derivative instruments

Description of the Matter

As described in Notes 1, 11, and 12 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company's fuel derivative instruments consist of over-the-counter contracts, which are not traded on a public exchange and require the Company to estimate their fair values. The fair value of fuel option contracts is determined using option pricing models with inputs such as commodity prices, strike prices, risk-free interest rates, term to expiration and volatility. Because certain inputs used to determine the fair value of option contracts are unobservable (principally implied volatility), the Company has categorized these option contracts as Level 3 fair value measures. The Company analyzes volatility information for reasonableness and compares it to similar information received from external sources and limited observable market data. The fair value of the option contracts considers both the intrinsic value and any remaining time value associated with the derivatives that have not settled.

Auditing the fair value measurement of fuel option contracts is complex and requires significant judgment in order to evaluate the application of the option pricing model and evaluating the reasonableness of the unobservable input of implied volatility used in the fair value measurement of the Company's fuel option contracts.

How We Addressed the Matter in Our Audit

We obtained an understanding, evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of controls over the Company's process to calculate the fair value of fuel option contracts, including controls that related to the volatility input.

To test the valuation of fuel derivative instruments, our audit procedures included, among others, involving internal valuation specialists to assist in the testing of the significant inputs into the option pricing model by comparing the market data inputs, including volatility, to external sources. With the support of our specialists, we also tested the application of and the computational accuracy of the option pricing model by performing independent corroborative calculations. Additionally, we compared the Company's fuel option contract valuations to the counterparty valuations, which were independently obtained as part of our audit procedures.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 1971.

Dallas, Texas
February 6, 2024

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and the Board of Directors of Southwest Airlines Co.

Opinion on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

We have audited Southwest Airlines Co.'s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023, based on criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 Framework), (the COSO criteria). In our opinion, Southwest Airlines Co. (the Company) maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023, based on the COSO criteria.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated balance sheets of Southwest Airlines Co. as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements") of the Company and our report dated February 6, 2024 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

Basis for Opinion

The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting included in the accompanying "Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Dallas, Texas
February 6, 2024

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act (the “Exchange Act”)) designed to provide reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms. These include controls and procedures designed to ensure that this information is accumulated and communicated to the Company’s management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management, with the participation of the Company’s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2023. Based on this evaluation, the Company’s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of December 31, 2023, at the reasonable assurance level.

Management’s Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act). The Company’s internal control over financial reporting is a process, under the supervision of the Company’s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their control objectives.

Management, with the participation of the Company’s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013 Framework). Based on this evaluation, management, with the participation of the Company’s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that, as of December 31, 2023, the Company’s internal control over financial reporting was effective.

Ernst & Young LLP, the independent registered public accounting firm who audited the Company’s Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Form 10-K, has issued an attestation report on the Company’s internal control over financial reporting, which is included herein.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting. There were no changes in the Company’s internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act) during the quarter ended December 31, 2023, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company’s internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. *Other Information*

On February 2, 2024, the Company's Board of Directors approved the Company's Fourth Amended and Restated Bylaws ("Amended and Restated Bylaws"), effective as of such date. Among other matters, the Amended and Restated Bylaws are amended to permit Shareholders, at any meeting of Shareholders called expressly for that purpose, to remove directors with or without cause by vote of the holders of a majority of the shares then entitled to vote for the election of directors. The foregoing summary of the amendments to the Amended and Restated Bylaws does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the complete text of the Amended and Restated Bylaws, a copy of which is filed as Exhibit 3.2 to this Form 10-K and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 9C. *Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections*

Not applicable.

PART III

Item 10. *Directors, Executive Officers, and Corporate Governance*

Directors and Executive Officers

The information required by this Item 10 regarding the Company's directors will be set forth under the heading "Proposal 1 - Election of Directors" in the Proxy Statement for the Company's 2024 Annual Meeting of Shareholders and is incorporated herein by reference. The information required by this Item 10 regarding the Company's executive officers is set forth under the heading "Information about our Executive Officers" in Part I of this Form 10-K and is incorporated herein by reference.

Section 16(a) Compliance

If applicable, the information required by this Item 10 regarding compliance with Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act will be set forth under the heading "Delinquent Section 16(a) Reports" in the Proxy Statement for the Company's 2024 Annual Meeting of Shareholders and is incorporated herein by reference.

Corporate Governance

Except as set forth in the following paragraph, the remaining information required by this Item 10 will be set forth under the heading "Corporate Governance" in the Proxy Statement for the Company's 2024 Annual Meeting of Shareholders and is incorporated herein by reference.

The Company has adopted a Code of Ethics that applies to its principal executive officer, principal financial officer, and principal accounting officer or controller. The Company's Code of Ethics, as well as its Corporate Governance Guidelines and the charters of its Audit, Compensation, and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committees, are available on the Company's website, www.southwest.com. Copies of these documents are also available upon request to Investor Relations, Southwest Airlines Co., P.O. Box 36611, Dallas, TX 75235. The Company intends to disclose any amendments to, or waivers from, its Code of Ethics that apply to the Company's principal executive officer, principal financial officer, and principal accounting officer or controller on the Company's website, www.southwest.com, under the "About Southwest" caption, promptly following the date of any such amendment or waiver.

Item 11. *Executive Compensation*

The information required by this Item 11 will be set forth under the headings "Compensation of Executive Officers" and "Compensation of Directors" in the Proxy Statement for the Company's 2024 Annual Meeting of Shareholders and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

Except as set forth below regarding securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans, the information required by this Item 12 will be set forth under the heading “Voting Securities and Principal Shareholders” in the Proxy Statement for the Company’s 2024 Annual Meeting of Shareholders and is incorporated herein by reference.

Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans

The following table provides information as of December 31, 2023, regarding compensation plans under which equity securities of the Company are authorized for issuance.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

Plan Category	Number of Securities to be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants, and Rights (a)		Weighted-Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants, and Rights (b)		Number of Securities Remaining Available for Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans (Excluding Securities Reflected in Column (a)) (c)		
Equity Compensation Plans Approved by Security Holders	3,962,911	(1)	\$	—	(2)	29,725,197	(3)
Equity Compensation Plans not Approved by Security Holders	—		\$	—		—	
Total	3,962,911		\$	—	(2)	29,725,197	

- (1) Restricted share units settleable in shares of the Company’s common stock.
- (2) Restricted share units discussed in footnote (1) above do not have a weighted average exercise price because the restricted share units do not have an exercise price upon vesting.
- (3) Of these shares, (i) 16,454,511 shares remained available for issuance under the Company’s tax-qualified employee stock purchase plan; and (ii) 13,270,686 shares remained available for issuance under the Company’s 2007 Equity Incentive Plan in connection with the exercise of stock options and stock appreciation rights, the settlement of awards of restricted stock, restricted stock units, and phantom shares, and the grant of unrestricted shares of common stock; however, no more than 956,310 shares remain available for grant in connection with awards of unrestricted shares of common stock, stock-settled phantom shares, and awards to non-Employee members of the Board. These shares are in addition to the shares reserved for issuance pursuant to outstanding awards included in column (a).

See Note 10 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for information regarding the material features of the above plans. Each of the above plans provides that the number of shares with respect to which options may be granted, the number of shares of common stock subject to an outstanding option, and the number of restricted share units granted shall be proportionately adjusted in the event of a subdivision or consolidation of shares or the payment of a stock dividend on common stock, and the purchase price per share of outstanding options shall be proportionately revised.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

The information required by this Item 13 will be set forth under the heading “Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence” in the Proxy Statement for the Company’s 2024 Annual Meeting of Shareholders and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 14. *Principal Accounting Fees and Services*

The Company's independent registered public accounting firm is Ernst & Young LLP, Dallas, TX, Auditor Firm ID: 42.

The information required by this Item 14 will be set forth under the heading “Relationship with Independent Auditors” in the Proxy Statement for the Company’s 2024 Annual Meeting of Shareholders and is incorporated herein by reference.

PART IV

Item 15. *Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules*

(a) 1. *Financial Statements:*

The financial statements included in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data above are filed as part of this annual report.

2. *Financial Statement Schedules:*

There are no financial statement schedules filed as part of this annual report, since the required information is included in the Consolidated Financial Statements, including the notes thereto, or the circumstances requiring inclusion of such schedules are not present.

3. Exhibits:

- 3.1 [Restated Certificate of Formation of the Company, effective May 18, 2012 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2012 \(File No. 1-7259\)\)](#).
- 3.2 [Fourth Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company, effective February 2, 2024](#).
- 4.1 [Specimen certificate representing common stock of the Company \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994 \(File No. 1-7259\)\)](#).
- 4.2 [Indenture dated as of September 17, 2004, between the Company and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., Trustee \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 \(File No. 1-7259\)\)](#).
- 4.3 [Indenture dated as of February 25, 1997, between the Company and U.S. Trust Company of Texas, N.A. \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.12 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1996 \(File No. 1-7259\)\)](#).
- 4.4 [First Supplemental Indenture, dated May 1, 2020, between the Company and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as trustee \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 1, 2020 \(File No. 1-7259\)\)](#).
- 4.5 [Description of Common Stock](#).
The Company is not filing any other instruments evidencing any indebtedness because the total amount of securities authorized under any single such instrument does not exceed 10 percent of its total consolidated assets. Copies of such instruments will be furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request.
- 10.1 [Form of Amended and Restated Executive Service Recognition Plan Executive Employment Agreement between the Company and certain Officers of the Company \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 \(File No. 1-7259\)\)](#), (2)
- 10.2 [Letter Agreement between Southwest Airlines Co. and Gary C. Kelly, effective as of February 1, 2022 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 \(File No. 1-7259\)\)](#), (2)
- 10.3 [Southwest Airlines Co. Amended and Restated Severance Plan for Directors \(as amended and restated effective May 19, 2009\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2009 \(File No. 1-7259\)\)](#).

10.4	Southwest Airlines Co. Outside Director Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective May 16, 2007) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 (File No. 1-7259)).
10.5	Southwest Airlines Co. Amended and Restated 2007 Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 18, 2015 (File No. 1-7259)). (2)
10.6	Southwest Airlines Co. Excess Benefit Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.32 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 (File No. 1-7259)). (2)
10.7	Amendment No. 1 to the Southwest Airlines Co. Excess Benefit Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.33 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 (File No. 1-7259)). (2)
10.8	Amendment No. 2 to the Southwest Airlines Co. Excess Benefit Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.34 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 (File No. 1-7259)). (2)
10.9	Amended and Restated Southwest Airlines Co. 2005 Excess Benefit Plan (as amended and restated, effective as of January 1, 2018) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2017 (File No. 1-7259)). (2)
10.10	Form of Indemnification Agreement between the Company and its Directors (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 22, 2009 (File No. 1-7259)).
10.11	Southwest Airlines Co. Amended and Restated 2007 Equity Incentive Plan Form of Notice of Grant and Terms and Conditions for Restricted Stock Unit grants (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13(a) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 (File No. 1-7259)). (2)
10.12	\$1,000,000,000 Revolving Credit Facility Agreement among the Company, the Banks party thereto, Barclays Bank PLC, as Syndication Agent, Bank of America, N.A., BNP Paribas, Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., U.S. Bank National Association, and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Documentation Agents, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and Citibank, N.A., as Co-Administrative Agents, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Paying Agent, dated as of August 3, 2016 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed August 9, 2016 (File No. 1-7259)).
10.13	First Amendment to Revolving Credit Facility Agreement dated as of August 3, 2016, among Southwest Airlines Co., the banks party thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Paying Agent and Collateral Agent, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and Citibank, N.A., as Co-Administrative Agents, dated as of March 30, 2020 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 (File No. 1-7259)).
10.14	Second Amendment to Revolving Credit Facility Agreement dated as of August 3, 2016, as amended by the First Amendment dated as of March 30, 2020, among Southwest Airlines Co., the banks party thereto, JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Paying Agent and Collateral Agent, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., and Citibank, N.A., as Co-Administrative Agents, dated as of November 23, 2020 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 (File No. 1-7259)).
10.15	Third Amendment to Revolving Credit Facility Agreement dated as of August 3, 2016, as amended by the First Amendment dated as of March 30, 2020, and the Second Amendment dated as of November 23, 2020, among Southwest Airlines Co., the banks party thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Paying Agent and Collateral Agent, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and Citibank, N.A., as Co-Administrative Agents, dated as of July 28, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2021 (File No. 1-7259)).
10.16	Fourth Amendment to Revolving Credit Facility Agreement dated as of August 3, 2016, as amended by the First Amendment dated as of March 30, 2020, the Second Amendment dated as of November 23, 2020, and the Third Amendment dated as of July 28, 2021, among Southwest Airlines Co., the banks party thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Paying Agent and Collateral Agent, and JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A. and Citibank, N.A., as Co-Administrative Agents, dated as of July 19, 2022 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2022 (File No. 1-7259)).

10.17	Fifth Amendment to Revolving Credit Facility Agreement dated as of August 3, 2016, as amended by the First Amendment dated as of March 30, 2020, the Second Amendment dated as of November 23, 2020, the Third Amendment dated as of July 28, 2021, and the Fourth Amendment dated as of July 19, 2022, among Southwest Airlines Co., the banks party thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Paying Agent, Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Documentation Agent, and JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A. and Citibank, N.A., as Co-Administrative Agents, dated as of August 4, 2023 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 (File No. 1-7259)).
10.18	Purchase Agreement No. 3729 and Aircraft General Terms Agreement, dated December 13, 2011, between The Boeing Company and the Company; Supplemental Agreement No. 1; Supplemental Agreement No. 2; Supplemental Agreement No. 3; Supplemental Agreement No. 4; Supplemental Agreement No. 5; Supplemental Agreement No. 6; Supplemental Agreement No. 7; Supplemental Letter Agreement No. 6-1162-KLK-0059R3; Supplemental Agreement No. 8; Supplemental Agreement No. 9; Supplemental Agreement No. 10; and Supplemental Letter Agreement No. 03729-LA-1808800 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 (File No. 1-7259)); Supplemental Agreement No. 11 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16(a) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 (File No. 1-7259)); Supplemental Letter Agreement No. 03729-MISC-2001512 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2020 (File No. 1-7259)); Supplemental Letter Agreement, dated April 23, 2020 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2020 (File No. 1-7259)); Supplemental Letter Agreement No. 6-1162-CJM-039 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2020 (File No. 1-7259)); Supplemental Letter Agreement, dated April 23, 2020 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 (File No. 1-7259)); Supplemental Letter Agreement No. 6-1162-CAF-0390R2 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 (File No. 1-7259)); Supplemental Agreement No. 13 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2021 (File No. 1-7259)); Supplemental Agreement No. 14 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2021 (File No. 1-7259)); Supplemental Agreement No. 15 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2021 (File No. 1-7259)); Supplemental Agreement No. 16 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 (File No. 1-7259)); Supplemental Agreement No. 17 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 (File No. 1-7259)); Supplemental Agreement No. 18 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2022 (File No. 1-7259)); Supplemental Agreement No. 19 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18(a) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 (File No. 1-7259)). (1)
10.18(a)	Supplemental Agreement No. 20 to Purchase Agreement No. 3729, dated December 13, 2011, between The Boeing Company and the Company. (1)
10.18(b)	Supplemental Agreement No. 21 to Purchase Agreement No. 3729, dated December 13, 2011, between The Boeing Company and the Company. (1)
10.19	Southwest Airlines Co. Senior Executive Short Term Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 30, 2013 (File No. 1-7259)). (2)
10.20	Southwest Airlines Co. Deferred Compensation Plan for Senior Leadership and Non-Employee Members of the Southwest Airlines Co. Board of Directors (as amended and restated, effective as of January 1, 2018) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2017 (File No. 1-7259)). (2)
10.21	Southwest Airlines Co. Amended and Restated 2007 Equity Incentive Plan Form of Notice of Grant and Terms and Conditions for Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit grants (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.20(a) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 (File No. 1-7259)). (2)
10.22	Payroll Support Program Agreement by and between Southwest Airlines Co. and the United States Department of the Treasury, dated April 20, 2020 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 (File No. 1-7259)).

10.23	Warrant Agreement by and between Southwest Airlines Co. and the United States Department of the Treasury, dated April 20, 2020 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 (File No. 1-7259)).
10.24	Promissory Note, from Southwest Airlines Co. to the United States Department of the Treasury, dated April 20, 2020 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 (File No. 1-7259)).
10.25	Payroll Support Program Extension Agreement by and between Southwest Airlines Co. and the United States Department of the Treasury, dated January 15, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 15, 2021 (File No. 1-7259)).
10.26	Warrant Agreement by and between Southwest Airlines Co. and the United States Department of the Treasury, dated January 15, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 15, 2021 (File No. 1-7259)).
10.27	Promissory Note, from Southwest Airlines Co. to the United States Department of the Treasury, dated January 15, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 15, 2021 (File No. 1-7259)).
10.28	Form of Performance-Based Cash Award and Terms and Conditions (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.27 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 (File No. 1-7259)). (2)
10.29	Payroll Support Program 3 Agreement by and between Southwest Airlines Co. and the United States Department of the Treasury, dated April 23, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 (File No. 1-7259)).
10.30	Warrant Agreement by and between Southwest Airlines Co. and the United States Department of the Treasury, dated April 23, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 (File No. 1-7259)).
10.31	Promissory Note, from Southwest Airlines Co. to the United States Department of the Treasury, dated April 23, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 (File No. 1-7259)).
10.32	Form of Restricted Cash Award and Terms and Conditions (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 (File No. 1-7259)). (2)
10.33	Form of Career Investment Cash Award and Terms and Conditions. (2)
21	Subsidiaries of the Company.
23	Consent of Ernst & Young LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer.
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer.
32	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. (3)
97.1	Southwest Airlines Co. Clawback Policy, effective as of November 16, 2023.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document - The instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

- (1) Certain confidential information contained in this agreement has been omitted because it is both not material and is of the type that the registrant treats as private or confidential.
- (2) Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.
- (3) This exhibit is being furnished rather than filed and shall not be deemed incorporated by reference into any filing, in accordance with Item 601 of Regulation S-K.

A copy of each exhibit may be obtained at a price of 15 cents per page, \$10.00 minimum order, by writing to: Investor Relations, Southwest Airlines Co., P.O. Box 36611, Dallas, Texas 75235-1611.

Item 16. 10-K Summary

None.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

February 6, 2024

By /s/ Tammy Romo

Tammy Romo
Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer
(On behalf of the Registrant and in
her capacity as Principal Financial
& Accounting Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on February 6, 2024, on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities indicated.

Signature	Title
/s/ ROBERT E. JORDAN Robert E. Jordan	President & Chief Executive Officer & Director (Principal Executive Officer)
/s/ TAMMY ROMO Tammy Romo	Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial & Accounting Officer)
/s/ GARY C. KELLY Gary C. Kelly	Executive Chairman of the Board
/s/ RON RICKS Ron Ricks	Vice Chairman of the Board
/s/ DAVID W. BIEGLER David W. Biegler	Director
/s/ J. VERONICA BIGGINS J. Veronica Biggins	Director
/s/ ROY BLUNT Roy Blunt	Director
/s/ DOUGLAS H. BROOKS Douglas H. Brooks	Director
/s/ EDUARDO F. CONRADO Eduardo F. Conrado	Director
/s/ WILLIAM H. CUNNINGHAM William H. Cunningham	Director
/s/ THOMAS W. GILLIGAN Thomas W. Gilligan	Director
/s/ DAVID P. HESS David P. Hess	Director
/s/ ELAINE MENDOZA Elaine Mendoza	Director
/s/ JOHN T. MONTFORD John T. Montford	Director
/s/ CHRISTOPHER P. REYNOLDS Christopher P. Reynolds	Director
/s/ JILL SOLTAU Jill Soltau	Director

**FOURTH AMENDED AND RESTATED
BYLAWS**

(effective February 2, 2024)

Of

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

Dallas, Texas

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.
FOURTH AMENDED AND RESTATED BYLAWS

ARTICLE I
IDENTIFICATION, OFFICES, AND DEFINITIONS

Section 1. **Name**. The name of the corporation is SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

Section 2. **Principal Office**. The principal office of the corporation shall be in Dallas, Texas.

Section 3. **Other Offices**. The corporation may also have offices at such other places within or without the State of Texas as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine or the business of the corporation may require.

Section 4. **Definitions**. Unless the context otherwise requires or except as otherwise defined herein, capitalized terms used in these Bylaws shall have the respective meanings assigned to them in Section 1 of Article X.

ARTICLE II
THE SHAREHOLDERS

Section 1. **Time and Place of Meetings**. All meetings of the shareholders shall be held on such date and at such time and place (if any), either within or without the State of Texas, as shall be determined from time to time by the Board of Directors and stated in the notice of the meeting. The Board of Directors may determine that any meeting may be held solely or partially by means of remote communication in accordance with Texas law. The Board of Directors may postpone, adjourn, reschedule, or cancel any meeting of shareholders for any reason or no reason upon public notice given prior to the time previously scheduled for such meeting of shareholders. The meeting may be postponed, adjourned or rescheduled to such time and place (if any) as is specified in the notice of postponement or rescheduling of such meeting.

Section 2. **Annual Meetings**. The meeting of shareholders for the election of directors shall be held annually on such date as shall be designated by the Board of Directors. At each annual meeting of shareholders, the shareholders shall elect a Board of Directors and transact such other business as may be properly brought before the meeting.

Section 3. **Special Meetings**.

(a) Special meetings of the shareholders may be called by the Chair of the Board, the President, or the Chief Executive Officer and shall be called by the Secretary upon written request, stating the purpose or purposes therefor, by (i) a majority of the whole Board of Directors or (ii) one or more shareholders of record that, at the time a request is delivered, collectively Own (as defined in Article II, Section 3(e)) at least ten (10) percent (or such greater percentage not exceeding a majority as may be specified in the Certificate of Formation from time

to time) of all of the shares entitled to vote at the proposed special meeting (the “**Requisite Percentage**”); provided, however, that a special meeting requested by one or more shareholders (a “**Shareholder Requested Meeting**”) shall be called by the Secretary only if the shareholders requesting such meeting provide the information set forth in Section 3(b) of Article II below and otherwise comply with this Section 3, as determined by the Board of Directors. For purposes of this Section 3 and Section 13 of Article II, any determination to be made by the Board of Directors may be made by the Board of Directors, a committee of the Board of Directors, or any officer of the corporation designated by the Board of Directors or a committee of the Board of Directors, and any such determination shall be final and binding on the corporation, its shareholders, and any other applicable person so long as made in good faith (without any further requirements).

(b) In order for a Shareholder Requested Meeting to be called by the Secretary pursuant to Section 3(a)(ii) of Article II, one or more written requests for a special meeting (individually or collectively, a “**Special Meeting Request**”) signed and dated by the shareholder(s) of record that Own(s) the Requisite Percentage (or its or their respective duly authorized agent) must be delivered to the Secretary at the principal office of the corporation and must be accompanied by:

(i) in the case of any Shareholder Requested Meeting at which director nominations are proposed to be presented, the information required by Section 11(b) and (c) of Article II and the completed and signed questionnaire and representation and agreement required by Section 12 of Article II, as well as the updates and supplements pursuant to Section 11(d) of Article II, if applicable;

(ii) in the case of any Shareholder Requested Meeting at which any business other than director nominations is proposed to be presented, the information required by Section 10(b) and (c) of Article II (as though such provisions were applicable to special meetings), as well as the updates and supplements pursuant to Section 10(e) of Article II, if applicable; and

(iii) as to each shareholder of the corporation signing such request, or if such shareholder is a nominee or custodian, the beneficial owner(s) on whose behalf such request is signed, an affidavit by each such person (A) stating the number of shares of capital stock of the corporation that he, she, or it Owns as of the date such request was signed; (B) agreeing to (1) update and supplement such affidavit as of the record date for the Shareholder Requested Meeting (and such update and supplement shall be delivered to the Secretary at the principal office of the corporation not later than five (5) business days after the record date for such Shareholder Requested Meeting) and as of the date that is ten (10) business days prior to the date of the Shareholder Requested Meeting (and such update and supplement shall be delivered to the Secretary at the principal office of the corporation not later than seven (7) business days prior to the date of such Shareholder Requested Meeting) and (2) notify the corporation promptly (and in any event within forty-eight (48) hours) of any disposition after the record date for such Shareholder Requested Meeting, but prior to the date of the Shareholder Requested Meeting; and (C) acknowledging that in the event of any decrease in the number of shares of capital stock of the corporation entitled to vote on the matter or matters to be brought before the proposed special meeting Owned by such person at any time before the Shareholder Requested Meeting, (x) such person’s Special

Meeting Request shall be deemed to have been revoked with respect to such shares of capital stock of the corporation comprising such reduction and shall not be counted towards the calculation of the Requisite Percentage, and (y) any reduction that results in the requesting shareholders not Owning the Requisite Percentage shall be deemed to be an absolute revocation of such Special Meeting Request.

(c) One or more written requests for a special meeting delivered to the Secretary shall constitute a valid Special Meeting Request only if each such written request satisfies the requirements of this Section 3 set forth above and has been dated and delivered to the Secretary within sixty (60) days of the earliest dated of such requests. If the record holder is not the signatory to the Special Meeting Request, such Special Meeting Request shall not be valid unless documentary evidence is supplied to the Secretary at the time of delivery of such Special Meeting Request (or within five (5) business days thereafter) of such signatory's authority to execute the Special Meeting Request on behalf of the record holder. Any requesting shareholder may revoke his, her, or its Special Meeting Request at any time by written revocation delivered to the Secretary at the principal office of the corporation; provided, however, that if following such revocation, the unrevoked valid Special Meeting Requests represent in the aggregate less than the Requisite Percentage, there shall be no requirement to hold a Shareholder Requested Meeting. The determination of the validity of a Special Meeting Request shall be made by the Board of Directors. A Special Meeting Request shall not be valid if such Special Meeting Request relates to an item of business that is not a matter on which shareholders are authorized to act under, or that involves a violation of, applicable law. Except as otherwise provided by applicable law or except to the extent previously determined by the Board of Directors in connection with a Special Meeting Request, the chair of the Shareholder Requested Meeting shall have the power and duty (i) to determine whether any business proposed to be brought before the meeting was made in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section 3 and applicable law and (ii) if any proposed business was not made or proposed in compliance with this Section 3 and applicable law, to declare that such proposed business shall not be transacted.

(d) Business transacted at any Shareholder Requested Meeting shall be limited to (i) the purpose(s) stated in the valid Special Meeting Request and (ii) any additional matters that the Board of Directors determines to include in the corporation's notice of the meeting. If none of the shareholders who submitted the Special Meeting Request, or their qualified representatives, appears at the Shareholder Requested Meeting and presents the matters to be presented for consideration that were specified in the Special Meeting Request, the corporation need not present such matters for a vote at such meeting (notwithstanding that ballots or proxies in respect of such matter may have been received by the corporation). For purposes of this Section 3, to be considered a qualified representative of a shareholder, (A) a person must be a duly authorized officer, manager, or partner of such shareholder or must be authorized by a writing executed by such shareholder stating that such person is authorized to act for such shareholder as proxy at the meeting of shareholders; and (B) prior to the presentation of such matters at the meeting of shareholders, such person must produce a valid government-issued photo identification, as well as either (1) proof that he, she, or it is a duly authorized officer, manager, or partner of such shareholder or (2) such writing (or a reliable reproduction or electronic transmission of the writing).

(e) For the purposes of this Section 3 and Section 13 of Article II, a shareholder or beneficial owner shall be deemed to "Own" only those outstanding shares of the corporation's

Common Stock as to which such person possesses both: (i) the full voting and investment rights pertaining to such shares and (ii) the full economic interest in (including the opportunity for profit from and the risk of loss on) such shares; provided that the number of shares calculated in accordance with clauses (i) and (ii) shall not include any shares (A) purchased by such person or any of its Affiliates in any transaction that has not been settled or closed; (B) sold short by such person or any of its Affiliates; (C) borrowed by such person or any of its Affiliates for any purpose or purchased by such person or any of its Affiliates pursuant to an agreement to resell or subject to any other obligation to resell to another person; or (D) subject to any option, warrant, forward contract, swap, contract of sale, or other derivative or similar agreement entered into by such person or any of its Affiliates, whether any such instrument or agreement is to be settled with shares or with cash based on the notional amount or value of shares of outstanding capital stock of the corporation, in any such case which instrument or agreement has, or is intended to have, or if exercised would have the purpose or effect of (1) reducing in any manner, to any extent, or at any time in the future, such person's or any of its Affiliates' full right to vote or direct the voting of any such shares, and/or (2) hedging, offsetting, or altering to any degree any gain or loss arising from the full economic ownership of such shares by such person or any of its Affiliates. For purposes of this Section 3 and Section 13 of Article II, a shareholder or beneficial owner shall "**Own**" shares held in the name of a nominee or other intermediary so long as the person retains the right to instruct how the shares are voted with respect to the election of directors and possesses the full economic interest in the shares. For purposes of this Section 3 and Section 13 of Article II, a person shall be deemed to continue to Own shares during any period in which the person has delegated any voting power by means of a proxy, power of attorney, or other instrument or arrangement that is revocable at any time by the person. For purposes of this Section 3 and Section 13 of Article II, a person shall also be deemed to continue to Own shares during any period in which the person has loaned such shares provided that the person has the power to recall such loaned shares on no more than five (5) business days' notice, the person recalls the loaned shares no later than five (5) business days after being notified that the Shareholder Requested Meeting will be held (in the case of this Section 3) or after being notified that any of its Shareholder Nominees will be included in the corporation's proxy materials (in the case of Section 13 of Article II), and the person holds the recalled shares through the date of the Shareholder Requested Meeting (in the case of this Section 3) or through the date of the annual meeting (in the case of Section 13 of Article II). The determination of the extent to which a shareholder or beneficial owner "**Owens**" any shares of Common Stock for these purposes shall be made by the Board of Directors. The terms "**Owned**," "**Owning**" and "**Ownership**" and other variations of the word "**Own**" shall have correlative meanings in this Section 3 and Section 13 of Article II. For purposes of these Bylaws, the term "**Affiliates**" shall have the meaning given in Rule 12b-2 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "**Exchange Act**").

(f) No business other than that stated in the corporation's notice of meeting shall be transacted at any special meeting.

Section 4. **Notice of Meetings.** Notice stating the place (if any), day, and hour of any meeting of shareholders, the means of remote communications (if any) by which shareholders may be considered present and may vote at the meeting, and, in the case of a special meeting, the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called, shall be given to each shareholder entitled to vote at the meeting not later than the tenth (10th) day and not earlier than the sixtieth (60th) day before the date of the meeting. The corporation may give notices of meetings and any other notices to

shareholders in person, by electronic transmission (on consent of a shareholder), or by mail at the direction of the Chair of the Board, President, Chief Executive Officer, Secretary, or other person calling the meeting. If mailed, such notice shall be deemed to be given on the date notice is deposited in the United States mail with postage paid in an envelope addressed to the shareholder at the shareholder's address as it appears on the stock transfer records of the corporation. If by electronic transmission, such notice shall be deemed to be provided when the notice is (i) transmitted to a facsimile number provided by the shareholder for the purpose of receiving notice; (ii) transmitted to an electronic mail address provided by the shareholder for the purpose of receiving notice; (iii) posted on an electronic network and a message is sent to the shareholder at the address provided by the shareholder for the purpose of alerting the shareholder of a posting; or (iv) communicated to the shareholder by any other form of electronic transmission consented to by the shareholder. If a meeting is held by means of remote communication, the notice of the meeting must include information on how to access the list of shareholders entitled to vote at the meeting. Notwithstanding the foregoing, notice of a shareholder meeting regarding a fundamental business transaction (as defined by Texas law) must be given to each shareholder of the corporation not later than twenty-one (21) days prior to the meeting, regardless of the shareholder's right to vote on the matter. Notice of such action shall comply with any other requirements set by law.

Section 5. **Fixing Record Date.** For the purpose of determining shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at any meeting of shareholders or any adjournment or postponement thereof, or entitled to receive a distribution by the corporation (other than a distribution involving a purchase or redemption by the corporation of any of its own shares) or a share dividend, or in order to make a determination of shareholders for any other proper purpose, the Board of Directors may fix in advance a date as the record date for any such determination of shareholders, such date in any case to be not earlier than the sixtieth (60th) day and at least ten (10) days before the date on which the particular action requiring such determination of shareholders is originally to be taken. If no record date is fixed for the determination of shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of shareholders, or shareholders entitled to receive a distribution by the corporation (other than a distribution involving a purchase or redemption by the corporation of any of its own shares) or a share dividend, the date on which notice of the meeting is first given to shareholders or the date on which the resolution of the Board of Directors declaring such distribution or share dividend is adopted, as the case may be, shall be the record date for such determination of shareholders. When a determination of shareholders entitled to vote at any meeting of shareholders has been made as provided in this Section 5, such determination shall apply to any adjournment or postponement thereof.

Section 6. **Voting List.** Not later than the eleventh (11th) day before the date of each meeting of the shareholders of the corporation, an officer or agent having charge of the corporation's stock transfer records shall prepare an alphabetical list of the shareholders entitled to vote at such meeting or any adjournment or postponement thereof showing the address and the type and number of shares held by each shareholder. Such list shall be kept on file at the registered office or the principal executive office of the corporation and shall be subject to inspection by any shareholder at any time during regular business hours for a period of at least ten (10) days prior to such meeting. Alternatively, the list of shareholders may be kept on a reasonably accessible electronic network, if the information required to gain access to the list is provided with the notice of the meeting. In the event that the corporation determines to make the list available on an electronic network, the corporation may take reasonable steps to ensure that such information is

available only to shareholders of the corporation. The original share transfer records shall be *prima facie* evidence as to (a) the identity of the shareholders entitled to vote at any meeting of shareholders and the number of shares held by each of them and (b) the identity of the shareholders entitled by this Section 6 to examine the list required by this Section 6.

Section 7. **Quorum; Recess; Adjournment**. The holders of a majority of the shares entitled to vote at a meeting of the shareholders that are present or represented by proxy at the meeting shall constitute a quorum for the consideration of a matter to be presented at the meeting, except as may otherwise be provided from time to time in the Certificate of Formation. For the avoidance of doubt, abstentions and broker nonvotes shall be treated as present for purposes of determining the presence or absence of a quorum. The chair of a meeting of shareholders shall have the power to adjourn a meeting at any time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, whether or not there is a quorum. The holders of a majority of the shares entitled to vote thereat, and represented in person or by proxy, shall have the power to adjourn a meeting at which a quorum is not present at any time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting. Shareholders present at a duly organized meeting with a quorum present may continue to do business until recess or adjournment, and the subsequent withdrawal from the meeting of any shareholder or the refusal of any shareholder represented in person or by proxy to vote shall not affect the presence of a quorum at the meeting. When a meeting is recessed or adjourned to another time or place, notice need not be given of the recessed or adjourned meeting if the time and place (if any) thereof and the means of remote communications (if any) by which shareholders and proxy holders may be deemed to be present in person and vote at such recessed or adjourned meeting are announced at the meeting at which the recess or adjournment is taken. At any recessed or adjourned meeting at which a quorum is present, any business may be transacted which might have been transacted at the original meeting. If the recess or adjournment is for more than thirty (30) days, or if after the recess or adjournment a new record date is fixed for the recessed or adjourned meeting, a notice of the recessed or adjourned meeting shall be given to each shareholder of record entitled to vote at the meeting.

Section 8. **Voting at Meetings**.

(a) With respect to any matter other than the election of directors or a matter for which the affirmative vote of the holders of a specified portion of the shares entitled to vote is required by Texas law, the Certificate of Formation, these Bylaws, or the rules or regulations of any stock exchange applicable to the corporation (the “**Stock Exchange Rules**”), the act of the shareholders shall be the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares entitled to vote on, and who voted for or against, the matter at a meeting of shareholders at which a quorum is present; provided that, for purposes of this sentence, all abstentions and broker nonvotes shall not be counted as voted either for or against such matter.

(b) Each outstanding share, regardless of class, shall be entitled to one vote on each matter submitted to a vote at a meeting of shareholders, except to the extent that the voting rights of shares of any class or series are limited or denied by the Certificate of Formation, or as otherwise provided by applicable law. No shareholder shall have the right of cumulative voting.

(c) A shareholder may vote either in person or by proxy executed in writing by the shareholder or by his or her duly authorized attorney in fact. As required by the Texas Business

Organizations Code, a telegram, telex, cablegram, or other form of electronic transmission, including telephonic transmission, by the shareholder, or a photographic, photostatic, facsimile, or similar reproduction of a writing executed by a shareholder will be treated as an execution in writing. Any electronic transmission must contain or be accompanied by information from which it can be determined that the transmission has been authorized by the shareholder. No proxy shall be valid after eleven (11) months from the date of its execution unless otherwise provided in the proxy. Each proxy shall be revocable unless the proxy form conspicuously states that the proxy is irrevocable and the proxy is coupled with an interest.

Section 9. **Inspectors of Election.** The chair of each meeting of shareholders shall appoint one or more persons to act as inspectors of election. The inspectors of election shall report to the meeting the number of shares of each class and series of stock, and of all classes, represented either in person or by proxy. The inspectors of election shall (i) oversee the vote of the shareholders for the election of directors and for any other matters that are put to a vote of shareholders at the meeting; (ii) receive a ballot evidencing votes cast by the proxy committee; (iii) judge the qualifications of shareholders voting; (iv) collect, count, and report the results of ballots cast by any shareholders voting in person; and (v) perform such other duties as may be required by the chair of the meeting or the shareholders.

Section 10. **Notice of Shareholder Business.**

(a) At an annual meeting of shareholders, only such business shall be conducted as shall have been brought before the meeting (i) pursuant to the corporation's notice of such meeting; (ii) by or at the direction of the Board of Directors; or (iii) by any shareholder of the corporation who (A) is a shareholder of record of the corporation both at the time the notice provided for in this Section 10 is delivered to the Secretary of the corporation and at the time of the meeting, (B) is entitled to vote at the meeting, and (C) complies with the notice procedures and other requirements set forth in these Bylaws and applicable law. For business to be properly brought before an annual meeting by a shareholder, the shareholder must have given timely notice thereof in writing to the Secretary of the corporation and any such proposed business must constitute a proper matter for shareholder action. With respect to an annual meeting of shareholders, to be properly brought, a shareholder's notice must be delivered to, or mailed and received by, the Secretary of the corporation at the principal office of the corporation no later than the close of business on the sixtieth (60th) day and no earlier than the close of business on the ninetieth (90th) day prior to the first anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting; provided, however, that in the event the date of the annual meeting is more than thirty (30) days before or more than sixty (60) days after such anniversary date, to be properly brought, notice by the shareholder must be received (x) no later than the close of business on the ninetieth (90th) day prior to the date of such annual meeting or, if the first Public Announcement of the date of such annual meeting is less than one hundred (100) days prior to the date of such annual meeting, the tenth (10th) day following the day on which Public Announcement of the date of the annual meeting is first made by the corporation and (y) no earlier than the close of business on the one hundred and twentieth (120th) day prior to such annual meeting. In no event shall an adjournment or postponement of an annual meeting commence a new time period (or extend any time period) for the giving of a shareholder's notice as described above.

(b) A shareholder's notice to the Secretary shall set forth as to each matter the shareholder proposes to bring before any annual meeting the following information: (i) a brief description of the business desired to be brought before the meeting; (ii) the text of the proposal or business (including the text of any resolutions proposed for consideration), which is not to exceed 500 words, and, in the event that such business includes a proposal to amend these Bylaws, the language of the proposed amendment; (iii) the reasons for conducting such business at the meeting; (iv) any interest in such business of such shareholder and the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the proposal is made; and (v) a complete and accurate description of all agreements, arrangements, and understandings (whether written or oral) between or among such shareholder and such beneficial owner, if any, and any other person or persons (including their names and addresses) in connection with the proposal of such business by such shareholder.

(c) As to the shareholder giving the notice and each beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the proposal is made (including any Affiliate or Associate), such shareholder's notice must set forth: (i) the name and address of the shareholder proposing such business as they appear on the corporation's books as of the date of the notice and the name and address of such beneficial owner, if any; (ii) the class or series and number of shares of the corporation that are, directly or indirectly, owned beneficially or of record (within the meaning of Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act) by such shareholder and such beneficial owner, if any (except that any such person shall in all events be deemed to beneficially own any shares of any class or series of the corporation as to which such person has a right to acquire beneficial ownership at any time in the future); (iii) a description of any agreement, arrangement, understanding, or relationship with respect to the proposal between or among such shareholder and/or such beneficial owner, any of their respective Affiliates or Associates, and any others acting in concert with any of the foregoing; (iv) a description of any proxy, contract, agreement, arrangement, understanding, or relationship pursuant to which such shareholder and such beneficial owner, if any, has a right to vote any shares of any security of the corporation; (v) a description of any agreement, arrangement, understanding, or relationship (including any hedging transactions and any derivative or short positions, profit interests, options, warrants, convertible securities, stock appreciation or similar rights, and borrowed or loaned shares (a "**Derivative Instrument**") directly or indirectly owned beneficially by such shareholder and such beneficial owner, if any), whether or not such instrument or right shall be subject to settlement in underlying shares of capital stock of the corporation, the effect or intent of which is to mitigate loss to, manage risk, or benefit from share price changes for, or increase or decrease the voting power of, such shareholder or such beneficial owner, with respect to securities of the corporation; (vi) any proportionate interest in shares of the corporation or Derivative Instruments held, directly or indirectly, by a general or limited partnership in which such shareholder or beneficial owner, if any, is a general partner or, directly or indirectly, beneficially owns an interest in a general partner; (vii) any performance-related fees (other than an asset-based fee) that such shareholder or beneficial owner, if any, is entitled to based on any increase or decrease in the value of shares of the corporation or Derivative Instruments, if any, as of the date of such notice, including, without limitation, any such interests held by members of such shareholder's or beneficial owner's immediate family sharing the same household; (viii) any rights to dividends on the shares of the corporation owned beneficially by such shareholder or beneficial owner, if any, that are separated or separable from the underlying shares of the corporation; (ix) a representation that such shareholder is a holder of record of stock of the corporation, is entitled to vote at such meeting, and intends to appear in person or by proxy at the meeting to propose such business and a representation that such beneficial owner is the beneficial owner of stock of the corporation; (x) a representation

as to whether such shareholder or such beneficial owner, if any, intends or is part of a group that intends to (A) deliver a proxy statement and form of proxy to the corporation's shareholders or (B) otherwise solicit proxies or votes from shareholders in support of such proposal; and (xi) any other information relating to such shareholder and such beneficial owner, if any, required to be disclosed in a proxy statement or other filing required to be made in connection with solicitations of proxies for the proposal pursuant to and in accordance with Section 14(a) of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. For purposes of these Bylaws, the term "**Associates**" shall have the meaning given in Rule 12b-2 under the Exchange Act.

(d) Notwithstanding anything in these Bylaws to the contrary, no business shall be conducted at any annual meeting except in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section 10 and applicable law. A shareholder seeking to have a proposal included in the corporation's proxy statement shall also comply with the requirements of Section 14(a) of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder (including, but not limited to, Rule 14a-8 or any successor provision), and the notice requirements of this Section 10 shall be deemed satisfied by a shareholder (or by a beneficial owner other than a shareholder of record) if the shareholder or beneficial owner has notified the corporation of such shareholder's intention to present a proposal at an annual meeting in compliance with applicable rules and regulations promulgated under the Exchange Act and such proposal has been included in proxy materials that has been prepared by the corporation to solicit proxies for such annual meeting. Notwithstanding the foregoing provision of this Section 10, the Board of Directors may, in its discretion, exclude from any proxy materials sent to shareholders any matters that may properly be excluded under the Exchange Act, Securities and Exchange Commission ("**SEC**") rules, or other applicable laws.

(e) A shareholder providing notice of any business proposed to be brought before a meeting shall further update and supplement such notice, if necessary, so that the information provided or required to be provided in such notice pursuant to this Section 10 shall be true and correct as of the record date for the meeting and as of the date that is ten (10) business days prior to the meeting or any adjournment, recess, rescheduling, or postponement thereof. Such update and supplement shall be delivered to, or mailed and received by, the Secretary at the principal office of the corporation (i) not later than five (5) business days after the record date for the meeting (in the case of the update and supplement required to be made as of the record date), and (ii) not later than seven (7) business days prior to the date for the meeting or any adjournment, recess, rescheduling, or postponement thereof (in the case of the update and supplement required to be made as of ten (10) business days prior to the meeting or any adjournment, recess, rescheduling, or postponement thereof).

Section 11. **Notice of Shareholder Nominees:**

(a) At an annual meeting of shareholders or at a special meeting of shareholders called for the purpose of electing one or more directors to the Board of Directors, nominations of persons for election to the Board of Directors may be made (i) pursuant to the corporation's notice of such meeting; (ii) by or at the direction of the Board of Directors; or (iii) by any shareholder of the corporation who (A) is a shareholder of record of the corporation both at the time the notice provided for in this Section 11 is delivered to the Secretary of the corporation and at the time of the meeting, (B) is entitled to vote for the election of directors at the meeting, and (C) complies with the notice procedures and other requirements set forth in this Section 11 and applicable law. For

any nomination to be properly brought before a meeting by a shareholder, the shareholder must have given timely notice thereof in writing to the Secretary of the corporation. With respect to an annual meeting of shareholders, to be properly brought, a shareholder's notice must be delivered to, or mailed and received by, the Secretary of the corporation at the principal office of the corporation within the timeframe specified in Section 10(a) of Article II. With respect to a special meeting of shareholders called for the purpose of electing one or more directors to the Board of Directors, to be properly brought, a shareholder's notice must be delivered to, or mailed and received by, the Secretary of the corporation at the principal office of the corporation no later than the close of business on the later of the sixtieth (60th) day prior to such special meeting or the tenth (10th) day following the day on which Public Announcement of the date of the special meeting is first made by the corporation and no earlier than the close of business on the ninetieth (90th) day prior to such special meeting. In no event shall an adjournment or postponement of an annual or special meeting or the Public Announcement thereof commence a new time period (or extend any time period) for the giving of a shareholder's notice as described above.

(b) As to each person whom the shareholder proposes to nominate for election or reelection as a director, such shareholder's notice must: (i) set forth (A) the name, age, business address, and residence address of such person; (B) the principal occupation or employment of such person (present and for the past five (5) years); (C) the class or series and number of shares of capital stock of the corporation that are owned beneficially and of record by such person; (D) all information relating to such person that is required to be disclosed in solicitations of proxies for election of directors in an election contest, or is otherwise required, in each case pursuant to and in accordance with Section 14(a) of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder; and (E) a complete and accurate description of all direct and indirect compensation and other material monetary agreements, arrangements, and understandings (whether written or oral) during the past three (3) years, and any other material relationships between or among such shareholder and beneficial owner, if any, and their respective Affiliates and Associates, or others acting in concert therewith, on the one hand, and each proposed nominee, and his or her respective Affiliates and Associates, or others acting in concert therewith, on the other hand, including, without limitation, all information that would be required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 404 promulgated under Regulation S-K of the Securities Act of 1933 ("**Regulation S-K**") if the shareholder making the nomination and any beneficial owner on whose behalf the nomination is made, if any, or any Affiliate or Associate thereof or person acting in concert therewith, were the "registrant" for purposes of such rule and the nominee were a director or executive officer of such registrant; and (ii) be accompanied by (x) a notarized letter signed by such person stating his or her acceptance of the nomination by that shareholder or beneficial owner, stating his or her intention to serve as a director for the full term if elected, and consenting to being named as a nominee for director in any proxy statement relating to such election, and (y) a completed signed questionnaire and written representation and agreement, each as required by Section 12 of Article II. The corporation may require any proposed nominee to furnish such other information as the corporation may reasonably require to determine the eligibility of such proposed nominee to serve as a director of the corporation and that the corporation believes could be material to a reasonable shareholder's understanding of the independence (both from management and from the shareholder and beneficial owner, if any) and qualifications of such proposed nominee.

(c) As to the shareholder giving the notice and each beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination is made (including any Affiliate or Associate), such shareholder's

notice must set forth: (i) the information required by (i) through (viii) of Section 10(c) of Article II; (ii) a representation that such shareholder is a holder of record of stock of the corporation, is entitled to vote at such meeting, and intends to appear in person or by proxy at the meeting to propose such nomination and a representation that such beneficial owner, if any, is the beneficial owner of stock of the corporation; (iii) a representation as to whether such shareholder or such beneficial owner, if any, intends or is part of a group that intends to (A) deliver a proxy statement and form of proxy to holders of at least the percentage of the corporation's outstanding stock required to elect the nominee or (B) otherwise solicit proxies or votes from shareholders in support of such nomination; and (iv) any other information relating to such shareholder and such beneficial owner, if any, required to be disclosed in a proxy statement or other filing required to be made in connection with solicitations of proxies for the election of directors in an election contest pursuant to and in accordance with Section 14(a) of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. These Bylaws shall not be deemed to require inclusion in the corporation's proxy statement of nominations or proposals of shareholders which the corporation is not otherwise required to include in its proxy statement. No person nominated for election to the Board of Directors by a shareholder of the corporation shall be eligible for election as a director of the corporation unless nominated in accordance with the procedures set forth in these Bylaws and applicable law.

(d) A shareholder providing notice of any nomination proposed to be brought before a meeting shall further update and supplement such notice, if necessary, so that the information provided or required to be provided in such notice pursuant to this Section 11 shall be true and correct as of the record date for the meeting and as of the date that is ten (10) business days prior to the meeting or any adjournment, recess, rescheduling, or postponement thereof. Such update and supplement shall be delivered to, or mailed and received by, the Secretary at the principal office of the corporation (i) not later than five (5) business days after the record date for the meeting (in the case of the update and supplement required to be made as of the record date) and (ii) not later than seven (7) business days prior to the date for the meeting or any adjournment, recess, rescheduling, or postponement thereof (in the case of the update and supplement required to be made as of ten (10) business days prior to the meeting or any adjournment, recess, rescheduling, or postponement thereof).

Section 12. **Questionnaire; Voting Commitment.** To be eligible to be a nominee for election or reelection as a director of the corporation pursuant to Section 11 or 13 of Article II, a proposed nominee must deliver (in accordance with the time periods prescribed for delivery of notice under these Bylaws and applicable law) to the Secretary at the principal office of the corporation (a) a written questionnaire (in the form provided by the Secretary upon written request) with respect to the background and qualification of such person and the background of any other person or entity on whose behalf the nomination is being made and (b) a written representation and agreement (in the form provided by the Secretary upon written request) that such person (i) is not and will not become a party to (A) any agreement, arrangement, or understanding (whether written or oral) with, and has not given any commitment or assurance to, any person or entity as to how such person, if elected as a director of the corporation, will act or vote in such capacity on any issue or question (a "**Voting Commitment**") that has not been disclosed to the corporation or (B) any Voting Commitment that could limit or interfere with such person's ability to comply, if elected as a director of the corporation, with such person's fiduciary duties under applicable law; (ii) is not and will not become a party to any agreement, arrangement, or understanding (whether written or

oral) with any person or entity other than the corporation with respect to any direct or indirect compensation, reimbursement, or indemnification in connection with such person's nomination, candidacy, service, or action as a director of the corporation that has not been disclosed to the corporation; and (iii) would be in compliance, if elected as a director of the corporation, and will comply with all applicable law, the Stock Exchange Rules, the corporation's Corporate Governance Guidelines, the corporation's Code of Ethics, and any other policies and guidelines of the corporation applicable to members of the Board of Directors and any applicable Board committee(s).

Section 13. **Shareholder Nominations Included in the Corporation's Proxy Materials.**

(a) **Inclusion of Nominees in Proxy Statement:** Subject to the provisions of this Section 13, if expressly requested in the relevant Nomination Notice, the corporation shall include in its proxy statement for any annual meeting of shareholders: (i) the name of any person nominated for election (the "**Shareholder Nominee**"), which shall also be included on the corporation's form of proxy and ballot, by any Eligible Shareholder or group of up to twenty (20) Eligible Shareholders that has (individually and, in the case of a group, collectively) satisfied, as determined by the Board of Directors, all applicable conditions and complied with all applicable procedures set forth in this Section 13 (such Eligible Shareholder or group of Eligible Shareholders being a "**Nominating Shareholder**"); (ii) disclosure about the Shareholder Nominee and the Nominating Shareholder required under the rules of the SEC or other applicable law to be included in the proxy statement; (iii) any statement included by the Nominating Shareholder in the Nomination Notice for inclusion in the proxy statement in support of the Shareholder Nominee's election to the Board of Directors (subject, without limitation, to Section 13(e)(ii) of Article II), if such statement does not exceed five hundred (500) words and fully complies with Section 14 of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder (the "**Supporting Statement**"); and (iv) any other information that the corporation or the Board of Directors determines, in their discretion, to include in the proxy statement relating to the nomination of the Shareholder Nominee, including, without limitation, any statement in opposition to the nomination and any of the information provided pursuant to this Section 13.

(b) **Maximum Number of Nominees:**

(i) The maximum number of Shareholder Nominees that may be included in the corporation's proxy statement for an annual meeting of shareholders pursuant to this Section 13 shall not exceed the greater of (A) two (2) or (B) twenty (20) percent of the number of directors of the corporation on the last day on which a Nomination Notice may be submitted pursuant to this Section 13 with respect to the annual meeting (rounded down to the nearest whole number) (the "**Maximum Number**"). The Maximum Number for a particular annual meeting shall be reduced by: (1) the number of Shareholder Nominees whose nominations are subsequently withdrawn by the Nominating Shareholder or who become unwilling to serve on the Board of Directors; (2) the number of Shareholder Nominees who the Board of Directors itself decides to nominate for election at such annual meeting; (3) the number of Shareholder Nominees who cease to satisfy the eligibility requirements in this Section 13, as determined by the Board of Directors; (4) in the event that a Nominating Shareholder ceases to satisfy the eligibility requirements in this

Section 13, as determined by the Board of Directors, the number of Shareholder Nominees of such Nominating Shareholder; and (5) the number of incumbent directors who had been Shareholder Nominees, or nominees of a shareholder pursuant to the advance notice requirements set forth in Section 11 of Article II, at any of the preceding two (2) annual meetings of shareholders and whose reelection at the upcoming annual meeting is being recommended by the Board of Directors. In the event that one or more vacancies for any reason occur on the Board of Directors after the deadline for submitting a Nomination Notice as set forth in Section 13(d) of Article II but before the date of the annual meeting, and the Board of Directors resolves to reduce the size of the board in connection therewith, the Maximum Number shall be calculated based on the number of directors as so reduced.

(ii) If the number of Shareholder Nominees pursuant to this Section 13 for any annual meeting of shareholders exceeds the Maximum Number, then, promptly upon notice from the corporation, each Nominating Shareholder will select one (1) Shareholder Nominee for inclusion in the proxy statement until the Maximum Number is reached, going in order of the amount (largest to smallest) of shares of the corporation's Common Stock that each Nominating Shareholder disclosed as Owned in its Nomination Notice, with the process repeated if the Maximum Number is not reached after each Nominating Shareholder has selected one (1) Shareholder Nominee. Following such determination, whether before or after the mailing or other distribution of the definitive proxy statement, if (A) a Nominating Shareholder becomes ineligible or withdraws its nomination, (B) a Shareholder Nominee becomes ineligible or unwilling to serve on the Board of Directors, or (C) a Shareholder Nominee is thereafter nominated by the Board of Directors, the corporation: (1) shall not be required to include in its proxy statement or on any ballot or form of proxy the Shareholder Nominee (in the case of clause (A) or (B)) or any successor or replacement nominee proposed by the Nominating Shareholder or by any other Nominating Shareholder and (2) may otherwise communicate to its shareholders, including, without limitation, by amending or supplementing its proxy statement or ballot or form of proxy, that the Shareholder Nominee will not be included as a Shareholder Nominee in the proxy statement or on any ballot or form of proxy.

(c) **Eligibility of Nominating Shareholder:**

(i) An "**Eligible Shareholder**" is a person who has either (A) been a record holder of the shares of Common Stock of the corporation used to satisfy the eligibility requirements in this Section 13(c) continuously for the three (3) year period specified in Section 13(c)(ii) of Article II or (B) provides to the Secretary of the corporation, within the time period referred to in Section 13(d) of Article II, evidence of continuous Ownership by that person of such shares for such three (3) year period from one or more securities intermediaries in a form that the Board of Directors determines would be deemed acceptable for purposes of a shareholder proposal under Rule 14a-8(b)(2) under the Exchange Act (or any successor rule).

(ii) An Eligible Shareholder or group of up to twenty (20) Eligible Shareholders may submit a nomination in accordance with this Section 13 only if the person or group (in the aggregate) has continuously Owned at least the Minimum Number (as adjusted for any stock splits, stock dividends, or similar events) of shares of the

corporation's Common Stock throughout the three (3) year period preceding and including the date of submission of the Nomination Notice, and continues to Own at least the Minimum Number of shares of the corporation's Common Stock through the date of the annual meeting. For purposes of qualifying as an Eligible Shareholder and satisfying the ownership requirements set forth in this Section 13(c), two (2) or more funds that are (A) under common management and investment control, (B) under common management and funded primarily by the same employer, or (C) a "group of investment companies," as such term is defined in Section 12(d)(1)(G)(ii) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, shall be treated as one (1) shareholder or beneficial owner. Any group of funds whose shares are so aggregated shall, within five (5) business days after the date of the Nomination Notice, submit to the Secretary of the corporation at the corporation's principal office documentation that demonstrates that the funds satisfy the foregoing sentence, as determined by the Board of Directors, and such documentation shall be deemed part of the Nomination Notice for purposes of this Section 13. For the avoidance of doubt, in the event of a nomination by a group of Eligible Shareholders, any and all requirements and obligations for an individual Eligible Shareholder that are set forth in this Section 13, including the minimum holding period, shall apply to each member of such group; provided, however, that the Minimum Number shall apply to the Ownership of the group in the aggregate. Should any shareholder cease to satisfy the eligibility requirements in this Section 13, as determined by the Board of Directors, or withdraw from a group of Eligible Shareholders at any time prior to the annual meeting of shareholders, the group of Eligible Shareholders shall only be deemed to Own the shares held by the remaining members of the group.

(iii) The "**Minimum Number**" means three (3) percent of the number of outstanding shares of the corporation's Common Stock as of the most recent date for which such amount is given in any filing by the corporation with the SEC prior to the submission of the Nomination Notice.

(iv) No person may be a member of more than one (1) group constituting a Nominating Shareholder, and if any person appears as a member of more than one (1) group, he, she, or it shall be deemed to be a member of only the group that has the largest ownership position, as reflected in the Nomination Notice.

(d) **Nomination Notice.** To nominate a Shareholder Nominee pursuant to this Section 13, the Nominating Shareholder must deliver to, and they must be received by, the Secretary of the corporation at the corporation's principal office all of the following information and documents (collectively, the "**Nomination Notice**") no later than one hundred and twenty (120) days and no earlier than one hundred and fifty (150) days prior to the first anniversary of the date that the corporation released its proxy statement to shareholders for the prior year's annual meeting of shareholders; provided, however, that if the annual meeting is not scheduled to be held within a period that commences thirty (30) days before the first anniversary date of the preceding year's annual meeting of shareholders and ends sixty (60) days after the first anniversary date of the preceding year's annual meeting of shareholders (an annual meeting date outside such period being referred to herein as an "**Other Meeting Date**"), the Nomination Notice shall be given in the manner provided herein by the later of the close of business on the date that is one hundred and eighty (180) days prior to such Other Meeting Date or the tenth (10th) day following the date such

Other Meeting Date is first publicly announced or disclosed (in no event shall the adjournment or postponement of an annual meeting, or the announcement thereof, commence a new time period (or extend any time period) for the giving of the Nomination Notice):

(i) one or more written statements from the record holder of the shares (and from each intermediary through which the shares are or have been held during the requisite three (3) year holding period) verifying that, as of a date within seven (7) days prior to the date of the Nomination Notice, the Nominating Shareholder Owns, and has continuously Owned for the preceding three (3) years, the Minimum Number of shares of the corporation's Common Stock, and the Nominating Shareholder's agreement to provide, (A) within five (5) business days after the record date for the annual meeting, written statements from the record holder and intermediaries verifying the Nominating Shareholder's continuous Ownership of the Minimum Number of shares of the corporation's Common Stock through the record date and (B) within two (2) business days after the date of the annual meeting, written statements from the record holder and intermediaries verifying the Nominating Shareholder's continuous Ownership of the Minimum Number of shares of the corporation's Common Stock through the date of the annual meeting;

(ii) a copy of the Schedule 14N (or any successor form) relating to the Shareholder Nominee, completed and filed with the SEC by the Nominating Shareholder in accordance with SEC rules, or, if Schedule 14N (or any successor form) is not then required by the SEC, a written statement to the corporation containing the information required by Schedule 14N as in effect in November 2016;

(iii) a notarized letter signed by the Shareholder Nominee stating his or her acceptance of his or her nomination, stating his or her intention to serve as a director for the full term if elected, and consenting to being named as a nominee for director in the corporation's proxy statement, form of proxy, and ballot as a nominee;

(iv) a written notice of the nomination of the Shareholder Nominee that includes the following additional information, agreements, representations, and warranties by the Nominating Shareholder (including, for the avoidance of doubt, each group member): (A) the information that would be required to be set forth in a shareholder's notice of nomination pursuant to Sections 11 and 12 of Article II; (B) the details of any relationship that existed within the past three (3) years and that would have been described pursuant to Item 6(e) of Schedule 14N (or any successor item) if it existed on the date of submission of the written notice; (C) a representation and warranty that the Nominating Shareholder did not acquire, and is not holding, securities of the corporation for the purpose or with the effect of influencing or changing control of the corporation; (D) a representation and warranty that the Nominating Shareholder has not nominated and will not nominate for election to the Board of Directors at the annual meeting any person other than such Nominating Shareholder's Shareholder Nominee(s); (E) a representation and warranty that the Nominating Shareholder has not engaged in and will not engage in a "solicitation" within the meaning of Rule 14a-1(l) under the Exchange Act (without reference to the exception in Section 14a-1(l)(2)(iv)) (or any successor rules) with respect to the annual meeting, other than with respect to such Nominating Shareholder's Shareholder Nominee(s) or any

nominee of the Board of Directors; (F) a representation and warranty that the Nominating Shareholder will not use any proxy card other than the corporation's proxy card in soliciting shareholders in connection with the election of a Shareholder Nominee at the annual meeting; (G) a representation and warranty that the Shareholder Nominee's candidacy or, if elected, Board membership would not violate applicable state, federal, or foreign law or the Stock Exchange Rules; (H) a representation and warranty that the Shareholder Nominee: (1) qualifies as independent under the Stock Exchange Rules; (2) meets the director qualifications set forth in the corporation's Corporate Governance Guidelines; and (3) is not and has not been subject to any event specified in Rule 506(d)(1) of Regulation D (or any successor rule) under the Securities Act of 1933 or Item 401(f) of Regulation S-K (or any successor rule), without reference to whether the event is material to an evaluation of the ability or integrity of the Shareholder Nominee; (I) a representation and warranty that the Nominating Shareholder satisfies the eligibility requirements set forth in Section 13(c) of Article II; (J) a representation and warranty that the Nominating Shareholder will continue to satisfy the eligibility requirements described in Section 13(c) of Article II through the date of the annual meeting; (K) a statement regarding the Nominating Shareholder's intent with respect to continued Ownership of the Minimum Number of shares of the corporation's Common Stock for at least one (1) year following the annual meeting; (L) details of any position of the Shareholder Nominee as an officer or director of any competitor of the corporation (that is, any entity that provides services that compete with or are alternatives to the services provided by the corporation or its Affiliates) within the three (3) years preceding the submission of the Nomination Notice; (M) if desired, a Supporting Statement; (N) in the case of a nomination by a group of shareholders that together is an Eligible Shareholder, the designation by all group members of one (1) group member that is authorized to act on behalf of all group members with respect to matters relating to the nomination and matters related thereto, including withdrawal of the nomination; and (O) a description of any material relationship or any direct or indirect compensatory, payment, or other financial agreement, arrangement, or understanding during the past three (3) years between or among such Nominating Shareholder and its respective Affiliates and Associates or others acting in concert therewith, on the one hand, and such Shareholder Nominee and his or her respective Affiliates and Associates or others acting in concert therewith, on the other hand, including, without limitation, all information that would be required to be disclosed pursuant to Item 404 of Regulation S-K if the Nominating Shareholder or any Affiliate or Associate thereof or other person acting in concert therewith were the "registrant" for purposes of such rule and the Shareholder Nominee were a director or executive officer of such registrant; and

(v) an executed agreement, in a form deemed satisfactory by the Board of Directors, pursuant to which the Nominating Shareholder (including each group member) agrees: (A) to comply with all applicable laws, rules, and regulations in connection with the nomination, solicitation, and election of the Shareholder Nominee; (B) to file with the SEC any written solicitation or other communication with the corporation's shareholders by or on behalf of the Nominating Shareholder relating to the corporation's annual meeting of shareholders, one or more of the corporation's directors or director nominees, or any Shareholder Nominee, regardless of whether any such filing is required under any rule or regulation or whether any exemption from filing is available for such solicitation or other communication under any rule or regulation; (C) to assume all liability stemming from a

Proceeding concerning any actual or alleged legal or regulatory violation arising out of any communication by the Nominating Shareholder or the Shareholder Nominee nominated by such Nominating Shareholder with the corporation, its shareholders, or any other person in connection with the nomination or election of directors, including, without limitation, the Nomination Notice; (D) to indemnify and hold harmless (jointly with all other group members, in the case of a group member) the corporation and each of its directors, officers, and employees individually against any liability, loss, damages, expenses, or other costs (including attorneys' fees) incurred in connection with any threatened or pending Proceeding against the corporation or any of its directors, officers, or employees arising out of or relating to a failure or alleged failure of the Nominating Shareholder or Shareholder Nominee to comply with, or any breach or alleged breach of, its, or his or her, as applicable, obligations, agreements, or representations under this Section 13; (E) in the event that any information included in the Nomination Notice, or any other communication by the Nominating Shareholder (including with respect to any group member) with the corporation, its shareholders, or any other person in connection with the nomination or election, ceases to be true and accurate in all material respects (or omits a material fact necessary to make the statements made not misleading), to promptly (and in any event within forty-eight (48) hours of discovering such misstatement or omission) notify the corporation and any other recipient of such communication of the misstatement or omission in such previously provided information and of the information that is required to correct the misstatement or omission; and (F) in the event that the Nominating Shareholder (including any group member) has failed to continue to satisfy the eligibility requirements described in Section 13(c) of Article II, including Ownership of the Minimum Number of shares of the corporation's Common Stock, to promptly (and in any event within forty-eight (48) hours of discovering such failure) notify the corporation of such failure.

The information and documents required by this Section 13(d) shall be (i) provided with respect to and executed by each group member of the Nominating Shareholder, in the case of information applicable to group members; and (ii) provided with respect to the persons specified in Instructions 1 and 2 to Items 6(c) and (d) of Schedule 14N (or any successor item) or, if Schedule 14N (or any successor form) is not then required by the SEC, as required by Schedule 14N as in effect in November 2016, in the case of a Nominating Shareholder or group member that is an entity. The Nomination Notice shall be deemed submitted on the date on which all the information and documents referred to in this Section 13(d) (other than such information and documents contemplated to be provided after the date the Nomination Notice is provided) have been delivered to or, if sent by mail, received by the Secretary of the corporation.

(e) **Exceptions:**

(i) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Section 13, the corporation may omit from its proxy statement any Shareholder Nominee, and any information concerning such Shareholder Nominee (including a Nominating Shareholder's Supporting Statement), and in such case, no vote on such Shareholder Nominee will occur (notwithstanding that ballots or proxies in respect of related votes may have been received by the corporation), and the Nominating Shareholder may not, after the last day on which a Nomination Notice would be timely, cure in any way any defect preventing the nomination of the Shareholder Nominee, if: (A) the corporation receives a

notice that any shareholder intends to nominate a candidate for director at the annual meeting pursuant to the advance notice requirements set forth in Section 11 of Article II without such shareholder's notice expressly electing to have such director candidate included in the corporation's proxy statement pursuant to this Section 13, whether or not such notice is subsequently withdrawn or made the subject of a settlement with the corporation; (B) the Nominating Shareholder withdraws its nomination; (C) the Board of Directors determines that such Shareholder Nominee's nomination or election to the Board of Directors would result in the corporation violating or failing to be in compliance with these Bylaws, the Certificate of Formation, or any applicable state, federal, or foreign law, rule, or regulation, including the Stock Exchange Rules; (D) the Shareholder Nominee is not independent under the Stock Exchange Rules, any applicable rules of the SEC, and any standards used by the Board of Directors in determining the independence of the corporation's directors, in each case as determined by the Board of Directors; (E) the Shareholder Nominee was nominated for election to the Board of Directors pursuant to this Section 13 at one of the corporation's two (2) preceding annual meetings of shareholders and either (1) withdrew from or became ineligible or unavailable for election at such annual meeting or (2) did not receive at least twenty-five (25) percent of the total votes cast in favor of his or her election at such annual meeting; the Shareholder Nominee has been, within the past three (3) years, an officer or director of a competitor of the corporation (that is, any entity that provides services that compete with or are alternatives to the services provided by the corporation or its Affiliates); or the corporation is notified, or the Board of Directors determines, that the Nominating Shareholder has failed to continue to satisfy the eligibility requirements described in Section 13(c) of Article II, any of the representations and warranties made in the Nomination Notice ceases to be true and accurate in all material respects (or omits a material fact necessary to make the statements made not misleading), the Shareholder Nominee becomes unwilling or unable to serve on the Board of Directors, or any material violation or breach occurs of any of the obligations, agreements, representations, or warranties of the Nominating Shareholder or the Shareholder Nominee under this Section 13.

(ii) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Section 13, the Board of Directors or the chair of the meeting of shareholders shall declare a nomination by a Nominating Shareholder to be invalid, and such nomination and any votes received with respect to the applicable Shareholder Nominee shall be disregarded (notwithstanding that ballots or proxies in respect of such vote may have been received by the corporation and notwithstanding that the annual meeting of shareholders shall have been held), if (A) the Nominating Shareholder or the applicable Shareholder Nominee shall have breached any of its, his, or her obligations, agreements, or representations under this Section 13, including the agreement to provide written statements of continuous ownership of the Minimum Number of shares of the corporation's Common Stock through the date of the annual meeting in the timeframe specified by Section 13(d) (i) of Article II, as determined by the Board of Directors; or (B) the Nominating Shareholder or designated lead group member, as applicable, or any qualified representative thereof, does not appear at the annual meeting and present the nomination pursuant to this Section 13. For purposes of this Section 13, to be considered a qualified representative of a shareholder, (1) a person must be a duly authorized officer, manager, or partner of such shareholder or must be authorized by a writing executed by such shareholder stating that such person is authorized to act for

such shareholder as a proxy at the meeting of shareholders; and (2) prior to the presentation of such nomination at the meeting of shareholders, such person must produce a valid government-issued photo identification as well as either (x) proof that he or she is a duly authorized officer, manager, or partner of such shareholder or (y) such writing (or a reliable reproduction or electronic transmission of the writing).

(iii) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Section 13, the corporation may omit from its proxy statement, or may supplement or correct, any information, including all or any portion of the Supporting Statement or any other statement in support of the Shareholder Nominee included in the Nomination Notice, if the Board of Directors determines that: (A) such information is not true in all material respects or omits a material statement necessary to make the statements made not misleading; (B) such information directly or indirectly impugns the character, integrity, or personal reputation of, or directly or indirectly makes charges concerning improper, illegal, or immoral conduct or associations, without factual foundation, with respect to, any individual, corporation, partnership, association, or other entity, organization, or governmental authority; (C) the inclusion of such information in the proxy statement would otherwise violate the SEC proxy rules or any other applicable law, rule, or regulation; or (D) the inclusion of such information in the proxy statement would impose a material risk of liability upon the corporation.

The corporation may solicit against, and include in the proxy statement its own statement relating to, any Shareholder Nominee.

Section 14. **General.**

(a) Except as otherwise provided by applicable law, (i) only such business shall be conducted at any meeting of shareholders as shall have been brought before the meeting in accordance with the requirements set forth in Section 10 of Article II and applicable law; and (ii) only such persons who are nominated in accordance with the requirements set forth in Section 11 or 13 of Article II and applicable law shall be eligible to be elected at any meeting of shareholders of the corporation called for the purpose of the election of one or more directors to the Board of Directors.

(b) Except as otherwise provided by applicable law, (i) the chair of the meeting shall have the power to determine whether any business proposed to be brought before the meeting (including a director nomination) has been proposed or made in compliance with applicable law and Sections 10, 11, or 13 of Article II, as applicable; and (ii) if any proposed business or nomination has not been proposed or made in compliance with applicable law and Sections 10, 11, or 13 of Article II, as applicable, the chair of the meeting shall have the power not to permit any such business or nomination, or any voting with respect to such business or nomination, to be transacted.

(c) Notwithstanding Sections 10 and 11 of Article II, unless otherwise required by applicable law, if the shareholder (or a qualified representative of the shareholder) does not appear at the annual or special meeting of shareholders of the corporation and present his, her, or its proposed business or nomination, such proposed business may not be transacted and any

nomination by the shareholder may be disregarded, notwithstanding that ballots or proxies in respect of related votes may have been received by the corporation. For purposes of this Section 14(c), to be considered a qualified representative of the shareholder, (i) a person must be a duly authorized officer, manager, or partner of such shareholder or must be authorized by a writing executed by such shareholder stating that such person is authorized to act for such shareholder as a proxy at the meeting of shareholders; and (ii) prior to the presentation of such business or nomination at the meeting of shareholders, such person must produce a valid government-issued photo identification as well as either (A) proof that he or she is a duly authorized officer, manager, or partner of such shareholder or (B) such writing (or a reliable reproduction or electronic transmission of the writing).

(d) For purposes of Sections 10 and 11 of Article II, “**Public Announcement**” shall be a disclosure in a press release reported by the Dow Jones News Service, Associated Press, or other national news service; in a document publicly filed with or furnished to the SEC by the corporation pursuant to Sections 13, 14, or 15(d) of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder; or on the corporation’s website.

(e) Any shareholder or beneficial owner, if any, or any of their Affiliates, Associates or other persons acting in concert therewith, directly or indirectly soliciting proxies for the election of directors must use a proxy card color other than white. White proxy cards shall be reserved for exclusive use by the corporation.

(f) If a shareholder or beneficial owner, if any, or any of their Affiliates, Associates or other persons acting in concert therewith intend to solicit proxies in support of any proposed nominee other than the corporation’s nominees, such person shall, in addition to the other requirements of these Bylaws (including, without limitation, Sections 11, 12, and 13 of Article II):

(i) Deliver to the Secretary of the corporation, no later than the earlier of the time provided in these Bylaws or the time provided in Rule 14a-19 of the Exchange Act, the notice and other information required in Rule 14a-19 of the Exchange Act; and

(ii) Deliver to the Secretary of the corporation, no later than five (5) business days before the applicable meeting of shareholders, reasonable evidence, including a written certification, that it (including any others acting in concert with it) has met the requirements of Rule 14a-19 of the Exchange Act with respect to such nominees.

Unless otherwise required by law, if any shareholder (1) provides notice pursuant to Rule 14a-19(b) of the Exchange Act and (2) subsequently fails to comply with any requirement of Rule 14a-19 of the Exchange Act or any other rules or regulations of the Exchange Act or fails timely to provide the evidence described in the preceding clause (f)(ii), then the corporation shall disregard any proxies or votes solicited for such nominees, and such nominations shall be disregarded.

(g) In addition to Sections 10, 11, and 13 of Article II, a shareholder shall also comply with all applicable requirements of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder with respect to the matters set forth in Sections 10, 11, or 13 of Article II; provided, however, that any references in these Bylaws to the Exchange Act or the rules and

regulations promulgated thereunder are not intended to, and shall not, limit any requirements applicable to nominations or proposals as to any other business to be considered pursuant to Sections 10, 11, or 13 of Article II, and compliance with Sections 10, 11, 13 and 14 of Article II shall be the exclusive means for a shareholder to make nominations or submit other business (other than business properly brought under and in compliance with Rule 14a-8 of the Exchange Act or any successor provision, as provided in the second sentence of Section 10(d) of Article II).

Section 15. **Conduct of Meetings**.

(a) Meetings of shareholders shall be presided over by the chair of the meeting of shareholders, who shall be a director or an officer designated by the Board of Directors. The secretary of each meeting of shareholders shall be the Secretary or Assistant Secretary or, in the absence (or inability or refusal to act) of the Secretary or Assistant Secretary, any other person so appointed to act by the chair of the meeting.

(b) The Board of Directors may adopt such rules and regulations for the conduct of any meeting of shareholders as it shall deem appropriate. Except to the extent inconsistent with these Bylaws or such rules and regulations as are adopted by the Board of Directors, the chair of each meeting of shareholders shall have the right and authority to convene and (whether or not a quorum is present and for any reason or no reason) to adjourn or recess the meeting, to prescribe such rules and regulations, and to do all such acts as, in the judgment of such chair, are appropriate for the proper conduct of the meeting. Such rules or regulations or acts may include, without limitation, the following: (i) the establishment of an agenda or order of business for the meeting; (ii) rules and procedures for maintaining order at the meeting and the safety of those present; (iii) limitations on attendance at or participation in the meeting to shareholders entitled to vote at the meeting, their duly authorized and constituted proxies, or such other persons as the chair of the meeting shall determine; (iv) restrictions on entry to the meeting after the time fixed for the commencement thereof; (v) restrictions on the use of photographic, audio or video recording devices (including cellular telephones) at the meeting; (vi) limitations on the time allotted to questions or comments by participants; and (vii) regulating the opening and closing of the polls for balloting and matters that are to be voted on. Unless and to the extent determined by the Board of Directors or the chair of the meeting, meetings of shareholders are not required to be held in accordance with the rules of parliamentary procedure. In addition to making any other determination that may be appropriate to the conduct of the meeting, the chair of the meeting shall, if the facts warrant, determine and declare to the meeting that a matter, nomination or other business was not properly brought before the meeting. If the chair of the meeting should so determine, the chair of the meeting shall so declare to the meeting, and any such matter, nomination or other business declared not to be properly brought before the meeting shall not be transacted or considered.

ARTICLE III

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Section 1. **Management**. The business and affairs of the corporation shall be managed under the direction of a Board of Directors.

Section 2. **Number and Election; Term of Office; Qualifications.**

(a) The number of directors of the corporation shall be determined from time to time exclusively by resolution of the Board of Directors, but no decrease in such number shall have the effect of shortening the term of any incumbent director. At each annual meeting of shareholders, the shareholders shall elect directors to hold office until the next succeeding annual meeting. Directors shall be elected by a majority of the votes cast by the holders of shares entitled to vote in the election of directors at a meeting of shareholders at which a quorum is present; provided that if the number of nominees exceeds the number of directors to be elected, the directors shall be elected by a plurality of the votes cast by the holders of shares entitled to vote in the election of directors at a meeting of shareholders at which a quorum is present. For purposes of this Section 2(a), (i) a majority of the votes cast means that the number of votes cast “for” a nominee for director must exceed the number of votes cast “against” that nominee, and (ii) abstentions and broker nonvotes shall not be counted as votes cast either “for” or “against” any nominee for director.

(b) If a nominee for director who is an incumbent director is not elected and no successor has been elected at such meeting, the director shall promptly tender his or her resignation to the Board of Directors. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee shall make a recommendation to the Board of Directors as to whether to accept or reject the tendered resignation or whether other action should be taken. The Board of Directors shall act on the tendered resignation, taking into account the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee’s recommendation, and shall publicly disclose (by a press release, a report furnished to or filed with the SEC, or other broadly disseminated means of communication) its decision regarding the tendered resignation and the rationale behind its decision within ninety (90) days from the date of the certification of the election results. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee in making its recommendation, and the Board of Directors in making its decision, may each consider any factors or other information it considers appropriate and relevant. The director who tenders his or her resignation shall not participate in the recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee or the decision of the Board of Directors with respect to his or her resignation. If an incumbent director’s resignation is not accepted by the Board of Directors, that director shall continue to serve until the next annual meeting and until his or her successor shall have been elected and qualified or until his or her earlier death, retirement, resignation, or removal in accordance with the provisions of these Bylaws. If an incumbent director’s resignation is accepted by the Board of Directors, or if a nominee for director is not elected and the nominee is not an incumbent director, then the Board of Directors, in its sole discretion, may fill any resulting vacancy in accordance with the provisions of these Bylaws or may decrease the size of the Board of Directors in accordance with the provisions of these Bylaws.

(c) Each director shall hold office for the term for which he or she is elected and until his or her successor shall have been elected and qualified or until his or her earlier death, retirement, resignation, or removal in accordance with the provisions of these Bylaws. Any director may resign at any time only upon written notice to the Chair of the Board and the Secretary of the corporation. Directors need not be residents of the State of Texas or shareholders of the corporation, but they must have been nominated by either the Board of Directors or by shareholders in accordance with the procedures set forth in these Bylaws, the corporation’s Corporate Governance Guidelines, and applicable law in order to be eligible for election as directors.

Section 3. **Vacancies; Increases in the Number of Directors.** Subject to the provisions of the following paragraph, any vacancy occurring in the Board of Directors may be filled by election at an annual or special meeting of shareholders called for that purpose or by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors, even if the remaining directors constitute less than a quorum of the Board of Directors. A director elected to fill a vacancy shall be elected for the unexpired term of the director's predecessor in office.

Any vacancy to be filled because of an increase in the number of directors may be filled by election at an annual or special meeting of shareholders called for that purpose or by the Board of Directors for a term of office continuing only until the next election of one or more directors by the shareholders. During a period between two successive annual meetings of shareholders, the Board of Directors may not fill more than two vacancies created by an increase in the number of directors.

Section 4. **Removal.** At any meeting of shareholders called expressly for that purpose, any director may be removed, with or without cause, by vote of the holders of a majority of the shares then entitled to vote for the election of directors.

Section 5. **Place of Meeting.** Meetings of the Board of Directors, regular or special, may be held either within or without the State of Texas. Meetings may also be held solely or partially by means of remote communication in accordance with Texas law.

Section 6. **First Meeting.** The first meeting of each newly elected Board may be held immediately following the shareholders' meeting at which the directors are elected and at the place at which such annual meeting is held. If such meeting is held immediately following the shareholders' meeting at which the directors are elected and at the place at which such annual meeting is held, no notice of such meeting shall be necessary to the newly elected directors in order to legally constitute the meeting provided a quorum shall be present.

Section 7. **Regular Meetings.** Regular meetings of the Board of Directors may be held without notice at such time and place as shall from time to time be determined by the Board of Directors.

Section 8. **Special Meetings.** Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by or at the request of the Chair of the Board or the Chief Executive Officer and shall be called by the Chair of the Board or by the Secretary at the request of a majority of the members of the Board of Directors. Notice of meetings shall be given at least twenty-four (24) hours prior to the meeting, either personally, by telephone, by mail, or, on consent of a director, by electronic transmission.

Section 9. **Purpose of Meetings.** Neither the purpose of, nor the business to be transacted at, any regular or special meeting of the Board of Directors need be specified in the notice or waiver of notice of such meeting.

Section 10. **Quorum; Voting; Adjournment.** A majority of the number of directors constituting the whole Board, in the case of a meeting of the Board of Directors, and a majority of the number of directors serving on a committee, in the case of a meeting of a committee, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The act of a majority of the directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present at the time of the act shall be the act of the Board of Directors

or committee, unless the act of a greater number is required by applicable law, the Certificate of Formation, or these Bylaws. The Chair of the Board or the directors present at a meeting of the Board of Directors or a committee thereof may adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, whether or not there is a quorum.

Section 11. **Committees of Directors.** The Board of Directors may, by resolution passed by a majority of the whole Board, designate one or more committees, each committee to consist of one or more of the directors of the corporation, which, to the extent provided by a resolution of the Board of Directors, shall have and may exercise all of the authority of the Board of Directors, except where action of the Board is mandatorily required by applicable law. Such committee or committees shall have such name or names as may be determined from time to time by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors. Such committees shall keep regular minutes of their proceedings and report the same to the Board when required. The Board of Directors may remove a member of a committee appointed by the Board if the Board determines the removal is in the best interests of the corporation; provided that the removal of a committee member shall be without prejudice to the contract rights, if any, of the person so removed. Appointment of a committee member shall not of itself create contract rights.

Section 12. **Action Without Meeting.** Any action required or permitted to be taken at a meeting of the Board of Directors or any committee of the Board of Directors may be taken without a meeting if all members of the Board of Directors or committee, as the case may be, consent thereto in writing or by electronic transmission, and the writing or evidence of the electronic transmission is placed in the minute book. Such consent shall have the same force and effect as a unanimous vote at a meeting.

Section 13. **Chair of the Board; Vice Chair.** The Board of Directors may appoint a director as Chair of the Board, which position shall be a board position only and not an officer position unless the Board of Directors also determines that such position shall also be an officer position. If elected, the Chair of the Board, if present, shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors and shall have such other powers and duties as are commonly incident to the position of chair of the board or that may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors may also appoint one or more Vice Chairs of the Board from the directors, who shall perform such duties as may be assigned from time to time by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE IV

OFFICERS

Section 1. **General.** The Board of Directors shall elect a President, a Secretary, and such other officers as may be from time to time required by Texas law. The Board of Directors may also elect a Chief Executive Officer, Vice Presidents, Assistant Secretaries, a Treasurer, Assistant Treasurers, and such other officers as the Board of Directors shall deem appropriate, none of whom need to be a member of the Board. Any two or more offices may be held by the same person.

Section 2. **Other Officers.** The Chief Executive Officer may appoint such other officers and agents as he or she may deem necessary for the efficient and successful conduct of the business of the corporation.

Section 3. **Term of Office; Removal; Resignation.** The officers and agents of the corporation elected or appointed by the Board of Directors shall hold office until their successors have been elected and qualified or until their earlier death, retirement, resignation, or removal for or without cause by the majority vote of the whole Board of Directors; provided that the removal of any such officer or agent shall be without prejudice to the contract rights, if any, of the person so removed. Any officer or agent appointed by the Chief Executive Officer may be removed at any time by majority vote of the whole Board of Directors or by the Chief Executive Officer. Election or appointment of an officer or agent shall not of itself create contract rights. Any executive officer may resign at any time only upon written notice to the Chair of the Board, Chief Executive Officer, and Secretary of the corporation.

Section 4. **Compensation.** The salaries of all executive officers of the corporation shall be fixed by, or at the direction of, the Board of Directors or its Compensation Committee.

Section 5. **Chief Executive Officer.** The Chief Executive Officer shall have responsibility for the general management and direction of the business of the corporation and shall have such other powers and duties as are commonly incident to the office of chief executive officer or that may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors. He or she shall have authority to execute deeds, conveyances, leases, notes, bonds, and other contracts either with or without the attestation of the Secretary required thereon and either with or without the seal of the corporation. He or she may delegate any of his or her powers and duties to any other officer with such limitations as he or she may deem proper.

Section 6. **President.** The President may execute deeds, conveyances, leases, notes, bonds, and other contracts either or without the attestation of the Secretary required thereon and either with or without the seal of the corporation and shall have such other powers and duties as are commonly incident to the office of president or that are assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors. If he or she is not designated as Chief Executive Officer, the President shall have such powers and perform such duties as may be delegated to him or her by the Chief Executive Officer, and shall be vested with all the powers and authorized to perform all the duties of the Chief Executive Officer in his or her absence or inability to act. He or she may delegate any of his or her powers and duties to any other officer with such limitations as he or she may deem proper.

Section 7. **Vice Presidents.** The Vice Presidents, in the order of their rank and seniority in office, shall, in the absence or disability of the President, perform the duties and exercise the powers of the President and shall perform such other duties that are assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors, the Chair of the Board, the President, or the Chief Executive Officer. The Board of Directors, the President, or the Chief Executive Officer may add to the title of any Vice President such distinguishing designation(s) as may be deemed desirable to reflect seniority, authorities, or responsibilities of any Vice President.

Section 8. **The Secretary.** The Secretary shall attend all meetings of the Board of Directors and all meetings of the shareholders and record all votes and the minutes of all proceedings in a book to be kept for that purpose and shall perform like duties for the standing committees when required or requested. He or she shall give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of the shareholders and special meetings of the Board of Directors, and shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors, the Chair of the Board, or the President,

under whose supervision he or she shall be; he or she shall keep the seal the corporation and shall affix the same to any instrument requiring it and, when so affixed, it shall be attested by his or her signature or by the signature of the Treasurer or an Assistant Secretary or Assistant Treasurer. The Secretary shall have such other powers and duties as are commonly incident to the office of secretary.

Section 9. **The Assistant Secretaries.** The Assistant Secretaries shall, in the absence or disability of the Secretary, perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Secretary and shall perform such other duties that are assigned to them by the Board of Directors, the Chair of the Board, the President, or the Chief Executive Officer.

Section 10. **The Treasurer.** The Treasurer shall have supervision over the corporate funds and securities and shall keep or cause to be kept full and accurate accounts of receipts and disbursements in books belonging to the corporation and shall deposit or cause to be deposited all moneys and other valuable effects in the name and to the credit of the corporation in such depositories as may be designated by the Board of Directors, shall disburse the funds of the corporation as may be ordered by the Board, taking proper vouchers for such disbursements, and shall render to the Chief Executive Officer and directors, at the regular meetings of the Board, or whenever they may require it, an account of all the transactions under his or her supervision as Treasurer and of the financial condition of the corporation. If required by the Board of Directors, the Treasurer and persons acting under his or her supervision shall give the corporation a bond in such sum and with such surety or sureties as shall be satisfactory to the Board for the faithful performance of their duties and for the restoration to the corporation, in case of their death, resignation, retirement, or removal from office, of all books, papers, vouchers, money, and other property of whatever kind in their possession or under their control belonging to the corporation. The Treasurer shall have such other powers and duties as are commonly incident to the office of treasurer or that are assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors, the Chair of the Board, the President, or the Chief Executive Officer.

Section 11. **The Assistant Treasurers.** The Assistant Treasurers, in the order of their seniority in office, shall, in the absence or disability of the Treasurer, perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Treasurer and shall perform such other duties that are assigned to them by the Board of Directors, the Chair of the Board, the President, or the Chief Executive Officer.

ARTICLE V

CERTIFICATES REPRESENTING SHARES UNCERTIFICATED STOCK

Section 1. **Form and Issuance.** The shares of the corporation's stock may be certificated or uncertificated, as provided under Texas law. Any certificates representing shares of stock shall be in such form as is approved by resolution of the Board of Directors and as may be required by applicable law and shall be numbered and entered in the stock transfer records of the corporation as they are issued. Each certificate shall state on the front of the certificate that the corporation is organized under the laws of the State of Texas, the holder's name, the number and class of shares, the designation of the series, if any, represented by the certificate, and the par value of each share represented by the certificate or a statement that the shares are without par value. Certificates shall be signed by the Chair of the Board or the Chief Executive Officer and

by the Secretary of the corporation, and may contain an impression of the seal of the corporation or a facsimile thereof. The signatures of the Chair of the Board or Chief Executive Officer and of the Secretary upon a certificate may be facsimiles. In case any officer who has signed or whose facsimile signature has been placed upon such certificate shall have ceased to be such officer before such certificate is issued, it may be issued by the corporation with the same effect as if the person were such officer at the date of its issuance. No certificate shall be issued for any share until the consideration therefor, fixed as provided by applicable law, has been fully paid.

Section 2. **Fractional Shares.** The corporation may, but shall not be obligated to, issue fractions of a share, either represented by a certificate or uncertificated, and the Board of Directors may, in lieu thereof, (a) arrange for the disposition thereof by those entitled thereto, (b) pay the fair value in cash, or (c) issue scrip in registered or bearer form which shall entitle the holder to receive a certificate for a full share or an uncertificated full share only upon the surrender of such scrip aggregating a full share. A certificate for a fractional share or an uncertificated fractional share shall, but scrip shall not, unless otherwise provided therein, entitle the holder to exercise voting rights, to receive distributions thereon, or to make a claim with respect to the assets of the corporation in the event of winding up and termination. Scrip, if issued, (a) shall become void if not exchanged for certificates representing full shares or uncertificated full shares within one (1) year after its issue; (b) may be subject to the condition that the shares for which it is exchangeable may be sold by the corporation and the proceeds thereof distributed to the holders of such scrip; and (c) may be subject to any other conditions which the Board of Directors may deem advisable.

Section 3. **Lost, Stolen, or Destroyed Certificates.** Any person claiming a share certificate to be lost, stolen, or destroyed shall (a) make an affidavit of the fact in such manner as the Board of Directors may require; and (b) if so required by the Board of Directors, make proof of loss, theft, or destruction in such manner as it shall require and/or give the corporation a bond in such sum as it may direct as indemnity against any claim that may be made against the corporation with respect to the certificate alleged to have been lost, stolen, or destroyed. The corporation may direct the issuance of a new certificate or certificates of stock or of uncertificated shares in place of any certificate or certificates previously issued by the corporation alleged to have been lost, stolen, or destroyed.

Section 4. **Transfer of Shares.** Upon surrender to the corporation or the transfer agent of the corporation of a certificate for shares duly endorsed or accompanied by proper evidence of succession, assignment, or authority to transfer, and upon payment of all taxes as may be imposed by applicable law, it shall be the duty of the corporation to issue a new certificate or evidence of the issuance of uncertificated shares to the person entitled thereto, cancel the old certificate, and record the transaction upon the corporation's books.

Upon the receipt of proper transfer instructions from the registered owner of uncertificated shares, such uncertificated shares shall be cancelled, issuance of new equivalent uncertificated shares or of certificated shares shall be made to the person entitled thereto, and the transaction shall be recorded upon the corporation's books.

Section 5. **Registered Shareholders.** The corporation may consider the person registered as the owner of a share in the stock transfer records of the corporation at a particular time as the owner of the shares for all purposes and, accordingly, shall not be bound to recognize any

equitable or other claim to or interest in such share or shares on the part of any other person, whether or not it shall have express or other notice thereof, except as otherwise provided by the laws of Texas.

ARTICLE VI

NOTICES

Section 1. **Waiver in Writing**. Whenever any notice is required to be given to any shareholder or director under the provisions of applicable law, the Certificate of Formation, or these Bylaws, a waiver thereof in writing signed by the person or persons entitled to said notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice.

Section 2. **Waiver by Attendance**. Attendance of a director or a shareholder, whether in person or by proxy, at any meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except where such director or shareholder (a) attends a meeting for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business on the ground that the meeting is not lawfully called or convened; (b) objects to the holding of the meeting or the transaction of business at the meeting at the beginning of the meeting or promptly upon such director's or shareholder's arrival; and (c) does not thereafter vote for or assent to any action taken at the meeting.

ARTICLE VII

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 1. **Distributions and Reserves**. Distributions, including dividends upon the shares of the corporation, subject to the provisions, if any, of the Certificate of Formation, may in the exercise of its discretion be declared by the Board of Directors at any regular or special meeting, to the extent permitted by applicable law. Dividends may be paid in cash, in property, or in shares of the corporation; provided that all such declarations and distributions shall be in strict compliance with all applicable laws and the Certificate of Formation. Prior to any distribution, there may be set aside out of any funds of the corporation available for distributions such sum or sums as the Board of Directors, from time to time in its absolute discretion, deems proper as a reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for repairing or maintaining any property of the corporation, or for such other purpose as the Board of Directors shall deem conducive to the interests of the corporation, and the Board of Directors may modify or abolish any such reserve in the manner in which it was created.

Section 2. **Fiscal Year**. The fiscal year of the corporation shall be fixed by resolution of the Board of Directors.

Section 3. **Seal**. The corporate seal shall have inscribed therein the name of the corporation and shall be in such form as may be approved by the Board of Directors. Said seal may be used by causing it or a facsimile thereof to be impressed or affixed or otherwise reproduced.

Section 4. **Amendments to Bylaws**. All of the powers of this corporation, insofar as the same may be lawfully vested by these Bylaws in the Board of Directors, are hereby conferred upon the Board of Directors. In furtherance and not in limitation of that power, the Board of

Directors may amend or repeal these Bylaws, or adopt new bylaws, unless (a) such power shall be reserved exclusively to the shareholders in whole or part by the Certificate of Formation or the laws of Texas or (b) the shareholders in amending, repealing, or adopting a particular bylaw shall have expressly provided that the Board of Directors may not amend or repeal that bylaw. Unless the Certificate of Formation or a bylaw adopted by the shareholders shall provide otherwise as to all or some portion of the corporation's bylaws, the shareholders may amend, repeal, or adopt (but only by the affirmative vote of the holders of not less than a majority of the then outstanding shares of capital stock of the corporation entitled to vote with respect thereto) the corporation's bylaws even though the bylaws may also be amended, repealed, or adopted by the Board of Directors.

Section 5. **Preferred Shareholders.** The provisions of these Bylaws are subject to the rights of any holders of any class or series of stock having a preference over the Common Stock of the corporation as to dividends or upon liquidation to elect directors under specified circumstances.

Section 6. **Action With Respect to Securities of Other Corporations.** Unless otherwise directed by the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, the President, and the Secretary shall have power to vote and otherwise act on behalf of the corporation, in person or by proxy, at any meeting of shareholders of, or with respect to any action of shareholders of, any other corporation in which the corporation may hold securities and otherwise to exercise any and all rights and powers which the corporation may possess by reason of its ownership of securities in such other corporation.

Section 7. **Severability.** Whenever possible, each provision or portion of any provision of these Bylaws will be interpreted in such manner as to be effective and valid under applicable law, but if any provision or portion of any provision of these Bylaws is held to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable in any respect under any applicable law or rule in any jurisdiction, such provision or portion of any provision shall be severable and the invalidity, illegality, or unenforceability will not affect any other provision or portion of any provision in such jurisdiction, and these Bylaws will be reformed, construed, and enforced in such jurisdiction as if such invalid, illegal, or unenforceable provision or portion of any provision had never been contained herein.

ARTICLE VIII

INDEMNIFICATION

Section 1. **Right to Indemnification.** Subject to the limitations and conditions as provided in this Article VIII, each person who was or is made a party to, or is threatened to be made a party to, any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, arbitrative, or investigative (hereinafter called a "**Proceeding**"), or any appeal in such a Proceeding or any inquiry or investigation that could lead to such a Proceeding, by reason of the fact that he or she (or a person of whom he or she is the legal representative) is or was a director or officer of the corporation (or while a director or officer of the corporation is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, partner, venturer, proprietor, trustee, employee, agent, or similar functionary of another foreign or domestic corporation, partnership, joint venture, proprietorship, trust, employee benefit plan, or other enterprise) shall be indemnified by the corporation to the fullest extent permitted by Texas law, as the same exists or may hereafter be amended (but, in the case of any such amendment, only to the extent that such

amendment permits the corporation to provide broader indemnification rights than said law permitted the corporation to provide prior to such amendment) against judgments, penalties (including excise and similar taxes and punitive damages), fines, settlements, and reasonable expenses (including, without limitation, court costs and attorneys' fees) actually incurred by such person in connection with such Proceeding, appeal, inquiry or investigation, and indemnification under this Article VIII shall continue as to a person who has ceased to serve in the capacity which initially entitled such person to indemnity hereunder; provided, however, that in no case shall the corporation indemnify any such person (or the legal representative of any such person) otherwise than for his or her reasonable expenses, in respect of any Proceeding (a) in which such person shall have been finally adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction (after exhaustion of all appeals therefrom) to be liable on the basis that personal benefit was improperly received by him or her, whether or not the benefit resulted from an action taken in such person's official capacity; or (b) in which such person shall have been found liable to the corporation; and provided, further, that the corporation shall not indemnify any such person for his or her reasonable expenses actually incurred in connection with any Proceeding in which he or she shall have been found liable for willful or intentional misconduct in the performance of his or her duty to the corporation. The rights granted pursuant to this Article VIII shall be deemed contract rights, and no amendment, modification, or repeal of this Article VIII shall have the effect of limiting or denying any such rights with respect to actions taken or Proceedings arising prior to any such amendment, modification, or repeal. It is expressly acknowledged that the indemnification provided in this Article VIII could involve indemnification for negligence or under theories of strict liability.

Section 2. **Advance Payment.** The right to indemnification conferred in this Article VIII shall include the right to be paid or reimbursed by the corporation the reasonable expenses incurred by a person of the type entitled to be indemnified under Section 1 of Article VIII who was or is threatened to be made a named defendant or respondent in a Proceeding, in advance of the final disposition of the Proceeding and without any determination as to the person's ultimate entitlement to indemnification; provided, however, that the payment of such expenses incurred by any such person in advance of the final disposition of a Proceeding shall be made only upon delivery to the corporation of a (a) written affirmation by such person of his or her good faith belief that he or she has met the standard of conduct necessary for indemnification under this Article VIII and (b) a written undertaking, by or on behalf of such person, to repay all amounts so advanced if it shall be ultimately determined that such person is not entitled to be indemnified under this Article VIII or otherwise.

Section 3. **Indemnification of Employees and Agents.** The corporation, by general or specific action of the Board of Directors, may indemnify and advance expenses to an Employee or agent of the corporation to the same extent and subject to the same conditions under which it may indemnify and advance expenses to directors and officers under this Article VIII; and the corporation may so indemnify and advance expenses to persons who are not or were not directors, officers, Employees, or agents of the corporation but who are or were serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, partner, venturer, proprietor, trustee, employee, agent, or similar functionary of another foreign or domestic corporation, partnership, joint venture, proprietorship, trust, employee benefit plan, or other enterprise against any liability asserted against him or her and incurred by him or her in such a capacity or arising out of his or her status as such a person to the same extent that it may indemnify and advance expenses to directors and officers under this Article VIII.

Section 4. **Appearance as a Witness.** Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article VIII, the corporation may pay or reimburse expenses incurred by a director or officer in connection with his or her appearance as a witness or his or her other participation in a Proceeding at a time when he or she is not a named defendant or respondent in the Proceeding.

Section 5. **Nonexclusivity of Rights.** The right to indemnification and the advancement and payment of expenses conferred in this Article VIII shall not be exclusive of any other right which a director or officer or other person indemnified pursuant to Section 3 of Article VIII may have or hereafter acquire under any applicable law (common or statutory), provision of the Certificate of Formation or these Bylaws, agreement, contract, vote of shareholders or disinterested directors, pursuant to the direction of any court of competent jurisdiction, or otherwise.

Section 6. **Insurance.** The corporation may purchase and maintain insurance, at its expense, to protect itself and any person who is or was serving as a director, officer, Employee, or agent of the corporation or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, partner, venturer, proprietor, trustee, employee, agent, or similar functionary of another foreign or domestic corporation, partnership, joint venture, proprietorship, employee benefit plan, trust, or other enterprise against any expense, liability, or loss, whether or not the corporation would have the power to indemnify such person against such expense, liability, or loss under this Article VIII.

Section 7. **Shareholder Notification.** To the extent required by applicable law, any indemnification of or advance of expenses to a director or officer in accordance with this Article VIII shall be reported in writing to the shareholders with or before the notice of the next shareholders' meeting or with or before the next submission to shareholders of a consent to action without a meeting and, in any case, within the 12-month period immediately following the date of the indemnification or advance.

Section 8. **Savings Clause.** If this Article VIII or any portion hereof shall be invalidated on any ground by any court of competent jurisdiction, then the corporation shall nevertheless indemnify and advance expenses to each director, officer, and other person indemnified pursuant to this Article VIII to the extent permitted by any applicable portion of this Article VIII that shall not have been invalidated.

ARTICLE IX

FORUM FOR ADJUDICATION OF DISPUTES

Section 1. **Exclusive Forum.** Unless the corporation consents in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas or, if such court lacks jurisdiction, the state district court of Dallas County, Texas, shall, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, be the sole and exclusive forum for (a) any derivative action or proceeding brought on behalf of the corporation; (b) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any director, officer or other employee of the corporation to the corporation or the corporation's shareholders; (c) any action asserting a claim against the corporation or any director, officer, or other employee of the corporation pursuant to any provision of the Certificate of Formation or the Bylaws (as either may be amended from time to time) or the

Texas Business Organizations Code; and (d) any action asserting a claim against the corporation or any director, officer, or other employee of the corporation governed by the internal affairs doctrine. Any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring or holding any interest in shares of capital stock of the corporation shall be deemed to have notice of and consented to (i) the provisions of this Article IX and (ii) jurisdiction and venue in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas and the state district court of Dallas County, Texas. Unless the corporation consents in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the federal district courts of the United States of America shall be the sole and exclusive forum for the resolution of any complaint asserting a cause of action under the Securities Act of 1933. If any action within the scope of this Section 1 is filed by or in the name of any party subject to this Section 1 (a “**Violating Party**”) in violation of this Section 1 (a “**Violating Action**”), the Violating Party shall be deemed to have consented to (A) the personal jurisdiction of Texas state and federal courts in connection with any action brought in any such court to enforce this Section 1 and (B) having service of process made upon the Violating Party in any such action by service upon the Violating Party’s counsel in the Violating Action as agent for such shareholder.

ARTICLE X

DEFINITIONS

Section 1. **Definitions.** As used in these Bylaws, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

“**Affiliates**” has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 3(e).

“**Associates**” has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 10(c).

“**Derivative Instrument**” has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 10(c).

“**Eligible Shareholder**” has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 13(c)(i).

“**Exchange Act**” has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 3(e).

“**Maximum Number**” has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 13(b)(i).

“**Minimum Number**” has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 13(c)(iii).

“**Nominating Shareholder**” has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 13(a).

“**Nomination Notice**” has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 13(d).

“**Other Meeting Date**” has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 13(d).

“**Own**” and any variations thereof have the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 3(e).

“**Proceeding**” has the meaning set forth in Article VIII, Section 1.

“**Public Announcement**” has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 14(d).

“**Regulation S-K**” has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 11(d).

“**Requisite Percentage**” has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 3(a).

“**SEC**” has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 10(d).

“**Shareholder Nominee**” has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 13(a).

“**Shareholder Requested Meeting**” has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 3(a).

“**Special Meeting Request**” has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 3(b).

“**Stock Exchange Rules**” has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 8(a).

“**Supporting Statement**” has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 13(a).

“**Violating Action**” has the meaning set forth in Article IX, Section 1.

“**Violating Party**” has the meaning set forth in Article IX, Section 1.

“**Voting Commitment**” has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 12.

DESCRIPTION OF COMMON STOCK

General

Southwest Airlines Co. (the “Company,” “we,” or “our”) is incorporated in the State of Texas. The rights of our shareholders are generally covered by Texas law and our certificate of formation and bylaws (each as amended and restated and in effect on the date hereof). The terms of our common stock are therefore subject to Texas law, including the Texas Business Organizations Code (the “TBOC”), and the common and constitutional law of Texas.

This exhibit describes the general terms of our common stock. This is a summary and does not purport to be complete. Our certificate of formation and bylaws as they exist on the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K are incorporated by reference or filed as an exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of which this exhibit is a part, and amendments or restatements of each will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) in future periodic or current reports in accordance with the rules of the SEC. You are encouraged to read these documents.

For more detailed information about the rights of our common stock, you should refer to our certificate of formation and bylaws and the applicable provisions of Texas law, including the TBOC, for additional information.

Authorized Capital Stock

We are authorized to issue 2,000,000,000 shares of common stock, \$1.00 par value. We are not authorized to issue shares of preferred stock.

Voting Rights

Holders of our common stock are entitled to one vote per share in the election of directors and on all other matters submitted to a vote at a meeting of shareholders. No shareholder has the right of cumulative voting.

With respect to any matter other than the election of directors or a matter for which the affirmative vote of the holders of a specified portion of the shares entitled to vote is required by Texas law or our certificate of formation, the act of the shareholders shall be the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares entitled to vote on, and voted for or against, the matter at a meeting of shareholders at which a quorum is present; provided that, for purposes thereof, all abstentions and broker nonvotes shall not be counted as voted either for or against such matter. Directors shall be elected by a majority of the votes cast by the holders of shares entitled to vote in the election of directors at a meeting of shareholders at which a quorum is present; provided that, if the number of nominees exceeds the number of directors to be elected, directors shall be elected by a plurality of the votes cast. For purposes thereof, (i) a majority of the votes cast means that the number of votes cast for a director must exceed the number of votes cast against that director, and (ii) abstentions and broker nonvotes shall not be counted as votes cast either for or against any nominee for director. Directors may be removed only for cause, by vote of the holders of a majority of the shares then entitled to vote for the election of directors.

Dividend Rights

Holders of our common stock are entitled to dividends when, as, and if declared by our board of directors out of funds legally available therefor.

Liquidation Rights

In the event of our liquidation, the holders of our common stock will be entitled to share ratably in any assets remaining after payment of all debts and other liabilities.

Certain Business Combination Restrictions

Section 21.606 of the TBOC restricts certain business combinations between us and an affiliated shareholder (beneficial ownership of 20% or more of the voting power of our stock entitled to vote for directors) for three years after the shareholder becomes an affiliated shareholder. The restrictions do not apply if the board of directors approved the transaction that caused the shareholder to become an affiliated shareholder or if the business

combination is approved by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of our voting stock that is not beneficially owned by the affiliated shareholder at a meeting of shareholders called for that purpose within six months of the affiliated shareholder's acquiring the shares. Although we may elect to exclude ourselves from the restrictions imposed by Section 21.606, our certificate of formation does not do so.

Certain Provisions of Our Certificate of Formation and Bylaws

Advance Notice for Shareholder Proposals and Director Nominations

Our bylaws establish advance notice procedures with regard to shareholder proposals to be included in the Company's proxy statements, shareholder nominations of directors to be included in the Company's proxy statements, shareholder nominations of directors and other proposals of business to be presented at an annual meeting of shareholders but not included in the Company's proxy statements, and shareholder proxy solicitations for shareholder director nominees. Generally, the advance notice provisions require that shareholder proposals to be included in the Company's proxy statement be provided to us not less than 120 days before the release date of the Company's proxy statement in connection with the last annual meeting, director nominations be provided to us between 120 and 150 days before the anniversary of our last annual meeting, and shareholder proposals to be presented at the annual meeting but not included in the Company's proxy statement be provided to us between 60 and 90 days before the anniversary of our last annual meeting in order to be properly brought before a shareholder meeting. The notice must set forth specific information regarding that shareholder and that business or director nominee, as described in our bylaws. This requirement is in addition to those set forth in the rules and regulations adopted by the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Proxy Access

Our bylaws permit a shareholder, or a group of up to 20 shareholders (with funds having specified relationships constituting a single shareholder), owning three percent or more of our outstanding common stock continuously for at least three years, to nominate and include in our proxy materials director candidates constituting up to 20 percent of our board of directors (rounded down to the nearest whole number) or two directors, whichever is greater, provided that the shareholder(s) and the nominee(s) satisfy the requirements specified in our bylaws.

Special Meetings of Shareholders

Our bylaws provide that special meetings of shareholders may be called by the chairman of the board of directors, the president, or the chief executive officer and shall be called by the secretary upon written request, stating the purpose or purposes therefor, by (i) a majority of the whole board of directors or (ii) one or more shareholders of record that, at the time a request is delivered, collectively own at least 10% (or such greater percentage not exceeding a majority as may be specified in our certificate of formation from time to time) of all of the shares entitled to vote at the proposed special meeting. The request for a special meeting must set forth specific information regarding the business to be conducted at the special meeting, as described in our bylaws.

No Shareholder Action by Written Consent

Our bylaws provide that shareholders may not act by written consent in lieu of a meeting.

Exclusive Forum for Adjudication of Disputes

Our bylaws provide that unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas or, if such court lacks jurisdiction, the state district court of Dallas County, Texas, shall, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, be the sole and exclusive forum for (a) any derivative action or proceeding brought on behalf of the Company; (b) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any director, officer or other employee of the Company to the Company or the Company's shareholders; (c) any action asserting a claim against the Company or any director, officer, or other employee of the Company pursuant to any provision of our certificate of formation or our bylaws or the TBOC; and (d) any action asserting a claim against the Company or any director, officer, or other employee of the Company governed by the internal affairs doctrine. Our bylaws further provide that unless we consent in writing to the selection of an

alternative forum, the federal district courts of the United States shall be the sole and exclusive forum for the resolution of complaints asserting a cause of action under the Securities Act of 1933.

Potential Anti-Takeover Effect

Some provisions of our certificate of formation and bylaws could make the acquisition of control of our Company and/or the removal of our existing management more difficult, including those that provide as follows:

- cumulative voting in the election of our board of directors, which would otherwise allow less than a majority of shareholders to elect director candidates, is prohibited under our certificate of formation;
- our board of directors fixes the size of the board of directors, may create new directorships, and may appoint new directors to serve in such newly created positions until the next election of one or more directors by our shareholders;
- our board of directors may amend or repeal our bylaws, or adopt new bylaws, unless (a) such power is reserved exclusively to our shareholders in whole or part by our certificate of formation or the laws of Texas or (b) our shareholders in amending, repealing, or adopting a particular bylaw have expressly provided that our board of directors may not amend or repeal that bylaw;
- all shareholder actions must be taken at a regular or special meeting of our shareholders and cannot be taken by written consent without a meeting;
- we have advance notice procedures with respect to shareholder proposals and the nomination of candidates for election as directors;
- our directors may be removed with or without cause, by vote of the holders of a majority of the shares then entitled to vote for the election of directors; and
- unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, (a) the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas or, if such court lacks jurisdiction, the state district court of Dallas County, Texas, shall, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, be the sole and exclusive forum for certain types of actions or proceedings and (b) the federal district courts shall be the sole and exclusive forum for causes of action under the Securities Act.

These provisions are expected to discourage coercive takeover practices and inadequate takeover bids. They are also designed, in part, to encourage persons seeking to acquire control of the Company to first negotiate with our board of directors. We believe that the benefits of increased protection give us the potential ability to negotiate with the proponent of an unfriendly or unsolicited proposal to acquire or restructure us and that these benefits outweigh the disadvantages of discouraging the proposals. Negotiating with the proponent could result in an improvement of the terms of the proposal.

Other

Our common stock has no preemptive or conversion rights and is not entitled to the benefits of any redemption or sinking fund provision. The outstanding shares of our common stock are fully paid and non-assessable.

Stock Exchange Listing

Our common stock is traded on the NYSE under the symbol “LUV.”

Transfer Agent and Registrar

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is EQ Shareowner Services at 1110 Centre Pointe Curve, Suite 101, Mendota Heights, MN 55120-4100.

SUPPLEMENTAL AGREEMENT NO. 20

to

PURCHASE AGREEMENT NO. 03729

between

THE BOEING COMPANY

and

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

Relating to Boeing Model 737-8 and 737-7 Aircraft

THIS SUPPLEMENTAL AGREEMENT NO. 20 (**SA-20**), entered into as of October 25, 2023, is made between THE BOEING COMPANY, a Delaware corporation (**Boeing**), and SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO., a Texas corporation (**Customer**).

RECITALS:

WHEREAS, Customer and Boeing entered into Purchase Agreement Number PA-03729 dated December 13, 2011 (as amended and supplemented, **Purchase Agreement**) relating to the purchase and sale of Boeing model 737-8 (**737-8 Aircraft**) and model 737-7 aircraft (**737-7 Aircraft**) (737-8 Aircraft and 737-7 Aircraft collectively, the "**Aircraft**"). This SA-20 is an amendment to and is incorporated into the Purchase Agreement. Capitalized terms used herein but not otherwise defined will have the meaning set forth in the Purchase Agreement;

WHEREAS, Customer and Boeing agree to the sale and purchase of an additional one hundred and eight (108) Firm 737-7 MAX Aircraft (**2023 Incremental Aircraft**), and one hundred and eight (108) additional 737-8 MAX Option Aircraft (**2023 Option Aircraft**);

WHEREAS, Customer has previously notified Boeing of the exercise of (i) forty-two (42) 2020 Option Aircraft and fourteen (14) Original Option Aircraft (**Exercised Option Aircraft**) pursuant to the terms of Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474R7, which has been replaced by Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474R8 in this SA-20, entitled "Option Aircraft" and (ii) concurrent model substitution pursuant to the terms of Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106471R2 entitled "Substitute Aircraft" as follows:

(i) three (3) 2020 Option Aircraft and model substitutions for such Exercised Option Aircraft from 737-8 to 737-7 Aircraft scheduled for delivery in February 2024;

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[*] = Certain identified information has been excluded from the exhibit because it is both not material and is of the type that the registrant treats as private or confidential.**

- (ii) four (4) 2020 Option Aircraft, one (1) Original Option Aircraft and model substitutions for such Exercised Option Aircraft from 737-8 to 737-7 Aircraft scheduled for delivery in March 2024;
- (iii) one (1) 2020 Option Aircraft, four (4) Original Option Aircraft and model substitutions for such Exercised Option Aircraft from 737-8 to 737-7 Aircraft scheduled for delivery in April 2024;
- (iv) two (2) 2020 Option Aircraft, three (3) Original Option Aircraft and model substitutions for such Exercised Option Aircraft from 737-8 to 737-7 Aircraft scheduled for delivery in May 2024;
- (v) two (2) 2020 Option Aircraft, three (3) Original Option Aircraft and model substitutions for such Exercised Option Aircraft from 737-8 to 737-7 Aircraft scheduled for delivery in June 2024;
- (vi) five (5) 2020 Option Aircraft and model substitutions for such Exercised Option Aircraft from 737-8 to 737-7 Aircraft scheduled for delivery in July 2024;
- (vii) five (5) 2020 Option Aircraft and model substitutions for such Exercised Option Aircraft from 737-8 to 737-7 Aircraft scheduled for delivery in August 2024;
- (viii) four (4) 2020 Option Aircraft and model substitutions for such Exercised Option Aircraft from 737-8 to 737-7 Aircraft scheduled for delivery in September 2024;
- (ix) six (6) 2020 Option Aircraft and model substitutions for such Exercised Option Aircraft from 737-8 to 737-7 Aircraft scheduled for delivery in October 2024;
- (x) five (5) 2020 Option Aircraft and model substitutions for such Exercised Option Aircraft from 737-8 to 737-7 Aircraft scheduled for delivery in November 2024;
- (xi) five (5) 2020 Option Aircraft and model substitutions for such Exercised Option Aircraft from 737-8 to 737-7 Aircraft scheduled for delivery in December 2024; and
- (xii) three (3) Original Option Aircraft and model substitutions for such Exercised Option Aircraft from 737-8 to 737-7 Aircraft scheduled for delivery in January 2025;

WHEREAS, Customer and Boeing agree to the model substitution from model 737-7 to model 737-8, pursuant to the terms of Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2202855R2 entitled "2023/2024 MAX Production Plan", of forty-four (44) Aircraft (**Substituted Aircraft**) as follows; four (4) November 2023, four (4) December 2023, five (5) January 2024, six (6) February 2024, eight (8) March 2024, eight (8) April 2024, eight (8) May 2024 and one (1) June 2024;

WHEREAS, Customer and Boeing agree to reschedule the deliveries of certain 737-8 Aircraft as identified in Table 1A, Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price, and Advance Payments 737-8 Aircraft;

WHEREAS, Customer and Boeing agree to reschedule the deliveries of certain 737-7 Aircraft as identified in Table 1B, Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price, and Advance Payments 737-7 Aircraft;

WHEREAS, Customer and Boeing agree to amend the Purchase Agreement to make certain changes to the Letter Agreement entitled [***] in LA-1106477R1; and

WHEREAS, Customer and Boeing agree to amend the Purchase Agreement terms to include Letter Agreement entitled [***];

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties agree that the Purchase Agreement is amended as set forth below and otherwise agree as follows:

1. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

The Table of Contents of the Purchase Agreement is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by a new Table of Contents (attached), which lists the Tables, Exhibits, and Letter Agreements revised or added by this SA-20 and is identified by "SA-20". Such revised Table of Contents is incorporated into the Purchase Agreement by this reference.

2. TABLES.

Table 1A, Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments – 737-8 Aircraft, is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by a new Table 1A (identified by "SA-20") attached hereto and incorporated into the Purchase Agreement by this reference. Table 1A has been updated to add forty-four (44) substituted Aircraft, revised seventy (70) delivery positions, identify [***] for each Aircraft.

Table 1B, Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments – 737-7 Aircraft, is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by a new Table 1B (identified by "SA-20") attached hereto and incorporated into the Purchase Agreement by this reference. Table 1B has been updated to add fifty-six (56) Exercised Option Aircraft, one hundred eight (108) 2023 Incremental Aircraft, converted forty-four (44) Substituted Aircraft, revised fifty-seven (57) delivery positions, identify [***] for each Aircraft.

3. LETTER AGREEMENTS.

- 3.1. Letter Agreement SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106473R2, entitled [***],
is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by new Letter Agreement
SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106473R3, as attached to this SA-20. Letter Agreement
SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106473R3 has been updated to [***] applicable to
Substitute 737-7 from 737-8 2021 Option Aircraft and 737-8 2023 Option Aircraft.
- 3.2. Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474R7 entitled "Option Aircraft",
is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-
03729-LA-1106474R8 entitled "Option Aircraft". Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-
03729-LA-1106474R8 has been updated to add Attachment 1-D which
incorporates the one hundred and eight (108) 2023 Option Aircraft.
- 3.2.1 Attachment 1-A to Letter Agreement SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474R7, entitled
"Option Aircraft", is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by new
Attachment 1-A in Letter Agreement SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474R8, as
attached to this SA-20. Attachment 1-A has been updated to remove fourteen
(14) Exercised Option Aircraft, revise eight (8) delivery positions, identify
[***], identify option exercise date dateline, and identify [***] for each Option
Aircraft.
- 3.2.2 Attachment 1-B to Letter Agreement SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474R7, entitled
"Option Aircraft", is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by new
Attachment 1-B in Letter Agreement SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474R8, as
attached to this SA-20. Attachment 1-B has been updated to remove forty-two
(42) Exercised Option Aircraft, revise twenty-eight (28) delivery positions,
identify [***], identify option exercise date dateline, and identify [***] for
each Option Aircraft.
- 3.2.3 Attachment 1-C to Letter Agreement SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474R7, entitled
"Option Aircraft", is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by new
Attachment 1-C in Letter Agreement SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474R8, as
attached to this SA-20. Attachment 1-C has been updated to revise eight (8)
delivery positions, identify [***], identify option exercise date dateline, and
identify [***] for each Option Aircraft.
- 3.2.4 Attachment 1-D to Letter Agreement SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474R8, entitled
"Option Aircraft", is hereby added to and incorporated into the Purchase
Agreement by this reference, as attached to this SA-20. Attachment 1-D
incorporates one hundred and eight (108) 2023 Option Aircraft to the Purchase
Agreement.
- 3.3. Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106475R5 entitled [***],
is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by Letter

Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106475**R6** entitled [***]. Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106475**R6** has been updated to incorporate [***].

- 3.4. Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106477 entitled [***], is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106477**R1** entitled [***]. Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106477**R1** has been updated to revise [***].
- 3.5. Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100814R1 entitled [***], is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100814**R2** entitled [***]. Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100814**R2** has been updated to incorporate the 2023 Incremental Aircraft, 2023 Option Aircraft and [***] Attachment B-1 and Attachment B-2 of such letter agreement.
- 3.6. Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2202855R1 entitled "2023/2024 MAX Production Plan", is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2202855**R2** entitled "2023/2024 MAX Production Plan". Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2202855**R2** has been updated to add forty-four (44) 737-7 Aircraft conversions with deliveries in November 2023 through June 2024.
- 3.7. Letter Agreement SWA-PA-03729-LA-2304184 entitled [***], is added to and incorporated into the Purchase Agreement by this reference. Letter Agreement SWA-PA-03729-LA-2304184 identifies [***].
- 3.8. Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100812R1 entitled [***], is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100812**R2** entitled [***]. Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100812**R2** has been updated to incorporate [***].
- 3.9. Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106467R2 entitled [***], is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106467**R3** entitled [***]. Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106467**R3** has been updated to incorporate [***].
- 3.10. Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1301170R3 entitled [***], is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by Letter

Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1301170**R4** entitled [***].
Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1301170**R4** has been updated to incorporate [***].

3.11. Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100825**R1** entitled [***], is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100825**R2** entitled [***]. Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100825**R2** has been updated to incorporate [***].

3.12. Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100984 entitled [***], is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100984**R1** entitled [***]. Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100984**R1** has been updated to incorporate [***].

4. SA-20 [***] IMPACT.

4.1. Due to Customer's prior exercise of Exercised Option Aircraft, Customer [***] according to the terms of the Purchase Agreement. Customer agrees to [***] in accordance with the terms of the Purchase Agreement.

4.2. The reschedule of certain Aircraft results in [***]. Boeing will [***] set forth in Section 5, [***].

5. [***]

6. Miscellaneous

6.1. The Purchase Agreement is amended as set forth above, and all other terms and conditions of the Purchase Agreement remain unchanged and are in full force and effect. Any Tables of Contents, Letter Agreements or other documents that are listed in the sections above are incorporated into this SA-20 by reference.

EXECUTED IN DUPLICATE as of the day and year first above written.

THE BOEING COMPANY

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

By: /s/ Herbert C. Portillo

By: /s/ Tammy Romo

Name: Herbert C. Portillo

Name: Tammy Romo

Its: Attorney-In-Fact

Its: EVP & CFO

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* Denotes revision to Page 1 or Page 2 only to reference 737-7 (SA-2)

INACTIVE / DELETED TABLES, EXHIBITS, AND LETTER AGREEMENTS**RESTRICTED LETTER AGREEMENTS**

Letter Agreement	Title	Last Updated under SA	Current Status
SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106472R1	[***]	SA-2	Deleted under SA-4
SWA-PA-01810/03729-LA-1301169	[***]	SA-2	Deleted under SA-4

**Table 1A To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-8 Aircraft**

Airframe Model/MTOW: 737-8 181,200 pounds
 Engine Model/Thrust: CFM56-7B28⁽²⁾ 28,800 pounds
 Airframe Price: [***]
 Optional Features: [***]
 Sub-Total of Airframe and Features: [***]
 Engine Price (Per Aircraft): [***]
 Aircraft Basic Price (Excluding BFE/SPE): [***]
 Buyer Furnished Equipment (BFE) Estimate: [***]
 Seller Purchased Equipment (SPE) Estimate: [***]

Detail Specification: D019A008-P (5/1/2017)
 Airframe Price Base Year/Escalation Formula: Jul-11 Non-Standard
 Engine Price Base Year/Escalation Formula: N/A N/A

Airframe Escalation Data:
 Base Year Index (ECI): [***]
 Base Year Index (CPI): [***]

Deposit per Aircraft: [***]

Delivery Date ⁽¹⁾	Invoice Escalation Date ^(3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor ^(3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number ⁽²⁾	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Jul-2017	[***]	1	[***]	36929	[***]	[***]	Note 1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2017	[***]	1	[***]	42558	[***]	[***]	Note 1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2017	[***]	1	[***]	42559	[***]	[***]	Note 1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2017	[***]	1	[***]	36979	[***]	[***]	Note 1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2017	[***]	1	[***]	36930	[***]	[***]	Note 1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2017	[***]	1	[***]	36984	[***]	[***]	Note 1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2017	[***]	1	[***]	42567	[***]	[***]	Note 1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2017	[***]	1	[***]	42563	[***]	[***]	Note 1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2017	[***]	1	[***]	42566	[***]	[***]	Note 1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2017	[***]	1	[***]	36934	[***]	[***]	Note 1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2017	[***]	1	[***]	42544	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2017	[***]	1	[***]	42570	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2017	[***]	1	[***]	36988	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2017	[***]	1	[***]	42554	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2018	[***]	1	[***]	36989	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2018	[***]	1	[***]	42571	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2018	[***]	1	[***]	42546	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2018	[***]	1	[***]	42572	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2018	[***]	1	[***]	42547	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2018	[***]	3	[***]	42548, 37019, 42549	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2018	[***]	1	[***]	42574	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2018	[***]	1	[***]	42575	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2018	[***]	2	[***]	42573, 42576	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2018	[***]	1	[***]	42577	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2018	[***]	4	[***]	37042, 42550, 42551, 37043	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2021	[***]	1	[***]	42633	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2021	[***]	2	[***]	65437, 65436	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

**Table 1A To
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Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-8 Aircraft**

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date * (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor *(3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Feb-2021	[***]	1	[***]	42634	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2021	[***]	1	[***]	36722	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2021	[***]	1	[***]	42537	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2021	[***]	1	[***]	42641	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2021	[***]	1	[***]	65471	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2021	[***]	1	[***]	42637	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2021	[***]	1	[***]	65438	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2021	[***]	2	[***]	42647, 42661	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2021	[***]	1	[***]	65439	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2021	[***]	1	[***]	65440	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2021	[***]	2	[***]	42646, 42662	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2021	[***]	1	[***]	42536	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2021	[***]	1	[***]	42664	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2021	[***]	1	[***]	65473	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67206	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67205	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67207	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67208	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67209	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67216	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67214	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67213	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67212	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67211	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67210	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67215	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2022	[***]	1	[***]	60223	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67217	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67218	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	60226	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	60225	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67520	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67521	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67514	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67518	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67519	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67517	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67516	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

**Table 1A To
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Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-8 Aircraft**

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date * (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor *(3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67513	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67515	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	60649	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	60652	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	60653	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67753	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67754	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67755	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67756	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67757	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67758	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67759	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67762	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67760	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67761	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	60187	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	60188	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	60186	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67775	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67774	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67773	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67782	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67781	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67780	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67779	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67778	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67777	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67776	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	60219	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67480	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67479	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67477	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67476	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67473	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67472	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67478	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67475	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	42598	[***]	[***]	Note 5					

**Table 1A To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-8 Aircraft**

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date * (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor *(3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67474	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Oct-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67481	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Oct-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67487	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Oct-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67785	[***]	[***]	Note 6					
Oct-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67784	[***]	[***]	Note 6					
Oct-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67783	[***]	[***]	Note 6					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67512	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67485	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67484	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67482	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67752	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67486	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67751	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67750	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67483	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67493	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67489	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67793	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Feb-2023	[***]	1	[***]	60650	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67492	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Feb-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67490	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Feb-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67491	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Feb-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67488	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67794	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67795	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42600	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67786	[***]	[***]	Note 6					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67826	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67825	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42591	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67498	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67497	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67496	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67495	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67471	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Apr-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67787	[***]	[***]	Note 6					
Apr-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67494	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Apr-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42657	[***]	[***]	Note 7					

**Table 1A To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-8 Aircraft**

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date * (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor *(3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Apr-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42671	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67470	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67865	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67864	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67863	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67862	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67861	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67860	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67859	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67858	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42679	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67915	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jun-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42678	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jun-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42688	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jun-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67918	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jun-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67917	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jun-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42681	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jun-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42680	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jun-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67967	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jul-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67919	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jul-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67913	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jul-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42684	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jul-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67966	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jul-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67965	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jul-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42683	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jul-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68047	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Aug-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67916	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Aug-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67914	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Aug-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67961	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Aug-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67964	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Aug-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67962	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Aug-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42687	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Aug-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68046	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Aug-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68118	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Sep-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42685	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Sep-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68119	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Sep-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68117	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Oct-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42560	[***]	[***]	Note 9					

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									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Oct-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42690	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Nov-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68048	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Nov-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68049	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Nov-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68120	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Nov-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67963	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Nov-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68050	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Nov-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68051	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Nov-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68116	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Nov-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42565	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Dec-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42555	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Dec-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42562	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Dec-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42695	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Dec-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68183	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Dec-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42689	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Dec-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42557	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42581	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68206	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68207	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68052	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42686	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68184	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42564	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	67469	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42682	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42594	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42568	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42582	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Feb-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68360	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Feb-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68359	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Feb-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42597	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Feb-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68381	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Mar-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42693	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Mar-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42593	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Mar-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42578	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Mar-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68382	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Mar-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42601	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Apr-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42605	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Apr-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68457	[***]	[***]	Note 10					

**Table 1A To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-8 Aircraft**

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date * (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor *(3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Apr-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68458	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Apr-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68459	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Apr-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68628	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
May-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42583	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
May-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42584	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
May-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42585	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
May-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68626	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
May-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68627	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
May-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42611	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jun-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42596	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jun-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42599	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jun-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68629	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jun-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68630	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jun-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68631	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jun-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68632	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jun-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68633	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jun-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42612	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jun-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68891	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jul-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42606	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jul-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68890	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jul-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42617	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jul-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68892	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jul-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68893	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jul-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68894	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jul-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68927	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Aug-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42608	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Aug-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42619	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Aug-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42622	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Aug-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68925	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Aug-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68926	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Mar-2025	[***]	1	[***]	68928	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Apr-2025	[***]	1	[***]	68929	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Apr-2025	[***]	1	[***]	36978	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jan-2027	[***]	1	[***]	42666	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2027	[***]	1	[***]	36727	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2027	[***]	1	[***]	42580	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2027	[***]	1	[***]	42541	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2027	[***]	1	[***]	42579	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

**Table 1A To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-8 Aircraft**

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date * (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor *(3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Feb-2027	***	1	***	42539	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2027	***	1	***	65441	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2027	***	1	***	42672	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2027	***	1	***	42673	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2027	***	1	***	35970	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2027	***	1	***	42669	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2027	***	1	***	42553	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2027	***	1	***	65445	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2027	***	1	***	42607	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2027	***	1	***	65442	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2027	***	1	***	65446	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2027	***	1	***	33941	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2027	***	1	***	42540	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2027	***	1	***	42665	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2027	***	1	***	42674	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2027	***	1	***	65443	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2027	***	1	***	65444	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2027	***	1	***	65842	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2027	***	1	***	42691	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2027	***	1	***	65467	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2027	***	1	***	65843	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2027	***	1	***	65468	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2027	***	1	***	42694	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2027	***	1	***	65852	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2027	***	1	***	65844	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2027	***	1	***	65469	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2027	***	1	***	65472	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2027	***	1	***	65470	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2027	***	1	***	65850	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2027	***	1	***	65845	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2027	***	1	***	65447	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2027	***	1	***	65855	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2027	***	1	***	65854	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2027	***	1	***	65448	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2027	***	1	***	65853	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2027	***	1	***	65851	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2027	***	1	***	42615	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2027	***	1	***	42543	***	***		***	***	***	***	***

**Table 1A To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
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737-8 Aircraft**

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date * (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor *(3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Dec-2027	[***]	1	[***]	65847	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2027	[***]	1	[***]	65849	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2027	[***]	1	[***]	65474	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65857	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65856	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65859	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2028	[***]	1	[***]	36733	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2028	[***]	1	[***]	37034	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2028	[***]	1	[***]	36732	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2028	[***]	1	[***]	38806	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2028	[***]	1	[***]	42697	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2028	[***]	1	[***]	42699	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65860	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65861	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2028	[***]	1	[***]	38815	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65475	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2028	[***]	1	[***]	42538	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2028	[***]	1	[***]	42552	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65858	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2028	[***]	1	[***]	42703	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2028	[***]	1	[***]	33940	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2028	[***]	1	[***]	35968	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2028	[***]	1	[***]	35972	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2028	[***]	1	[***]	36736	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2028	[***]	1	[***]	35974	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2028	[***]	1	[***]	38817	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65862	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2028	[***]	1	[***]	35963	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65450	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2028	[***]	1	[***]	35967	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2028	[***]	1	[***]	42542	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2028	[***]	1	[***]	36730	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65449	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65864	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2028	[***]	1	[***]	35971	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2028	[***]	1	[***]	35975	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65835	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2028	[***]	1	[***]	38805	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

**Table 1A To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-8 Aircraft**

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date * (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor *(3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Sep-2028	[***]	1	[***]	38804	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65866	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65451	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2028	[***]	1	[***]	36729	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65863	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65867	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2028	[***]	1	[***]	42648	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65865	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65868	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65869	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65452	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2028	[***]	1	[***]	42650	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65871	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65870	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2028	[***]	1	[***]	42651	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65846	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2029	[***]	1	[***]	42649	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65454	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65848	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65453	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2029	[***]	1	[***]	42652	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2029	[***]	1	[***]	42653	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65873	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65872	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2029	[***]	1	[***]	42654	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65455	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65456	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2029	[***]	1	[***]	42655	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2029	[***]	1	[***]	42656	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2029	[***]	1	[***]	42670	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65457	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2029	[***]	1	[***]	42658	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65834	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65460	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65458	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65459	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65836	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65837	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

Table 1A To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-8 Aircraft

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date *(3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor *(3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number*(2)	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Aug-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65838	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65839	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65461	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2029	[***]	1	[***]	66974	[***]	[***]	Note 4	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65463	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65840	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65841	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65462	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65466	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65465	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65464	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

Total: 389

*(1) [***]

*(2) Manufacturer Serial Numbers (MSN) are for reference only and are subject to change.
† [***]

*(3.1) [***]

*(3.2) [***]
*(3.3) [***]

Notes:
(1) [***]
(2) [***]

(3) [***]

(4) [***]

(5) Substitution of (10) September 2022 / (10) October 2022 / (10) November 2022 / (10) December 2022 -- 737-7 into 737-8 from SA-16. Reference Table 1B and Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2103755 for pricing terms and conditions for these (40) substituted Aircraft.
(6) Exercise of Remarket Aircraft per SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474, entitled Option Aircraft
(7) Substitution of forty-eight (48) 737-7 into 737-8 from SA-18: (10) January 2023 / (10) February 2023 / (10) March 2023 / (10) April 2023 / (8) May 2023. Reference Table 1B and Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2202855R1, 2023 MAX Production Plan, for pricing terms and conditions for these (48) substituted Aircraft.
(8) Exercise and acceleration of Remarket Aircraft per SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474, entitled Option Aircraft and SWA-PA-03729-LA-2103755, entitled 2022/2023 Production Plan
(9) Substitution of seventeen (17) 737-7 into 737-8 from SA-19: (3) June 2023, (5) July 2023, (2) August 2023, (4) September 2023 and (3) October 2023. Reference Table 1B and Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-3729-LA-2202855R1
(10) Substitution of forty-four (44) 737-7 into 737-8 from SA-20: (4) Nov 2023, (4) Dec 2023, (5) Jan 2024, (6) Feb 2024, (8) Mar 2024, (8) Apr 2024, (8) May, (1) June 2024. Reference Table 1B and Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-3729-LA-2202855R2

**Table 1B To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft**

Airframe Model/MTOW: 737-7 177,000 pounds
 Engine Model/Thrust: CFM56-7B27C(1) 26,400 pounds
 Airframe Price: [***]
 Optional Features: [***]
 Sub-Total of Airframe and Features: [***]
 Engine Price (Per Aircraft): [***]
 Aircraft Basic Price (Excluding BFE/SPE): [***]
 Buyer Furnished Equipment (BFE) Estimate: [***]
 Seller Purchased Equipment (SPE) Estimate: [***]
 Deposit per Aircraft: [***]

Detail Specification:
 Airframe Price Base Year/Escalation Formula:
 Engine Price Base Year/Escalation Formula:
 Airframe Escalation Data:
 Base Year Index (ECI): [***]
 Base Year Index (CPI): [***]

D019A008SWA17P-1 2Q11 External Fcst
 Jul-11 ECI-MFG/CPI
 N/A N/A
 [***]
 [***]

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42586	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42587	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42588	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42589	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42590	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42561	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42569	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42614	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42620	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42621	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42623	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42627	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42629	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42631	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42602	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42603	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42604	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42609	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42635	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42638	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42642	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42632	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42592	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42595	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	67466	[***]	[***]	(*) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

Table 1B To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	***	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
									***	***	***	***
Aug-Dec'24	***	1	***	67465	***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-Dec'24	***	1	***	67467	***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***	42598	***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***	42600	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***

Table 1B To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Dec-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***	67471	***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***	67470	***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***	42591	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42657	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42671	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67865	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67864	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67863	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67862	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67861	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67860	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67859	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67858	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42679	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42678	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42688	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67918	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67919	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67917	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67915	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67913	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42681	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42680	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42684	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67967	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67966	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67965	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42683	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68047	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42687	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67961	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67964	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67916	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***

Table 1B To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	***	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
									***	***	***	***
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67914	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67962	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42682	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68046	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68048	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68049	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68052	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42685	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68120	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67963	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68050	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68051	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42693	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68119	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68118	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68117	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42686	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42690	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68116	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67469	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42689	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42695	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42565	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68183	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68184	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42562	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42560	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42564	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42555	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68207	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68206	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42557	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42581	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42594	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42568	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42582	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***

Table 1B To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number*(2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	***	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
									***	***	***	***
Feb-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68360	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68359	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42597	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68381	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42593	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42578	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68382	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42601	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42605	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68457	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68458	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68459	***	***	(*) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68628	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42583	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42584	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42585	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68626	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68627	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42611	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42596	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42599	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68629	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68630	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68631	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68632	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68633	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42612	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68891	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42606	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68890	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42617	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68892	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68893	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68894	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68927	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42608	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***

Table 1B To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number*(2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	***	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
									***	***	***	***
Aug-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42619	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42622	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68925	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68926	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2025	***	**** Substitutions	***	68928	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2025	***	**** Substitutions	***	68929	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2025	***	**** Substitutions	***	36978	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2025	***	1	***	42613	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2025	***	1	***	42616	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2025	***	1	***	42618	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2025	***	1	***	TBD	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2025	***	1	***	TBD	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2025	***	1	***	TBD	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2025	***	1	***	42668	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2025	***	1	***	42675	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2025	***	1	***	67468	***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2025	***	1	***	42677	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2025	***	1	***	42676	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2025	***	1	***	42692	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2025	***	1	***	42696	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2025	***	1	***	42698	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2025	***	1	***	42700	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2025	***	1	***	42610	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2025	***	1	***	42626	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2025	***	1	***	68931	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2025	***	1	***	42702	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2025	***	1	***	42701	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2025	***	1	***	67319	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2025	***	1	***	68932	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2025	***	1	***	68933	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2025	***	1	***	68934	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2025	***	1	***	67321	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2025	***	1	***	67320	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2025	***	1	***	67322	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2025	***	1	***	42624	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2025	***	1	***	67323	***	***		***	***	***	***	***

Table 1B To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	***	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
									***	***	***	***
Jun-2025	***	1	***	67324	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2025	***	1	***	42630	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2025	***	1	***	67325	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2025	***	1	***	67326	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2025	***	1	***	69010	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2025	***	1	***	67328	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2025	***	1	***	67327	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2025	***	1	***	69012	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2025	***	1	***	67330	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2025	***	1	***	67329	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2025	***	1	***	67333	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2025	***	1	***	67332	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2025	***	1	***	67331	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2025	***	1	***	69013	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2025	***	1	***	69014	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2025	***	1	***	69015	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2025	***	1	***	42625	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2025	***	1	***	67335	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2025	***	1	***	67334	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2025	***	1	***	42639	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2025	***	1	***	42636	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2025	***	1	***	69036	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2025	***	1	***	67338	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2025	***	1	***	67337	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2025	***	1	***	67336	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2026	***	1	***	69040	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2026	***	1	***	69041	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2026	***	1	***	67339	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2026	***	1	***	67404	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2026	***	1	***	69043	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2026	***	1	***	69044	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2026	***	1	***	67340	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2026	***	1	***	67405	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2026	***	1	***	42640	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2026	***	1	***	42628	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2026	***	1	***	67342	***	***		***	***	***	***	***

Table 1B To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Mar-2026	***	1	***	67341	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2026	***	1	***	67407	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2026	***	1	***	67406	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2026	***	1	***	69431	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2026	***	1	***	69427	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2026	***	1	***	69426	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2026	***	1	***	67343	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2026	***	1	***	67408	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2026	***	1	***	69432	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2026	***	1	***	42645	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2026	***	1	***	67345	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2026	***	1	***	67344	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2026	***	1	***	67409	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2026	***	1	***	67410	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2026	***	1	***	42644	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2026	***	1	***	69006	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2026	***	1	***	42643	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2026	***	1	***	67346	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2026	***	1	***	67411	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2026	***	1	***	69008	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2026	***	1	***	69007	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2026	***	1	***	69009	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2026	***	1	***	67347	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2026	***	1	***	67412	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2026	***	1	***	69011	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2026	***	1	***	69016	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2026	***	1	***	42659	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2026	***	1	***	67348	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2026	***	1	***	67413	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2026	***	1	***	42660	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2026	***	1	***	69037	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2026	***	1	***	69038	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2026	***	1	***	67349	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2026	***	1	***	67414	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2026	***	1	***	69039	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2026	***	1	***	69042	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***

Table 1B To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	***	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
									***	***	***	***
Oct-2026	***	1	***	67351	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2026	***	1	***	67350	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2026	***	1	***	67416	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2026	***	1	***	67415	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2026	***	1	***	69045	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2026	***	1	***	42663	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2026	***	1	***	67352	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2026	***	1	***	67417	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2026	***	1	***	42667	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2026	***	1	***	69424	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2026	***	1	***	67353	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2026	***	1	***	67418	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2027	***	1	***	67354	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2027	***	1	***	67355	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2027	***	1	***	67357	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2027	***	1	***	67356	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2027	***	1	***	69425	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2027	***	1	***	67358	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2027	***	1	***	69428	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2027	***	1	***	67360	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2027	***	1	***	67359	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2027	***	1	***	67361	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2027	***	1	***	67362	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2027	***	1	***	67363	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2027	***	1	***	67364	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2027	***	1	***	69429	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2027	***	1	***	67366	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2027	***	1	***	67365	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2027	***	1	***	69430	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2027	***	1	***	67367	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2027	***	1	***	67368	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2028	***	1	***	67369	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2028	***	1	***	67370	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2028	***	1	***	67372	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2028	***	1	***	67371	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2028	***	1	***	67373	***	***		***	***	***	***	***

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Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
May-2028	***	1	***	67375	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2028	***	1	***	67374	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2028	***	1	***	67376	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2028	***	1	***	67377	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2028	***	1	***	67378	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2028	***	1	***	67379	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2028	***	1	***	67381	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2028	***	1	***	67380	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2028	***	1	***	67382	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2028	***	1	***	67383	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2029	***	1	***	67385	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2029	***	1	***	67384	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2029	***	1	***	67386	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2029	***	1	***	67387	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2029	***	1	***	67388	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2029	***	1	***	67389	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
May-2029	***	1	***	67391	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2029	***	1	***	67390	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2029	***	1	***	67392	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2029	***	1	***	67393	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2029	***	1	***	67394	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2029	***	1	***	67395	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2029	***	1	***	67396	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2029	***	1	***	67397	***	***		***	***	***	***	***

Table 1B To
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Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number*(2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Aug-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2029	***	1	***	67398	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2029	***	1	***	67399	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2029	***	1	***	67400	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2029	***	1	***	67401	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2029	***	1	***	67403	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2029	***	1	***	67402	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
May-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
May-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
May-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***

Table 1B To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number*(2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Jul-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***

Table 1B To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number*(2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	***	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
									***	***	***	***
May-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
May-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
May-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
May-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***

Total: **302**

*(1) ***

*(2) Manufacturer Serial Numbers (MSN) are for reference only and are subject to change.

*(3.1) ***

**Table 1B To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft**

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
									[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

*(3.2) [***]

*(3.3) [***]

*(4) [***]

*(5) Substitutions: These one hundred and forty-six (146) Aircraft were substituted into 737-8 in SA-16, SA-18, SA-19 and SA-20, reference Letter Agreement Nos. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2103755, SWA-PA-3729-LA-2202855R2 and this Table 1B for pricing terms and conditions for these one hundred and forty-six (146) substituted Aircraft.

*(6) 737-8 Sub: Original Options Substituted into -7 SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106471R2 / SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106473R2

*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm: New one hundred and sixteen (108) -7 2023 Firm A/C SWA-PA-03729-LA-2304184

Notes:

(1) [***]



The Boeing Company
P.O. Box 3707
Seattle, WA 98124-2207

SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106467R3

Southwest Airlines Co.
2702 Love Field Drive
P.O. Box 36611
Dallas, Texas 75235-1611

Subject: [***]

Reference: Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729 (**Purchase Agreement**) between
The Boeing Company (**Boeing**) and Southwest Airlines Co. (**Customer**)
relating to Model 737-8 and Model 737-7 aircraft

This letter agreement (**Letter Agreement**) amends and supplements the Purchase Agreement. All terms used but not defined in this Letter Agreement shall have the same meaning as in the Purchase Agreement.

1. [***]

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[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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2. [***]

3. Assignment.

Unless otherwise noted herein, [***] described in this Letter Agreement are provided [***] to Customer and in consideration of Customer's taking title to the 737-8 Aircraft at time of delivery and becoming the operator of such 737-8 Aircraft. This Letter Agreement cannot be assigned, in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of Boeing.

4. Confidentiality

Customer understands that certain commercial and financial information contained in this Letter Agreement is considered by Boeing as confidential and has value precisely because it is not available generally to other parties. Customer agrees to limit the disclosure of the contents of this Letter Agreement to (a) its directors and officers, (b) employees of Customer with a need to know the contents for performing its obligations (including, without limitation, those employees performing accounting, finance, administration and other functions necessary to finance and purchase, deliver or lease the Aircraft) and who understand they are not to disclose its contents to any other person or entity (other than those to whom disclosure is permitted by this Article) without the prior

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[***]

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written consent of Boeing and (c) any auditors and attorneys of Customer who have a need to know such information and have signed a confidentiality agreement in the same form and substance similar to this Article, or are otherwise bound by a confidentiality obligation. Disclosure to other parties is not permitted without Boeing's consent except as may be required by applicable law or governmental regulations. Customer shall be fully responsible to Boeing for compliance with such obligations.

Very truly yours,

THE BOEING COMPANY

/s/ Herbert C. Portillo

By Herbert C. Portillo

Its Attorney-In-Fact

ACCEPTED AND AGREED TO this

Date: October 25, 2023

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

/s/ Tammy Romo

By Tammy Romo

Its EVP & CFO



The Boeing Company
P.O. Box 3707
Seattle, WA 98124-2207

SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106473R3

Southwest Airlines Co.
2702 Love Field Drive
P.O. Box 36611
Dallas, Texas 75235-1611

Subject: [***]

- References:
- 1) Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729 (**Purchase Agreement**) between The Boeing Company (**Boeing**) and Southwest Airlines Co. (**Customer**) relating to Model 737-8 and Model 737-7 aircraft
 - 2) Letter Agreement SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106471R2 entitled "Substitute Aircraft" (**Substitution Letter**)

This letter agreement (**Letter Agreement**) amends and supplements the Purchase Agreement. All terms used but not defined in this Letter Agreement shall have the same meaning as in the Purchase Agreement.

1. [***]

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[***]

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[***]

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2. [***]

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[***]

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[***]

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3. [***]

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[***]

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4. [***]

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[***]

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[***]

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5. [***]

6. Assignment.

Unless otherwise noted herein, [***] described in this Letter Agreement are provided [***] to Customer and in consideration of Customer's taking title to the Substitute Aircraft at time of delivery and becoming the operator of the Substitute Aircraft. This Letter Agreement cannot be assigned, in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of Boeing.

7. Confidentiality

Customer understands that certain commercial and financial information contained in this Letter Agreement is considered by Boeing as confidential and has value precisely because it is not available generally to other parties. Customer agrees to limit the disclosure of the contents of this Letter Agreement to (a) its directors and officers, (b) employees of Customer with a need to know the contents for performing its obligations (including, without limitation, those employees performing accounting, finance, administration and other functions necessary to finance and purchase, deliver or lease

SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106473R3

[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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the Aircraft) and who understand they are not to disclose its contents to any other person or entity (other than those to whom disclosure is permitted by this Article) without the prior written consent of Boeing and (c) any auditors and attorneys of Customer who have a need to know such information and have signed a confidentiality agreement in the same form and substance similar to this Article, or are otherwise bound by a confidentiality obligation. Disclosure to other parties is not permitted without Boeing's consent except as may be required by applicable law or governmental regulations. Customer shall be fully responsible to Boeing for compliance with such obligations.

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Very truly yours,

THE BOEING COMPANY

THE BOEING COMPANY

By /s/ Herbert C. Portillo

Name Herbert C. Portillo

Its Attorney-In-Fact

ACCEPTED AND AGREED TO this

Date: October 25, 2023

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

By /s/ Tammy Romo

Name Tammy Romo

Its EVP & CFO

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[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474R8

Southwest Airlines Co.
2702 Love Field Drive
P.O. Box 36611
Dallas, Texas 75235-1611

Subject: Option Aircraft

Reference: Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729 (**Purchase Agreement**) between The Boeing Company (**Boeing**) and Southwest Airlines Co. (**Customer**) relating to Model 737-8 aircraft and Model 737-7 aircraft

This letter agreement (**Letter Agreement**) amends and supplements the Purchase Agreement. All terms used but not defined in this Letter Agreement shall have the same meaning as in the Purchase Agreement.

1. Right to Purchase Option Aircraft.

Subject to the terms and conditions contained in this Letter Agreement, in addition to the Aircraft described in Table 1 to the Purchase Agreement as of the date of execution of this Letter Agreement, Customer will have the option to purchase additional Boeing Model 737-8 aircraft as option aircraft (**Option Aircraft**).

2. Delivery.

The number of Option Aircraft and delivery dates are listed in the Attachment 1-A, 1-B, 1-C and 1-D (collectively **Attachment 1**) to this Letter Agreement. The Attachment 1-A Aircraft are the Original Option Aircraft (**Original Option Aircraft**), the Attachment 1-B Aircraft are the 2020 Option Aircraft (**2020 Option Aircraft**), the Attachment 1-C Aircraft are the 2021 Option Aircraft (**2021 Option Aircraft**), and the Attachment 1-D Aircraft are the 2023 Option Aircraft (**2023 Option Aircraft**).

3. Configuration.

3.1 Subject to the provisions of Article 3.2, below, the configuration for the Option Aircraft will be the Detail Specification for Boeing Model 737-8 aircraft at the revision level in effect at the time of Definitive Agreement (as defined in Article 8). Such Detail Specification will be revised to include (i) changes applicable to the Detail Specification that are developed by Boeing between the Option Exercise Date (as defined below) and the signing of the Definitive Agreement, (ii) changes required to obtain required regulatory certificates, and (iii) other changes as mutually agreed.

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Option Aircraft

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BOEING PROPRIETARY



3.2 Boeing reserves the right to configure the Option Aircraft starting from a different configuration specification, provided that it can achieve the same configuration which would result pursuant to the provisions of Article 3.1.

4. [***]

5. [***]



6. [***]

7. [***]

8. [***]

9. Assignment.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Purchase Agreement, the rights and obligations described in this Letter Agreement are provided to Customer in consideration of Customer's becoming the operator of the Option Aircraft and cannot be assigned in whole or in part.



10. Confidentiality

Customer understands that certain commercial and financial information contained in this Letter Agreement is considered by Boeing as confidential and has value precisely because it is not available generally to other parties. Customer agrees to limit the disclosure of the contents of this Letter Agreement to (a) its directors and officers, (b) employees of Customer with a need to know the contents for performing its obligations (including, without limitation, those employees performing accounting, finance, administration and other functions necessary to finance and purchase, deliver or lease the Aircraft) and who understand they are not to disclose its contents to any other person or entity (other than those to whom disclosure is permitted by this Article) without the prior written consent of Boeing and (c) any auditors and attorneys of Customer who have a need to know such information and have signed a confidentiality agreement in the same form and substance similar to this Article, or are otherwise bound by a confidentiality obligation. Disclosure to other parties is not permitted without Boeing's consent except as may be required by applicable law or governmental regulations. Customer shall be fully responsible to Boeing for compliance with such obligations.

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Very truly yours,

THE BOEING COMPANY

By /s/ Herbert C. Portillo

Name Herbert C. Portillo

Its Attorney-In-Fact

ACCEPTED AND AGREED TO this

Date: October 25, 2023

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

By /s/ Tammy Romo

Name Tammy Romo

Its EVP & CFO



**Attachment I-A To
Letter Agreement No. 1106474R8
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments**

Airframe Model/MTOW:	737-8	181,200 pounds	Detail Specification:	D019A008-5 (5/1/2017)
Engine Model/Thrust:	CFM56-7B28 ⁽²⁾	28,800 pounds	Airframe Price Base Year/Escalation Formu	Jul-11
Airframe Price:		***	Engine Price Base Year/Escalation Formula	N/A
Optional Features:		***		
Sub-Total of Airframe and Features:		***	Airframe Escalation Data:	
Engine Price (Per Aircraft):		***	Base Year Index (ECI):	***
Aircraft Basic Price (Excluding BFE/SPE):		***	Base Year Index (CPI):	***
Buyer Furnished Equipment (BFE) Estimate:		***		
Seller Purchased Equipment (SPE) Estimate:		***		

Non-Refundable Deposit/Aircraft at Def Agreement: ***

Delivery Date ⁽¹⁾	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Escalation Factor Forecast	Option Exercise Date Deadline	***	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Feb-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2027	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2027	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
May-2027	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
May-2027	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2027	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2027	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2027	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2027	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***

Total: 17

⁽¹⁾ ***

⁽²⁾ Manufacturer's serial numbers (MSNs) are for reference only and are subject to change

^(3.1) ***

^(3.2) ***

^(3.3) ***

*** ***

Note:

(1) ***

**Attachment 1-B To
Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474R8
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments**

Airframe Model/MTOW:	737-8	181,200 pounds	Detail Specification:	D019A008-S (5/1/2017)	4Q20 External Fcst
Engine Model/Thrust:	CFMLEAP-1B28 ⁽¹⁾	28,800 pounds	Airframe Price Base Year/Escalation Formula:	Jul-11	Non-Standard
Airframe Price:		***	Engine Price Base Year/Escalation Formula:	Jul-11	Non-Standard
Optional Features:		***			
Sub-Total of Airframe and Features:		***	Airframe Escalation Data:		
Engine Price (Per Aircraft):		***	Base Year Index (ECI):		***
Aircraft Basic Price (Excluding BFE/SPE):		***	Base Year Index (CPI):		***
Buyer Furnished Equipment (BFE) Estimate:		***			
Seller Purchased Equipment (SPE) Estimate:		***			
Deposit per Aircraft:		***			

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Escalation Factor Forecast	Option Exercise Date Deadline	***	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Mar-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2026	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2026	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2026	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2026	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***

Attachment 1-B To
Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474R8
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Escalation Factor Forecast	Option Exercise Date Deadline	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Apr-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

Attachment 1-B To
Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474R8
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Escalation Factor Forecast	Option Exercise Date Deadline	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
May-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

Total: 50

*(1) [***]

*(2) Manufacturer's serial numbers (MSNs) are for reference only and are subject to change

*(3.1) [***]

*(3.2) [***]

*(3.3) [***]

Note:

(1) [***]

Attachment 1-C To
Letter Agreement No. 1106474R8
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments

Airframe Model/MTOW: 737-8 181,200 pounds
Engine Model/Thrust: CFMLEAP-1B28^(H) 28,800 pounds
Airframe Price: [***]
Optional Features: [***]
Sub-Total of Airframe and Features: [***]
Engine Price (Per Aircraft): [***]
Aircraft Basic Price (Excluding BFE/SPE): [***]
Buyer Furnished Equipment (BFE) Estimate: [***]
Seller Purchased Equipment (SPE) Estimate: [***]
Deposit per Aircraft: [***]

Detail Specification: D019A008-S (5/1/2017)
Airframe Price Base Year/Escalation Formula: Jul-11 Non-Standard
Engine Price Base Year/Escalation Formula: Jul-11 Non-Standard

Airframe Escalation Data:
Base Year Index (ECI): [***]
Base Year Index (CPI): [***]

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Escalation Factor Forecast	Option Exercise Date Deadline	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
May-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

Attachment 1-C To
Letter Agreement No. 1106474R8
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments

Delivery Date ⁽¹⁾	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Escalation Factor Forecast	Option Exercise Date Deadline	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
									[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

Total: 32

*(1) [***]

*(2) Manufacturer's serial numbers (MSNs) are for reference only and are subject to change

*(3.1) [***]

*(3.2) [***]

*(3.3) [***]

Note:

(1) [***]

**Attachment 1-D To
Letter Agreement No. 1106474R8
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments**

Airframe Model/MTOW: 737-8 181,200 pounds
 Engine Model/Thrust: CFM56-1B28⁽¹⁾ 28,800 pounds
 Airframe Price: [***]
 Optional Features: [***]
 Sub-Total of Airframe and Features: [***]
 Engine Price (Per Aircraft): [***]
 Aircraft Basic Price (Excluding BFE/SPE): [***]
 Buyer Furnished Equipment (BFE) Estimate: [***]
 Seller Purchased Equipment (SPE) Estimate: [***]
 LIFT Seats Provided by Boeing (Estimate): [***]
 Non-Refundable Deposit/Aircraft at Def Agreement: [***]

Detail Specification: D019A008-S (5/1/2017) 4Q22 External Fcst
 Airframe Price Base Year/Escalation Formula: Jul-11
 Engine Price Base Year/Escalation Formula: N/A

Airframe Escalation Data:
 Base Year Index (ECI): [***]
 Base Year Index (CPI): [***]

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Escalation Factor Forecast	Option Exercise Date Deadline	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Pymnt Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2029	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2029	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2029	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2029	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2029	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2029	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2029	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2029	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2029	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2029	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2029	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2029	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2029	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2029	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2029	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2029	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2029	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2030	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2030	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2030	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2030	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

**Attachment 1-D To
Letter Agreement No. 1106474R8
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments**

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Escalation Factor Forecast	Option Exercise Date Deadline	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Pymnt Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Feb-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
May-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
May-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
May-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
May-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2030	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***

**Attachment 1-D To
Letter Agreement No. 1106474R8
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments**

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Escalation Factor Forecast	Option Exercise Date Deadline	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Pymnt Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Oct-2030	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2030	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2030	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2030	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2030	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2030	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2030	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

**Attachment 1-D To
Letter Agreement No. 1106474R8
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments**

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Escalation Factor Forecast	Option Exercise Date Deadline	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Pymnt Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Jun-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Total:		108										

*(1) [***]

*(2) Manufacturer's serial numbers (MSNs) are for reference only and are subject to change

*(3.1) [***]

*(3.2) [***]

*(3.3) [***]

Note:

(1) [***]



The Boeing Company
P.O. Box 3707
Seattle, WA 98124-2207

SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106475**R6**

Southwest Airlines Co.
2702 Love Field Drive
P.O. Box 36611
Dallas, Texas 75235-1611

Subject: [***]

- References:
- 1) Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729 (**Purchase Agreement**) between The Boeing Company (**Boeing**) and Southwest Airlines Co. (**Customer**) relating to Model 737-8 and Model 737-7 aircraft
 - 2) Letter Agreement SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474**R8** entitled "Option Aircraft" (**Option Aircraft Letter Agreement**)

This letter agreement (**Letter Agreement**) amends and supplements the Purchase Agreement. All terms used but not defined in this Letter Agreement shall have the same meaning as in the Purchase Agreement.

1. [***]



SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106475R6
[***]

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[***]

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[***]

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2. [***]

3. Assignment.

Unless otherwise noted herein, [***] described in this Letter Agreement are provided [***] to Customer and in consideration of Customer's taking title to the Option Aircraft at time of delivery and becoming the operator of the Option Aircraft. This Letter Agreement cannot be assigned, in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of Boeing.

4. Confidentiality

Customer understands that certain commercial and financial information contained in this Letter Agreement is considered by Boeing as confidential and has value precisely because it is not available generally to other parties. Customer agrees to limit the disclosure of the contents of this Letter Agreement to (a) its directors and officers, (b) employees of Customer with a need to know the contents for performing its obligations (including, without limitation, those employees performing accounting, finance, administration and other functions necessary to finance and purchase, deliver or lease the Aircraft) and who understand they are not to disclose its contents to any other person or entity (other than those to whom disclosure is permitted by this Article) without the prior written consent of Boeing and (c) any auditors and attorneys of Customer who have a need to know such information and have signed a confidentiality agreement in the same form and substance similar to this Article, or are otherwise bound by a confidentiality obligation. Disclosure to other parties is not permitted without Boeing's consent except as may be required by applicable law or governmental regulations. Customer shall be fully responsible to Boeing for compliance with such obligations.



Very truly yours,

THE BOEING COMPANY

By /s/ Herbert C. Portillo
Name Herbert C. Portillo
Its Attorney-In-Fact

ACCEPTED AND AGREED TO this

Date: October 25, 2023

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

By /s/ Tammy Romo
Name Tammy Romo
Its EVP & CFO

SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106475R6
[***]

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The Boeing Company
P.O. Box 3707
Seattle, WA 98124-2207

SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106477R1

Southwest Airlines Co.
2702 Love Field Drive
P.O. Box 36611
Dallas, Texas 75235-1611

Subject: [***]

Reference: Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729 (**Purchase Agreement**) between The Boeing Company (**Boeing**) and Southwest Airlines Co. (**Customer**) relating to Model 737-8 and 737-7 aircraft (**Aircraft**)

This letter agreement (**Letter Agreement**) amends and supplements the Purchase Agreement. All terms used but not defined in this Letter Agreement shall have the same meaning as in the Purchase Agreement.

Recitals

1. [***]

2. [***]

Agreement

1. Covered Aircraft.

The Program shall apply to each of the Aircraft operated by Customer on Customer's routes during the Program Term (**Covered Aircraft**).

2. [***]

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[***]

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Page 1



4. [***]

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[***]

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5. [***]

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[***]

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6. [***]

7. [***]

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[***]

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8. [***]

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[***]

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9. [***]

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[***]

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[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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10. Notice.

10.1 All reports submitted to Boeing will be addressed to the attention of:

Director - BCA Warranty and Product Assurance
Boeing Commercial Airplanes
P.O. Box 3707 Mail Code 2L-46
Fax: 425-237-1706
Seattle, Washington 98124-2207

SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106477R1
[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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10.2 All reports submitted to Customer will be addressed to the attention of:

Southwest Airlines Co.
2702 Love Field Drive
P.O. Box 36611
Dallas, Texas 75235

11. [***]

12. [***]

13. Assignment.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Purchase Agreement, the rights and obligations described in this Letter Agreement are provided to Customer in consideration of Customer's becoming the operator of the Aircraft and cannot be assigned in whole or, in part.

14. Confidential Treatment.

Customer understands that certain commercial and financial information contained in this Letter Agreement is considered by Boeing as confidential and has value precisely because it is not available generally to other parties. Customer agrees to limit the disclosure of the contents of this Letter Agreement to (a) its directors and officers, (b) employees of Customer with a need to know the contents for performing its obligations (including, without limitation, those employees performing accounting, finance, administration and other functions necessary to finance and purchase, deliver or lease the Aircraft) and who understand they are not to disclose its contents to any other person or entity (other than those to whom disclosure is permitted by this Article)

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[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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written consent of Boeing and (c) any auditors and attorneys of Customer who have a need to know such information and have signed a confidentiality agreement in the same form and substance similar to this Article, or are otherwise bound by a confidentiality obligation. Disclosure to other parties is not permitted without Boeing's consent except as may be required by applicable law or governmental regulations. Customer shall be fully responsible to Boeing for compliance with such obligations.

Very truly yours,

THE BOEING COMPANY

By /s/ Herbert C. Portillo

Name Herbert C. Portillo

Its Attorney-In-Fact

ACCEPTED AND AGREED TO this

Date: October 25, 2023

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

By /s/ Tammy Romo

Name Tammy Romo

Its EVP & CFO

Attachment A: [*]**

SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106477R1
[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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Attachment A: [***]

[***]					
	Year 1: _____	Year 2: _____	Year 3: _____	Year 4: _____	Year 5: _____
[***]					
[***]					
[***]					
[***]					
[***]					
[***]					
[***]					
[***]					
[***]					

[***]

[***]	
[***]	
[***]	
[***]	
[***]	

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[***]

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Attachment B: [*]**

[***]

1. [***]

2. [***]

3. [***]

SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106477R1
[***]

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[***]

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4. [***]

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[***]

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[***]

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[***]

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[***]

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[***]

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Attachment C: [***]

To: Southwest Airlines Co.

Reference: Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106477R1 to Agreement
No. PA-03729 (**Purchase Agreement**) and [***]

Subject: [***]

SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106475R6
[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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Attachment D

To: Director - BCA Warranty and Product Assurance Contracts
Boeing Commercial Airplanes
P.O. Box 3707, Mail Code 2L-46
Fax: 425-237-1706
Seattle, Washington 98124-2207

Reference: Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106477R1 to Agreement
No. PA-03729 (**Purchase Agreement**) and [***]

Subject: Data reported pursuant to Article 6 of the referenced Letter Agreement.

Reporting Period No. _____
Beginning date _____ ending date _____

[***]

SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106477R1
[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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Southwest Airlines Co.

By _____

Its

SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106477R1
[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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Attachment E

To: Southwest Airlines Co.

Reference: Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106477R1 to Agreement
No. PA-03729 (**Purchase Agreement**) and [***]

Subject: Data reported pursuant to Article 7 of the referenced Letter Agreement.

Reporting Period No. _____

Beginning date _____ ending date _____

[***]

SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106477R1

[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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[**]

THE BOEING COMPANY

Reported
By _____

Its

Date

SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106477R1

[**]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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Attachment F: [*]**

To: Southwest Airlines Co.

Reference: Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106477R1 to Agreement
No. PA-03729 (**Purchase Agreement**) and [***]

Subject: Data reported pursuant to Article 5.3 of the referenced Letter Agreement.

[***]

SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106477R1
[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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The Boeing Company
P.O. Box 3707
Seattle, WA 98124-2207

SWA-PA-03729-LA-1301170R4

Southwest Airlines Co.
2702 Love Field Drive
P.O. Box 36611
Dallas, Texas 75235-1611

Subject: [***]

Reference: Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729 (**Purchase Agreement**) between
The Boeing Company (**Boeing**) and Southwest Airlines Co. (**Customer**)
relating to Model 737-8 and 737-7 aircraft

This letter agreement (**Letter Agreement**) amends and supplements the Purchase Agreement. All terms used but not defined in this Letter Agreement shall have the same meaning as in the Purchase Agreement.

1. [***]

SWA-PA-03729-LA-1301170R3
[***]

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SWA-PA-03729-LA-1301170R4
[***]

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SWA-PA-03729-LA-1301170R4
[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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2. [***]

3. Assignment.

Unless otherwise noted herein, [***] described in this Letter Agreement are provided [***] to Customer and in consideration of Customer's taking title to the 737-7 Aircraft at time of delivery and becoming the operator of the 737-7 Aircraft. This Letter Agreement cannot be assigned, in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of Boeing.

4. Confidentiality

Customer understands that certain commercial and financial information contained in this Letter Agreement is considered by Boeing as confidential and has value precisely because it is not available generally to other parties. Customer agrees to limit the disclosure of the contents of this Letter Agreement to (a) its directors and officers, (b) employees of Customer with a need to know the contents for performing its obligations (including, without limitation, those employees performing accounting, finance, administration and other functions necessary to finance and purchase, deliver or lease the Aircraft) and who understand they are not to disclose its contents to any other person or entity (other than those to whom disclosure is permitted by this Article) without the prior written consent of Boeing and (c) any auditors and attorneys of Customer who have a need to know such information and have signed a confidentiality agreement in the same form and substance similar to this Article, or are otherwise bound by a confidentiality obligation. Disclosure to other parties is not permitted without Boeing's consent except as may be required by applicable law or governmental regulations. Customer shall be fully responsible to Boeing for compliance with such obligations.

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Very truly yours,

THE BOEING COMPANY

By /s/ Herbert C. Portillo

Name Herbert C. Portillo

Its Attorney-In-Fact

ACCEPTED AND AGREED TO this

Date: October 25, 2023

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

By /s/ Tammy Romo

Name Tammy Romo

Its EVP & CFO



The Boeing Company
P.O. Box 3707
Seattle, WA 98124-2207

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100812**R2**

Southwest Airlines Co.

2702 Love Field Drive

P.O. Box 36611

Dallas, Texas 75235-1611

Subject: [***]

- References:
- 1) Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729 (**Purchase Agreement**) between The Boeing Company (**Boeing**) and Southwest Airlines Co. (**Customer**) relating to Model 737-8 and Model 737-7 aircraft
 - 2) Letter Agreement SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474**R8** entitled "Option Aircraft" (**Option Aircraft Letter Agreement**)
 - 3) Letter Agreement SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106475**R6** entitled [***]

This letter agreement (**Letter Agreement**) amends and supplements the Purchase Agreement. All terms used but not defined in this Letter Agreement shall have the same meaning as in the Purchase Agreement.

[***]

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Page 1

BOEING PROPRIETARY



1. [***]

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100812R2
[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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[***]

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2. [***]

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100812R2
[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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3. [***]

4. Confidentiality.

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100812R2

[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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Customer understands that certain commercial and financial information contained in this Letter Agreement is considered by Boeing as confidential and has value precisely because it is not available generally to other parties. Customer agrees to limit the disclosure of the contents of this Letter Agreement to (a) its directors and officers, (b) employees of Customer with a need to know the contents for performing its obligations (including, without limitation, those employees performing accounting, finance, administration and other functions necessary to finance and purchase, deliver or lease the Aircraft) and who understand they are not to disclose its contents to any other person or entity (other than those to whom disclosure is permitted by this Article) without the prior written consent of Boeing and (c) any auditors and attorneys of Customer who have a need to know such information and have signed a confidentiality agreement in the same form and substance similar to this Article, or are otherwise bound by a confidentiality obligation. Disclosure to other parties is not permitted without Boeing's consent except as may be required by applicable law or governmental regulations. Customer shall be fully responsible to Boeing for compliance with such obligations.

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Very truly yours,

THE BOEING COMPANY

By /s/ Herbert C. Portillo
Name Herbert C. Portillo
Its Attorney-In-Fact

ACCEPTED AND AGREED TO this

Date: October 25, 2023

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

By /s/ Tammy Romo
Name Tammy Romo
Its EVP & CFO

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100812R2
[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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The Boeing Company
P.O. Box 3707
Seattle, WA 98124 2207

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100814R2

Southwest Airlines Co.
2702 Love Field Drive
P.O. Box 36611
Dallas, Texas 75235-1611

Subject: [***]

- References:
- 1) Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729 (**Purchase Agreement**) between The Boeing Company (**Boeing**) and Southwest Airlines Co. (**Customer**) relating to Model 737-8 and 737-7 aircraft (**Aircraft**)
 - 2) Letter Agreement SWA PA 03729 LA-1106474R8 entitled "Option Aircraft" (Option Aircraft Letter Agreement)

This letter agreement (**Letter Agreement**) amends and supplements the Purchase Agreement. All terms used but not defined in this Letter Agreement will have the same meaning as in the Purchase Agreement.

1. Definitions.

[***]

Option Aircraft will have the meaning specified in Letter Agreement Number LA-1106474R8 relating to Option Aircraft.

Original Option Aircraft will have the meaning specified in Letter Agreement Number LA-1106474R8 relating to Option Aircraft.



2020 Option Aircraft will have the meaning specified in Letter Agreement Number LA-1106474R8 relating to Option Aircraft.

2021 Option Aircraft will have the meaning specified in Letter Agreement Number LA-1106474R8 relating to Option Aircraft.

2023 Option Aircraft will have the meaning specified in Letter Agreement Number LA-1106474R8 relating to Option Aircraft.

Program Aircraft means (i) each firm and exercised Option Aircraft in Table 1 of the Purchase Agreement as of the date of this Letter Agreement that are scheduled for delivery after January 1, 2024, (ii) each of the (100) 737-7 firm Aircraft, (iii) each of the **(108) firm incremental aircraft added as of SA-20**, (iv) each exercised Original Option Aircraft, (v) each exercised 2020 Option Aircraft, (vi) each exercised 2021 Option Aircraft, and (vii) each exercised 2023 Option Aircraft.

[***]

2. Applicability.

[***]

3. [***]

4. [***]





5. [***]

6. [***]

7. Assignment.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Purchase Agreement, the rights and obligations described in this Letter Agreement are provided to Customer in consideration of Customer becoming the operator of the Aircraft and cannot be assigned, in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of Boeing.

8. Confidentiality.

The information contained herein represents confidential business information and has value precisely because it is not available generally or to other parties. Customer will limit the disclosure of its contents to employees of Customer with a need to know the contents for purposes of helping Customer perform its obligations under the Purchase Agreement and who understand they are not to disclose its contents to any other person or entity without the prior written consent of Boeing.

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Very truly yours,

THE BOEING COMPANY

By /s/ Herbert C. Portillo

Name Herbert C. Portillo

Its Attorney-In-Fact

ACCEPTED AND AGREED TO this

Date: October 25, 2023

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

By /s/ Tammy Romo

Name Tammy Romo

Its EVP & CFO



ATTACHMENT A

[]**



ATTACHMENT B-1 : [***]

[***]







ATTACHMENT B-2: [***]

[***]









The Boeing Company
P.O. Box 3707
Seattle, WA 98124-2207

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100825R2

Southwest Airlines Co.
2702 Love Field Drive
P.O. Box 36611
Dallas, Texas 75235-1611

Subject: [***]

References: 1) Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729 (**Purchase Agreement**) between The Boeing Company (**Boeing**) and Southwest Airlines Co. (**Customer**) relating to Model 737-8 and 737-7 aircraft (**Aircraft**)

This letter agreement (**Letter Agreement**) amends and supplements the Purchase Agreement. All terms used but not defined in this Letter Agreement shall have the same meaning as in the Purchase Agreement.

1. [***]

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100825R1
[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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Page 1



2. Assignment.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Purchase Agreement, the rights and obligations described in this Letter Agreement are provided to Customer in consideration of Customer's becoming the operator of the Aircraft and cannot be assigned in whole or, in part.

3. Confidential Treatment.

Customer understands that certain commercial and financial information contained in this Letter Agreement is considered by Boeing as confidential and has value precisely because it is not available generally to other parties. Customer agrees to limit the disclosure of the contents of this Letter Agreement to (a) its directors and officers, (b) employees of Customer with a need to know the contents for performing its obligations (including, without limitation, those employees performing accounting, finance, administration and other functions necessary to finance and purchase, deliver or lease the Aircraft) and who understand they are not to disclose its contents to any other person or entity (other than those to whom disclosure is permitted by this Article) without the prior written consent of Boeing and (c) any auditors and attorneys of Customer who have a need to know such information and have signed a confidentiality agreement in the same form and substance similar to this Article, or are otherwise bound by a confidentiality obligation. Disclosure to other parties is not permitted without Boeing's consent except as may be required by applicable law or governmental regulations. Customer shall be fully responsible to Boeing for compliance with such obligations.



Very truly yours,
THE BOEING COMPANY

By /s/ Herbert C. Portillo

Name Herbert C. Portillo

Its Attorney-In-Fact

ACCEPTED AND AGREED TO this
Date: October 25, 2023

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

By /s/ Tammy Romo

Name Tammy Romo

Its EVP & CFO

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100825R2
[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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Page 3



The Boeing Company
P.O. Box 3707
Seattle, WA 98124-2207

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100984R1

Southwest Airlines Co.
2702 Love Field Drive
P.O. Box 36611
Dallas, Texas 75235-1611

Subject: [***]

- References:
- 1) Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729 (**Purchase Agreement**) between The Boeing Company (**Boeing**) and Southwest Airlines Co. (**Customer**) relating to Model 737-8 and Model 737-7 aircraft
 - 2) Letter Agreement SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106471R2 entitled "Substitute Aircraft" (**Substitution Letter**)

This letter agreement (**Letter Agreement**) amends and supplements the Purchase Agreement. All terms used but not defined in this Letter Agreement shall have the same meaning as in the Purchase Agreement.

1. [***]

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100984R1
[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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Page 1



SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100984R1
[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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2. [***]

3. Assignment.

Unless otherwise noted herein, the [***] described in this Letter Agreement are provided [***] to Customer and in consideration of Customer's taking title to the Substitute Aircraft at time of delivery and becoming the operator of the Substitute Aircraft. This Letter Agreement cannot be assigned, in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of Boeing.

4. Confidentiality

Customer understands that certain commercial and financial information contained in this Letter Agreement is considered by Boeing as confidential and has value precisely because it is not available generally to other parties. Customer agrees to limit the disclosure of the contents of this Letter Agreement to (a) its directors and officers, (b) employees of Customer with a need to know the contents for performing its obligations (including, without limitation, those employees performing accounting, finance, administration and other functions necessary to finance and purchase, deliver or lease the Aircraft) and who understand they are not to disclose its contents to any other person or entity (other than those to whom disclosure is permitted by this Article) without the prior

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100984R1
[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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written consent of Boeing and (c) any auditors and attorneys of Customer who have a need to know such information and have signed a confidentiality agreement in the same form and substance similar to this Article, or are otherwise bound by a confidentiality obligation. Disclosure to other parties is not permitted without Boeing's consent except as may be required by applicable law or governmental regulations. Customer shall be fully responsible to Boeing for compliance with such obligations.

Very truly yours,

THE BOEING COMPANY

By /s/ Herbert C. Portillo
Name Herbert C. Portillo
Its Attorney-In-Fact

ACCEPTED AND AGREED TO this

Date: October 25, 2023

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

By /s/ Tammy Romo
Name Tammy Romo
Its EVP & CFO

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100984R1
[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

SA-20
Page 4



The Boeing Company
P.O. Box 3707
Seattle, WA 98124-2207

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2202855R2

Southwest Airlines Co.
2702 Love Field Drive
P.O. Box 36611
Dallas, Texas 75235-1611

Subject: 2023/2024 MAX Production Plan

- References:
- 1) Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729 (**Purchase Agreement**) between The Boeing Company (**Boeing**) and Southwest Airlines Co. (**Customer**) relating to model 737-8 and model 737-7 aircraft (collectively, **Aircraft**)
 - 2) Table 1A to the Purchase Agreement entitled "Table 1A to Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729 Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments 737-8 Aircraft" (**Table 1A**)
 - 3) Table 1B to the Purchase Agreement entitled "Table 1B to Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729 Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments 737-7 Aircraft" (**Table 1B**)

This letter agreement (**Letter Agreement**) amends and supplements the Purchase Agreement. All terms used but not defined in this Letter Agreement shall have the same meaning as in the Purchase Agreement.

1. 737-8 Special Substitution Aircraft

1.1 [***], Boeing and Customer have agreed to the substitution of one hundred nine (109) model 737-7 Aircraft with scheduled delivery months in January 2023 through June 2024 (**737-8 Special 2023/2024 Substitution Aircraft**), as shown in the table immediately below and reflected in Table 1A and Table 1B to the Purchase Agreement.

Scheduled Delivery Month	Quantity of 737-8 Special 2023/2024 Substitution Aircraft
January 2023	10
February 2023	10
March 2023	10
April 2023	10

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2202855R2
2023 MAX Production Plan

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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May 2023	8
June 2023	3
July 2023	5
August 2023	2
September 2023	4
October 2023	3
November 2023	4
December 2023	4
January 2024	5
February 2024	6
March 2024	8
April 2024	8
May 2024	8
June 2024	1
Total	109

1.2 [***]

1.3 [***]

1.4 [***]



2. Assignment

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Purchase Agreement, the rights and obligations described in (i) this Letter Agreement and (ii) Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2103755 are provided to Customer in consideration of Customer's becoming the operator of the Aircraft and cannot be assigned in whole or in part.

3. Confidentiality

Customer understands that certain commercial and financial information contained in this Letter Agreement is considered by Boeing as confidential and has value precisely because it is not available generally to other parties. Customer agrees to limit the disclosure of the contents of this Letter Agreement to (a) its directors and officers, (b) employees of Customer with a need to know the contents for performing its obligations (including, without limitation, those employees performing accounting, finance, administration and other functions necessary to finance and purchase, deliver or lease the Aircraft) and who understand they are not to disclose its contents to any other person or entity (other than those to whom disclosure is permitted by this Article) without the prior written consent of Boeing and (c) any auditors and attorneys of Customer who have a need to know such information and have signed a confidentiality agreement in the same form and substance similar to this Article, or are otherwise bound by a confidentiality obligation. Disclosure to other parties is not permitted without Boeing's consent except as may be required by applicable law or governmental regulations. Customer shall be fully responsible to Boeing for compliance with such obligations.

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Very truly yours,

THE BOEING COMPANY

By /s/ Herbert C. Portillo

Name Herbert C. Portillo

Its Attorney-In-Fact

ACCEPTED AND AGREED TO this

Date: October 25, 2023

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

By /s/ Tammy Romo

Name Tammy Romo

Its EVP & CFO



The Boeing Company
P.O. Box 3707
Seattle, WA 98124 2207

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2304184

Southwest Airlines Co.
2702 Love Field Drive
P.O. Box 36611
Dallas, Texas 75235-1611

Subject: [***]

Reference: Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729 (**Purchase Agreement**) between
The Boeing Company (**Boeing**) and Southwest Airlines Co. (**Customer**)
relating to Model 737-8 and 737-7 aircraft

This letter agreement (**Letter Agreement**) amends and supplements the Purchase Agreement. All terms used but not defined in this Letter Agreement shall have the same meaning as in the Purchase Agreement.

1. [***]



SWA-PA-03729-LA-2304184

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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Page 2





2. [***]

3. Assignment.

Unless otherwise noted herein, [***] described in this Letter Agreement are provided [***] to Customer and in consideration of Customer's taking title to the 737-7 2023 Incremental Aircraft at time of delivery and becoming the operator of such 737-7 Aircraft. This Letter Agreement cannot be assigned, in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of Boeing.

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2304184

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Page 3

BOEING PROPRIETARY



4. Confidentiality

Customer understands that certain commercial and financial information contained in this Letter Agreement is considered by Boeing as confidential and has value precisely because it is not available generally to other parties. Customer agrees to limit the disclosure of the contents of this Letter Agreement to (a) its directors and officers, (b) employees of Customer with a need to know the contents for performing its obligations (including, without limitation, those employees performing accounting, finance, administration and other functions necessary to finance and purchase, deliver or lease the Aircraft) and who understand they are not to disclose its contents to any other person or entity (other than those to whom disclosure is permitted by this Article) without the prior written consent of Boeing and (c) any auditors and attorneys of Customer who have a need to know such information and have signed a confidentiality agreement in the same form and substance similar to this Article, or are otherwise bound by a confidentiality obligation. Disclosure to other parties is not permitted without Boeing's consent except as may be required by applicable law or governmental regulations. Customer shall be fully responsible to Boeing for compliance with such obligations.

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Very truly yours,

THE BOEING COMPANY

By /s/ Herbert C. Portillo

Name Herbert C. Portillo

Its Attorney-In-Fact

ACCEPTED AND AGREED TO this

Date: October 25, 2023

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

By /s/Tammy Romo

Name Tammy Romo

Its EVP & CFO

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2304184

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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SUPPLEMENTAL AGREEMENT NO. 21

to

PURCHASE AGREEMENT NO. 03729

between

THE BOEING COMPANY

and

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

Relating to Boeing Model 737-8 and 737-7 Aircraft

THIS SUPPLEMENTAL AGREEMENT NO. 21 (**SA-21**), entered into as of December 19, 2023, is made between THE BOEING COMPANY, a Delaware corporation (**Boeing**), and SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO., a Texas corporation (**Customer**).

RECITALS:

WHEREAS, Customer and Boeing entered into Purchase Agreement Number PA-03729 dated December 13, 2011 (as amended and supplemented, **Purchase Agreement**) relating to the purchase and sale of Boeing model 737-8 (**737-8 Aircraft**) and model 737-7 aircraft (**737-7 Aircraft**) (737-8 Aircraft and 737-7 Aircraft collectively, the "**Aircraft**"). This SA-21 is an amendment to and is incorporated into the Purchase Agreement. Capitalized terms used herein but not otherwise defined will have the meaning set forth in the Purchase Agreement;

WHEREAS, Customer has previously notified Boeing of the exercise of (i) seven (7) Original Option Aircraft and one (1) 2020 Option Aircraft (**Exercised Option Aircraft**) pursuant to the terms of Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474R8, entitled "Option Aircraft" and (ii) concurrent model substitution pursuant to the terms of Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106471R2 entitled "Substitute Aircraft" as follows:

(i) three (3) Original Option Aircraft and model substitutions for such Exercised Option Aircraft from 737-8 to 737-7 Aircraft scheduled for delivery in February 2025; and

(ii) four (4) Original Option Aircraft and one (1) 2020 Option Aircraft and model substitutions for such Exercised Option Aircraft from 737-8 to 737-7 Aircraft scheduled for delivery in March 2025;

SWA-PA-03729

1

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BOEING PROPRIETARY

[***] = Certain identified information has been excluded from the exhibit because it is both not material and is of the type that the registrant treats as private or confidential.

WHEREAS, Customer and Boeing agree to the model substitution from model 737-7 to model 737-8, pursuant to the terms of Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2202855R3 entitled "2023/2024 MAX Production Plan", of three (3) Aircraft (**Substituted Aircraft**) as follows: two (2) April 2025 accelerated to November 2024, and (1) May 2025 accelerated to November 2024 for delivery.

WHEREAS, Customer and Boeing agree to amend the Purchase Agreement terms to include Letter Agreement entitled [***];

WHEREAS, Customer and Boeing agree to reschedule the deliveries of certain 737-8 Aircraft as identified in Table 1A, Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price, and Advance Payments 737-8 Aircraft; and

WHEREAS, Customer and Boeing agree to reschedule the deliveries of certain 737-7 Aircraft as identified in Table 1B, Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price, and Advance Payments 737-7 Aircraft;

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties agree that the Purchase Agreement is amended as set forth below and otherwise agree as follows:

1. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

The Table of Contents of the Purchase Agreement is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by a new Table of Contents (attached), which lists the Tables, Exhibits, and Letter Agreements revised or added by this SA-21 and is identified by "SA-21". Such revised Table of Contents is incorporated into the Purchase Agreement by this reference.

2. TABLES.

Table 1A, Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments – 737-8 Aircraft, is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by a new Table 1A (identified by "SA-21") attached hereto and incorporated into the Purchase Agreement by this reference. Table 1A has been updated to accelerate three (3) 2025 deliveries to November 2024 and add three (3) substituted and accelerated Aircraft, with a 2025 delivery accelerated to November 2024.

Table 1B, Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments – 737-7 Aircraft, is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by a new Table 1B (identified by "SA-21") attached hereto and incorporated into the Purchase Agreement by this reference. Table 1B has been updated to add eight (8) Exercised Option Aircraft, and converted three (3) substituted and accelerated Aircraft, with a 2025 delivery accelerated to November 2024.

Attachment 1-A, Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments – 737-8 Option Aircraft, is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by a new Attachment 1-A (identified by "SA-21") attached hereto and incorporated into the Purchase Agreement by

this reference. Attachment 1A has been updated to remove seven (7) Exercised Option Aircraft, with deliveries in February and March 2025.

Attachment 1-B, Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments – 737-8 Option Aircraft, is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by a new Attachment 1-B (identified by "SA-21") attached hereto and incorporated into the Purchase Agreement by this reference. Attachment 1B has been updated to remove one (1) Exercised Option Aircraft, with a delivery in March 2025.

3. LETTER AGREEMENTS.

3.1. Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2202855R2 entitled "2023/2024 MAX Production Plan", is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced by Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2202855R3 entitled "2023/2024 MAX Production Plan". Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2202855R3 has been updated to add three (3) 737-7 Aircraft conversions with deliveries in November 2024.

3.2. Letter Agreement SWA-PA-03729-LA-2307230 entitled [***], is added to and incorporated into the Purchase Agreement by this reference. Letter Agreement SWA-PA-03729-LA-2307230 identifies [***].

4. SA-21 [***] IMPACT.

4.1. Due to Customer's prior exercise of the Exercised Option Aircraft, Customer [***] according to the terms of the Purchase Agreement. Customer agrees to [***] in accordance with the terms of the Purchase Agreement. [***]

4.2. As it relates to the Substituted Aircraft, Customer and Boeing agree [***]. Customer agrees to continue [***] in accordance with the terms of the Purchase Agreement.

5. Miscellaneous.

5.1. The Purchase Agreement is amended as set forth above, and all other terms and conditions of the Purchase Agreement remain unchanged and are in full force and effect. Any Tables of Contents, Letter Agreements or other documents that are listed in the sections above are incorporated into this SA-21 by reference.

EXECUTED IN DUPLICATE as of the day and year first above written.

THE BOEING COMPANY

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

By: /s/ Herbert C. Portillo

By: /s/ Jon Stephens

Name: Herbert C. Portillo

Name: Jon Stephens

Its: Attorney-In-Fact

Its: VP Fleet Management

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B*	Aircraft Delivery Requirements and Responsibilities	
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BFE1	BFE Variables for 737-8	SA-7
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SLP1*

Service Life Policy Components

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SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106465*	[***]	
SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106466	[***]	
SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106467R3	[***]	SA-20
SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106468*	[***]	
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Attachment 1-C	2021 Option Aircraft	SA-20
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SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106478	[***]	
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<u>LETTER AGREEMENTS</u>	<u>TITLES</u>	
SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106482*	[***]	
SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106483*	[***]	
SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106484R3	[***]	SA-16
SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106485*	[***]	
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SWA-PA-03729-LA-1300943	[***]	SA-2
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SWA-PA-03729-LA-2100819	[***]	SA-12
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LETTER AGREEMENTS**TITLES**

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SWA-PA-03729-LA-2307230	[[[	SA-21

* Denotes revision to Page 1 or Page 2 only to reference 737-7 (SA-2)

INACTIVE / DELETED TABLES, EXHIBITS, AND LETTER AGREEMENTS**RESTRICTED LETTER AGREEMENTS**

Letter Agreement	Title	Last Updated under SA	Current Status
SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106472R1	[[[	SA-2	Deleted under SA-4
SWA-PA-01810/03729-LA-1301169	[[[	SA-2	Deleted under SA-4

**Table 1A To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-8 Aircraft**

Airframe Model/MTOW: 737-8 181,200 pounds
 Engine Model/Thrust: CFM56-7B28(2) 28,800 pounds
 Airframe Price: [***]
 Optional Features: [***]
 Sub-Total of Airframe and Features: [***]
 Engine Price (Per Aircraft): [***]
 Aircraft Basic Price (Excluding BFE/SPE): [***]
 Buyer Furnished Equipment (BFE) Estimate: [***]
 Seller Purchased Equipment (SPE) Estimate: [***]

Detail Specification: D019A008-P (5/1/2017)
 Airframe Price Base Year/Escalation Formula: Jul-11 Non-Standard
 Engine Price Base Year/Escalation Formula: N/A N/A

Airframe Escalation Data:
 Base Year Index (ECI): [***]
 Base Year Index (CPI): [***]

Deposit per Aircraft: [***]

Delivery Date ⁽¹⁾	Invoice Escalation Date ^(3,2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor ^(3,3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number ⁽²⁾	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Jul-2017	[***]	1	[***]	36929	[***]	[***]	Note 1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2017	[***]	1	[***]	42558	[***]	[***]	Note 1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2017	[***]	1	[***]	42559	[***]	[***]	Note 1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2017	[***]	1	[***]	36979	[***]	[***]	Note 1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2017	[***]	1	[***]	36930	[***]	[***]	Note 1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2017	[***]	1	[***]	36984	[***]	[***]	Note 1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2017	[***]	1	[***]	42567	[***]	[***]	Note 1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2017	[***]	1	[***]	42563	[***]	[***]	Note 1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2017	[***]	1	[***]	42566	[***]	[***]	Note 1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2017	[***]	1	[***]	36934	[***]	[***]	Note 1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2017	[***]	1	[***]	42544	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2017	[***]	1	[***]	42570	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2017	[***]	1	[***]	36988	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2017	[***]	1	[***]	42554	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2018	[***]	1	[***]	36989	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2018	[***]	1	[***]	42571	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2018	[***]	1	[***]	42546	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2018	[***]	1	[***]	42572	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2018	[***]	1	[***]	42547	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2018	[***]	3	[***]	42548, 37019, 42549	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2018	[***]	1	[***]	42574	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2018	[***]	1	[***]	42575	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2018	[***]	2	[***]	42573, 42576	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2018	[***]	1	[***]	42577	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2018	[***]	4	[***]	37042, 42550, 42551, 37043	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2021	[***]	1	[***]	42633	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

**Table 1A To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-8 Aircraft**

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date * (3,2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor *(3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Feb-2021	[***]	2	[***]	65437, 65436	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2021	[***]	1	[***]	42634	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2021	[***]	1	[***]	36722	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2021	[***]	1	[***]	42537	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2021	[***]	1	[***]	42641	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2021	[***]	1	[***]	65471	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2021	[***]	1	[***]	42637	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2021	[***]	1	[***]	65438	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2021	[***]	2	[***]	42647, 42661	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2021	[***]	1	[***]	65439	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2021	[***]	1	[***]	65440	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2021	[***]	2	[***]	42646, 42662	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2021	[***]	1	[***]	42536	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2021	[***]	1	[***]	42664	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2021	[***]	1	[***]	65473	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67206	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67205	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67207	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67208	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67209	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67216	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67214	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67213	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67212	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67211	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67210	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67215	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2022	[***]	1	[***]	60223	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67217	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67218	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	60226	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	60225	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67520	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67521	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67514	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67518	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67519	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67517	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

**Table 1A To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-8 Aircraft**

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date * (3,2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor *(3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67516	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67513	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67515	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2022	[***]	1	[***]	60649	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	60652	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	60653	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67753	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67754	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67755	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67756	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67757	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67758	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67759	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67762	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67760	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67761	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	60187	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	60188	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	60186	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67775	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67774	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67773	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67782	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67781	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67780	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67779	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67778	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67777	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67776	[***]	[***]	Note 8	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	60219	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67480	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67479	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67477	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67476	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67473	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67472	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67478	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67475	[***]	[***]	Note 5					

**Table 1A To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-8 Aircraft**

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date * (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor *(3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	42598	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Sep-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67474	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Oct-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67481	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Oct-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67487	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Oct-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67785	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67784	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2022	[***]	1	[***]	67783	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67512	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67485	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67484	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67482	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67752	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67486	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67751	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67750	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67483	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67493	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67489	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Jan-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67793	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Feb-2023	[***]	1	[***]	60650	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67492	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Feb-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67490	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Feb-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67491	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Feb-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67488	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67794	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67795	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42600	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67786	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67826	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67825	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42591	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67498	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67497	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67496	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67495	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Mar-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67471	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
Apr-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67787	[***]	[***]	Note 6	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67494	[***]	[***]	Note 5					

**Table 1A To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-8 Aircraft**

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date * (3,2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor *(3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Apr-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42657	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Apr-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42671	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67470	[***]	[***]	Note 5					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67865	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67864	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67863	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67862	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67861	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67860	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67859	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67858	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42679	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
May-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67915	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jun-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42678	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jun-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42688	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jun-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67918	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jun-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67917	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jun-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42681	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jun-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42680	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jun-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67967	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jul-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67919	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jul-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67913	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jul-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42684	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jul-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67966	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jul-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67965	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jul-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42683	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jul-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68047	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Aug-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67916	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Aug-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67914	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Aug-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67961	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Aug-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67964	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Aug-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67962	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Aug-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42687	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Aug-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68046	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Aug-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68118	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Sep-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42685	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Sep-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68119	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Sep-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68117	[***]	[***]	Note 7					

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Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-8 Aircraft**

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date *(3,2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor *(3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number*(2)	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Oct-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42560	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Oct-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42690	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Nov-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68048	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Nov-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68049	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Nov-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68120	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Nov-2023	[***]	1	[***]	67963	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Nov-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68050	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Nov-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68051	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Nov-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68116	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Nov-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42565	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Dec-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42555	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Dec-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42562	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Dec-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42695	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Dec-2023	[***]	1	[***]	68183	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Dec-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42689	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Dec-2023	[***]	1	[***]	42557	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42581	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68206	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68207	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68052	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42686	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68184	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42564	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	67469	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42682	[***]	[***]	Note 7					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42594	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42568	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Jan-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42582	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Feb-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68360	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Feb-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68359	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Feb-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42597	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Feb-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68381	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Mar-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42693	[***]	[***]	Note 9					
Mar-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42593	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Mar-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42578	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Mar-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68382	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Mar-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42601	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Apr-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42605	[***]	[***]	Note 10					

**Table 1A To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-8 Aircraft**

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date * (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor *(3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Apr-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68457	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Apr-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68458	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Apr-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68459	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Apr-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68628	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
May-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42583	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
May-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42584	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
May-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42585	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
May-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68626	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
May-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68627	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
May-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42611	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jun-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42596	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jun-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42599	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jun-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68629	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jun-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68630	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jun-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68631	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jun-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68632	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jun-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68633	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jun-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42612	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jun-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68891	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jul-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42606	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jul-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68890	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jul-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42617	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jul-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68892	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jul-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68893	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jul-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68894	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jul-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68927	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Aug-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42608	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Aug-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42619	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Aug-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42622	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Aug-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68925	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Aug-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68926	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Nov-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68928	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Nov-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68929	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Nov-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68931	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Nov-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42610	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Nov-2024	[***]	1	[***]	42626	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Nov-2024	[***]	1	[***]	68932	[***]	[***]	Note 10					
Jan-2027	[***]	1	[***]	42666	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

**Table 1A To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-8 Aircraft**

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date * (3,2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor *(3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Jan-2027	***	1	***	36727	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2027	***	1	***	42580	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2027	***	1	***	42541	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2027	***	1	***	42579	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2027	***	1	***	42539	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2027	***	1	***	65441	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2027	***	1	***	42672	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2027	***	1	***	42673	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2027	***	1	***	35970	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2027	***	1	***	42669	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2027	***	1	***	42553	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2027	***	1	***	65445	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2027	***	1	***	42607	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2027	***	1	***	65442	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2027	***	1	***	65446	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2027	***	1	***	33941	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2027	***	1	***	42540	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2027	***	1	***	42665	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2027	***	1	***	42674	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2027	***	1	***	65443	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2027	***	1	***	65444	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2027	***	1	***	65842	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2027	***	1	***	42691	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2027	***	1	***	65467	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2027	***	1	***	65843	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2027	***	1	***	65468	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2027	***	1	***	42694	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2027	***	1	***	65852	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2027	***	1	***	65844	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2027	***	1	***	65469	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2027	***	1	***	65472	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2027	***	1	***	65470	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2027	***	1	***	65850	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2027	***	1	***	65845	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2027	***	1	***	65447	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2027	***	1	***	65855	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2027	***	1	***	65854	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2027	***	1	***	65448	***	***		***	***	***	***	***

**Table 1A To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-8 Aircraft**

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date * (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor *(3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Nov-2027	***	1	***	65853	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2027	***	1	***	65851	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2027	***	1	***	42615	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2027	***	1	***	42543	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2027	***	1	***	65847	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2027	***	1	***	65849	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2027	***	1	***	65474	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2028	***	1	***	65857	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2028	***	1	***	65856	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2028	***	1	***	65859	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2028	***	1	***	36733	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2028	***	1	***	37034	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2028	***	1	***	36732	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2028	***	1	***	38806	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2028	***	1	***	42697	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2028	***	1	***	42699	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2028	***	1	***	65860	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2028	***	1	***	65861	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2028	***	1	***	38815	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2028	***	1	***	65475	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2028	***	1	***	42538	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2028	***	1	***	42552	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2028	***	1	***	65858	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2028	***	1	***	42703	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2028	***	1	***	33940	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2028	***	1	***	35968	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2028	***	1	***	35972	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2028	***	1	***	36736	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2028	***	1	***	35974	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2028	***	1	***	38817	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2028	***	1	***	65862	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2028	***	1	***	35963	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2028	***	1	***	65450	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2028	***	1	***	35967	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2028	***	1	***	42542	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2028	***	1	***	36730	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2028	***	1	***	65449	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2028	***	1	***	65864	***	***	Note 3	***	***	***	***	***

**Table 1A To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-8 Aircraft**

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date * (3,2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor *(3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Aug-2028	[***]	1	[***]	35971	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2028	[***]	1	[***]	35975	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65835	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2028	[***]	1	[***]	38805	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2028	[***]	1	[***]	38804	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65866	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65451	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2028	[***]	1	[***]	36729	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65863	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65867	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2028	[***]	1	[***]	42648	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65865	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65868	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65869	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65452	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2028	[***]	1	[***]	42650	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65871	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2028	[***]	1	[***]	65870	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2028	[***]	1	[***]	42651	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65846	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2029	[***]	1	[***]	42649	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65454	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65848	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65453	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2029	[***]	1	[***]	42652	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2029	[***]	1	[***]	42653	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65873	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65872	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2029	[***]	1	[***]	42654	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65455	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65456	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2029	[***]	1	[***]	42655	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2029	[***]	1	[***]	42656	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2029	[***]	1	[***]	42670	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65457	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2029	[***]	1	[***]	42658	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65834	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65460	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

**Table 1A To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-8 Aircraft**

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date *(3,2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor *(3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number*(2)	Escalation Factor	[***]	Notes	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing [***]	24 Mos. [***]	21/18/12/9/6 Mos. [***]	Total [***]
Jun-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65458	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65459	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65836	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65837	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65838	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65839	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65461	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2029	[***]	1	[***]	66974	[***]	[***]	Note 4	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65463	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65840	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65841	[***]	[***]	Note 3	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65462	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65466	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65465	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2029	[***]	1	[***]	65464	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

Total: **392**

*(1) [***]

*(2) Manufacturer Serial Numbers (MSN) are for reference only and are subject to change.
† [***]

*(3.1) [***]

*(3.2) [***]

*(3.3) [***]

Notes:

(1) [***]

(2) [***]

(3) [***]

(4) [***]

(5) Substitution of (10) September 2022 / (10) October 2022 / (10) November 2022 / (10) December 2022 -- 737-7 into 737-8 from SA-16. Reference Table 1B and Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2103755 for pricing terms and conditions for these (40) substituted Aircraft.

(6) Exercise of Remarket Aircraft per SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474, entitled Option Aircraft

(7) Substitution of forty-eight (48) 737-7 into 737-8 from SA-18: (10) January 2023 / (10) February 2023 / (10) March 2023 / (10) April 2023 / (8) May 2023. Reference Table 1B and Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2202855R1, 2023 MAX Production Plan, for pricing terms and conditions for these (48) substituted Aircraft.

(8) Exercise and acceleration of Remarket Aircraft per SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474, entitled Option Aircraft and SWA-PA-03729-LA-2103755, entitled 2022/2023 Production Plan

(9) Substitution of seventeen (17) 737-7 into 737-8 from SA-19: (3) June 2023, (5) July 2023, (2) August 2023, (4) September 2023 and (3) October 2023. Reference Table 1B and Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-3729-LA-2202855R1

(10) Substitution of forty-seven (47) 737-7 into 737-8 from SA-20/SA-21: (4) Nov 2023, (4) Dec 2023, (5) Jan 2024, (6) Feb 2024, (8) Mar 2024, (8) Apr 2024, (8) May, (1) June 2024, and (3) Nov. Reference Table 1B and Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-3729-LA-2202855R3

Table 1B To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Airframe Model/MTOW: 737-7 177,000 pounds
Engine Model/Thrust: CFMLEAP-1B27C⁽¹⁾ 26,400 pounds
Airframe Price: [***]
Optional Features: [***]
Sub-Total of Airframe and Features: [***]
Engine Price (Per Aircraft): [***]
Aircraft Basic Price (Excluding BFE/SPE): [***]
Buyer Furnished Equipment (BFE) Estimate: [***]
Seller Purchased Equipment (SPE) Estimate: [***]
Deposit per Aircraft: [***]

Detail Specification:
Airframe Price Base Year/Escalation Formula:
Engine Price Base Year/Escalation Formula:

D019A0085WA17P-1 2Q11 External Fcst
Jul-11 ECI-MFG/CPI
N/A N/A

Airframe Escalation Data:
Base Year Index (ECI): [***]
Base Year Index (CPI): [***]

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number*(2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42586	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42587	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42588	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42589	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42590	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42561	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42569	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42614	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42620	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42621	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42623	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42627	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42629	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42631	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42602	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42603	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42604	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42609	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42635	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42638	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42642	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42632	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42592	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	42595	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-Dec'24	[***]	1	[***]	67466	[***]	[***]	(*) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

Table 1B To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Aug-Dec'24	***	1	***	67465	***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-Dec'24	***	1	***	67467	***	***	(*) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***	42598	***	***	(5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2022	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42600	***	***	(5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***

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Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Mar-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67471	***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42591	***	***	(5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***		***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42657	***	***	(*) (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42671	***	***	(*) (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67470	***	***	(*) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67865	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67864	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67863	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67862	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67861	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67860	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67859	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67858	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42679	***	***	(*) (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67915	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42678	***	***	(*) (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42688	***	***	(*) (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67918	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67917	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42681	***	***	(*) (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42680	***	***	(*) (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67967	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67919	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67913	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42684	***	***	(*) (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67966	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67965	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42683	***	***	(*) (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68047	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67916	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67914	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67961	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67964	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***

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Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67962	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42687	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68046	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68118	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42685	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68119	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68117	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42690	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42560	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68048	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68049	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68120	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	67963	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68050	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68051	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68116	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42565	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42689	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42695	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	68183	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42562	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42555	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2023	***	**** Substitutions	***	42557	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42682	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68052	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42686	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	67469	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68184	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42564	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68207	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68206	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42581	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42594	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42568	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42582	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68360	***	***	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***

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Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	68359	[***]	[***]	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	42597	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	68381	[***]	[***]	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	42693	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	42593	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	42578	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	68382	[***]	[***]	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	42601	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	42605	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	68457	[***]	[***]	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	68458	[***]	[***]	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	68459	[***]	[***]	(*) (5) OPEX & 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	68628	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	42583	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	42584	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	42585	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	68626	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	68627	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	42611	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	42596	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	42599	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	68629	[***]	[***]	* (6) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	68630	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	68631	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	68632	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	68633	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	42612	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	68891	[***]	[***]	* (6) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	42606	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	68890	[***]	[***]	* (6) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	42617	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	68892	[***]	[***]	* (6) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	68893	[***]	[***]	* (6) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	68894	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	68927	[***]	[***]	* (6) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2024	[***]	**** Substitutions	[***]	42608	[***]	[***]	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

Table 1B To
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Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Aug-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42619	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42622	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68925	***	***	* (6) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68926	***	***	* (6) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68928	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68929	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68931	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42610	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	42626	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2024	***	**** Substitutions	***	68932	***	***	* (4) (5) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2025	***	1	***	42613	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2025	***	1	***	42616	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2025	***	1	***	42618	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2025	***	1	***	42668	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2025	***	1	***	42675	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2025	***	1	***	36981	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2025	***	1	***	69677	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2025	***	1	***	69678	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2025	***	1	***	67468	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2025	***	1	***	69915	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2025	***	1	***	36986	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2025	***	1	***	36982	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2025	***	1	***	42677	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2025	***	1	***	42676	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2025	***	1	***	42692	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2025	***	1	***	TBD	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2025	***	1	***	TBD	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2025	***	1	***	TBD	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2025	***	1	***	TBD	***	***	* (6) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2025	***	1	***	TBD	***	***	* (8) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2025	***	1	***	42696	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2025	***	1	***	42698	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2025	***	1	***	42700	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2025	***	1	***	36978	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2025	***	1	***	42702	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2025	***	1	***	42701	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***

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Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Apr-2025	[***]	1	[***]	67319	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2025	[***]	1	[***]	68933	[***]	[***]	* (4) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2025	[***]	1	[***]	68934	[***]	[***]	* (4) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2025	[***]	1	[***]	67321	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2025	[***]	1	[***]	67320	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2025	[***]	1	[***]	67322	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2025	[***]	1	[***]	42624	[***]	[***]	* (4) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2025	[***]	1	[***]	67323	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2025	[***]	1	[***]	67324	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2025	[***]	1	[***]	42630	[***]	[***]	* (4) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2025	[***]	1	[***]	67325	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2025	[***]	1	[***]	67326	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2025	[***]	1	[***]	69010	[***]	[***]	* (4) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2025	[***]	1	[***]	67328	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2025	[***]	1	[***]	67327	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2025	[***]	1	[***]	69012	[***]	[***]	* (4) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2025	[***]	1	[***]	67330	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2025	[***]	1	[***]	67329	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2025	[***]	1	[***]	67333	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2025	[***]	1	[***]	67332	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2025	[***]	1	[***]	67331	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2025	[***]	1	[***]	69013	[***]	[***]	* (4) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2025	[***]	1	[***]	69014	[***]	[***]	* (4) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2025	[***]	1	[***]	69015	[***]	[***]	* (4) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2025	[***]	1	[***]	42625	[***]	[***]	* (4) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2025	[***]	1	[***]	67335	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2025	[***]	1	[***]	67334	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2025	[***]	1	[***]	42639	[***]	[***]	* (4) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2025	[***]	1	[***]	42636	[***]	[***]	* (4) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2025	[***]	1	[***]	69036	[***]	[***]	* (4) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2025	[***]	1	[***]	67338	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2025	[***]	1	[***]	67337	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2025	[***]	1	[***]	67336	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2026	[***]	1	[***]	69040	[***]	[***]	* (4) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2026	[***]	1	[***]	69041	[***]	[***]	* (4) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2026	[***]	1	[***]	67339	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

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Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Jan-2026	***	1	***	67404	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2026	***	1	***	69043	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2026	***	1	***	69044	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2026	***	1	***	67340	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2026	***	1	***	67405	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2026	***	1	***	42640	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2026	***	1	***	42628	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2026	***	1	***	67342	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2026	***	1	***	67341	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2026	***	1	***	67407	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2026	***	1	***	67406	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2026	***	1	***	69431	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2026	***	1	***	69427	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2026	***	1	***	69426	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2026	***	1	***	67343	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2026	***	1	***	67408	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2026	***	1	***	69432	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2026	***	1	***	42645	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2026	***	1	***	67345	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2026	***	1	***	67344	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2026	***	1	***	67409	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2026	***	1	***	67410	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2026	***	1	***	42644	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2026	***	1	***	69006	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2026	***	1	***	42643	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2026	***	1	***	67346	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2026	***	1	***	67411	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2026	***	1	***	69008	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2026	***	1	***	69007	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2026	***	1	***	69009	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2026	***	1	***	67347	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2026	***	1	***	67412	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2026	***	1	***	69011	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2026	***	1	***	69016	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2026	***	1	***	42659	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2026	***	1	***	67348	***	***		***	***	***	***	***

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737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Aug-2026	***	1	***	67413	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2026	***	1	***	42660	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2026	***	1	***	69037	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2026	***	1	***	69038	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2026	***	1	***	67349	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2026	***	1	***	67414	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2026	***	1	***	69039	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2026	***	1	***	69042	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2026	***	1	***	67351	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2026	***	1	***	67350	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2026	***	1	***	67416	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2026	***	1	***	67415	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2026	***	1	***	69045	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2026	***	1	***	42663	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2026	***	1	***	67352	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2026	***	1	***	67417	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2026	***	1	***	42667	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2026	***	1	***	69424	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2026	***	1	***	67353	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2026	***	1	***	67418	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2027	***	1	***	67354	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2027	***	1	***	67355	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2027	***	1	***	67357	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2027	***	1	***	67356	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2027	***	1	***	69425	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2027	***	1	***	67358	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2027	***	1	***	69428	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
May-2027	***	1	***	67360	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
May-2027	***	1	***	67359	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2027	***	1	***	67361	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2027	***	1	***	67362	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2027	***	1	***	67363	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2027	***	1	***	67364	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2027	***	1	***	69429	***	***	* (4) 737-8 Sub	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2027	***	1	***	67366	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2027	***	1	***	67365	***	***		***	***	***	***	***

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									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
									[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2027	[***]	1	[***]	69430	[***]	[***]	* (4) 737-8 Sub	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2027	[***]	1	[***]	67367	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2027	[***]	1	[***]	67368	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2028	[***]	1	[***]	67369	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2028	[***]	1	[***]	67370	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2028	[***]	1	[***]	67372	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2028	[***]	1	[***]	67371	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2028	[***]	1	[***]	67373	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2028	[***]	1	[***]	67375	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2028	[***]	1	[***]	67374	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2028	[***]	1	[***]	67376	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2028	[***]	1	[***]	67377	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2028	[***]	1	[***]	67378	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2028	[***]	1	[***]	67379	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2028	[***]	1	[***]	67381	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2028	[***]	1	[***]	67380	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2028	[***]	1	[***]	67382	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2028	[***]	1	[***]	67383	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2029	[***]	1	[***]	67385	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2029	[***]	1	[***]	67384	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2029	[***]	1	[***]		[***]	[***]	* (7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2029	[***]	1	[***]		[***]	[***]	* (7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2029	[***]	1	[***]		[***]	[***]	* (7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2029	[***]	1	[***]	67386	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2029	[***]	1	[***]		[***]	[***]	* (7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2029	[***]	1	[***]		[***]	[***]	* (7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2029	[***]	1	[***]		[***]	[***]	* (7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2029	[***]	1	[***]	67387	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2029	[***]	1	[***]	67388	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2029	[***]	1	[***]		[***]	[***]	* (7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2029	[***]	1	[***]	67389	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2029	[***]	1	[***]		[***]	[***]	* (7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2029	[***]	1	[***]		[***]	[***]	* (7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2029	[***]	1	[***]	67391	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2029	[***]	1	[***]	67390	[***]	[***]		[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2029	[***]	1	[***]		[***]	[***]	* (7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

Table 1B To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Jun-2029	***	1	***	67392	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2029	***	1	***	67393	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2029	***	1	***	67394	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2029	***	1	***	67395	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2029	***	1	***	67396	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2029	***	1	***	67397	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2029	***	1	***	67398	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2029	***	1	***	67399	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2029	***	1	***	67400	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2029	***	1	***	67401	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2029	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2029	***	1	***	67403	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2029	***	1	***	67402	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
May-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***

Table 1B To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number*(2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
May-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
May-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
May-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2030	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jan-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Feb-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***

Table 1B To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft

Delivery Date* (1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number* (2)	Escalation Factor Forecast	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Mar-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Mar-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
May-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
May-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
May-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
May-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Sep-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Oct-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Nov-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***
Dec-2031	***	1	***		***	***	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	***	***	***	***	***

**Table 1B To
Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments
737-7 Aircraft**

Delivery Date ^{*(1)}	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Manufacturer Serial Number ^{*(2)}	Escalation Factor Forecast	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv. Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2031	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

Total: **307**

*(1) [***]

*(2) Manufacturer Serial Numbers (MSN) are for reference only and are subject to change.

*(3.1) [***]

*(3.2) [***]

*(3.3) [***]

*(4) [***]

*(5) Substitutions: These one hundred and fifty-two (152) Aircraft were substituted into 737-8 in SA-16, SA-18, SA-19, SA-20 and SA-21, reference Letter Agreement Nos. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2103755, SWA-PA-3729-LA-2202855R2 and this Table 1B for pricing terms and conditions for these one hundred and fifty-two (152) substituted Aircraft.

*(6) 737-8 Sub: Original Options Substituted into -7 SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106471R2 / SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106473R2

*(7) 737-7 (2023) Firm: New one hundred and sixteen (108) -7 2023 Firm A/C SWA-PA-03729-LA-2304184

*(8) 737-8 Sub: 2020 Options Substituted into -7 SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106471R2 / SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106473R2

Notes:

(1) [***]

**Attachment I-A To
Letter Agreement No. 1106474R8
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments**

Airframe Model/MTOW:	737-8	181,200 pounds	Detail Specification:	D019A008-S (5/1/2017)
Engine Model/Thrust:	CFM56-7B28 ⁽¹⁾	28,800 pounds	Airframe Price Base Year/Escalation Formu	Jul-11
Airframe Price:		***	Engine Price Base Year/Escalation Formula	N/A
Optional Features:		***		
Sub-Total of Airframe and Features:		***	Airframe Escalation Data:	
Engine Price (Per Aircraft):		***	Base Year Index (ECI):	***
Aircraft Basic Price (Excluding BFE/SPE):		***	Base Year Index (CPI):	***
Buyer Furnished Equipment (BFE) Estimate:		***		
Seller Purchased Equipment (SPE) Estimate:		***		
Non-Refundable Deposit/Aircraft at Def Agreement:		***		

Delivery Date ⁽¹⁾	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Escalation Factor Forecast	Option Exercise Date Deadline	***	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos	Total
Jun-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2025	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2027	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Apr-2027	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
May-2027	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
May-2027	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jun-2027	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2027	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Jul-2027	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Aug-2027	***	1	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Total:		10										

*(1) [***]

*(2) Manufacturer's serial numbers (MSNs) are for reference only and are subject to change
*(3.1) [***]

*(3.2) [***]
*(3.3) [***]
*** [***]

Note:

(1) [***]

**Attachment 1-B To
Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474R8
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments**

Airframe Model/MTOW:	737-8	181,200 pounds	Detail Specification:	D019A008-S (5/1/2017) 4Q20 External Fcst
Engine Model/Thrust:	CFMLEAP-1B28 ⁽¹⁾	28,800 pounds	Airframe Price Base Year/Escalation Formula:	Jul-11 Non-Standard
Airframe Price:		[***]	Engine Price Base Year/Escalation Formula:	Jul-11 Non-Standard
Optional Features:		[***]		
Sub-Total of Airframe and Features:		[***]	Airframe Escalation Data:	
Engine Price (Per Aircraft):		[***]	Base Year Index (ECI):	[***]
Aircraft Basic Price (Excluding BFE/SPE):		[***]	Base Year Index (CPI):	[***]
Buyer Furnished Equipment (BFE) Estimate:		[***]		
Seller Purchased Equipment (SPE) Estimate:		[***]		
Deposit per Aircraft:		[***]		

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Escalation Factor Forecast	Option Exercise Date Deadline	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Jul-2025	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2025	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2025	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2025	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2025	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2025	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2025	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2025	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2025	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2025	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2025	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2025	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2025	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

Attachment 1-B To
Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474R8
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Escalation Factor Forecast	Option Exercise Date Deadline	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
Apr-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2026	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Sep-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Oct-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Nov-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Dec-2027	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jan-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Feb-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Mar-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Apr-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

Attachment 1-B To
Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106474R8
Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments

Delivery Date*(1)	Invoice Escalation Date (3.2)	Number of Aircraft	Escalation Factor (3.3) (Airframe)	Escalation Factor Forecast	Option Exercise Date Deadline	[***]	Note	Escalation Estimate Adv Payment Base Price Per A/P	Advance Payment Per Aircraft (Amts. Due/Mos. Prior to Delivery):			
									At Signing	24 Mos.	21/18/12/9/6 Mos.	Total
									[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
May-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jun-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Jul-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]
Aug-2028	[***]	1	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]	[***]

Total: 49

*(1) [***]

*(2) Manufacturer's serial numbers (MSNs) are for reference only and are subject to change

*(3.1) [***]

*(3.2) [***]

*(3.3) [***]

Note:

(1) [***]



The Boeing Company
P.O. Box 3707
Seattle, WA 98124-2207

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2202855R3

Southwest Airlines Co.
2702 Love Field Drive
P.O. Box 36611
Dallas, Texas 75235-1611

Subject: 2023/2024 MAX Production Plan

- References:
- 1) Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729 (**Purchase Agreement**) between The Boeing Company (**Boeing**) and Southwest Airlines Co. (**Customer**) relating to model 737-8 and model 737-7 aircraft (collectively, **Aircraft**)
 - 2) Table 1A to the Purchase Agreement entitled "Table 1A to Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729 Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments 737-8 Aircraft" (**Table 1A**)
 - 3) Table 1B to the Purchase Agreement entitled "Table 1B to Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729 Aircraft Delivery, Description, Price and Advance Payments 737-7 Aircraft" (**Table 1B**)

This letter agreement (**Letter Agreement**) amends and supplements the Purchase Agreement. All terms used but not defined in this Letter Agreement shall have the same meaning as in the Purchase Agreement.

1. 737-8 Special Substitution Aircraft

1.1 [***], Boeing and Customer have agreed to the substitution of one hundred twelve (112) model 737-7 Aircraft with scheduled escalation delivery months in January 2023 through November 2024 (**737-8 Special 2023/2024 Substitution Aircraft**), as shown in the table immediately below and reflected in Table 1A and Table 1B to the Purchase Agreement.

Escalation Delivery Month	Quantity of 737-8 Special 2023/2024 Substitution Aircraft
January 2023	10
February 2023	10
March 2023	10
April 2023	10

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2202855R3
2023 MAX Production Plan

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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May 2023	8
June 2023	3
July 2023	5
August 2023	2
September 2023	4
October 2023	3
November 2023	4
December 2023	4
January 2024	5
February 2024	6
March 2024	8
April 2024	8
May 2024	8
June 2024	1
November 2024	3
Total	112

1.2 [***]

1.3 [***]

1.4 [***]



2. Assignment

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Purchase Agreement, the rights and obligations described in (i) this Letter Agreement and (ii) Letter Agreement No. SWA-PA-03729-LA-2103755 are provided to Customer in consideration of Customer's becoming the operator of the Aircraft and cannot be assigned in whole or in part.

3. Confidentiality

Customer understands that certain commercial and financial information contained in this Letter Agreement is considered by Boeing as confidential and has value precisely because it is not available generally to other parties. Customer agrees to limit the disclosure of the contents of this Letter Agreement to (a) its directors and officers, (b) employees of Customer with a need to know the contents for performing its obligations (including, without limitation, those employees performing accounting, finance, administration and other functions necessary to finance and purchase, deliver or lease the Aircraft) and who understand they are not to disclose its contents to any other person or entity (other than those to whom disclosure is permitted by this Article) without the prior written consent of Boeing and (c) any auditors and attorneys of Customer who have a need to know such information and have signed a confidentiality agreement in the same form and substance similar to this Article, or are otherwise bound by a confidentiality obligation. Disclosure to other parties is not permitted without Boeing's consent except as may be required by applicable law or governmental regulations. Customer shall be fully responsible to Boeing for compliance with such obligations.

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Very truly yours,

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2202855R3
2023 MAX Production Plan

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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THE BOEING COMPANY

By /s/ Herbert C. Portillo

Name Herbert C. Portillo

Its Attorney-In-Fact

ACCEPTED AND AGREED TO this

Date: December 19, 2023

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

By /s/ Jon Stephens

Name Jon Stephens

Its VP Fleet Management



The Boeing Company
P.O. Box 3707
Seattle, WA 98124-2207

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2307230

Southwest Airlines Co.
2702 Love Field Drive
P.O. Box 36611
Dallas, Texas 75235-1611

Subject: [***]

- References:
- 1) Purchase Agreement No. PA-03729 (**Purchase Agreement**) between The Boeing Company (**Boeing**) and Southwest Airlines Co. (**Customer**) relating to Model 737-8 and Model 737-7 aircraft
 - 2) Letter Agreement SWA-PA-03729-LA-1106471R2 entitled "Substitute Aircraft" (**Substitution Letter**)

This letter agreement (**Letter Agreement**) amends and supplements the Purchase Agreement. All terms used but not defined in this Letter Agreement shall have the same meaning as in the Purchase Agreement.

1. [***]

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2307230
[***]

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SWA-PA-03729-LA-2307230
[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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2. [***]

3. Assignment.

Unless otherwise noted herein, [***] described in this Letter Agreement are provided [***] to Customer and in consideration of Customer's taking title to such 737-8 Substitute 2023 Incremental Aircraft at time of delivery and becoming the operator of such 737-8 Substitute 2023 Incremental Aircraft. This Letter Agreement cannot be assigned, in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of Boeing.

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2307230
[***]

BOEING PROPRIETARY

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4. Confidentiality

Customer understands that certain commercial and financial information contained in this Letter Agreement is considered by Boeing as confidential and has value precisely because it is not available generally to other parties. Customer agrees to limit the disclosure of the contents of this Letter Agreement to (a) its directors and officers, (b) employees of Customer with a need to know the contents for performing its obligations (including, without limitation, those employees performing accounting, finance, administration and other functions necessary to finance and purchase, deliver or lease the Aircraft) and who understand they are not to disclose its contents to any other person or entity (other than those to whom disclosure is permitted by this Article) without the prior written consent of Boeing and (c) any auditors and attorneys of Customer who have a need to know such information and have signed a confidentiality agreement in the same form and substance similar to this Article, or are otherwise bound by a confidentiality obligation. Disclosure to other parties is not permitted without Boeing's consent except as may be required by applicable law or governmental regulations. Customer shall be fully responsible to Boeing for compliance with such obligations.

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Very truly yours,

THE BOEING COMPANY

THE BOEING COMPANY

By /s/ Herbert C. Portillo

Name Herbert C. Portillo

Its Attorney-In-Fact

ACCEPTED AND AGREED TO this

Date: December 19, 2023

SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

By /s/ Jon Stephens

Name Jon Stephens

Its VP Fleet Management

SWA-PA-03729-LA-2307230
[***]

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SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.

NOTICE OF GRANT OF CAREER INVESTMENT CASH AWARD

Pursuant to the terms of the Southwest Airlines Co. Senior Executive Short Term Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), Southwest Airlines Co. (the "Company") hereby grants to you (the "Participant") a career investment cash award ("Career Investment Award" or "Award") in accordance with, and subject to, the following:

Participant:
Date of Grant:
Potential Aggregate Value: \$

Vesting Schedule

Percentage of Career Investment Award Vesting	Vesting Date

On each Vesting Date, it will be a condition to vesting that the Participant has continuously served as an Employee (as defined in accompanying Terms and Conditions) from the Date of Grant through the Vesting Date; provided that special terms will apply if termination of service is due to death or disability, (see accompanying Terms and Conditions).

Participant understands and agrees that the Career Investment Award is granted in accordance with, and subject to, the terms and conditions of the Plan and the Terms and Conditions accompanying this Notice of Grant.

By asserting any rights with respect to this Award, the Participant (and any person who has acquired this Award by will or the laws of descent and distribution or intestacy) will be deemed to have understood and agreed to the terms and conditions of the Plan and the accompanying Terms and Conditions.

**SOUTHWEST AIRLINES CO.
SENIOR EXECUTIVE SHORT TERM INCENTIVE PLAN
TERMS AND CONDITIONS**

CAREER INVESTMENT CASH AWARD

By asserting any rights with respect to a Career Investment Cash Award ("Career Investment Award" or "Award") received pursuant to the Southwest Airlines Co. Senior Executive Short Term Incentive Plan (the "Plan") and granted pursuant to the Notice of Grant of Career Investment Cash Award with which these Terms and Conditions are attached (the "Notice of Grant"), the recipient of the Award (the "Participant") will be deemed to have understood and agreed to the terms and conditions of the Plan and the terms and conditions set forth below. Capitalized terms used and not otherwise defined in these Terms and Conditions or in the Notice of Grant shall have the meanings assigned to them in Appendix A to these Terms and Conditions.

1. Vesting. Subject to these Terms and Conditions and the provisions of the Plan, vesting of the Award will be subject to and in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Notice of Grant.

2. Interpretation. The Participant's Career Investment Award is subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, which terms and conditions are incorporated herein by reference. The Participant's Career Investment Award is also subject to any rules promulgated pursuant to the Plan by the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board"), the Compensation Committee of the Board (the "Committee"), or the persons designated by the Committee to administer the day-to-day administration of the Plan. Any decisions or interpretations upon any questions with respect to a Career Investment Award or the Plan, including the determination of the cash amount to be received, shall (as permissible pursuant to applicable laws, rules, or regulations) be determined (i) by the Committee, (ii) by the Board, or (iii) where permitted by the Committee, by any person(s) to whom the Committee has delegated its authority. The Participant (and any person who has acquired the Career Investment Award by will or the laws of descent and distribution or intestacy) agrees to accept any such decisions or interpretations as binding, conclusive, and final in all respects.

3. Payment of Award. Subject to these Terms and Conditions and the provisions of the Plan, upon each Vesting Date, the Participant (or any person who has acquired the Career Investment Award by will or the laws of descent and distribution or intestacy) will become entitled to a lump sum cash payment of the vested amount of the Award (the "Vested Award Amount"). Payment of the Vested Award Amount will be made as soon as is administratively and reasonably practicable after the Vesting Date, but in any event, no later than 30 days thereafter, subject to the Participant's satisfaction of any Tax Obligations (as defined in Section 5 below; *provided, however*, in the event any action required to satisfy the Participant's Tax Obligations has not been completed by the Participant within 85 days following the Vesting Date, the Vested Award Amount will be forfeited at 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time, on such date.

4. Rights Upon Termination of Service. In the event of termination of the Participant's Service, any percentage of the Participant's outstanding Career Investment Award that has not yet vested as of the date of termination of Service shall automatically and without notice be forfeited at 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time, on the date of termination; provided that, notwithstanding anything in the Plan or the Notice of Grant to the contrary, in the event of the termination of the Participant's Service as a result of death or Disability, such Participant's Award will fully vest as of the date of termination.

5. Taxes.

a. In order to comply with any federal, state, local, or other laws or regulations of the United States or any other applicable jurisdiction, the Company or any Affiliate is authorized to take such action as it shall deem appropriate to provide that all applicable federal, state, local, or other income, employment, or other tax withholding or similar obligations (collectively, "Tax Obligations") to which the Participant is subject in connection with the Award are withheld or collected from the Participant. If and to the extent permitted by the Committee from time to time, the Company is authorized to satisfy the Tax Obligations by any one or more of the following methods: (i) by requiring the Participant to pay such amount in cash or check; (ii) by withholding an amount that would otherwise be payable with respect to the Award that is equal to the amount of the Tax Obligations; (iii) by deducting the amount of the Tax Obligations out of any other remuneration otherwise payable by the Company to the Participant; or (iv) by such other method as may be available to the Company from time to time.

b. The Participant is ultimately liable and responsible for all of the Participant's Tax Obligations, regardless of any action taken by the Company in accordance with Section 5.a. The Company makes no representation or undertaking regarding the treatment of any Tax Obligation in connection with the grant, vesting, or payment of the Award. The Company does not commit, and is under no obligation, to structure the Plan and its administration to reduce or eliminate a Participant's tax liability.

c. The Participant agrees to release and indemnify the Company and its Affiliates from any liability or damages arising from or relating to the Participant's failure to comply with his or her Tax Obligations.

6. Restriction on Transfer. The Participant's Award and any rights with respect to the Participant's Award may not be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged, hypothecated, or otherwise disposed of by the Participant except by will or the laws of descent and distribution or intestacy, and any attempt to sell, assign, transfer, pledge, hypothecate, or otherwise dispose of the Participant's Award will be void and unenforceable against the Company or any Affiliate.

7. Section 409A Compliance. The Plan and these Terms and Conditions are intended to comply with the requirements of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended ("Section 409A"), including its exceptions, and shall be construed and administered in accordance with such intent. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, these Terms and Conditions, or the Notice of Grant, the Company may only make cash payments pursuant to the Award upon an event and in a manner that complies with Section 409A or an applicable exemption. Any payments that may be excluded from Section 409A as a short-term deferral shall be excluded from Section 409A to the maximum extent possible. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company makes no representations that the Award or any payments made pursuant to the Award comply with Section 409A, and the Company will not be liable for any portion of any taxes, penalties, interest, or other expenses that the Participant may incur because of non-compliance with Section 409A.

Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan, these Terms and Conditions, or the Notice of Grant to the contrary, if the Participant is a "specified employee" within the meaning of Section 409A as of the date of the Participant's termination of Service, and the Company determines in good faith that immediate payment of the Award would cause a violation of Section 409A, then any amount due upon the Participant's "separation from service" within the meaning of Section 409A that (i) is subject to the provisions of Section 409A; (ii) is not otherwise excluded under Section 409A; and (iii) would otherwise be paid during the first six-month period following the Participant's separation from service, shall become payable on the earlier of (1) the first business day after the date that is six months following the date of separation from service or (2) the date of the Participant's death.

8. No Right to Continued Service and other Participant Acknowledgments. Nothing herein shall be construed to confer upon the Participant any right to continue as an Employee, Director, or in any other manner, or to interfere with or restrict in any way the right of the Company or any Affiliate to discharge the Participant at any time (subject to any contractual rights of the Participant) for any reason whatsoever, with or without cause and with or without advance notice. Furthermore, nothing herein shall in any way be construed as imposing on the Company or any Affiliate a contractual obligation between the Company or any Affiliate and the Participant, other than with respect to the specific terms of the Participant's Award.

9. Law Governing. The Participant's Award shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of Texas, without regard to conflicts of laws principles thereof.

10. Legal Construction. In the event that any one or more of these Terms and Conditions shall be held by a Court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable in any respect for any reason, the invalid, illegal, or unenforceable term or condition shall not affect any other term or condition, and these Terms and Conditions shall be construed in all respects as if the invalid, illegal, or unenforceable term or condition had never been contained herein.

Appendix A

Definitions

"Affiliate" means any corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or partnership, association, trust, or other organization that directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Company. For purposes of the preceding sentence, "control" (including, with correlative meanings, the terms "controlled by" and "under common control with"), as used with respect to any entity or organization, shall mean the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power (i) to vote more than 50 percent of the securities having ordinary voting power for the election of directors of the controlled entity or organization; or (ii) to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of the controlled entity or organization, whether through the ownership of voting securities or by contract or otherwise.

"Director" means an individual who is a member of the Southwest Airlines Co. Board of Directors.

"Disability" means the inability of a Participant to continue to perform services for the Company because of the sickness or injury of the Participant, as determined by the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief People Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and/or General Counsel. Such a determination will be made in good faith and in the sole discretion of one or more of these officers, who shall also have sole discretion to determine the effective date of a Participant's termination of Service as a result of Disability.

"Employee" means any person (including a Director) in an employment relationship with the Company or any Affiliate, but does not include non-Employee persons performing advisory or consulting services.

"Service" means a Participant's employment with the Company or any Affiliate of the Company in the capacity of an Employee. A Participant's Service shall not be deemed to have terminated merely because of a change in the capacity in which the Participant renders Service to the Company or any Affiliate or because of a change in entity for which services are performed; provided, however, to the extent necessary to comply with the provisions of Section 409A, a termination of Service shall mean a "separation from service" within the meaning of Section 409A.

Southwest Airlines Co.
Subsidiaries

Name	State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization
AirTran Airways, Inc.	Delaware
AirTran Holdings, LLC	Texas
Southwest Jet Fuel Co.	Texas
Triple Crown Assurance Co.	Texas
Southwest Airlines Renewable Ventures LLC	Texas

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the following Registration Statements and in the related Prospectuses:

1. Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-158397) of Southwest Airlines Co.;
2. Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-180969) of Southwest Airlines Co.;
3. Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-203761) of Southwest Airlines Co.;
4. Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-222963) of Southwest Airlines Co.;
5. Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-248077) of Southwest Airlines Co.;
6. Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-252849) of Southwest Airlines Co.;
7. Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-273521) of Southwest Airlines Co.;
8. Registration Statement (Form S-4 No. 333-170742) of Southwest Airlines Co.;
9. Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 33-40653) pertaining to the Southwest Airlines Co. Amended and Restated 1991 Employee Stock Purchase Plan;
10. Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-67627) pertaining to Southwest Airlines Co. Deferred Compensation Plan for Pilots;
11. Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-67631) pertaining to the Southwest Airlines Co. Southwest Airlines Co. Excess Benefit Plan;
12. Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-46560) pertaining to the Southwest Airlines Co. 1991 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, as amended September 21, 2000;
13. Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-98761) pertaining to the Southwest Airlines Co. 2002 SWAPA Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan and the Southwest Airlines Co. 2002 Bonus SWAPA Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan;
14. Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-100862) pertaining to the Southwest Airlines Co. 2002 SWAPIA Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan and the Southwest Airlines Co. 2002 Mechanics Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan;
15. Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-139362) pertaining to the Southwest Airlines Co. Amended and Restated 1991 Employee Stock Purchase Plan;
16. Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-146891) pertaining to the Southwest Airlines Co. 2007 Equity Incentive Plan;
17. Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-160762) pertaining to the Southwest Airlines Co. Amended and Restated 1991 Employee Stock Purchase Plan;
18. Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-166980) pertaining to the Southwest Airlines Co. Amended and Restated 2007 Equity Incentive Plan;
19. Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-190268) pertaining to the Southwest Airlines Co. Amended and Restated 1991 Employee Stock Purchase Plan;
20. Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-205979) pertaining to the Southwest Airlines Co. Amended and Restated 2007 Equity Incentive Plan; and
21. Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-266464) pertaining to the Southwest Airlines Co. Amended and Restated 1991 Employee Stock Purchase Plan

of our reports dated February 6, 2024, with respect to the consolidated financial statements of Southwest Airlines Co. and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting of Southwest Airlines Co., included in this Annual Report (Form 10-K) for the year ended December 31, 2023.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Dallas, Texas
February 6, 2024

CERTIFICATION

I, Robert E. Jordan, President & Chief Executive Officer of Southwest Airlines Co., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 of Southwest Airlines Co.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 6, 2024

By: /s/ Robert E. Jordan
Robert E. Jordan
President & Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION

I, Tammy Romo, Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer of Southwest Airlines Co., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, of Southwest Airlines Co.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 6, 2024

By: /s/ Tammy Romo
Tammy Romo
Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial & Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,

AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Southwest Airlines Co. (the “Company”) for the period ended December 31, 2023, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Report”), Robert E. Jordan, President & Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Tammy Romo, Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: February 6, 2024

By: /s/ Robert E. Jordan
Robert E. Jordan
President & Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ Tammy Romo
Tammy Romo
Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial & Accounting Officer)

Southwest Airlines Co.
Amended and Restated Clawback Policy

This Amended and Restated Clawback Policy (the “**Policy**”) has been adopted by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors (the “**Committee**”) on November 16, 2023. This Policy amends and restates the prior Clawback Policy, previously effective January 30, 2013, in its entirety.

1. Recoupment. If Southwest Airlines Co. (the “**Company**”) is required to prepare a Restatement, the Committee shall, unless determined to be Impracticable, take reasonably prompt action to recoup all Recoverable Compensation from any Covered Person. This Policy is in addition to (and not in lieu of) any right of repayment, forfeiture or off-set against any Covered Person that may be available under applicable law or otherwise (whether implemented prior to or after adoption of this Policy). The Committee may, in its sole discretion and in the exercise of its business judgment, determine whether and to what extent additional action is appropriate to address the circumstances surrounding any Restatement to minimize the likelihood of any recurrence and to impose such other discipline as it deems appropriate.

2. Method of Recoupment. Subject to applicable law, the Committee may seek to recoup Recoverable Compensation by (i) requiring a Covered Person to repay such amount to the Company; (ii) offsetting a Covered Person’s other compensation; or (iii) such other means or combination of means as the Committee, in its sole discretion, determines to be appropriate. To the extent that a Covered Person fails to repay all Recoverable Compensation to the Company as determined pursuant to this Policy, the Company shall take all actions reasonable and appropriate to recover such amount, subject to applicable law. The applicable Covered Person shall be required to reimburse the Company for any and all expenses reasonably incurred (including legal fees) by the Company in recovering such amount.

3. Administration of Policy. The Committee shall have full authority to administer, amend, or terminate this Policy. The Committee shall, subject to the provisions of this Policy, make such determinations and interpretations and take such actions in connection with this Policy as it deems necessary, appropriate, or advisable. The Committee may consult with the Company’s Audit Committee, the Company’s Chief Financial Officer, or any other person or entity when making determinations or interpretations in connection with this Policy. All determinations and interpretations made by the Committee shall be final, binding, and conclusive. Notwithstanding anything in this Section 3 to the contrary, no amendment or termination of this Policy shall be effective if such amendment or termination would (after taking into account any actions taken by the Company contemporaneously with such amendment or termination) cause the Company to violate any federal securities laws, rules of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “**SEC**”), or the rules of any national securities exchange or national securities association on which the Company’s securities are then listed.

4. Acknowledgement by Executive Officers. The Company shall provide notice to and seek written acknowledgement of this Policy from each Executive Officer; provided that the failure to provide such notice or obtain such acknowledgement shall not affect the applicability or enforceability of this Policy.

5. No Indemnification. Notwithstanding the terms of any of the Company’s organizational documents, any corporate policy or any contract, the Company shall not indemnify any Covered Person against the loss of any Recoverable Compensation.

6. Disclosures and Record Keeping. The Company shall make all disclosures and filings with respect to this Policy and maintain all documents and records that are required by the applicable rules and

forms of the SEC (including, without limitation, Rule 10D-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “**Exchange Act**”)) and any applicable exchange listing standard.

7. Governing Law. The validity, construction, and effect of this Policy and any determinations relating to this Policy shall be construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Texas without regard to its conflicts of laws principles.

8. Successors. This Policy shall be binding and enforceable against all Covered Persons and their beneficiaries, heirs, executors, administrators, or other legal representatives.

9. Definitions. In addition to terms otherwise defined in this Policy, the following terms, when used in this Policy, shall have the following meanings:

“**Applicable Period**” means the three completed fiscal years preceding the earlier of: (i) the date that the Committee, or the officer or officers of the Company authorized to take such action if Committee action is not required, concludes, or reasonably should have concluded, that the Company is required to prepare a Restatement; or (ii) the date a court, regulator, or other legally authorized body directs the Company to prepare a Restatement.

“**Covered Person**” means any person who receives Recoverable Compensation.

“**Executive Officer**” includes the Company’s president, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer (or if there is no such accounting officer, the controller), any vice-president of the Company in charge of a principal business unit, division, or function (such as sales, administration, or finance), any other officer who performs a policy-making function, or any other person (including any executive officer of the Company’s controlled affiliates) who performs similar policy-making functions for the Company.

“**Financial Reporting Measure**” means a measure that is determined and presented in accordance with the accounting principles used in preparing the Company’s financial statements (including “non-GAAP” financial measures, such as those appearing in earnings releases), and any measure that is derived wholly or in part from such measure. Examples of Financial Reporting Measures include measures based on: revenues, net income, operating income, financial ratios, EBITDA, liquidity measures, return measures (such as return on invested capital), revenue per available seat mile, and operating expenses per available seat mile. Stock price and total shareholder return (“**TSR**”) also are Financial Reporting Measures.

“**Impracticable**” means, after exercising a normal due process review of all the relevant facts and circumstances and taking all steps required by Exchange Act Rule 10D-1 and any applicable exchange listing standard, the Committee determines that recovery of the Incentive-Based Compensation is impracticable because: (i) it has determined that the direct expense that the Company would pay to a third party to assist in recovering the Incentive-Based Compensation would exceed the amount to be recovered; (ii) it has concluded that the recovery of the Incentive-Based Compensation would violate home country law adopted prior to November 28, 2022; or (iii) it has determined that the recovery of Incentive-Based Compensation would cause a tax-qualified retirement plan, under which benefits are broadly available to the Company’s Employees, to fail to meet the requirements of 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(13) or 26 U.S.C. 411(a) and regulations thereunder.

“**Incentive-Based Compensation**” includes any compensation that is granted, earned, or vested based wholly or in part upon the attainment of a Financial Reporting Measure; however it does not include: (i) base salaries; (ii) discretionary cash bonuses; (iii) awards (either cash or equity) that are based upon subjective, strategic or operational standards; and (iv) equity awards that vest solely on the passage of time.

“Received” – Incentive-Based Compensation is deemed “Received” in any Company fiscal period during which the Financial Reporting Measure specified in the Incentive-Based Compensation award is attained, even if the payment or grant of the Incentive-Based Compensation occurs after the end of that period.

“Recoverable Compensation” means all Incentive-Based Compensation (calculated on a pre-tax basis) Received after October 2, 2023 by a person: (i) after beginning service as an Executive Officer; (ii) who served as an Executive Officer at any time during the performance period for that Incentive-Based Compensation; (iii) while the Company had a class of securities listed on a national securities exchange or national securities association; and (iv) during the Applicable Period, that exceeded the amount of Incentive-Based Compensation that otherwise would have been Received had the amount been determined based on the Financial Performing Measures, as reflected in the Restatement. With respect to Incentive-Based Compensation based on stock price or TSR, when the amount of erroneously awarded compensation is not subject to mathematical recalculation directly from the information in an accounting restatement, the amount must be based on a reasonable estimate of the effect of the Restatement on the stock price or TSR upon which the Incentive-Based Compensation was received.

“Restatement” means an accounting restatement of any of the Company’s financial statements due to the Company’s material noncompliance with any financial reporting requirement under U.S. securities laws, including any required accounting restatement to correct an error in previously issued financial statements that is material to the previously issued financial statements (often referred to as a “Big R” restatement), or that would result in a material misstatement if the error were corrected in the current period or left uncorrected in the current period (often referred to as a “little r” restatement). As of the effective date of this Policy (but subject to changes that may occur in accounting principles and rules following the effective date), a Restatement does not include situations in which financial statement changes did not result from material non-compliance with financial reporting requirements, such as, but not limited to retrospective: (i) application of a change in accounting principles; (ii) revision to reportable segment information due to a change in the structure of the Company’s internal organization; (iii) reclassification due to a discontinued operation; (iv) application of a change in reporting entity, such as from a reorganization of entities under common control; (v) adjustment to provision amounts in connection with a prior business combination; and (vi) revision for stock splits, stock dividends, reverse stock splits, or other changes in capital structure.

